PROJECT MANUAL

Tealwood Cove, Lakewood Forest and Tuckaway Terrace Water and Wastewater System Improvements Package 7



ORANGE COUNTY UTILITIES DEPARTMENT 9150 CURRY FORD ROAD ORLANDO, FLORIDA 32825

> December 19, 2016 Bid Ready

> > **Prepared By:**



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Engineer's Project No. 068017

Orange County Utilities

MASTER CIP TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

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SECTION 01001

GENERAL WORK REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 NOTICES

A. All notices or other papers required to be delivered by the Contractor to the County shall be delivered to the office of the Engineering Division, Orange County Utilities Department, 9150 Curry Ford Road, Orlando, FL 32825.

1.02 WORK TO BE DONE

- A. The Contractor shall furnish all labor, materials, equipment, tools, services, and incidentals to complete all work required by these specifications and as shown on the Drawings, at a rate of progress which will ensure completion of the Work within the Contract Time stipulated.
- B. The Contractor shall perform the Work complete, in place, and ready for continuous service, and shall include repairs, testing, permits, clean up, replacements, and restoration required as a result of damages caused during this construction.
- C. The Contractor shall comply with all City, County, State, Federal, and other codes, which are applicable to the proposed Work.
- D. All newly constructed Work shall be carefully protected from injury in any way. No wheeling, walking, or placing of heavy loads on it shall be allowed and all portions damaged shall be reconstructed by the Contractor at his own expense.
- E. Scope of Work: See Section 01010 "Summary of Work" and the Bid Schedule for details.

1.03 DRAWINGS AND PROJECT MANUAL

- A. The Work shall be performed in accordance with the Drawings and Specifications prepared by the County/Professional. All work and materials shall conform to the Orange County Utilities Standards and Construction Specifications Manual, latest edition or as indicated in these Specifications or Drawings.
- B. The Contractor shall verify all dimensions, quantities and details shown on the Drawings, Supplementary Drawings, Schedules, Specifications or other data received from the County/Professional, and shall notify same, in writing, of all errors, omissions, conflicts and discrepancies found therein. Failure to discover or correct errors, conflicts or discrepancies shall not relieve the Contractor of full responsibility for unsatisfactory Work, faulty construction or improper operation resulting there from, nor from rectifying such conditions at his own expense.

C. All schedules are given for the convenience of the County and the Contractor and are not guaranteed to be complete. The Contractor shall assume all responsibility for the making of estimates of the size, kind, and quantity of materials and equipment included in the Work to be done under this Contract.

D. Intent:

- 1. All Work called for in the Specifications applicable to this Contract, but not shown on the Drawings in their present form, or vice versa, shall be of like effect as if shown or mentioned in both. Work not specified either in the Drawings or in the Specifications, but involved in carrying out their intent or in the complete and proper execution of the Work, is required and shall be performed by the Contractor as though it were specifically delineated or described.
- 2. Items of material, equipment, machinery, and the like may be specified on the Drawings and not in the Specifications. Such items shall be provided by the Contractor in accordance with the specification on the Drawings.
- 3. The apparent silence of the Specifications as to any detail, or the apparent omission from them of a detailed description concerning any Work to be done and materials to be furnished, shall be regarded as meaning that only the best general practice is to prevail and that only material and workmanship of the best quality is to be used, and interpretation of these Specifications shall be made upon that basis.
- E. Refer to the Contract for the order of precedence of items and documents.

1.04 PROTECTION AND RESTORATION

- A. The Contractor shall be responsible for the preservation of all public and private property, and shall use every means of protection necessary to prevent damage thereto. If any direct or indirect damage is done to public or private property by or on account of any act, omission, neglect, or misconduct in the execution of the Work on the part of the Contractor, such property shall be restored by the Contractor, at his expense, to a condition similar or equal to that existing before the damage was done, or the Contractor shall make good the damage in other manner acceptable to the County/Professional.
- B. Protection of Trees and Shrubs
 - 1. Protect with boxes or other barricades.
 - 2. Do not place excavated material so as to injure trees or shrubs.
 - 3. Install pipelines in short tunnels between and under root systems.
 - 4. Support trees to prevent root disturbance during nearby excavation.
- C. Tree and Limb Removal
 - 1. Tree limbs, which interfere with equipment operation and are approved for pruning, shall be neatly trimmed and the tree cut coated with tree paint.
 - 2. The County may order the Contractor, for the convenience of the County, to remove trees along the line or trench excavation. The Contractor shall obtain any permits required for removal of trees. Ordered tree removal shall be paid for under the appropriate Contract Items.

- D. Trees or shrubs destroyed by negligence of the Contractor or his employees shall be replaced by the Contractor with new stock of similar size and age, at the proper season and at the sole expense of the Contractor.
- E. Lawn Areas: All lawn areas disturbed by construction shall be replaced with like kind to a condition similar or equal to that existing before construction. Where sod is to be removed, it shall be carefully removed, and the same re-sodded, or the area where sod has been removed shall be restored with new sod in the manner described in the applicable section.
- F. Where fencing, walls, shrubbery, grass strips or area must be removed or damaged incident to the construction operation, the Contractor shall, after completion of the work, replace or restore to the original condition.
- G. The cost of all labor, materials, equipment, and work for restoration shall be deemed included in the appropriate Contract Item or items, or if no specific item is provided therefore, as part of the overhead cost of the Work, and no additional payment will be made therefore.

1.05 PUBLIC NUISANCE

- A. The Contractor shall not create a public nuisance including, but not limited to, encroachment on adjacent lands, flooding of adjacent lands, or excessive noise.
- B. Sound levels measured by the County/Professional shall not exceed 45 dBA from 8 p.m. to 8 a.m. or 55 dBA 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. This sound level shall be measured at the exterior of the nearest exterior wall of the nearest residence. Levels at the equipment shall not exceed 85 dBA at any time. Sound levels in excess of these values are sufficient cause to have the Work halted until equipment can be quieted to these levels. Work stoppage by the County/Professional for excessive noise shall not relieve the Contractor of the other portions of this specification including, but not limited to, completion dates and bid amounts.
- C. No extra charge may be made for time lost due to work stoppage resulting from the creation of a public nuisance.

1.06 CONTRACTOR'S PAYMENTS TO COUNTY FOR OVERTIME WORK

A. County Inspector Work Hours: Normal work hours for the County's inspector(s) are defined as any 8-hour period between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m. on the weekdays of Monday through Friday. Any County Inspector(s) work beyond the aforementioned normal work hours shall be requested in writing 48-hours in advance. All overtime, any County holidays or weekend work compensation for the County's Inspector(s) to work beyond the normal working hours are considered overtime compensation and shall be paid for by the Contractor. The overtime pay rate will be <u>\$51.00 per hour</u> or the most current rate as listed in the County Fee Directory prepared by the Office of Management and Budget, in section "Orange County Utilities Engineering & Construction", under the heading of "Inspection Fee

other than Normal Working Hours". The Contractor agrees that the County shall deduct charges for work outside normal work hours and for overtime pay from payments due the Contractor.

1.07 MAINTENANCE OF SERVICE

- A. Unless noted otherwise on the plans, the operation of the existing water, reclaimed water or wastewater facility on each of the respective locations shall remain in service until the transfer of service has been completed. The Contractor shall, prior to interrupting any utility service (water, sewer, etc.) for the purpose of making cutins to the existing lines or for any other purposes, contact the County and make arrangements for the interruption which will be satisfactory to the County.
- B. Utility lines that are damaged during construction shall be repaired by the Contractor and service restored within 4-hours of the breakage. The County retains the option of repairing any damage to utility pipes in order to expedite service to the customers. The Contractor will remain responsible for all costs associated with the repair.

1.08 TRANSFER OF SERVICE

A. When the County has accepted a proposed facility and placed it into operation, the transfer of service is complete. The Contractor may begin the work of removing the existing or temporary facilities.

1.09 LABOR

- A. Supervision: The Contractor shall supervise and direct the Work efficiently and with his best skills and attention. The Contractor shall have a competent, English speaking superintendent or representative, who shall be on the site of the Project at all working hours, and who shall have full authority by the Contractor to direct the performance of the Work and make arrangements for all necessary materials, equipment, and labor without delay.
- B. Jurisdictional Disputes: It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to pay all costs that may be required to perform any of the Work shown on the Drawings or specified herein to avoid any work stoppages due to jurisdictional disputes. The basis for subletting work in question, if any, shall conform to precedent agreements and decisions on record with the Building and Construction Trades Department, AFL-CIO, dated June, 1973, including any amendments thereto.
- C. Apprenticeship: The Contractor shall comply with all of the requirements of Section 446, Florida Statutes, for all contracts in excess of \$25,000 excluding roadway, highway or bridge contracts and the Contractor agrees to insert in any subcontract under this Contract the requirements of this Article.

A. MANUFACTURER

- 1. All transactions with the manufacturers or Subcontractors shall be through the Contractor, unless the Contractor and the County/Professional request that the manufacturer or Subcontractor communicate directly with the County/Professional. Any such transactions shall not in any way release the Contractor from his full responsibility under this Contract.
- 2. All workmanship and materials shall be of the highest quality. The equipment shall be the product of manufacturers who are experienced and skilled in the field with an established record of research and development. No equipment will be considered unless the manufacturer has designed and manufactured equipment of comparable type and size and have demonstrated sufficient experience in such design and manufacture.
- 3. No material shall be delivered to the Site without prior approval of the County/Professional.
- 4. All apparatus, mechanisms, equipment, machinery, and manufactured articles for incorporation into the Project shall be the new (most current production at time of bid) and unused standard products of recognized reputable manufacturers.
- 5. Manufactured and fabricated products:
 - a. Design, fabricate and assemble in accord with the best engineering and shop practices.
 - b. Manufacture like parts of duplicate units to standard sizes and gauges, to be interchangeable.
 - c. Any two or more pieces of material or equipment of the same kind, type or classification, and being used for identical types of service, shall be made by the same manufacturer.
 - d. Products shall be suitable for service conditions as specified and as stated by manufacturer.
 - e. Equipment capacities, sizes and dimensions shown or specified shall be adhered to unless variations are specifically approved in writing.
 - f. Do not use material or equipment for any purpose other than that for which it is designed or is specified.

1.11 MANUFACTURER'S SERVICE

- A. Where service by the manufacturer is specified to be furnished as part of the cost of the item of equipment, the Work shall be at the Contractor's expense.
- B. The services provided shall be by a qualified manufacturer's service representative to check and verify the completed installation, place the equipment in operation, and instruct the County's operators in the operation and maintenance procedures. Such services are to be for period of time and for the number of trips specified. A working day is defined as a normal 8-hour working day on the job and does not include travel time.
- C. The services shall further demonstrate to the County/Professional's complete satisfaction that the equipment will satisfactorily perform the functions for which it has been installed.

1.12 INSPECTION AND TESTING

A. General

- 1. All materials and equipment furnished by the Contractor shall be subject to the inspection, review and acceptance of the County and meet the requirements as outlined in the Orange County Utilities Standards and Construction Specifications Manual. If in the testing of any material or equipment it is ascertained by the County/Professional that the material or equipment does not comply with the Contract, the Contractor shall be notified thereof, and the Contractor will be directed to refrain from delivering said material or equipment, or to remove it promptly from the Site or from the Work and not accepted by the County shall be replaced with acceptable material, without cost to the County.
- 2. Tests of electrical and mechanical equipment and appliances shall be conducted in accordance with recognized test codes of the ANSI, ASME, or the IEE, except as may otherwise be stated herein.
- 3. The Contractor shall give notice in writing to the County sufficiently in advance of his intention to commence the manufacture or preparation of materials especially manufactured or prepared for use in or as part of the permanent construction. Such notice shall contain a request for inspection, the date of commencement and the expected date of completion of the manufacture or preparation of materials. Upon receipt of such notice, the County shall arrange to have a representative present at such times during the manufacture as may be necessary to inspect the materials; or the County will notify the Contractor that the inspection will be made at a point other than the point of manufacture; or the County will notify the Contractor that inspection will be waived.
- 4. When inspection is waived or when the County/Professional so requires, the Contractor shall furnish to the County authoritative evidence in the form of Certificates of Manufacture that the materials to be used in the Work have been manufactured and tested in conformity with the Contract Documents. These certificates shall be notarized and shall include five (5) copies of the results of physical tests and chemical analysis, where necessary, that have been made directly on the product or on similar products of the manufacturer.
- 5. The Contractor must comply with these provisions before shipping any material. Such inspections by the County shall not release the Contractor from the responsibility for furnishing materials meeting the requirements of the Contract Documents.

B. Cost

- 1. County shall employ and pay for the services of an independent testing laboratory to perform testing indicated on the Contract Documents, or at the County's discretion to ensure conformity with the Contract Documents.
- 2. The cost of field leakage and pressure tests and shop tests of materials and equipment specifically called for in the Contract Documents shall be borne by the Contractor. Such costs shall be deemed to be included in the Contract price.
- 3. The Contractor shall notify the County laboratory a minimum of 48-hours in advance of operations for scheduling of tests. When tests or inspections cannot be performed after such notice, the Contractor shall reimburse County for expenses incurred.

- 4. The Contractor shall pay for all work required to uncover, remove, replace, retest, etc., any work not tested due to the Contractor's failure to provide the 48-hours advance notice or due to failed tests. The Contractor shall also provide compensation for the County/Professional's personnel for required re-testing due to failed or rescheduled testing.
- C. Shop Testing
 - 1. Each piece of equipment for which pressure, duty, capacity, rating, efficiency, performance, function or special requirements are specified shall be tested in the shop of the manufacturer in a manner which shall conclusively prove that its characteristics comply fully with the requirements of the Contract Documents. No such equipment shall be shipped to the worksite until the County/Professional notifies the Contractor, in writing, that the results of such tests are acceptable.
 - 2. The manufacturing company shall provide five (5) copies of the manufacturer's actual shop test data and interpreted results signed by a responsible official of the manufacturing company and notarized, showing conformity with the Contract Documents as a prerequisite for the acceptance of any equipment. The cost of shop tests (excluding cost of County's representative) and of furnishing manufacturer's preliminary and shop test data of operating equipment shall be borne by the Contractor and shall be included in the Contract price.
- D. Field Testing:
 - 1. The County shall employ and pay for services of an independent testing laboratory to perform testing specifically indicated in the Contract Documents. Employment of the laboratory shall in no way relieve Contractor's obligations to perform the Work of the Contract. The Contractor shall provide compensation for retesting of all failed tests.
 - 2. The County may at any time during the progress of the Work, request additional testing beyond that which is specified in the Contract. This testing will be at the County's expense. Contractor shall:
 - a. Cooperate with laboratory personnel, provide access to the Project.
 - b. Secure and deliver to the laboratory adequate quantities of representative samples of materials proposed to be used and which require testing.
 - c. Provide to the laboratory the preliminary design mix proposed to be used for concrete, and other material mixes, which require control by the testing laboratory.
- E. Demonstration Tests: Upon completion of the Work and prior to final payment, all equipment and piping installed under this Contract shall be subjected to acceptance or demonstration tests as specified or required to provide compliance with the Contract Documents. The Contractor shall furnish all labor, fuel, energy, water and all other equipment necessary for the demonstration tests at no additional cost to the County.
- F. Final Inspection: Prior to preparation of the final payment application, a final inspection will be performed by the County to determine if the Work is properly and satisfactorily constructed in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents. See also Section 01700 "Project Closeout."

- G. Inspection by existing utility owners: The Contractor shall pay for all inspections during the progress of the work required and provided by the owner of all existing public utilities paralleling or crossing the Work, as shown on the Drawings. All such inspection fees shall be deemed included in the appropriate Contract Item or items, or if no specific item is provided therefore, as part of the overhead cost of the Work, and no additional payment will be made therefore.
- H. Inspection by Other Agencies: The Florida Department of Transportation, the Florida Department of Environmental Protection, and other authorized governmental agencies shall have free access to the site for inspecting materials and work, and the Contractor shall afford them all necessary facilities and assistance for doing so. Any instructions to the Contractor resulting from these inspections shall be given through the County. These rights of inspections shall not be construed to create any contractual relationship between the Contractor and these agencies.

1.13 PROJECT SITE AND ACCESS

A. RIGHT-OF-WAY AND EASEMENTS

- 1. The use of public streets and alleys shall be such as to provide a minimum of inconvenience to the public and to other traffic. Any earth or other excavated material shall be removed by the Contractor and the streets cleaned to the satisfaction of the County.
- 2. The Contractor shall not enter or occupy private land outside of easements, except by written permission of the property owner. See License Agreement for Contractor to Enter Upon Lands to Connect Residences to Public Water and/or Sewer System in Appendix B.
- 3. At the time of the Pre-Construction meetings, the Contractor shall become fully acquainted with the status of all easements. Should easements not be acquired by the County in specific areas of the Work, the Contractor shall sequence and schedule his work therein so as not to interfere with the progress of work in other areas of the Project. Any rescheduling of work due to easement acquisitions shall be performed by the Contractor at no additional cost to the County. The County agrees that it will make every effort to acquire all remaining easements with all speed and diligence possible so as to allow the completion of the Work within the Contract time.

B. ACCESS

- 1. Neither the material excavated nor the materials or equipment used in the construction of the Work shall be so placed as to prevent free access to all fire hydrants, valves or manholes.
- 2. Access to businesses located adjacent to the project site must be maintained at all times. Contractor may prearrange the closing of business access with the business Owner. Such prearranged access closing shall not exceed two (2) hours. Property drainage and grading shall be restored and all construction debris removed within 48-hours of backfilling trench.
- 3. Contractor agrees that representatives of the County and any governmental agents will have access to the Work wherever it is in preparation or progress and that the Contractor shall provide facilities for such access and inspection.

1.14 UTILITIES

A. UTILITY CONSTRUCTION

- 1. Public utility installations and structures shall be understood to include all poles, tracks, pipes, wires, conduits, house service connections, vaults, manholes and all other appurtenances and facilities pertaining thereto, whether owned or controlled by governmental bodies or privately owned by individuals, firms or corporations, used to serve the public with transportation, traffic control, gas, electricity, telephone, sewerage, drainage or water. Other public or private property, which may be affected by the Work, shall be deemed included hereunder.
- 2. All open excavations shall be adequately safeguarded by providing temporary barricades, caution signs, lights and other means. The Contractor shall, at his own expense, provide suitable and safe bridges and other crossings for accommodating travel by pedestrians and workmen. Bridges provided for access to private property during construction shall be removed when no longer required.
- 3. The length of open trench will be controlled by the particular surrounding conditions, but shall always be confined to the limits described by the County. If any excavation becomes a hazard, or if it excessively restricts traffic at any point, the County may require special construction procedures. As a minimum, the Contractor shall conform to the following restoration procedures:
 - a. Interim Restoration: All excavations shall be backfilled and compacted as specified by the end of each working day. For excavations within existing paved areas; limerock base or soil cement base (match existing) shall be spread and compacted to provide a relatively smooth surface free of loose aggregate material. At the end of each workweek, the S-I asphaltic surface course shall be completed and opened to traffic. Contractor shall coordinate his construction activity including density tests and inspections to allow sufficient time to achieve this requirement. All driveway cuts shall be backfilled, compacted, and limerock base spread and compacted immediately after installation. Contractor shall coordinate with the individual property owners prior to removing the driveway section. Any utility crossing an existing roadway, parking lot or other paved area shall be patched by the end of the working day.
 - b. All pipe and fittings shall be neatly stored in a location, which will cause the least disturbance to the public. All debris shall be removed and properly disposed of by the end of each working day.
 - c. Final Restoration Overlay: After completing all installations, and after testing of the pipe (but no sooner than 30-days after applying the S-I asphaltic surface), final restoration shall be performed. In no event shall final restoration begin after substantial completion. Final restoration shall provide an S-III asphaltic overlay as specified in an uninterrupted continuous operation until completion. Any additional restoration required after testing shall be repaired in a timely manner at no additional cost to the County.
 - d. Maintenance of all restored facilities shall be the Contractor's responsibility. This maintenance shall be performed on an on-going basis during the course of construction. The Contractor's Progress Schedule shall reflect the above restoration requirements.

e. Additional Restoration for Work in Business or Commercial Districts: The Contractor shall restore all private property, damaged by construction, to its original condition. Access to businesses located adjacent to the project site must be maintained at all times. Contractor may prearrange the closing of business accesses with the business owner. Such prearranged access closing shall not exceed two (2) hours. Property drainage and grading shall be restored within 24-hours of backfilling trench.

B. EXISTING UTILITIES

- 1. The locations of all existing underground piping, structures and other facilities are shown based on information received from the respective owner. The locations are shown without express or implied representation, assurance, or guarantee that they are complete or correct or that they represent a true picture of underground piping, conduit and cables to be encountered. It is the Contractor's responsibility to verify all existing underground piping, structures and other facilities.
- 2. The Contractor shall, at all times, employ acceptable methods and exercise reasonable care and skill so as to avoid unnecessary delay, injury, damage or destruction of existing utility installations and structures; and shall, at all times in the performance of the Work, avoid unnecessary interference with, or interruption of, utility services; and shall cooperate fully with the owners thereof to that end.
- 3. When existing facilities are found to be in conflict with the Work, the County reserves the right to modify alignments to avoid interference with existing facilities.
- 4. All utilities, which do not interfere with the work, shall be carefully protected against damage. Any existing utilities damaged in any way by the Contractor shall be restored or replaced by the Contractor at his expense as directed by the County. Any existing facilities, which require operation to facilitate repairs, shall be operated only by the owner of the respective utility.
- 5. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to ensure that all utility and/or poles, the stability of which may be endangered by the proximity of excavation, be temporarily stayed and/or shored in position while work proceeds in the vicinity of the pole and that the utility or other companies concerned be given reasonable advance notice of any such excavation.

C. NOTICES

- 1. All governmental utility departments and other owners of public utilities, which may be affected by the Work, will be informed in writing by the Contractor two (2) weeks after the execution of the Contract or Contracts covering the Work. Such notice will be sent out in general, and directed to the attention of the governmental utility departments and other owners of public utilities for such installations and structures as may be affected by the Work.
- 2. The Contractor shall comply with Florida Statute 553.851 regarding protection of underground gas pipelines. Evidence of notification to the gas pipeline owner shall be furnished to the County within two (2) weeks after the execution of the Contract.
- 3. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to contact utility companies at least 72-hours in advance of breaking ground in any area or on any unit of the work so maintenance personnel can locate and protect facilities, if required by the utility company.

4. The Contractor shall give a minimum five (5) working day notice to utility personnel prior to interrupting a utility service (water, sewer, etc.).

D. EXPLORATORY EXCAVATIONS

1. Exploratory excavations shall be conducted by the Contractor for the purpose of locating underground pipelines or structures in advance of the construction. Test pits shall be excavated in areas of potential conflicts between existing and proposed facilities and at piping connections to existing facilities a minimum of 48-hours or 1,000-feet in advance of work. If there is a potential conflict, the Contractor shall notify the County/Professional immediately. Information on the obstruction to be furnished by the Contractor shall include: Location, Elevation, Utility Type, Material and Size. Test pits shall be backfilled immediately after their purpose has been satisfied and the surface restored and maintained in a manner satisfactory to the County.

E. UTILITY CROSSINGS

- 1. It is intended that wherever existing utilities must be crossed, deflection of the pipe within specified limits and cover shall be used to satisfactorily clear the obstruction unless otherwise indicated on the Drawings. However, when in the opinion of the County this procedure is not feasible, the County may direct the use of fittings for a utility crossing or conflict transition as detailed on the Drawings.
- F. RELOCATIONS
 - 1. Relocations shown on the Drawings: Public utility installations or structures, including but not limited to poles, signs, fences, piping, conduits and drains that interfere with the positioning of the work which are shown on the Drawings to be removed, relocated, replaced or rebuilt by the Contractor shall be considered as part of the general cost of doing the Work and shall be included in the prices bid for the various contract items. No separate payment shall be made therefore.
 - 2. Relocations not shown on the Drawings
 - a. Where public utility installations or structures are encountered during the course of the work, and are not indicated on the Drawings or in the Specifications, and when, in the opinion of the County, removal, relocation, replacement or rebuilding is necessary to complete the Work, such work shall be accomplished by the utility having jurisdiction, or such work may be ordered, in writing by the County, for the Contractor to accomplish.
 - b. If such work is accomplished by the utility having jurisdiction, it will be carried out expeditiously and the Contractor shall give full cooperation to permit the utility to complete the removal, relocation, replacement or rebuilding as required.
 - c. If such work is accomplished by the Contractor, it will be paid for as a Change Order.
 - 3. All existing castings, including valve boxes, junction boxes, manholes, hand holes, pull boxes, inlets and similar structures in the areas of construction that are to remain in service and in areas of trench restoration and pavement replacement, shall be adjusted by the Contractor to bring them flush with the surface of the finished work.

4. All existing utility systems which conflict with the construction of the work herein, which can be temporarily removed and replaced, shall be accomplished at the expense of the Contractor. Work shall be done by the utility unless the utility approves in writing that the Work may be done by the Contractor.

1.15 RELATED CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

A. PUBLIC INFORMATION OFFICER

- 1. The Contractor shall provide community interaction and coordination through a designated Public Information Officer (PIO). The PIO will provide resolution to complaints and problems from community members affected by the construction for the entire project duration. The PIO will manage a 24-hour hotline phone number for citizens to call. The PIO will field these calls, provide answers to questions, research issues with the project team or appropriate agencies and follow up each complaint in a timely manner. The PIO will maintain a daily diary of call and/or interactions with the community, as well as a complaint log chronicling all issues and proposed resolutions.
- 2. The PIO shall attend the project progress meetings and provide the project team with a report of public issues since the last progress meeting. The PIO will also disseminate roadway closures, sewer hookups, temporary and permanent restoration and other relevant construction information to the community, as well as, when appropriate, to the media, emergency services personnel and other interested agencies.
- 3. The designated PIO shall have previous experience in providing similar services on Orange County Utilities, Orange County Public Works or FDOT construction projects. The PIO shall be fluent in English and Spanish and shall visit the construction site, meeting locations and affected resident's homes as required.

B. TRAFFIC MAINTENANCE

1. Refer to Section 01570 – Maintenance of Traffic

C. BARRIER AND LIGHTS

- 1. The Contractor shall exercise extreme care in the conduct of the Work to protect health and safety of the workmen and the public. The Contractor shall provide all protective measures and devices necessary, in conformance with applicable local, state and federal regulations. Protective measures shall include but are not limited to barricades, warning lights/flashers and safety ropes.
- 2. All equipment and vehicles operating within 10-feet of the roadway shall have flashing strobe lights attached.

D. DEWATERING AND FLOTATION

- 1. The Contractor, with his own equipment, shall do all pumping necessary to dewater any part of the work area during construction operations to insure dry working conditions. The Contractor shall take the necessary steps to protect on-site and offsite structures. Damage to any structures due to dewatering shall be repaired or the structures replaced at the Contractor's expense.
- 2. The Contractor shall be completely responsible for any tanks, wetwells or similar

structures that may become buoyant during the construction and modification operations due to the ground water or floods and before the structure is put into operation. The proposed final structures have been designed to account for buoyancy; however the Contractor may employ methods, means and techniques during construction which may affect the buoyancy of structures. The Contractor shall take the necessary steps to protect structures. Damage to any structures due to floating or flooding shall be repaired or the structures replaced at the Contractor's expense.

3. Contractor shall be responsible for any required permits for the discharge of ground water.

E. DUST AND EROSION CONTROL

- 1. The Contractor shall prevent dust nuisance from his operations or from traffic.
- 2. Contractor is responsible for providing effective temporary erosion and sediment control measures during construction or until final controls become effective.
- 3. Temporary erosion controls include, but are not limited to, grassing, mulching, netting, watering and reseeding on-site surfaces and soil and borrow area surfaces and providing interceptor ditches at ends of berms and at those locations which will ensure that erosion during construction will be either eliminated or maintained within acceptable limits as established by the County, FDEP and any other agency having jurisdiction.
- 4. Temporary sedimentation controls include, but are not limited to; silt dams, traps, barriers, and appurtenances at the foot of sloped surfaces which will ensure that sedimentation pollution will be either eliminated or maintained within acceptable limits as established by the County, FDEP and any other agency having jurisdiction.
- 5. The construction of temporary erosion and sedimentation control facilities shall be in accordance with the technical provision of section 104 "Prevention, Control, and Abatement of Erosion and Water Pollution" of the FDOT Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, latest edition.

F. LINES AND GRADES

- 1. All Work under this Contract shall be constructed in accordance with the lines and grades shown on the Drawings, or as given by the County/Professional.
- 2. When the location of the Work is dimensioned on the Drawings, it shall be installed in that location; when the location of the Work is shown on a scaled drawing, without dimensions, the Work shall be installed in the scaled location unless the County approves an alternate location for the piping. Where fittings are noted on the Drawings, such notation is for the Contractor's convenience and does not relieve the Contractor from laying and jointing different or additional items where required. The County/Professional may require detailed pipe laying drawings and schedules for project control.
- 3. The Contractor shall, at his own expense, establish all working or construction lines and grades as required from the project control points set by the County, and shall be solely responsible for the accuracy thereof.
- 4. Water main and forcemain shall be installed to provide long uniform gradient or slope to pipe to minimize air pockets and air release valves. The stationing shown on the Drawings for air and vacuum release valve assemblies are approximate and the Contractor shall field adjust these locations to locate these valves at the highest point

in the pipeline installed. All locations must be accepted by the County.

- 5. To insure a uniform gradient for gravity pipe and pressure pipe, all lines shall be installed using the following control techniques as a minimum:
 - a. Gravity lines; continuous control, using laser beam technology.
 - b. Pressure lines; control stakes set at 50-foot intervals using surveyors' level instrument.

G. TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION

- 1. Temporary fences: If, during the course of the Work, it is necessary to remove or disturb any fencing, the Contractor shall at his own expense, provide a suitable temporary fence which shall be maintained until the permanent fence is replaced.
- 2. Responsibility for Temporary Structures: In accepting the Contract, the Contractor assumes full responsibility for the sufficiency and safety of all temporary structures or work and for any damage which may result from their failure or their improper construction, maintenance or operation.

H. DAILY REPORTS

- 1. The Contractor shall submit to the County's Representative daily reports of construction activities including non-work days. The reports shall be complete in detail and shall include the following information:
 - a. Days from Notice to Proceed; Days remaining to substantial and final completion.
 - b. Weather information
 - c. Work activities with reference to the Critical Path Method (CPM) schedule activity numbers (including manpower, equipment and daily production quantities for each individual activity).
 - d. Major deliveries
 - e. Visitors to site
 - f. Test records
 - g. New problems, and
 - h. Other pertinent information
- 2. A similar report shall be submitted for/by each Subcontractor.
- 3. The report(s) shall be submitted to the County Representative within 2 days of the respective report date. Each report shall be signed by the Contractor's Superintendent or Project Manager. Pay request will not be processed unless daily reports are current.
- 4. If a report is incomplete, in error, or contains misinformation, a copy of the report shall be returned by the County Representative to the Contractor's Superintendent or Project Manager with corrections noted. When chronic errors or omissions occur, the Contractor shall correct the procedures by which the reports are produced.

I. CLEANING

- 1. During Construction
 - a. During construction of the Work, the Contractor shall, at all times, keep the Site free from material, debris and rubbish as practicable and shall remove the same from any portion of the Site if, in the opinion of the County, such material, debris, or rubbish constitutes a nuisance or is objectionable.

- b. Provide on-site containers for the collection of waste materials, debris and rubbish and remove such from the Site periodically by disposal at a legal disposal area away from the Site.
- c. Clean interior spaces prior to the start of finish painting and continue cleaning on an as-needed basis until painting is finished. Use cleaning materials which will not create hazards to health or property and which will not damage surfaces. Use only those cleaning materials and methods recommended by the manufacturer of the surface material. Schedule operations so that dust and other contaminants resulting from cleaning process will not fall on wet or newly coated surfaces.
- d. The Contractor shall remove from the site all surplus materials and temporary structures when no longer necessary to the Work at the direction of the County.
- 2. Final Cleaning
 - a. At the conclusion of the Work, all equipment, tools, temporary structures and materials belonging to the Contractor shall be promptly taken away, and the Contractor shall remove and promptly dispose of all water, dirt, rubbish or any other foreign substances. Employ skilled workmen for final cleaning. Thoroughly clean all installed equipment and materials to a bright, clean, polished and new appearing condition. Remove grease, mastic, adhesives, dust, dirt, stains, fingerprints, labels, and other foreign materials from sight-exposed interior and exterior surfaces. Broom clean exterior paved surfaces; rake clean other surfaces of the grounds.
 - b. The Work shall be left in a condition as shown on the Drawings and the remainder of the site shall be restored to a condition equal or better than what existed before the Work.
 - c. Prior to final completion, or County occupancy, Contractor shall conduct an inspection of interior and exterior surfaces, and all work areas to verify that the entire Work is clean. The County will determine if the final cleaning is acceptable.

1.16 CONSTRUCTION NOT PERMITTED

A. USE OF EXPLOSIVES

1. No blasting shall be done except as approved by the County and the governmental agency or political subdivision having jurisdiction.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (NOT USED)

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01010 SUMMARY OF WORK

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK COVERED BY CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

- A. This Contract is for the Tealwood Cove, Lakewood Forest and Tuckaway Terrace Water and Wastewater System Improvements – Package 7 as shown on the Drawings and specified herein. The Work consists of furnishing all labor, equipment, and materials for the construction of the facilities consisting of, but not limited to the improvements to the water and wastewater systems associated with the following:
 - 1. Water system improvements include replacement of approximately 5,400 linear feet of potable water main ranging in size from 4-inch to 8-inch via open cut and horizontal directional drill. This work also includes the addition of 15 new gate valves, 3 new blow off valve assemblies, 6 new fire hydrant assemblies and reinstating approximately 114 potable water service connections.
 - 2. Wastewater system improvements include replacement of approximately 255 linear feet of 8-inch gravity sanitary sewer and the replacement of 2 sanitary sewer manholes. This work also includes approximately 1,050 linear feet of mechanical cleaning of the existing gravity sanitary sewer, CIPP lining approximately 5,400 linear feet of existing gravity sanitary sewer, CIPP lining 26 sanitary sewer laterals with a brim type liner, 15 point repairs and rehabilitation of 5 existing manholes.
- B. All work water and wastewater improvements shall be done in accordance with Orange County Utilities Standards and Construction Specifications Manual, latest edition and as specified in the Project Manual for a complete and acceptable project.

1.02 CONTRACTOR'S USE OF PREMISES

A. The Contractor shall assume full responsibility for the protection and safekeeping of products and materials at the job site. If additional storage or work areas are required, they shall be obtained by the Contractor at no additional cost to the Owner.

1.03 SEQUENCE OF WORK

- A. The Contractor shall establish his work sequence based on the use of crews to facilitate completion of construction and testing within the specified Contract Time.
- B. The Contractor shall submit a schedule and work sequence to the Owner at least five (5) days prior to the Notice to Proceed. Work on all utility lines shall be accomplished so that all facilities will stay in operation.

1.04 PUBLIC UTILITY INSTALLATIONS AND STRUCTURES

A. Some of the utility contacts are listed on the plans for the Contractor's convenience.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (NOT USED)

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01021 SOILS REPORT AND OTHER INFORMATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED

A. Identification of reports of existing conditions.

Bidder's/Contractor's responsibilities for investigating and working with existing conditions.

1.02 LAND IN-ADDITION TO THE SITE

A. Contractor is responsible for obtaining any lands, areas, properties, facilities and easements, in addition to those furnished by the County, that the Contractor considers necessary for temporary facilities, storage, disposal of spoil or waste material or other purposes the Contractor determines necessary to complete the Work. Contractor shall provide written documentation from owner to use such land or facilities. The County/ Professional and the Geotech do not assume any responsibility for existing conditions at such lands, areas, properties, facilities and /or easements obtained by the Contractor.

1.03 SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AND OTHER PHYSICAL CONDITIONS

- A. This Section identifies reports of explorations and tests of subsurface conditions, and drawings of physical conditions of existing surface and subsurface structures that have been used in the preparation of the Contract Documents. Contractor may rely upon any technical information and data in those reports found in Appendix A, "Geotechnical Report (includes geotechnical investigation and dewatering ground water quality values per Chapter 62-621, paragraph 62-621.300(2), F.A.C.)." The Report(s) in Appendix A is designated as Authorized Technical Data, but those reports and drawings are not part of the Contract Documents.
- B. Any conclusions or interpretations made by the Contractor based on any Authorized Technical Data will be at the Contractor's own risk. Contractor's reliance on any nontechnical information, data, interpretations or opinions also will also be at Contractor's own risk. The County/Professional assume no responsibility for any understanding reached or representation made about subsurface conditions and physical conditions of existing structures, except as otherwise expressly shown in or represented by the Authorized Technical Data provided.

C. The only information or data contained in the geotechnical report and used in the preparation of the Contract Documents that may be properly considered authorized technical data concerning subsurface conditions is found in Appendix A "Geotechnical Report". Such technical data are made available to allow the Contractor to have access to the same information available to the County. The County/Professional do not warrant the accuracy or completeness of any such information or that the Contract Documents identify all the existing relevant reports and/or documents.

1.04 UNDERGROUND UTILITIES

A. Information or data about physical conditions of Underground Utilities, which have been used in the preparation of the Contract Documents, is shown or indicated in the Drawings and technical specifications. Such information and data is based on information and data obtained from record documents or furnished to the County by the owners of those Underground Utilities or by others.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 EXISTING GROUND SURFACE AND UNDERGROUND CONDITIONS; GENERALLY

- A. Where existing ground conditions are shown on the plans hereto attached, the elevations are believed to be reasonably correct but are not guaranteed to be absolutely so, and, together with any schedule of quantities, are presented only as an approximation. The Contractor shall satisfy itself, however, by actual examination of the site of the Work, as to the existing elevations and the amount of work required under the Contract.
- B. Where test pits and borings have been dug, the results supplied to the County/ Professional by the soils Engineer may be given on the plans or are on file in the County/Professional's office and available for review. The County does not guarantee the accuracy or correctness of this information. If the Contractor desires any additional information relating to the soils investigation, contact the County/Professional to obtain such information. County does not guarantee the accuracy or correctness of any such information supplied to the Contractor.

C. If, upon notice of a differing subsurface or latent physical condition from the Contractor, the County determines there was no unforeseen condition and unnecessary tests and investigations were conducted solely at the Contractor's request, any unnecessary expenses may be deducted from the Final Payment for the Contract. No increase in Contract Amount or Contract Time will be made if the differing site conditions were known or could have been discovered by the types of examinations that the Contractor, as Bidder, was responsible for. Claims based on groundwater table conditions will not be considered unforeseen subsurface conditions and will not be allowed. Any information indicated in the Contract Documents as to the groundwater table conditions has been provided for general information purposes only and is not intended to represent that the same conditions will exist during the execution of the Work. Further, no increase in Contract Amount or Contract Time will be made for costs incurred prior to the Contractor's written notice as required by the Contract Documents. The County will be allowed at least 10-days to investigate any alleged differing site conditions and to take appropriate action, before the Contractor is entitled to any adjustment in Contract Amount or Contract Time for Delay.

3.02 UNDERGROUND UTILITIES:

- A. The Contractor will be responsible for the safety and protection of, and providing for the repair of any damage done to the Work and existing surface and subsurface structures. The Contractor will be responsible for any damages and injury resulting from the failure to excavate in a careful and prudent manner.
- B. Contractor shall have full responsibility for locating all underground pipelines, conduits, ducts, cables, wires, manholes, vaults, tanks, tunnels, or other such facilities or attachments, and any encasements containing such facilities, including those that convey electricity, gases, steam, liquid petroleum products, telephone or other communications, cable television, water, wastewater, stormwater, other liquids or chemicals, or traffic or other control systems, shown or indicated in the Contract Documents, in advance of construction, coordinating the Work with the actual locations found and making note of the actual locations on the record Drawings. Contractor shall exercise extreme caution when locating underground facilities to minimize the risk of damage from Contractor's activities. The Contractor will immediately notify the County and the owner of any Underground Utilities that are inaccurately identified or located on the Drawings.
- C. The Contractor will be responsible for any delay and all costs relating to the obligations set forth in this Section, except as provided by allowances specific to Underground Utilities.
- D. The Contractor will promptly notify the County, in writing, whenever the Contractor discovers that actual physical conditions of Underground Utilities differ materially from those indicated by the Contract Documents or Authorized Technical Data provided with the Contract Documents. Further, the Contractor promptly will notify the County, in writing, whenever the Contractor encounters Underground Utilities not shown or indicated in/through the Contract Documents, and which could not reasonably have been foreseen.

E. The County and Contractor will follow the provisions of the General Conditions with respect to any conclusions reached by the County after the County compares the actual underground utility conditions with those included in the information provided to the Contractor.

3.03 ENVIRONMENTAL PROCEDURES FOR HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

- A. The Contractor will not, at any time, cause or permit any Hazardous Materials to be brought upon, stored, manufactured, blended, handled, or used in, on, or about the Project or the Site for any purpose except as lawful and necessary and in accordance with the Contract Documents. The Contractor will not cause or permit Hazardous Materials to be brought on Site unless they have been specifically pre-identified by the Contractor, and approved in writing in advance by the County.
- B. The Contractor will defend, save, indemnify and hold harmless the County, their agents and employees from and against all liabilities, claims, damages, losses and expenses including attorneys' fees, which arise at any time during or after completion of the Work as a result of or in connection with:
 - 1. The Contractor's breach of any prohibition or requirement set forth in this Section or,
 - 2. Any Hazardous Materials discharged, released, deposited or introduced in the soil or surface or groundwater in, on, under, or about the Work, the Site or other properties as a result of the activities of the Contractor, the Subcontractors and their respective agents and employees in connection with the Work.
- C. This Contractor's indemnity obligation includes without limitation, costs incurred in connection with any investigation of site conditions or any cleanup, remediation, removal, or restoration required by the County or any federal, State, or local Public Agency because of:
 - 1. The occurrence of any Hazardous Materials present in the soil or surface or groundwater in, on, under, or about the Work or the Site;
 - 2. The diminution in value of the Work or the Site;
 - 3. Damages for the loss or restriction on use of the Work or of any amenity of the Work or the Property; and/or
 - 4. Amounts paid in settlement of claims, penalties, attorneys' fees, court costs, consultant and laboratory fees and experts' fees.
- D. The Contractor will immediately notify the County in writing of any significant release of Hazardous Materials at the Project or the Site, specifying the nature and quantity of the release, the location of the release, and the measures taken to contain and clean up the release and ensure that future releases do not occur.
- E. The Contractor agrees that insulation and any other construction materials containing asbestos or urea formaldehyde will not be used on the Work, and that all Sub-agreements will prohibit the use of construction materials (including, but not limited to, insulation) containing asbestos or urea formaldehyde.

3.04 DIFFERING HAZARDOUS MATERIAL CONDITIONS:

- A. If the Contractor unexpectedly encounters material reasonably believed to be Hazardous Material, the Contractor will immediately stop all affected Work, give written notice to the County and take appropriate health and safety precautions. Unless the Contract Documents require otherwise, the Contractor will conduct an investigation. If upon due investigation, the Contractor determines the material a Hazardous Material that may present a danger to persons or the surroundings, the Contractor will recommend a solution to the County. In any such case, the affected Work will be considered to have been under a suspension of Work.
- B. If the Hazardous Material is not required Work under the Drawings and/or Specifications, the County will proceed to have the Hazardous Material removed or rendered harmless through a Change Order or by means of another contract or as the County otherwise deems expedient. Alternatively, the County will terminate the affected Work or Contract for the County's convenience.
- C. If the County did not elect termination, once the Hazardous Material has been removed or rendered harmless, the affected Work will be resumed as directed in writing by the County. Any determination by the Florida Department of Community Health or the Department of Environmental Quality that the Hazardous Material has been removed or rendered harmless will be binding upon the County and Contractor for the purposes of resuming the affected Work.
- D. If the Contractor is responsible for the Hazardous Material, the Contractor will bear its proportionate share of the delay and costs involved in cleaning up the Site and removing and rendering it harmless to the satisfaction of the County and all Political Subdivisions with jurisdiction. The Contractor will be solely responsible if the Hazardous Material was brought to the Site by the Contractor, or results in whole or in part from any violation by the Contractor of any applicable Laws.
- E. If the Contractor is responsible, but fails to take appropriate action, and the County acts accordingly, the Contractor will defend, save, indemnify and hold harmless the County from and against all claims arising from the County's exercise of appropriate action.
- F. If the Contractor is not responsible, the County will issue a Change Order with the necessary changes. The Change Order will adjust Contract Amount and/or Contract Time as made necessary by the changes and resulting unreasonable delay under the circumstances attributable to the County /Professional.

3.05 INCIDENTS WITH ARCHAEOLOGICAL FEATURES:

A. The Contractor will immediately notify in writing, the County and all Federal, State and local agencies with jurisdiction of any Archaeological Feature deposits encountered or unearthed. The Contractor will protect such Archaeological Features in a proper and satisfactory manner. No further disturbance of the Archaeological Features will take place until work is allowed to resume in the affected areas.

B. If the County concludes that the Contract Documents require changes because of Archaeological Feature deposits encountered, the County will issue a Change Order with the necessary changes in the Work. The Change Order also will adjust Contract Amount and/or Contract Time as made necessary by those changes and by any resulting unreasonable delay under the circumstances attributable to the County/Professional.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01025

MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED

- A. This Section specifies administrative and procedural requirements to define pay items and determine payable amounts, and includes but is not limited to:
 - 1. General Provisions
 - 2. Cash Allowances
 - 3. Work Not Paid for Separately
 - 4. Measurement for Payment
 - 5. Partial Payment for Stored Materials and Equipment

1.02 GENERAL PROVISIONS

- A. This specification includes standard descriptions for all bid items. This Contract's specific bid items are listed in the Bid Schedule.
- B. The total Contract Amount shall cover the Work required by the Contract Documents. All costs in connection with the successful completion of the Work, including furnishing all materials, equipment, supplies, and appurtenances; providing all construction, equipment, and tools; and performing all necessary labor and supervision to fully complete the Work, shall be included in the unit and lump sum prices bid. All Work not specifically set forth as a pay item in the Bid Form shall be considered a subsidiary obligation of the Contractor and all costs in connection therewith shall be included in the prices bid.
- C. If used, all estimated quantities stipulated in the Bid Schedule or other Contract Documents are approximate and are to be used only (a) for the purpose of comparing the bids submitted for the Work, and (b) as a basis for determining an initial Contract Amount. The actual amounts of Work completed and materials furnished under unit price items may differ from the estimated quantities. The County does not expressly or by implication represent that the actual quantities involved will correspond exactly to the quantities stated in the Bid Schedule; nor shall the Contractor plead misunderstanding or deception because of such estimate or quantities or of the character, location or other conditions pertaining to the Work. Payment to the Contractor will be made only for the actual quantities of work performed or material furnished in accordance with the Drawings and other Contract Documents, and it is understood that the quantities may be increased or decreased as provided in the General Conditions.

- D. If used, the unit prices listed in the Bid Schedule shall include all services, obligations, responsibilities, labor, materials, devices, equipment, royalties and license fees, supervision, temporary facilities, construction equipment, bonds, insurance, taxes, clean up, traffic control, control surveys, field offices, close out, overhead and profit and all connections, appurtenances and any other incidental items of any kind or nature, as are necessary to complete the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents.
- E. Except for mobilization/demobilization and project record documents, payment for Work will be based on the percent of completed work of each item in the Schedule of Values, including stored materials, as determined by the County. Progress of work in each item of the Schedule of Values will be determined separately by the County. However, the County will issue a single payment certificate for progress on the Contract.
- F. The Contractor agrees that it will make no claim for damages, anticipated profits, or otherwise because of any difference between the amounts of work actually performed and materials actually furnished and the estimated amounts therefore.
- G. Where payment by scale weight is specified under certain items, the Contractor shall provide suitable weighing equipment which shall be kept in accurate adjustment at all times and certified. The weighing of all material shall be performed by the Contractor in the presence and under the supervision of the County.
- H. All schedules included in the Contract Documents are given for convenience and are not guaranteed to be complete. The Contractor shall assume all responsibility for the making of estimates of the size, kind, and quantity of materials and equipment included in work to be done under this Contract.
- I. Where pipe fittings are noted on the Drawings, such notation is for the Contractor's convenience and does not relieve the Contractor from laying and jointing different or additional items where required.
- J. All contracts shall be subject to 10% minimum retainage as defined in the General Conditions and the Agreement.

1.03 CASH ALLOWANCES

- A. The Contractor shall include in the Total Bid Amount, all cash allowances stated in the Contract Documents. Items covered by these allowances shall be supplied for such amounts and by such persons as the County may direct.
- B. The Contractor will obtain the County's written acceptance before providing equipment, materials or other Work under a cash allowance. Payments under a cash allowance will be made based on actual costs, excluding costs of general conditions, handling, unloading, storage, installation, testing, etc., which will be considered to be included within the Contract Price. Payments within the limits of any Allowance will exclude overhead and profit and bond and insurance premiums, since those costs will be considered to be included within the Contract of be included within the Contract Amount. The Contractor shall submit appropriate documentation to validate the actual cost of the item.

C. The amount of the allowance shall be adjusted accordingly by Change Order to recognize the allowable cost incurred by the Contractor.

1.04 WORK NOT PAID FOR SEPARATELY

- A. Delivery: Payment for equipment delivery, storage or freight shall be included in the pay items including their installation and no other separate payment will be made therefore.
- B. Bonds: Payment for bonds required by the Contract shall be included in the pay items for the Work covered by the required bonds and no separate payment will be made.
- C. Preparation of Site: Payment for preparation of site shall be included in pay items proposed for the various items of Work and no separate payment will be made therefore. Preparation of site includes setting up construction plant, offices, shops, storage areas, sanitary and other facilities required by the specifications or state law or regulations; providing access to the site; obtaining necessary permits and licenses; payments of fees; general protection, temporary heat and utilities including electrical power; providing shop and working drawings, certificates and schedules; providing required insurance; preconstruction photographs and videos; clearing and grubbing; removal of existing pavements, sidewalks and curbs; trench excavation, sheeting, shoring and bracing; dewatering and disposal of surplus water; structural fill, backfill, compaction and grading; testing materials and apparatus; maintenance of drainage systems; appurtenant work; record drawing and close-out documentation; cleaning up; and all other work regardless of its nature which may not be specifically referred to in a Bid Item but is necessary for the complete construction of the project set forth by the Contract.
- D. Permitting & Permit Fees.
- E. The County reserves the right to delete any item included in the Schedule of Values and decrease the Contract Price by the scheduled amount for the item deleted.

1.05 MEASUREMENT FOR PAYMENT

- A. Methods of Measurement Generally:
 - 1. Units of measurement shall be defined in general terms as follows:
 - a. Linear Feet (LF)
 - b. Square Feet (SF)
 - c. Square Yards (SY)
 - d. Cubic Yards (CY)
 - e. Each (EA)
 - f. Sacks (SK)
 - g. Lump Sum (LS)

- 2. Unit Price Contracts/Items:
 - a. Linear Feet (LF) shall be measured along the horizontal length of the centerline of the installed material, unless otherwise specified. Pipe shall be measured along the length of the completed pipeline, regardless of the type of joint required, without deduction for the length of valves or fittings. Pipe included within the limits of lump sum items will not be measured.
 - b. Square Feet (SF), Square Yards (SY), Cubic Yards (CY), Each (EA) and Sacks (SK) shall be measured as the amount of the unit of measure installed and compacted within the limits specified and shown in the Specifications and Drawings. Slope angles and elevations shall be measured using land-surveying equipment. Contractor shall provide supporting documentation (i.e. drawings, delivery tickets, invoices, survey calculations, etc.) to verify actual installed quantities.
- B. Lump Sum Contracts/Items Generally:
 - 1. Quantities provided in the Schedule of Values are for the purpose of estimating the completion status for progress payments. Payment will be made for each individual item on a percentage of completion basis as estimated by the Contractor and approved by the County.
 - 2. Adjustments to costs provided in the accepted Schedule of Values may be made only by Change Order.
 - 3. The County reserves the right to delete any item included in the Schedule of Values and decrease the Contract Price by the scheduled amount for the item deleted.

1.06 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT ITEMS

- A. *Only those bid items included in the Bid Schedule are applicable for this Contract.* The County has standardized the measurement and payment items. Currently, there are approximately 100 measurement and payment items describing approximately 300 bid items. The bid item numbering system comprises five sections that are divided into 23 subsections. The sections and subsections are listed below.
- 10. General Requirements
 - 10.1 General
- 11. Site Work
 - 11.1 Miscellaneous
 - 11.2 Road Work
 - 11.3 Install/Replace Fence or Wall
 - 11.4 Bypass Pumping
 - 11.5 Abandon or Remove Pipe/Structure
- 12. Pressure Pipes
 - 12.1 Pressure Pipe and Fittings and Restrained Joints
 - 12.2 Valves
 - 12.3 Tapping Sleeve and Valve Assembly
 - 12.4 Cut-in Connections to Existing Main
 - 12.5 Piping Appurtenances
 - 12.6 Directional Drill
 - 12.7 Pipe Bursting

- 13. Wastewater Collection System
 - 13.1 Cleaning Sanitary Sewers
 - 13.2 CCTV Sanitary Sewers
 - 13.3 Install/Replace Sanitary Sewer
 - 13.4 Install/Replace Sanitary Manholes
 - 13.5 Sanitary Manhole Rehabilitation
 - 13.6 Sanitary Service Laterals and Cleanouts
 - 13.7 Cured-in-Place Pipe (CIPP) Liner
 - 13.8 Sanitary Sewer Pipe Bursting

14. Pump Stations

- 14.1 Wastewater Duplex Pump Station
- 14.2 Wastewater Triplex Pump Station

All of the subsections have bid item measurement and payment descriptions. Several bid items in the Project Bid Schedule may be described with the same bid item measurement and payment description in Table A, "Measurement and Payment Items". The bid items in the Project Bid Schedule are related to the Section 01025 measurement and payment items as follows:

- 1. All of the bid items in the Project Bid Schedule have 8 numerical digits.
- 2. Table A, "Measurement and Payment Items" for each of the bid items there are five numerical digits followed by ".xxx".
- 3. The first 5 numerical digits of the bid item in the Project Bid Schedule designate the measurement and payment item found in Table A, "Measurement and Payment Items."

BID ITEM	MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT ITEMS Pg 1
	10 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS
	10.1 - General
1	Reference ID 10.110.xxx Mobilization, Demobilization, Bonds, and Permits (not to exceed 5% of the total of all bid items except bid items under section 10.1 General)
	a. Measurement: Measurement of various items for Mobilization and Demobilization shall not be made for payment and all items shall be included in the lump sum price. <u>This lump sum price shall not exceed 5% of the total of all bid items except bid items under section 10.1 General</u> .
	b. Payment: Payment of 75 percent of the applicable lump sum price for the item shall be full compensation for the Work consisting of the preparatory Work and operations in mobilizing for beginning Work on the Contract, including, but not limited to, movement of those personnel, equipment, supplies and incidentals to the project site, preparation of submittals, and for the establishment of temporary offices and buildings, safety equipment and first aid supplies, project signs, field surveys, sanitary and other facilities required by these specifications, and State and local laws and regulations.

Table A

2	 supervision and office management, as well as other incidental cost for management of the Work during the duration of the Contract. This Work also includes maintenance of the field offices for the duration of the Contract. Payment of the remaining 25 percent of the applicable lump sum price for this item also consists of demobilization or the operations normally involved in ending Work on the project including, but not limited to, termination and removal of temporary utility service and field offices; demolition and removal of temporary structures and facilities; restoration of Contractor storage areas; disposal of trash and rubbish, and any other post-construction work necessary for the proper conclusion of the Work. Reference ID 10.120.xxx Preconstruction Audio-Video Documentation a. Measurement: Measurement shall be based on the satisfactory submittal of a
	comprehensive pre-construction video in accordance with the County requirements and specifications (Section 01101).
	 b. Payment: Payment of the applicable Contract lump sum price as stated in the proposal will be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, and equipment necessary to create a comprehensive pre-construction video in accordance with the County requirements and specification.
3	Reference ID 10.130.xxx Indemnification
	a. Payment: In consideration of the Contractor's Indemnity Agreement as set out in the Contract Documents, the County specifically agrees to give the Contractor a maximum of \$100.00 and other good and valuable consideration, receipt of which is acknowledged upon signing of the Agreement.
4	Reference ID 10.140.xxx Project Record Documents (a minimum of 1% of
4	the total of all bid items except bid items under section 10.1 General)
4	the total of all bid items except bid items under section 10.1 General)a. Measurement: Measurement for this item shall be based on satisfactory progress of the Contractor to provide Project Record Documents in accordance with the County requirements and specifications (Section 01720). Various items for Project Record Documents shall not be made for individual payment and all items shall be included in the lump sum price. This lump sum price shall be a minimum of 1% of the total of all bid items except bid items under section 10.1 General).

	b. Payment: Payment of the applicable Contract lump sum price as stated in the proposal will be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, and equipment necessary to maintain public roadway and pedestrian traffic including flag men, uniformed police officers, barricades, warning lights/flashers, and safety ropes. Also included is furnishing, installing and maintaining a Traffic Control Plan, control and safety devices, control of
6	dust, temporary crossing structures over trenches, any necessary detour facilities, and other special requirements for the safe and expeditious movements of traffic. Reference ID 10.160.xxx Public Information Officer
	a. Measurement: Measurement shall be based on satisfactory Public
	Information/Relations in accordance with County requirements.
	b. Payment: Payment of the applicable Contract lump sum price as stated in the proposal will be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, and equipment necessary to provide and maintain communication with those individuals having a residence, business, or property adjacent to or within 1,000-feet of the construction area. Payment shall include the rental of venues, preparation of and conducting all meetings, and preparation of and
	disbursement of printed materials.
7	
7	disbursement of printed materials.
7	 disbursement of printed materials. Reference ID 10.170.xxx License Agreement/Notification to Homeowner a. Measurement: Shall be measured as lump sum to obtain notarized License Agreement from affected property owners and all items shall be included in the lump sum price. This item shall include furnishing all labor, materials, equipment and services necessary to obtain notarized Licensed Agreement from affected property owners prior to beginning any work on private property. b. Payment: Pay item to be apportioned to the total of the water/wastewater system improvements of the Work requiring the execution of License Agreement(s) and paid monthly based on the Work in the areas completed as part of the pay application that require the execution of License Agreement(s).
7	 disbursement of printed materials. Reference ID 10.170.xxx License Agreement/Notification to Homeowner a. Measurement: Shall be measured as lump sum to obtain notarized License Agreement from affected property owners and all items shall be included in the lump sum price. This item shall include furnishing all labor, materials, equipment and services necessary to obtain notarized Licensed Agreement from affected property owners prior to beginning any work on private property. b. Payment: Pay item to be apportioned to the total of the water/wastewater system improvements of the Work requiring the execution of License Agreement(s) and paid monthly based on the Work in the areas completed as part of the pay application that require the execution of License Agreement(s). 11 SITE WORK
	 disbursement of printed materials. Reference ID 10.170.xxx License Agreement/Notification to Homeowner a. Measurement: Shall be measured as lump sum to obtain notarized License Agreement from affected property owners and all items shall be included in the lump sum price. This item shall include furnishing all labor, materials, equipment and services necessary to obtain notarized Licensed Agreement from affected property owners prior to beginning any work on private property. b. Payment: Pay item to be apportioned to the total of the water/wastewater system improvements of the Work requiring the execution of License Agreement(s) and paid monthly based on the Work in the areas completed as part of the pay application that require the execution of License Agreement(s). 11 SITE WORK 11.1 – Miscellaneous
7	 disbursement of printed materials. Reference ID 10.170.xxx License Agreement/Notification to Homeowner a. Measurement: Shall be measured as lump sum to obtain notarized License Agreement from affected property owners and all items shall be included in the lump sum price. This item shall include furnishing all labor, materials, equipment and services necessary to obtain notarized Licensed Agreement from affected property owners prior to beginning any work on private property. b. Payment: Pay item to be apportioned to the total of the water/wastewater system improvements of the Work requiring the execution of License Agreement(s) and paid monthly based on the Work in the areas completed as part of the pay application that require the execution of License Agreement(s). 11 SITE WORK

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	specifications (Section 01560).
	 b. Payment: Payment of the applicable Contract lump sum price as stated in the proposal will be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, and equipment to control and prevent sediment transportation from the Work area to adjacent properties, including installation, maintenance, and removal of temporary erosion and sediment controls.
9	Reference ID 11.120.xxx Unsuitable Materials
	a. Measurement: Unsuitable Material shall be measured in actual cubic yards removed and disposed of in accordance with the County requirements and specifications. Extra volume beyond the limits of construction will not be measured for payment. The Contractor shall provide survey calculations to verify actual removed quantities.
	 b. Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per cubic yard as stated in the proposal and shall include all labor, materials and equipment to remove and dispose of unsuitable material including the removal of overburden.
10	Reference ID 11.130.xxx Fill Dirt
	a. Measurement: Fill Dirt shall be measured in actual cubic yards of suitable material placed and compacted in accordance with the County requirements and specifications. Extra volume beyond the limits of construction will not be measured for payment. The Contractor shall provide survey calculations to verify actual placed quantities.
	 b. Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit prices bid per cubic yard as stated in the proposal and shall include all labor, materials and equipment to replace and compact suitable material including the removal of overburden.
	11.2 - Road Work
	Reference ID 11.210.xxx Concrete Base (various thickness)
	a. Measurement: Concrete Base shall be measured in actual square yards of soil cement base with prime and tack coats installed in accordance with the County requirements and specifications.
	 b. Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per square yard as stated in the proposal for Concrete Base and shall include all labor, materials and equipment to install, and spread concrete base. No separate payment will be made for prime and tack coats.
	Reference ID 11.211.xxx Limerock Base
	(various thickness)
	a. Measurement: Limerock Base shall be measured in actual square yards of limerock base with prime and tack coats installed in accordance with the County requirements and specifications (Section 02571).
	b. Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per square yard

	as stated in the proposal for limerock Base and shall include all labor, materials and equipment to install, spread, and compact limerock base. No separate payment will be made for prime and tack coats.
11	Reference ID 11.212.xxx Soil Cement Base (various thickness)
	a. Measurement: Soil Cement Base shall be measured in actual square yards of soil cement base with prime and tack coats installed in accordance with the County requirements and specifications (Section 02571).
	b. Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per square yard as stated in the proposal for Soil Cement Base and shall include all labor, materials and equipment to install, spread, and compact soil cement base. No separate payment will be made for prime and tack coats.
	Reference ID 11.220.xxx Temporary Paving (cold mix overlay) (various thickness)
	a. Measurement: Temporary Paving shall be measured in actual square yards of temporary paving furnished and installed in accordance with the Plans and Specifications.
	 b. Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per square yard as stated in the proposal for Temporary Paving and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment to apply the cold mix overlay in accordance with County requirements and specifications. The unit price bid shall also include traffic signalization repair, and temporary striping and markings.
12	Reference ID 11.230.xxx Milling and Resurfacing
	a. Measurement: Milling and Resurfacing shall be measured in actual square yards over which the milling and subsequent resurfacing is completed and accepted at the thickness as indicated in the Drawings.
	b. Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per square yard
	as stated in the proposal for Milling and Resurfacing and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment to mill surface; dispose of milled materials; and apply Type S-III asphalt surface overlay in accordance with County requirements and specifications. The unit price bid shall also include traffic signalization repair, and permanent striping and markings.
13	as stated in the proposal for Milling and Resurfacing and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment to mill surface; dispose of milled materials; and apply Type S-III asphalt surface overlay in accordance with County requirements and specifications. The unit price bid shall also include traffic
13	as stated in the proposal for Milling and Resurfacing and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment to mill surface; dispose of milled materials; and apply Type S-III asphalt surface overlay in accordance with County requirements and specifications. The unit price bid shall also include traffic signalization repair, and permanent striping and markings.

	include all labor, materials, and equipment necessary to provide a safe, smooth driving surface. The Work shall include saw cutting, pavement removal and proper disposal of exiting pavement, installing soil cement and asphalt surface into a properly prepared subgrade, traffic signalization repair, and temporary and permanent striping and markings in accordance with the County requirements and specifications.
14	Reference ID 11.241.xxx Asphalt Roadway Replacement (various thickness)
	a. Measurement: Asphalt Roadway Repair shall be measured in actual square yards of existing asphalt paving and subgrade removal and replacement furnished and installed in accordance with the County requirements and specifications. The width measured for payment of asphalt surface repair, as measured perpendicular to the centerline of the pipe, shall be limited to the width shown on the Drawings. The length shall be as measured along the centerline of the pipe.
	 b. Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per square yard as stated in the proposal for Asphalt Roadway Replacement and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment necessary to provide a safe, smooth driving surface. The Work shall include saw cutting; pavement removal and proper disposal of exiting pavement, installing prime coat, tack coat, and asphalt, compaction, traffic signalization repair, and temporary striping and markings in accordance with the County requirements and specifications. Payment will be made once and shall include both temporary and permanent Asphalt Roadway Replacement.
15	Reference ID 11.250.xxx Concrete Pavement Replacement (various thickness)
	a. Measurement: Concrete Pavement Replacement shall be measured in actual square yards of concrete removed and replaced. Width of replaced sidewalk shall match that of existing sidewalk. Replaced portions of driveways shall conform to the lines and grades of removed portions of driveways. Thickness of pavement shall be as indicated in the plans and specifications.
	b. Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per square yard as stated in the proposal for Concrete Pavement Replacement and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment for saw-cutting, removal and proper disposal of existing concrete, compaction, form work, concrete replacement, restoration, and clean-up for a complete installation.
16	Reference ID 11.251.xxx Construct Public Sidewalk ADA Ramp
	a. Measurement: Measurement for Construct Public Sidewalk ADA Ramp shall be made per actual number of sidewalk ramps with detectable warning surface installed.
	b. Payment: Payment for Construct Public Sidewalk ADA Ramp shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for

	furnishing all labor, materials, and equipment necessary for installing new concrete sidewalk ramps to current FDOT Index 304. This includes clearing, grubbing compaction, forming, concrete and detectable warning surface placement, finishing, restoration and clean up.
	Reference ID 11.252.xxx Concrete Paver Replacement
	a. Measurement: Concrete Paver Replacement shall be measured in actual square yards of concrete pavers removed and replaced. Replaced portions of driveways shall conform to the lines and grades of removed portions of road or driveways.
	b. Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per square yard as stated in the proposal for Concrete Paver Replacement and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment for saw-cutting, removal and proper storage of existing pavers, furnishing and installing new base materials, compaction, paver replacement, restoration, and clean-up for a complete installation.
17	Reference ID 11.253.xxx Concrete Driveway Replacement
	a. Measurement: Concrete Driveway Replacement shall be measured in the actual number of driveways satisfactorily removed and replaced, from the right-of-way line to the edge of pavement.
	b. Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per each as stated in the proposal for Concrete Driveway Replacement and shall include all labor, materials and equipment for saw-cutting, removal and proper disposal of existing concrete, compaction, form work, wire mesh, rebar, concrete replacement, restoration and clean-up for a complete installation.
	Reference ID 11.260.xxx Driveway Culvert Storm Pipe Replacement (various sizes)
	a. Measurement: Culvert Storm Pipe Replacement shall be measured in actual linear feet satisfactorily removed and replaced, as measured along the length of the centerline of the completed pipeline.
	 b. Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per linear feet as stated in the proposal for Culvert Storm Pipe Replacement and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment to remove and replace the respective storm pipe including temporary stormwater management, protection of existing utilities and irrigation, dewatering, excavation, pipe replacement, connection to existing storm pipes utilizing collars wrapped in 6-feet of filter fabric, replacement of mitered end sections, backfill, compaction, grading, sod replacement, restoration and clean-up.
	Reference ID 11.270.xxx Storm Underdrain Pipe Replacement (various sizes)
	a. Measurement: Storm Underdrain Pipe Replacement shall be measured in actual linear feet satisfactorily removed and replaced, as measured along the length of the centerline of the completed pipeline.

	b.	Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per linear feet as stated in the proposal for Storm Underdrain Pipe Replacement and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment to remove and replace the respective storm pipe including temporary stormwater management, protection of existing utilities and irrigation, dewatering, excavation, pipe replacement, connection to existing storm pipes utilizing collars wrapped in 6-feet of filter fabric, replacement of mitered end sections, backfill, compaction, grading, sod replacement, restoration and clean-up.
18		eference ID 11.280.xxx Concrete Curb and/or Curb and Gutter eplacement
	a.	Measurement: Concrete Curb and/or Curb and Gutter Replacement shall be measured in actual linear feet removed and replaced measured along the centerline of the curb within the excavation of the trench to a maximum width equal to the width of asphalt pavement cut. All additional curb and gutter damaged shall be replaced by the Contractor at his own expense.
		Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per linear feet as stated in the proposal for Concrete Curb and Gutter Replacement and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment for saw-cutting, removal and proper disposal of existing concrete curb and gutter, compaction, and concrete curb and gutter replacement for a complete installation.
19	Re	eference ID 11.290.xxx Sod Replacement
	a.	Measurement: Sod Replacement shall be measured in actual square yards of sod furnished, laid, fertilized, watered and maintained for all areas as specified on the Drawings.
	b.	Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per square yard as stated in the proposal for Sod Replacement and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment necessary to furnish, install, fertilize, water and maintain a healthy stand of grass including any soil amendments or conditioning required to bring the existing soil to within acceptable pH levels as recommended by the sod grower.
		Install/Replace Fence or Wall
20		eference ID 11.310.xxx Chain Link Fence Install/Replacement arious heights)
	a.	Measurement: Chain Link Fence Replacement shall be measured in actual linear feet removed and replaced as measured along the centerline of the fence within the construction excavation. All additional fencing damaged shall be replaced by the Contractor at his own expense.
	b.	Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per linear feet as stated in the proposal for Chain Link Fence Replacement and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment to remove and properly dispose of existing chain link fence and concrete and install new chain link fence

	including replacement fence, gate, support posts and concrete for a complete installation.
21	Reference ID 11.320.xxx Wood Fence Install/Replacement (various heights)
	a. Measurement: Wood Fence Replacement shall be measured in actual linear feet removed and replaced as measured along the centerline of the fence within the construction excavation. All additional fencing damaged shall be replaced by the Contractor at his own expense.
	 b. Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per linear feet as stated in the proposal for Wood Fence Replacement and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment to remove and properly dispose of existing wood fence and concrete and install new wood fence including replacement fence, gate, support posts and concrete for a complete installation.
	Reference ID 11.330.xxx Concrete Block Wall Install/Replacement (various heights)
	 a. Measurement: Concrete Block Wall Replacement shall be measured in actual linear feet removed and replaced as measured along the centerline of the wall within the construction excavation. Any additional wall damaged shall be replaced by the Contractor at his own expense.
	 b. Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per linear feet as stated in the proposal for Concrete Block Wall Replacement and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment to remove and properly dispose of existing concrete block and construct a new concrete block wall including replacement concrete block with concrete fill for a complete installation.
22	Reference ID 11.340.xxx Brick Wall Install/Replacement (various heights)
	a. Measurement: Brick Wall Replacement shall be measured in actual linear feet removed and replaced as measured along the centerline of the wall within the construction excavation.
	 b. Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per linear feet as stated in the proposal for Brick Wall Replacement and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment to remove and properly dispose of existing brick and construct a new brick wall including replacement brick and mortar for a complete installation.
	11.4 - Bypass Pumping
23	Reference ID 11.410.xxx Bypass Pumping Sanitary Sewer Mains (various sizes)
	a. Measurement: Measurement for this item shall be based on the complete bypass operation and contingency plan in accordance with the County requirements and specifications.
	b. Payment: Payment of the applicable Contract lump sum price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, equipment as necessary for

	bypass operations and contingency plan as required, including pumps, piping, and hoses; tankers; temporary bypass and service piping; hauling and proper disposal of wastewater; plugging; gasoline/diesel fuel; protection of existing facilities, utilities, and property; traffic maintenance; signs and barriers; and all incidental work required to satisfactorily complete this item. Reference ID 11.420.xxx Bypass Pump Station (various flows)
	a. Measurement: Measurement for this item shall be based on the complete bypass operation and contingency plan in accordance with the County requirements and specifications.
	 b. Payment: Payment of the applicable Contract lump sum price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, equipment as necessary for bypass operations and contingency plan as required, including pumps, piping, and hoses; tankers; temporary bypass and service piping; hauling and proper disposal of wastewater; plugging; gasoline/diesel fuel; protection of existing facilities, utilities, and property; traffic maintenance; signs and barriers; and all incidental work required to satisfactorily complete this item.
	11.5 - Abandon or Remove Pipe/Structure
24	Reference ID 11.510.xxx Abandon-in-Place Pipe
	a. Measurement: Abandon-in-Place Pipe, regardless of size and material, shall be measured in actual linear feet satisfactorily abandoned-in-place in accordance with the County requirements and specifications (Section 02080). Pipe abandonment shall be measured along the centerline without deduction for valves and fittings.
	 b. Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per linear feet as stated in the proposal for Abandon-in-Place Pipe and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment to excavate, backfill and compact; sheet, shore, and brace; dewater; completely drain and properly dispose of pipe contents; grout fill, and plug or cap existing pipes of all services and sizes designated "to be abandoned" on the Drawings. Also included in this item is the removal of existing valve boxes located on valves connected to piping designated to be retired. Valve boxes shall be removed, backfilled and compacted with suitable material.
	Reference ID 11.520.xxx Abandon-in-Place Manhole
	a. Measurement: Measurement of Abandon-in-Place Manhole shall be made per actual number of existing manholes satisfactorily abandoned-in-place in accordance with the County requirements and specifications.
	 b. Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per vertical feet as stated in the proposal for Abandon-in-Place Manhole and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment to sheet, shore, and brace, dewater, completely drain and properly dispose of manhole contents, remove manhole top riser, grout fill, and cap existing manhole designated "to be abandoned" on the Drawings. Also included in this item is backfilling and compaction complete in place to finish grade of road or natural ground (including

	additional soil to replace volume of removed manhole).
25	Reference ID 11.530.xxx Remove Existing Pipe
	a. Measurement: Remove Existing Pipe, regardless of size and material, shall be measured in actual linear feet satisfactorily excavated, removed, and salvaged in accordance with the County requirements and specifications (Section 02080). Pipe removal shall be measured along the centerline without deduction for valves and fittings. Also included in this item is the removal and salvage of items including air release valves and vaults, and fire hydrant assemblies.
	 b. Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per linear feet as stated in the proposal for Remove Existing Pipe and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment to sheet, shore, and brace; dewater; excavate; completely drain and properly dispose of pipe contents; plug or cap; restoration, sod, clean-up; remove and salvage pipe of all services and sizes designated "to be removed" on the Drawings, backfill and compact. Also included in this item is the removal and salvage of items (as listed in Specification Section 02080) attached to the piping to be removed.
26	Reference ID 11.540.xxx Remove Existing Manhole
	a. Measurement: Measurement for Remove Existing Manhole shall be made per actual number of manholes satisfactorily excavated and removed in accordance with the County requirements and specifications.
	 b. Payment: Payment for Remove Existing Manhole shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit prices shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, and equipment to sheet, shore, and brace, dewater, completely drain and properly dispose of manhole contents, remove manhole designated "to be removed" on the Drawings. Also included in this item is backfilling and compaction complete in place to finish grade of road or natural ground (including additional soil to replace volume of removed manhole)
	12 PRESSURE PIPES
	12.1 - Pressure Pipes with Fittings and Restrained Joints
27-32	Reference ID 12.xxx Water Main with Fittings and Restrained Joints (RJ) (various sizes)
	a. Measurement: Water Main installation regardless of type and size shall be measured in actual linear feet satisfactorily furnished and laid, as measured along the length of the centerline of the completed pipeline, regardless of the type of joint required, without deduction for the length of valves and fittings. Pipe included within the limits of lump sum pay items will not be measured for payment under this item.
	b. Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per linear feet as stated in the proposal for Water Main w/Fittings and restrained joints and

	shall include all labor, materials, and equipment to construct the respective pipeline including coordination with existing utilities, protection of existing utilities including service connections, tree protection, excavation, sheeting, shoring and bracing, dewatering, groundwater treatment and disposal, (search for dewatering in document, add this language to any item that references dewatering) backfill, compaction, and grading, all testing, potable water system protection, disinfection, restoration, sod and clean-up. This item also includes all necessary fittings, reducers, bends, tees, wyes, plugs, restraining devices, polyethylene encasement where required, metallic tracer wire, line locator, identification markers, and removal and replacement of fences and gates, mailboxes, trees, shrubs, irrigation sprinklers and other obstructions.
a.	Measurement: Reclaimed Water Main installation regardless of type and size shall be measured in actual linear feet satisfactorily furnished and installed, as measured along the length of the centerline of the completed pipeline, regardless of the type of joint required, without deduction for the length of valves and fittings. Pipe included within the limits of lump sum pay items will not be measured for payment under this item.
b.	Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per linear feet as stated in the proposal for Reclaimed Water Main w/Fittings and RJs and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment to construct the respective pipeline including coordination with existing utilities, protection of existing utilities including service connections, tree protection, excavation, sheeting, shoring and bracing, dewatering, groundwater treatment and disposal, backfill, compaction, and grading, all testing, disinfection, restoration, sod and clean-up. This item also includes all necessary fittings, reducers, bends, tees, wyes, plugs, restraining devices, polyethylene encasement where required, metallic tracer wire, line locator, identification markers, and removal and replacement of fences and gates, mailboxes, trees, shrubs, irrigation sprinklers and other obstructions.
	eference ID 12.130.xxx Forcemain with Fittings and Restrained Joints J) (various sizes)
a.	Measurement: Forcemain installation regardless of type and size shall be measured in actual linear feet satisfactorily furnished and laid, as measured along the length of the centerline of the completed pipeline, regardless of the type of joint required, without deduction for the length of valves and fittings. Pipe included within the limits of lump sum pay items will not be measured for payment under this item.
b.	Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per linear feet as stated in the proposal for Forcemain w/Fittings and RJs and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment to construct the respective pipeline including coordination with existing utilities, protection of existing utilities including service connections, tree protection, excavation, sheeting, shoring

	and bracing, dewatering, groundwater treatment and disposal, backfill, compaction, and grading, all testing, restoration, sod and clean-up. This item also includes all necessary fittings, reducers, bends, tees, wyes, plugs, restraining devices, polyethylene encasement where required, metallic tracer wire, line locator, identification markers, and removal and replacement of fences and gates, mailboxes, trees, shrubs, irrigation sprinklers and other obstructions.
	12.2 – Valves
33-35	Reference ID 12.210.xxx Gate Valve with Box
33-35	(various sizes)
	a. Measurement: Measurement for Gate Valve with Box shall be made per actual number of gate valves with valve boxes satisfactorily furnished and installed complete with covers and concrete collars. Gate valves included within tapping sleeve and valve, air release valve assembly, and fire hydrant pay items will not be measured for payment under this item.
	 b. Payment: Payment for the Gate Valve with Box shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment to install the valve, valve box, valve box extensions, operating nut extensions, test station box and cap, valve wrenches, restraining devices, covers, concrete collars, excavation, sheeting, shoring, bracing, dewatering, backfill, compaction, restoration, and all other items required for a complete, acceptable and operable installation.
	Reference ID 12.220.xxx Plug Valve with Box (various sizes)
	a. Measurement: Measurement for Plug Valve with Box shall be made per actual number of plug valves with valve boxes satisfactorily furnished and installed complete with covers and concrete collars.
	b. Payment: Payment for the Plug Valve with Box shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment to install the valve, valve box, valve box extensions, test station box and cap, operating nut extensions, valve wrenches, restraining devices, covers, concrete collars, excavation, dewatering, sheeting, shoring, bracing, backfill, compaction, restoration and all other items required for a complete, acceptable and operable installation.
36	Reference ID 12.230.xxx Blow-Off Valve Assembly (various sizes)
	a. Measurement: Measurement for Blow-Off Valve Assembly shall be made

	per actual number of blow-off valve assemblies satisfactorily furnished and
	installed to provide a complete and functional unit.
	 b. Payment: Payment for the Blow-Off Valve Assembly shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment to install the blow-off valve, cap, valve sleeve, pipe, fittings, meter box, excavation, dewatering, backfill, compaction, grading adjustment, restoration, and all other items required for a complete, acceptable and operable installation.
	12.3 - Tapping Sleeve and Valve Assembly
37-39	Reference ID 12.310.xxx Tapping Sleeve and Valve Assembly (various sizes)
	a. Measurement: Measurement for Tapping Sleeve and Valve Assembly shall be made per actual number of tapping sleeves and valves satisfactorily furnished and installed to provide a complete and functional unit.
	b. Payment: Payment for the Tapping Sleeve and Valve Assembly shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary to perform a wet tap to an existing main including excavation, sheeting, shoring, bracing, dewatering, backfill, compaction, grading, tapping sleeve, tapping valve, valve box extensions, operating nut extensions, valve wrenches, restraining devices, protection, of patchle water sustem disinfection, restoration and all
	devices, protection of potable water system, disinfection, restoration and all other items required for a complete, acceptable and operable installation.
40-41	other items required for a complete, acceptable and operable installation.
40-41	other items required for a complete, acceptable and operable installation.12.4 – Cut-in Connections to Existing MainsReference ID 12.410.xxx Cut-in Connection to Existing

	wyes.
	Reference ID 12.420.xxx Cut-in Connection to Existing Reclaimed Water Main (various sizes)
	a. Measurement: Measurement for cut-in connections to the existing reclaimed water main shall be made per number of cut-in connections made complete and in place regardless of the type and size from the constructed reclaimed water main to the existing reclaimed water main as authorized in the Contract Documents regardless of the depth of the connection.
	b. Payment: Payment for the Cut-in Connection to the Existing Reclaimed Water Main shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, and equipment to make a cut-in connection from the constructed reclaimed water main to the existing reclaimed water main including coordination with existing utilities, protection of existing utilities and service connections, excavation, sheeting, shoring and bracing, dewatering, cutting pipe, completely drain and properly dispose of existing pipe contents, connection to existing reclaimed water main, restraint of existing reclaimed water main in accordance with the County requirements, backfill, compaction, grading, swabbing, restoration and clean-up. This item also includes all necessary fittings, reducers, bends, tees, and wyes.
	Reference ID 12.430.xxx Cut-in Connection to Existing Forcemain (various sizes)
	a. Measurement: Measurement for cut-in connections to the existing forcemain shall be made per number of cut-in connections made complete and in place regardless of the type and size from the constructed forcemain to the existing forcemain as authorized in the Contract Documents regardless of the depth of the connection.
	 b. Payment: Payment for the Cut-in Connection to the Existing Forcemain shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, and equipment to make a cut-in connection from the constructed forcemain to the existing forcemain including coordination with existing utilities, protection of existing utilities and service connections, excavation, sheeting, shoring and bracing, dewatering, cutting pipe, completely drain and properly dispose of existing pipe contents, connection to existing forcemain, restraint of existing forcemain in accordance with the County requirements, backfill, compaction, grading, swabbing, restoration and clean-up. This item also includes all necessary fittings, reducers, bends, tees, and wyes.
	12.5 - Piping Appurtenances
42	Reference ID 12.510.xxx Line Stop Assembly (various sizes)
	a. Measurement: Measurement for Line Stopping Assembly shall be made per
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	 actual number of line stops satisfactorily furnished and installed to permanently or temporarily stop the flow within the indicated main at the locations shown on the Drawings. b. Payment: Payment for the Line Stopping Assembly shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary to perform a permanent or temporary line stop on an existing main including excavation, sheeting, shoring, bracing, dewatering, backfill, compaction, grading, tapping sleeve, plug, retraining devices, restraint of existing piping in accordance with the County requirements, swabbing, restoration and clean-up and all other items required for a complete, acceptable and operable installation.
	Reference ID 12.520.xxx Air Release Valve Assembly
	(various sizes)
	a. Measurement: Measurement for Air Release Valve Assembly shall be made per actual number of air release valves with enclosures satisfactorily furnished and installed to provide a complete and functional unit.
	 b. Payment: Payment for the Air Release Valve Assembly shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary to install the valve including saddle, fittings, pipe, concrete pad, pre-cast vault or enclosure, excavation, sheeting, shoring, bracing, dewatering, backfill, compaction, grading, restoration and all other items required for a complete, acceptable and operable installation.
43	Reference ID 12.530.xxx Offset Air Release Valve Assembly (various sizes)
	a. Measurement: Measurement for Offset Air Release Valve Assemblies shall be made per actual number of offset air release valves with enclosures satisfactorily furnished and installed to provide a complete and functional unit.
	 b. Payment: Payment for the Offset Air Release Valve Assembly shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary to install the valve including saddle, fittings, pipe, concrete pad, pre-cast vault or enclosure, excavation, sheeting, shoring, bracing, dewatering, backfill, compaction, grading, restoration and all other items required for a complete, acceptable and operable installation.
44	Reference ID 12.540.xxx Fire Hydrant Assembly
	a. Measurement: Measurement for Fire Hydrant Assemblies shall be made per actual number of fire hydrant assemblies satisfactorily furnished and installed to provide a complete and functional unit. The pipe and necessary

	restraint system connecting the fire hydrant assembly to the water main shall be included in the unit price, regardless of the length necessary to locate the hydrant at the direction of the County
	 b. Payment: Payment for the Fire Hydrant Assembly shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary to install the fire hydrant complete with hydrant tee, hydrant extension, pipe, fittings, isolation valve and box, thrust anchorage, and shear pad. Also included is excavation, sheeting, shoring and bracing, dewatering, backfill, compaction, grading, connection to pipes, restoration, and all other items required for a complete, acceptable and operable installation.
45	Reference ID 12.550.xxx Adjust Existing Valve Box
	a. Measurement: Measurement for Adjust Existing Valve Box shall be made per actual number of existing valve boxes raised or lowered to the finish grade of the proposed road work.
	b. Payment: Payment for Adjust Existing Valve Box shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary to replace, raise or lower and /or adjust the existing valve boxes to the proposed grade.
46-47	Reference ID 12.560.xxx Water Service Connection (short and long)
46-47	
46-47	 (short and long) a. Measurement: Measurement for Water Service Connection shall be made per actual number of service connections satisfactorily furnished and installed to
46-47	 (short and long) a. Measurement: Measurement for Water Service Connection shall be made per actual number of service connections satisfactorily furnished and installed to provide a complete and functional unit. b. Payment: Payment for the Water Service Connection shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary to install the water service connection including service saddle, corporation stop, water service piping, curb stops, and installing meter boxes. Payment also includes excavation sheeting, shoring and bracing, dewatering, backfill, compaction, grading, pressure testing, restoration, sod and all other items required for a complete,
	 (short and long) a. Measurement: Measurement for Water Service Connection shall be made per actual number of service connections satisfactorily furnished and installed to provide a complete and functional unit. b. Payment: Payment for the Water Service Connection shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary to install the water service connection including service saddle, corporation stop, water service piping, curb stops, and installing meter boxes. Payment also includes excavation sheeting, shoring and bracing, dewatering, backfill, compaction, grading, pressure testing, restoration, sod and all other items required for a complete, acceptable and operable installation.
	 (short and long) a. Measurement: Measurement for Water Service Connection shall be made per actual number of service connections satisfactorily furnished and installed to provide a complete and functional unit. b. Payment: Payment for the Water Service Connection shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary to install the water service connection including service saddle, corporation stop, water service piping, curb stops, and installing meter boxes. Payment also includes excavation sheeting, shoring and bracing, dewatering, backfill, compaction, grading, pressure testing, restoration, sod and all other items required for a complete, acceptable and operable installation. Reference ID 12.570.xxx Reroute Water Service on Private Property a. Measurement: Measurement for the rerouting Water Service on Private Property shall be made per the actual number of services rerouted to provide

	shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary to install the water service including the house connection, water service piping, and curb stops. Payment also includes excavation sheeting, shoring and bracing, dewatering, backfill, compaction, grading, pressure testing, restoration, sod and all other items required for a complete, acceptable and operable installation.
	Directional Drill
	eference ID 12.610.xxx Directional Drill HDPE/PVC Water Main
(V:	arious sizes, valve to valve)
a.	Measurement: Directional Drill Water Main installation regardless of type material shall be measured in actual linear feet satisfactorily furnished and installed, as measured along the length of the centerline of the completed directionally drilled water main in accordance with the County requirements and specifications (Section 02662).
b.	Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per linear feet as stated in the proposal for Directionally Drill Water Main and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment necessary for a complete directional drill pipe installation and testing including protection of existing utilities, pipe, fittings, valves, pipe connection assemblies and appurtenances, mechanical restraint, metallic tracer wire, drilling mud, sodding, testing, disinfection, restoration, and clean-up.
Re	eference ID 12.620.xxx Directional Drill HDPE/PVC Reclaimed
W	ater Main (various sizes, valve to valve)
a.	Measurement: Directional Drill Reclaimed Water Main installation regardless of type of material shall be measured in actual linear feet satisfactorily furnished and installed, as measured along the length of the centerline of the completed directionally drilled reclaimed water main in accordance with the County requirements and specifications (Section 02662).
b.	Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per linear feet as stated in the proposal for Directionally Drill Reclaimed Water Main and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment necessary for a complete directional drill pipe installation and testing including protection of existing utilities, pipe, fittings, valves, pipe connection assemblies and appurtenances, mechanical restraint, metallic tracer wire, drilling mud, sodding, testing, restoration, and clean-up.
	eference ID 12.630.xxx Directional Drill HDPE/PVC Forcemain
(V:	arious sizes, valve to valve)
a.	Measurement: Directional Drill forcemain installation regardless of type of material shall be measured in actual linear feet satisfactorily furnished and

	installed, as measured along the length of the centerline of the completed directionally drilled forcemain in accordance with the County requirements and specifications (Section 02662). Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per linear feet as stated in the proposal for Directionally Drill Forcemain and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment necessary for a complete directional drill pipe installation and testing including protection of existing utilities, pipe, fittings, valves, pipe connection assemblies and appurtenances, mechanical restraint, metallic tracer wire, drilling mud, sodding, testing, restoration, and clean-up. Pipe Bursting
	ference ID 12.710.xxx Pipe Burst Water Main
(V:	arious sizes)
a.	Measurement: Pipe Burst Water Main installation regardless of type and size shall be measured in actual linear feet satisfactorily furnished and installed, as measured along the length of the centerline of the completed pipeline, regardless of the type of joint required, without deduction for the length of valves and fittings in accordance with the County requirements and specifications.
b.	Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per linear feet as stated in the proposal for Pipe Burst Water Main and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment necessary for a complete pipe installation by pipe bursting and testing including coordination with existing utilities; protection of existing utilities including service connections; tree protection; excavation, sheeting, shoring and bracing; dewatering; backfill, compaction, and grading; pre- and post-installation video; repair of sags in line; all testing; potable water system protection, disinfection, restoration, sod and clean-up. This item also includes all necessary fittings, reducers, bends, tees, wyes, plugs, restraining devices, polyethylene encasement where required, metallic tracer wire, line locator, identification markers, and removal and replacement of fences and gates, mailboxes, trees, shrubs, irrigation sprinklers and other obstructions.
	eference ID 12.720.xxx Pipe Burst Reclaimed Water Main
(V:	arious sizes)
a.	Measurement: Pipe Burst Reclaimed Water Main installation regardless of type and size shall be measured in actual linear feet satisfactorily furnished and installed, as measured along the length of the centerline of the completed pipeline, regardless of the type of joint required, without deduction for the length of valves and fittings in accordance with the County requirements and specifications.
b.	Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per linear feet as stated in the proposal for Pipe Burst Reclaimed Water Main and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment necessary for a complete pipe

installation by pipe bursting and testing including coordination with existing utilities; protection of existing utilities including service connections; tree protection; excavation, sheeting, shoring and bracing; dewatering; backfill, compaction, and grading; pre and post-installation video; repair of sags in line; all testing; potable water system protection, disinfection, restoration, sod and clean-up. This item also includes all necessary fittings, reducers, bends, tees, wyes, plugs, restraining devices, polyethylene encasement where required, metallic tracer wire, line locator, identification markers, and removal and replacement of fences and gates, mailboxes, trees, shrubs,
 irrigation sprinklers and other obstructions.
Reference ID 12.730.xxx Pipe Burst Forcemain (various sizes)
a. Measurement: Pipe Burst Forcemain installation regardless of type and size shall be measured in actual linear feet satisfactorily furnished and installed, as measured along the length of the centerline of the completed pipeline, regardless of the type of joint required, without deduction for the length of valves and fittings in accordance with the County requirements and specifications.
b. Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per linear feet as stated in the proposal for Pipe Burst Forcemain and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment necessary for a complete pipe installation by pipe bursting and testing including coordination with existing utilities; protection of existing utilities including service connections; tree protection; excavation, sheeting, shoring and bracing; dewatering; backfill, compaction, and grading; pre and post-installation video; repair of sags in line; all testing; potable water system protection, restoration, sod and clean-up. This item also includes all necessary fittings, reducers, bends, tees, wyes, plugs, restraining devices, polyethylene encasement where required, metallic tracer wire, line locator, identification markers, and removal and replacement of fences and gates, mailboxes, trees, shrubs, irrigation sprinklers and other obstructions.
13 WASTEWATER COLLECTION SYSTEM
13.1 - Cleaning Sanitary Sewers
Reference ID 13.110.xxx Light Cleaning Sanitary Sewer Laterals
(various sizes)
a. Measurement: Measurement for Light Cleaning Sanitary Sewer Laterals shall be made per actual number of sanitary sewer laterals satisfactorily cleaned by making 1 pass of the lateral with a cleaning nozzle in accordance with County requirements and specifications (Section 02761).
 b. Payment: Payment for Light Cleaning Sanitary Sewer Laterals shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary to satisfactorily clean a sanitary sewer lateral to an acceptable condition for CCTV inspection by

	making a single pass of the main with a cleaning nozzle including water, hoses, and nozzles, protection of property, restoration and clean-up.
	eference ID 13.111.xxx Light Cleaning Sanitary Sewer Mains arious sizes)
a.	Measurement: Light Cleaning Sanitary Sewer Mains shall be measured in actual linear feet of sanitary sewer main satisfactorily cleaned by making a single pass of the main with a cleaning nozzle as measured along the length of the centerline of sewer, which cleaning was performed, between manholes, measured to the nearest foot from inside wall of the manhole to the inside wall of the other manhole and not including the manhole chamber, in accordance with County requirements and specifications (Section 02761).
b.	Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per linear feet as stated in the proposal for Light Cleaning Sanitary Sewer Mains and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment necessary to satisfactorily clean a sanitary sewer main to an acceptable condition for CCTV inspection and ready for any and all repairs by making a single pass of the main with a cleaning nozzle including water, hoses, and nozzles, protection of property, restoration and clean-up.
	eference ID 13.120.xxx Medium Cleaning Sanitary Sewer Laterals arious sizes)
a.	Measurement: Measurement for Medium Cleaning Sanitary Sewer Laterals shall be made per actual number of sanitary sewer laterals satisfactorily cleaned by making 2 to 4 passes of the lateral with a cleaning nozzle in accordance with County requirements and specifications (Section 02761).
b.	Payment: Payment for Medium Cleaning Sanitary Sewer Laterals shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary to satisfactorily clean a sanitary sewer lateral to an acceptable condition for CCTV inspection by making 2 to 4 passes of the lateral with a cleaning nozzle including water, hoses, and nozzles, protection of property, restoration and clean-up.
	ference ID 13.121.xxx Medium Cleaning Sanitary Sewer Mains
(V:	arious sizes)
a.	Measurement: Medium Cleaning Sanitary Sewer Mains shall be measured in actual linear feet of sanitary sewer main satisfactorily cleaned by making 2 to 4 passes of the main with a cleaning nozzle as measured along the length of the centerline of sewer, which cleaning was performed, between manholes, measured to the nearest foot from inside wall of the manhole to the inside wall of the other manhole and not including the manhole chamber, in accordance with County requirements and specifications (Section 02761).
b.	Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per linear feet as stated in the proposal for Medium Cleaning Sanitary Sewer Mains and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment necessary to satisfactorily clean a sanitary sewer main to an acceptable condition for CCTV inspection and ready for any and all repairs by making 2 to 4 passes of the main with a

	cleaning nozzle including water, hoses, and nozzles, protection of property, restoration and clean-up.
	Reference ID 13.130.xxx Heavy Cleaning Sanitary Sewer Laterals various sizes)
2	. Measurement: Measurement for Heavy Cleaning Sanitary Sewer Laterals shall be made per actual number of sanitary sewer laterals satisfactorily cleaned by making 5 or more passes of the lateral with a cleaning nozzle and/or removing roots from the interior of the lateral in accordance with County requirements and specifications (Section 02761).
ł	D. Payment: Payment for Heavy Cleaning Sanitary Sewer Laterals shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary to satisfactorily clean a sanitary sewer lateral to an acceptable condition for CCTV inspection by making 5 or more passes of the lateral with a cleaning nozzle and/or removing roots form the interior of the lateral including water, hoses, and nozzles; mechanical methods of root removal; all herbicides or chemical treatment, protection of property, restoration and clean-up.
	Reference ID 13.131.xxx Heavy Cleaning Sanitary Sewer Mains various sizes)
2	. Measurement: Heavy Cleaning Sanitary Sewer Mains shall be measured in actual linear feet of sanitary sewer main satisfactorily cleaned by making 5 or more passes of the main with a cleaning nozzle and/or removing roots from the interior of the main and de-scaling the main. Measurement shall be along the length of the centerline of sewer, which cleaning was performed, between manholes, measured to the nearest foot from inside wall of the manhole to the inside wall of the other manhole and not including the manhole chamber, in accordance with County requirements and specifications (Section 02761).
ł	D. Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per linear feet as stated in the proposal for Heavy Cleaning Sanitary Sewer Mains and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment necessary to satisfactorily clean a sanitary sewer main to an acceptable condition for CCTV inspection and ready for any and all repairs by making 5 or more passes of the main with a cleaning nozzle and/or removing roots from the interior of the main and de- scaling the main including water, hoses, and nozzles, mechanical methods of root removal, all herbicides or chemical treatment, protection of property, restoration and clean-up.
49 I	Reference ID 13.140.xxx Mechanical Root or Grease Removal
ε ε	. Measurement: Mechanical Root or Grease Removal shall be measured in actual linear feet of sanitary sewer mains (< 12-inch diameter) satisfactorily cleaned by removing roots from the interior of the main and de-scaling the main. Measurement shall be along the length of the centerline of sewer, which cleaning was performed, between manholes, measured to the nearest

	foot from inside wall of the manhole to the inside wall of the other manhole and not including the manhole chamber, in accordance with County requirements and specifications (Section 02761).
	D. Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per linear feet as stated in the proposal for Mechanical Root or Grease Removal and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment necessary to satisfactorily remove roots from the interior of the main and de-greasing the main including water, hoses, and nozzles; mechanical methods of root removal and grease removal, all herbicides or chemical treatment, protection of property, restoration and clean-up.
Re	erence ID 13.150.xxx Mechanical Tuberculation Removal
	. Measurement: Mechanical Tuberculation shall be measured in actual linear feet of sanitary sewer mains (< 12-inch diameter) satisfactorily cleaned by mechanically removing tuberculation/mineral deposit from the interior of the main and de-scaling the main. Measurement shall be along the length of the centerline of sewer, which cleaning was performed, between manholes, measured to the nearest foot from inside wall of the manhole to the inside wall of the other manhole and not including the manhole chamber, in accordance with County requirements and specifications (Section 02761)
	D. Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per linear feet as stated in the proposal for Mechanical Tuberculation/Mineral Deposit Removal and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment necessary to satisfactorily remove tuberculation/mineral deposits from the interior of the main including water, hoses, and nozzles, protection of property, restoration and clean-up.
13	- CCTV Sanitary Sewers
	Reference ID 13.210.xxx CCTV Inspection Sanitary Sewer Mains various sizes)
	. Measurement: CCTV Inspection Sanitary Sewer shall be measured in actual linear feet of satisfactory visual inspection completed utilizing closed-circuit television in accordance with the County requirements and specifications (Section 02762). CCTV inspection shall be measured along the length of the centerline of the inspected sanitary sewer.
	D. Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per linear feet as stated in the proposal for CCTV Inspection Sanitary Sewer and shall include, but is not necessarily limited to, all labor, materials, and equipment necessary for a complete CCTV visual inspection of the sanitary sewer and subsequent report including qualified personnel, DVD, and all incidentals related to sewer main inspection.
	Reference ID 13.220.xxx CCTV Lateral Inspection from Main
	. Measurement: Measurement for CCTV Lateral Inspection from Main shall be made per actual number of sanitary sewer laterals satisfactorily visually inspected utilizing closed-circuit television panned and tilted from the main

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	in accordance with the County requirements and specifications (Section 02763).
	 b. Payment: Payment for CCTV Lateral Inspection from Main shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary for a complete CCTV visual inspection of the sanitary sewer lateral from the main and subsequent report including qualified personnel, DVD, and all incidentals related to sewer lateral inspection.
	Reference ID 13.230.xxx CCTV Lateral Inspection from Cleanout
	a. Measurement: Measurement for CCTV Lateral Inspection from Cleanout shall be made per actual number of sanitary sewer laterals satisfactorily visually inspected utilizing closed-circuit television in accordance with the County requirements and specifications (Section 02763).
	 b. Payment: Payment for CCTV Lateral Inspection from Main shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary for a complete CCTV visual inspection of the sanitary sewer lateral from the cleanout and subsequent report including qualified personnel, DVD, and all incidentals related to sewer lateral inspection.
	13.3 - Install / Replace Sanitary Sewer Main
50-51	Reference ID 13.310.xxx Sanitary Sewer Main 8-inch Diameter
30-31	(various depths)
	a. Measurement: The installation and/or replacement of Sanitary Sewer Main shall be measured in actual linear feet satisfactorily furnished and laid, as measured along the length of the centerline of the completed pipeline without deduction for the length of manholes. The depth shall be calculated from the invert to the top of the surface. Pipe included within the limits of lump sum pay items will not be measured for payment under this item.
	 b. Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per linear feet as stated in the proposal for Sanitary Sewer Main and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment to construct the respective pipeline including pre and post CCTV inspection including sanitary sewer cleaning (medium cleaning), coordination with existing utilities, protection of existing utilities including service connections, tree protection, excavation, sheeting, shoring and bracing, dewatering, backfill, compaction, grading, applicable pavement restoration, all testing and clean-up. This item also includes the removal and replacement of fences and gates, mailboxes, trees, shrubs, irrigation sprinklers, sidewalk, curb and gutter, sod and other obstructions.

	Reference ID 13.320.xxx Sanitary Sewer Main 10-inch Diameter (various depths)
	a. Measurement: The installation and/or replacement of Sanitary Sewer Main shall be measured in actual linear feet satisfactorily furnished and laid, as measured along the length of the centerline of the completed pipeline without deduction for the length of manholes. The depth shall be calculated from the invert to the top of the surface. Pipe included within the limits of lump sum pay items will not be measured for payment under this item.
	b. Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per linear feet as stated in the proposal for Sanitary Sewer Main and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment to construct the respective pipeline including pre and post CCTV inspection including sanitary sewer cleaning (medium cleaning), coordination with existing utilities, protection of existing utilities including service connections, tree protection, excavation, sheeting, shoring and bracing, dewatering, backfill, compaction, grading, applicable pavement restoration, all testing, and clean-up. This item also includes the removal and replacement of fences and gates, mailboxes, trees, shrubs, irrigation sprinklers, sidewalk, curb and gutter, sod and other obstructions.
	Reference ID 13.330.xxx Sanitary Sewer Main 12-inch Diameter
	(various depths)
	a. Measurement: The installation and/or replacement of Sanitary Sewer Main shall be measured in actual linear feet satisfactorily furnished and laid, as measured along the length of the centerline of the completed pipeline without deduction for the length of manholes. The depth shall be calculated from the invert to the top of the surface. Pipe included within the limits of lump sum pay items will not be measured for payment under this item.
	b. Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per linear feet as stated in the proposal for Sanitary Sewer Main and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment to construct the respective pipeline including pre and post CCTV inspection including sanitary sewer cleaning (medium cleaning), coordination with existing utilities, protection of existing utilities including service connections, tree protection, excavation, sheeting, shoring and bracing, dewatering, backfill, compaction grading, applicable pavement restoration, all testing, and clean-up. This item also includes the removal and replacement of fences and gates, mailboxes, trees, shrubs, irrigation sprinklers, sidewalk, curb and gutter, sod and other obstructions.
52-54	Reference ID 13.340.xxx Sanitary Sewer Main Point Repair (various depths)
	a. Measurement: Sanitary Sewer Point Repair shall be made per actual number of repairs of sanitary sewer main for various depths satisfactorily repaired, regardless of size in accordance with the County requirements and specifications.

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	 b. Payment: Payment will be made at the contract lump sum price bid as stated in the Bid Schedule for Sanitary Sewer Point Repair, regardless of size and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment necessary to repair the existing sanitary sewer including pre and post CCTV inspection including sanitary sewer cleaning (medium cleaning), coordination with existing utilities; protection of existing utilities including service connections, tree protection, excavation, sheeting, shoring and bracing, dewatering, completely drain and properly dispose of existing pipe contents, removal of existing damaged sanitary sewer, piping, fittings, backfill, compaction, and grading, post-installation video, repair of sags in line, applicable pavement restoration, all testing, and clean-up. This item also includes removal and replacement of fences and gates, mailboxes, trees, shrubs, irrigation sprinklers, sidewalk, curb and gutter, sod and other obstructions.
55	Reference ID 13.350.xxx Sanitary Sewer Main Connection to Existing Manhole
	a. Measurement: Measurement for Sewer Main Connection to Existing Manhole shall be made per actual number of core bores and connections to existing manholes satisfactorily furnished and installed.
	 b. Payment: Payment for Sewer Main Connection to Existing Manhole shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary for a complete connection to an existing manhole including protection of existing utilities, excavation, sheeting, shoring and bracing, dewatering, backfill, compaction, and grading, wall seal, core drilling, and bench adjustment.
	13.4 – Install/Replace Sanitary Manholes
56	Reference ID 13.410.xxx Sanitary Manhole 4-feet Diameter (various depths)
	a. Measurement: Measurement for Sanitary Manhole shall be made per actual number of sanitary manholes of each type and depth satisfactorily removed if applicable, furnished and installed. Depth shall be measured from the center of the invert to the top of the lid.
	b. Payment: Payment for Sanitary Manhole shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary to remove an existing manhole if applicable and for a complete sanitary manhole installation including excavation, sheeting, shoring and bracing, dewatering, backfill, compaction, and final grading, applicable pavement restoration, crushed rock base, connection of new or existing sanitary sewer, polyolefin sheeting for exterior joint sealing, adjustment of the manhole rim, interior and exterior surface coatings to provide a complete and operable sanitary manhole. This item also includes removal and replacement of fences and gates, mailboxes, trees, shrubs, irrigation sprinklers, sidewalk, curb and gutter, sod and other

	obstructions.
	Reference ID 13.420.xxx Sanitary Manhole 5-feet Diameter (various depths)
	a. Measurement: Measurement for Sanitary Manhole shall be made per actual number of sanitary manholes of each type and depth satisfactorily removed if applicable, furnished and installed. Depth shall be measured from the center of the invert to the top of the lid.
	b. Payment: Payment for Sanitary Manhole shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary to remove an existing manhole if applicable and for a complete sanitary manhole installation including excavation, sheeting, shoring and bracing, dewatering, backfill, compaction, and final grading, applicable pavement restoration, crushed rock base, connection of new or existing sanitary sewer, polyolefin sheeting for exterior joint sealing, adjustment of the manhole rim, interior and exterior surface coatings to provide a complete and operable sanitary manhole. This item also includes removal and replacement of fences and gates, mailboxes, trees, shrubs, irrigation sprinklers, sidewalk, curb and gutter, sod and other obstructions.
	Reference ID 13.430.xxx Sanitary Manhole 6-feet Diameter (various depths)
	a. Measurement: Measurement for Sanitary Manhole shall be made per actual number of sanitary manholes of each type and depth satisfactorily removed if applicable, furnished and installed. Depth shall be measured from the center of the invert to the top of the lid.
	b. Payment: Payment for Sanitary Manhole shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary to remove an existing manhole if applicable and for a complete sanitary manhole installation including excavation, sheeting, shoring and bracing, dewatering, backfill, compaction, and final grading, applicable pavement restoration, crushed rock base, connection of new or existing sanitary sewer, polyolefin sheeting for exterior joint sealing, adjustment of the manhole rim, interior and exterior surface coatings to provide a complete and operable sanitary manhole. This item also includes removal and replacement of fences and gates, mailboxes, trees, shrubs, irrigation sprinklers, sidewalk, curb and gutter, sod and other obstructions
	13.5 - Sanitary Manhole Rehabilitation
57	Reference ID 13.510.xxx Adjust Existing Manhole Frame and Cover (paved and unpaved areas)
	a. Measurement: Measurement for Adjust Existing Manhole Frame and Cover shall be made per actual number of sanitary manhole frames and covers

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	raised or lowered to the finish grade of the pavement.
	 b. Payment: Payment for Adjust Existing Manhole Frame and Cover shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary to replace, raise or lower and/or adjust the existing manhole frame and cover to the finish grade of the pavement including excavation, backfill, compaction, final grading and applicable sodding/pavement restoration.
	Reference ID 13.511.xxx Replace Existing Manhole Frame and Cover
	(paved and unpaved areas)
	a. Measurement: Measurement for Adjust Existing Manhole Frame and Cover shall be made per actual number of sanitary manhole frames and covers raised or lowered to the finish grade.
	 b. Payment: Payment for Adjust Existing Manhole Frame and Cover shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary to replace, raise or lower and/or adjust the existing manhole frame and cover to the finish grade including excavation, backfill, compaction, and final grading and applicable sodding or pavement restoration.
58	Reference ID 13.520.xxx Seal and Recoat Manhole (various diameters)
	a. Measurement: Seal and Recoat Manhole shall be measured in vertical feet of manhole sealed and recoated. Manhole seal and recoat shall be measured along the center vertical length of the manhole.
	 b. Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per vertical feet as stated in the proposal for Seal and Recoat Manhole and shall include, but is not necessarily limited to, all labor, equipment, services, supervision and materials for coating existing manholes as shown on the Contract Drawings. The work shall include all surface preparation, leak repair, crack repair, installation of the coating in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and inspection of the finished coating system.
	Reference ID 13.530.xxx Line Manhole (Polyethylene or PVC)
	(various diameters)
	a. Measurement: Line Manhole shall be measured in vertical feet of manhole lined with a polyethylene or PVC interior liner system. Lining of manhole shall be measured along the center vertical length of the manhole.
	 b. Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per vertical feet as stated in the proposal for Line Manhole and shall include, but is not necessarily limited to, all labor, materials, and equipment necessary for a complete installation of an interior liner system including qualified personnel, sewer structure interior liner system, plugging infiltration, channel reconstruction, pressure cleaning, surface preparation, leak repair, and crack

	repair.
	Reference ID 13.540.xxx Fiberglass Manhole Insert (various sizes)
	a. Measurement: Measurement for Fiberglass Manhole Insert shall be made per actual number of fiberglass manhole insert rehabilitation systems satisfactorily furnished and installed, regardless of depth or diameter of manhole
	b. Payment: Payment for Furnish and Install Fiberglass Manhole Insert shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary for the installation of the complete rehabilitation system as specified, including qualified personnel, excavation, sheeting, shoring and bracing, dewatering, backfill, and compaction, cleaning and debris removal, removal and replacement of existing manhole corbel and riser section, fiberglass liner installation, benching, grout, pipe connections and stubouts, new frame and cover with brick or adjustment rings, protection of existing utilities and structures, clean-up, sodding, and adjustment of the manhole rim to finished grade.
59	Reference ID 13.550.xxx Re-Construct Manhole Benching
	a. Measurement: Measurement for Re-Construct Manhole Benching shall be made per actual number of manhole benching cleaned and re-constructed in accordance with the Drawings and specifications.
	b. Payment: Payment for Re-Construct Manhole Benching shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary for the cleaning and re- construction of manhole benching including cleaning and debris removal, placement and finishing of concrete, restoration and clean-up.
	Reference ID 13.560.xxx Manhole Cone Replacement (various diameters)
	a. Measurement: Measurement for Manhole Cone Replacement shall be made per actual number of sanitary manhole cone sections satisfactorily removed and replaced.
	 b. Payment: Payment for Remove Manhole Cone Replacement shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary to remove and replace the manhole cone section including excavation, sheeting, shoring and bracing; dewatering, backfill, and compaction; removal and replacement of frame and cover with brick or adjustment rings; polyolefin sheeting for exterior joint sealing; jointing material, and adjustment of the manhole rim to finished grade.

	Reference ID 13.570.xxx Replace Outside Drop Connection)
	a. Measurement: Measurement for Replace Drop Connection shall be made per actual number of existing sub-standard manhole exterior drop connections that are replaced with Orange County Utilities approved exterior drop connection.
	b. Payment: Payment for Replace Drop Connection with Outside Drop Connection shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary to remove the existing exterior drop connection and install the new standard drop connection to the exterior of the manhole.
	Reference ID 13.580.xxx Repair Manhole Liner (Polyethylene or PVC)
	a. Measurement: Measurement for Repair Manhole Liner shall be made per actual number of existing manhole liners that are repaired or re-attached to the interior wall of the manhole.
	b. Payment: Payment for Repair Manhole Liner shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary to repair or re-attach the manhole liner to the interior of the manhole.
1	3.6 - Sanitary Service Laterals and Cleanouts
	Reference ID 13.610.xxx Install/Repair/Replace 4-inch Diameter Sanitary Sewer Lateral (various depths)
	a. Measurement: Repair/Replace Sanitary Sewer Lateral shall be made per actual number of sanitary sewer laterals satisfactorily repaired or replaced, depending upon sewer lateral depth.
	b. Payment: Payment will be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid Schedule and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment necessary to repair or replace the existing sanitary sewer lateral connection including pre and post CCTV inspection including sanitary sewer cleaning (medium cleaning), excavation, sheeting, shoring and bracing, dewatering, backfill, compaction, and grading, removal and disposal of existing service lateral, all incidentals to connect and reactivate sewer service connections, all pipe, wyes, bends and plugs necessary to provide a watertight service connection, leakage testing, protection of existing utilities, structures, and property, restoration and clean-up. This item also includes the removal and replacement of fences and gates, mailboxes, trees, shrubs, irrigation sprinklers, sod and other obstructions.
60-61	Reference ID 13.620.xxx Install/Repair/Replace 6-inch Diameter Sanitary Sewer Lateral (various depths)

	 a. Measurement: Repair/Replace Sanitary Sewer Lateral shall be made per actual number of sanitary sewer laterals satisfactorily repaired or replaced, depending upon sewer lateral depth. b. Payment: Payment will be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid Schedule and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment necessary to repair or replace the existing sanitary sewer lateral connection including pre and post CCTV inspection including sanitary sewer cleaning (medium cleaning), excavation, sheeting, shoring and bracing, dewatering, backfill, compaction, and grading, removal and disposal of existing service lateral, all incidentals to connect and reactivate sewer service connections, all pipe, wyes, bends and plugs necessary to provide a watertight service connection, leakage testing, protection of existing utilities, structures, and property, restoration and clean-up. This item also includes the removal and replacement of fences and gates, mailboxes, trees, shrubs, irrigation sprinklers, sod and other obstructions. 	
62	Reference ID 13.630.xxx Install/Repair/Replace Sanitary Sewer Cleanout (various surfaces)	
	 a. Measurement: Measurement for Repair/Replace Sanitary Sewer Cleanout shall be made per actual number of sanitary sewer cleanouts satisfactorily repaired or replaced, depending upon cleanout depth. b. Payment: Payment for Repair/Replace Sanitary Sewer Cleanout shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary to repair or replace the sanitary sewer cleanout including pre and post CCTV inspection including sanitary sewer cleaning (medium cleaning), excavation, sheeting, shoring and bracing, dewatering, backfill, compaction and grading, all pipe, wyes, bends, sleeves, and plugs necessary to provide a watertight access, protection of existing utilities and property, restoration and clean-up. This item also includes the removal and replacement of fences and gates, mailboxes, trees, shrubs, sodding, irrigation sprinklers, asphalt, concrete curb, driveway or sidewalk and other obstructions. 	
63	Reference ID 13.640.xxx Service Lateral Connection to Manhole	
	 a. Measurement: Measurement for Service Lateral Connection to Manhole shall be made per actual number of sanitary sewer lateral service connections made to manholes satisfactorily furnished and installed. b. Payment: Payment for Service Lateral Connection to Manhole shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary for a complete connection to an existing manhole including excavation, sheeting, shoring and bracing, dewatering, backfill, compaction and grading, core drilling and wall seal, protection of existing utilities and property, restoration and clean- 	

up. This item also includes the removal and replacement of fences and gates,
mailboxes, trees, shrubs, irrigation sprinklers, sod and other obstructions.

64	Reference ID 13.650.xxx Reroute Sanitary Sewer Lateral on Private Property	
	a. Measurement: Measurement for rerouting the Sanitary Sewer Lateral on Private Property shall be made per the actual number of lateral services rerouted to provide a complete and functional unit.	
	 b. Payment: Payment for rerouting Sanitary Sewer Lateral on Private Property shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary to reroute the sewer lateral including pre and post CCTV inspection, sanitary sewer cleaning (medium cleaning), excavation, sheeting, shoring and bracing, dewatering, backfill, compaction and grading, all pipe, wyes, bends, sleeves, and plugs necessary to provide a watertight access, protection of existing utilities and property, restoration and clean-up. This item also includes the removal and replacement of fences and gates, mailboxes, trees, shrubs, irrigation sprinklers, asphalt, concrete curb, driveway or sidewalk and other obstructions. 	
	13.7 - Cured-In-Place Pipe (CIPP) Liner	
65	Reference ID 13.710.xxx Sanitary Sewer Main CIPP Liner (various diameters)	
	a. Measurement: CIPP Liner shall be measured in actual linear feet of furnished and satisfactorily installed cured-in-place liner in the sanitary sewer main from center of manhole to center of manhole, regardless of depth, in accordance with the County requirements and specifications (Section 02771). CIPP liner installation shall be measured along the length of the centerline of the rehabilitated sanitary sewer.	
	 b. Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per linear feet as stated in the Bid Schedule for CIPP Liner and shall include, but is not necessarily limited to, all labor, materials, and equipment necessary for a complete CIPP liner installation including pre and post CCTV inspection, sanitary sewer cleaning (medium cleaning), qualified personnel, providing and processing of liner material, service connection and manhole/wall interface sealing, all costs associated with providing cured CIPP samples for testing, blocking or plugging of incoming lines, grouting, leakage testing, reinstate service laterals, protection of existing utilities, structures, and property, restoration and clean-up. 	
66	Reference ID 13.720.xxx Brim Type – CIPP Lateral Liner (various lengths and diameters)	
	a. Measurement: Measurement for Brim Type – CIPP Lateral Liner - shall be made per actual number of satisfactorily installed cured-in-place brim type liners in the existing sanitary sewer laterals measured from the sewer main to the property clean-out, regardless of depth, in accordance with the County requirement, drawings, and specifications (Section 02772).	

	Payment: Payment for Brim Type - CIPP Lateral Liner will be made at the contract unit price indicated in the Bid Schedule for Brim Type CIPP Lateral Liner and shall include, but is not necessarily limited to, all labor, materials and equipment necessary to a complete lateral liner installation including pre and post CCTV inspection, sewer lateral cleaning, excavation, sheeting, shoring and bracing, dewatering, backfill, and compaction, qualified personnel, providing and processing of liner material, blocking or plugging of lateral, grouting, leakage testing, protection of existing utilities, structures, and property, restoration and clean-up. This item also includes all necessary removal and replacement of fences and gates, mailboxes, trees, shrubs, irrigation sprinklers, sod and other obstructions.
	eference ID 13.730.xxx FCLRL - CIPP Lateral Liner arious lengths and diameters)
a.	Measurement: Measurement for Full Circumference Lateral Reinforced Liner (FCLRL) - CIPP Lateral Liner shall be made per actual number of satisfactorily installed cured-in-place liners in the existing sanitary sewer laterals measured from the sewer main to the property clean-out, regardless of depth, to determine if they are less than or equal or greater than 30' and in accordance with the County requirement, drawings, and specifications (Section 02772).
b.	Payment: Payment for Full Circumference Lateral Reinforced Liner (FCLRL) - CIPP Lateral Liner shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary to satisfactorily install a CIPP lateral liner system including pre- and post-CCTV inspection, sewer lateral cleaning, excavation, sheeting, shoring and bracing, dewatering, backfill, and compaction, qualified personnel, providing and processing of liner material, blocking or plugging of lateral, grouting, leakage testing, protection of existing utilities, structures, and property, restoration and clean-up. This item also includes all necessary removal and replacement of fences and gates, mailboxes, trees, shrubs, irrigation sprinklers, sod and other obstructions.
13.8 -	Sanitary Sewer Pipe Bursting
	eference ID 13.810.xxx Pipe Burst Gravity Sewer Main arious diameters)
a.	Measurement: Pipe Burst Gravity Sewer Main installation shall be measured in actual linear feet satisfactorily furnished and installed, as measured along the length of the centerline of the completed pipeline in accordance with the County requirements and specifications (Section 02776).
b.	Payment: Payment will be made at the contract unit price bid per linear feet as stated in the proposal for Pipe Burst Gravity Sewer and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment necessary for a complete sewer installation by pipe bursting and subsequent testing including excavation, sheeting,

	shoring and bracing, dewatering, removal and replacement of manhole cone section, backfill, compaction, and grading, qualified personnel, blocking or plugging of influent lines, protection of existing utilities including service connections, repair of sags in line, connection to manholes, connection and reinstatement of service laterals, all testing, restoration and clean-up. This item also includes all necessary removal and replacement of fences and gates, mailboxes, trees, shrubs, irrigation sprinklers and other obstructions. PUMP STATION Wastewater Duplex Pump Station
	ference ID 14.110.xxx Duplex Pump Station
a.	Measurement: Measurement for this item shall be based on satisfactory construction of the new Pump Station complete and ready for continuous operation.
b.	Payment: Payment of the applicable Contract lump sum price as stated in the proposal will be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, and equipment necessary to construct a pump station as indicated on the Drawings. Contractor shall include in the lump sum price, the Orange County Building Department fee, as noted in Section 01010 Summary of Work. Work includes but is not necessarily limited to the following: pump station improvements including wetwell, top slab, valve vault, pumps, motors, control panel, SCADA control panel, SCADA pole, cables, rails, valves, water service connection, pressure piping and appurtenances as shown on the Drawings. All coordination with the electric power company, materials, equipment, tools, labor and fees to install an electrical service connection. Installation of all site and adjacent improvements noted on drawings including driveways and driveway connections, fencing with curb and gate, masonry walls and gates, asphalt and concrete paving, rock fill and sodding. All work required to construct, complete start-up testing and deliver a complete operational Pump Station without interruption of service.
Re	ference ID 14.120.xxx Duplex Pump Station Rehabilitation
a.	Measurement: Measurement for this item shall be based on satisfactory rehabilitation of the existing Pump Station complete and ready for continuous operation.
b.	Payment: Payment of the applicable Contract lump sum price as stated in the proposal will be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, and equipment necessary to rehabilitate the existing pump station as indicated on the Drawings. Contractor shall include in the lump sum price, the Orange County Building Department fee, as noted in Section 01010 Summary of Work. Work includes but is not necessarily limited to the following: Pump Station improvements and modifications including fencing and gates, masonry walls and gates, rehabilitate and line the existing wetwell, replacement of the top slab, construct the lined valve vault, pumps, motors, control panel, cables, rails, valves, pressure piping and appurtenances, stand-by generator, fuel tank, and odor control system

	as shown on the Drawings. All demolition, removal and disposal of existing facilities as noted in the Drawings including tie-ins, intercepts, conflicts and abandonment of piping, conduits or electrical services. All coordination, materials and equipment, tools, and labor to relocate the existing SCADA control panel, SCADA pole, water service connection, or extend an existing water service connection. All coordination with the
	electric power company, materials, equipment, tools, labor and fees to install an electrical service connection. Installation of all site and adjacent improvements noted on drawings including driveways and driveway connections, fencing with curb and gate, asphalt and concrete paving, rock fill and sodding. All work required to construct, complete start-up testing and deliver a complete operational Pump Station without interruption of service.
R	eference ID 14.130.xxx Duplex Pump Station Demolition
a.	Measurement: Measurement for this item shall be based on satisfactory demolition of the existing Pump Station and restoration of the site.
b.	Payment: Payment of the applicable Contract lump sum price as stated in the proposal will be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, and equipment necessary for demolition of the existing duplex pump station pumps, piping, valves, removal of electrical and controls and appurtenances, drywell structure, and other work within the limits of the site and restoration of the site. The work also includes removal of all floats, electrical, and appurtenances within manhole acting as the pump station wetwell. All work is to be performed as shown on the drawings and as described in these specifications.
	- Wastewater Triplex Pump Station
R	eference ID 14.210.xxx Triplex Pump Station
a.	Measurement: Measurement for this item shall be based on satisfactory construction of the new Pump Station complete and ready for continuous operation.
b.	Payment: Payment of the applicable Contract lump sum price as stated in the proposal will be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, and equipment necessary to construct a pump station as indicated on the Drawings. Contractor shall include in the lump sum price, the Orange County Building Department fee, as noted in Section 01010 Summary of Work. Work includes but is not necessarily limited to the following: pump station improvements including wetwell, top slab, valve vault, pumps, motors, control panel, SCADA control panel, SCADA pole, cables, rails, valves, water service connection, pressure piping and appurtenances, standby generator, fuel tank, and odor control system as shown on the Drawings. All coordination with the electric power company, materials, equipment, tools, labor and fees to install an electrical service connection. Installation of all site and adjacent improvements noted on drawings including driveways

	and driveway connections, fencing with curb and gate, masonry walls and gates, asphalt and concrete paving, rock fill and sodding. All work required to construct, complete start-up testing and deliver a complete operational Pump Station without interruption of service.
R(eference ID 14.220.xxx Triplex Pump Station Rehabilitation
a.	Measurement: Measurement for this item shall be based on satisfactory rehabilitation of the existing Pump Station complete and ready for continuous operation.
b.	Payment: Payment of the applicable Contract lump sum price as stated in the proposal will be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, and equipment necessary to rehabilitate the existing pump station as indicated on the Drawings. Contractor shall include in the lump sum price, the Orange County Building Department fee, as noted in Section 01010 Summary of Work. Work includes but is not necessarily limited to the following: Pump Station improvements and modifications including fencing and gates, masonry walls and gates, rehabilitate and line the existing wetwell, replacement of the top slab, construct the lined valve vault, pumps, motors, control panel, cables, rails, valves, pressure piping and appurtenances, standby generator, fuel tank, and odor control system as shown on the Drawings. All demolition, removal and disposal of existing facilities as noted in the Drawings including tie-ins, intercepts, conflicts and abandonment of piping, conduits or electrical services. All coordination, materials and equipment, tools, and labor to relocate the existing SCADA control panel, SCADA pole, water service connection, or extend an existing water service connection. All coordination with the electric power company, materials, equipment, tools, labor and fees to install an electrical service connection. Installation of all site and adjacent improvements noted on drawings including driveways and driveway connections, fencing with curb and gate, asphalt and concrete paving, rock fill and sodding. All work required to construct, complete start-up testing and deliver a complete operational Pump Station without interruption of service.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (NOT USED)

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SECTION 01027

APPLICATIONS FOR PAYMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 REQUIREMENT

- A. This Section specifies administrative and procedural requirements governing the Contractor's Applications for Payment.
- B. Prior to submitting a monthly payment application, the Contractor's progressive As-Built Drawings, As-Built Asset Attribute Data, Gravity Main, and Pipe Deflection Tables for the period covered by the monthly payment application shall be submitted and accepted by the County.

1.02 FORMAT

- A. Format and Content: Use the accepted Schedule of Values.
 - 1. Arrange the Schedule of Values in a tabular form with separate columns to indicate the following for each item listed:
 - a. Generic name
 - b. Related specification section
 - c. Name of subcontractor
 - d. Name of manufacturer or fabricator
 - e. Name of supplier
 - f. Dollar value
 - 2. Round amounts off to the nearest whole dollar. The total shall equal the Contract Amount.

1.03 PREPARATION OF APPLICATION

- A. Each Application for Payment shall be consistent with previous applications for payments as certified and paid for by the County.
- B. Payment Application Times: As stated in the General Conditions, Payment Applications shall be submitted monthly on a day of the month established by the County at the Pre-Construction Conference.
- C. Application Preparation: Contractor shall complete every entry on the Pay Application form. The form shall be executed by a person authorized to sign legal documents on behalf of the Contractor and the signature notarized. Incomplete applications will be returned without action. The following procedure shall be followed by the Contractor:
 - 1. Submit applications typed on forms provided by the County.
 - 2. Use data on Bid Form and approved Schedule of Values. Provide dollar value in each column for each line item for portion of Work performed and for stored products.

- 3. List each authorized Change Order and use additional sheets if necessary, list Change Order number and dollar amount for the original item of work.
- 4. Each item shall have an assigned dollar value for the current pay period and a cumulative value for the project to-date.
- 5. Submit stored material log, partial waivers of claims and mechanic liens, and Consent of Surety with each application, as further explained below.
- D. Contractor shall submit a stored material log with each application for payment that identifies the type, quantity, and value of all stored material that tracks when the stored materials were installed and deducts the installed material from the stored quantity at that time. Include original invoices for all stored materials for which payment is requested.
- E. Waivers of Claims and Mechanics Lien (Waivers): With each Application for Payment the Contactor shall submit waivers of claims and mechanic liens from Subcontractors, Subsubcontractors, and suppliers for the construction period covered by the previous application.
 - 1. The Contractor shall submit partial waivers on each item for the amount requested, prior to deduction for retainage, on each item.
 - 2. When an application shows completion of an item, the Contractor shall submit final or full waivers.
 - 3. The Contractor shall submit the final Application for Payment with, if not already submitted, the final waivers from every entity involved with performance of work covered by the Application that could lawfully be entitled to a payment claim or lien.
 - 4. Format of Waiver Forms: The Contractor shall submit executed waivers of claims and liens on forms acceptable to the County.
 - 5. The County reserves the right to designate which entities involved in the Work must submit waivers.
- F. Transmittal of Pay Applications: Contractor shall submit four (4) executed copies of each Application for Payment to the County. One (1) copy shall include all waivers of lien and similar attachments.
 - 1. The Contractor shall transmit each Pay Application package with a transmittal form that lists attachments and all appropriate information related to the application. The transmittal form shall be acceptable to the County.
 - 2. The Contractor shall include a certification with each application stating that all previous payments received from the County under the Contract have been applied by the Contractor to discharge, in full, all obligations of the Contractor in connection with the Work covered by prior applications for payment. The Contractor shall also certify that all materials and equipment incorporated into the Work are free and clear of all liens, claims, security interest, and encumbrances.
- G. Initial Application for Payment Submittal: Administrative actions and submittals that must precede or coincide with submittal of the initial Application for Payment include the following:
 - 1. List of Subcontractors
 - 2. List of principal suppliers and fabricators
 - 3. Schedule of Values
 - 4. Contractor's Construction Progress Schedule (accepted)

- 5. List of Contractor's staff assignments
- 6. Copies of building permits
- 7. Copies of authorizations and licenses from governing authorities for performance of the Work
- 8. Certificates of insurance and insurance polices
- 9. Performance and Payment bonds (if required)
- 10. Data needed to acquire County's insurance
- H. Monthly Application for Partial Payment Submittals: Administrative actions and submittals that must precede or coincide with submittal of Monthly Applications for Partial Payment include the following, as applicable:
 - 1. Relevant tests
 - 2. Progressive As-builts Survey Drawings one (1) paper copy and electronic copy
 - 3. Table 01050-2 Asset Attribute Data -one (1) paper copy and electronic copy (see Specification Section 01050 "Surveying and Field Engineering" Table 01050-2)
 - 4. Table 01050-3 Pipe Deflection Table one (1) paper copy and electronic copy (see Specification Section 01050 "Surveying and Field Engineering" Table 01050-3)
 - 5. Table 01050-4 Gravity Main Table one (1) paper copy and electronic copy (see Specification Section 01050 "Surveying and Field Engineering" Table 01050-4)
 - 6. Boundary Surveys on 81/2"X11" format of fee simple and permanent easements for pump stations, treatment facilities, and constructed pipe in easements
 - 7. An electronic copy of all survey field notes
 - 8. Partial Release of Lien
 - 9. Partial Consent of Surety
 - 10. Site photographs
 - 11. Updated Progress Schedule: submit one (1) electronic copy and five (5) copies
 - 12. Summary of Values
 - 13. Pay Request
 - 14. On-Site Storage of materials
- I. Substantial Completion Application for Payment Submittal: Following issuance of the Certificate of Substantial Completion, Contractor shall submit an Application for Payment. This Application shall reflect any Certificates of Partial Substantial Completion issued previously for the County's occupancy of designated portions of the Work.
 - 1. Administrative actions and submittals that shall precede or coincide with this application include:
 - a. Occupancy permits and similar approvals
 - b. Warranties (guarantees) and maintenance agreements
 - c. Test/adjust/balance records
 - d. Maintenance instructions
 - e. Meter readings
 - f. Start-up performance reports
 - g. Change-over information related to the County's occupancy, use, operation and maintenance
 - h. Final Cleaning
 - i. Application for reduction of retainage and consent of surety
 - j. Advice on shifting insurance coverage

- k. List of incomplete Work, recognized as exceptions to County's Certificate of Substantial Completion
- J. Final Completion Application for Payment Submittal: Administrative actions and submittals which must precede or coincide with submittal of the final payment Application for Payment include the following:
 - 1. Prior to submitting a request for final payment or the County issuing a Certificate of Completion for the Work, the Contractor shall submit the final Record Documents to the County for approval. Retainage funds will be withheld at the County's discretion based on the quality and accuracy of the final Record Documents.
 - 2. Written signed statements by the Contractor
 - a. Completion of project close-out requirements
 - b. Completion of items specified for completion after Substantial Completion
 - c. Assurance that unsettled claims are settled
 - d. Assurance that work not complete and accepted is now completed
 - 3. Transmittal of Record Documents to the County
 - 4. Proof that taxes, fees, and similar obligations have been paid
 - 5. Removal of temporary facilities and services has been completed
 - 6. Removal of surplus materials, rubbish, and similar elements
 - 7. Prepare Application for Final Payment as required in General Conditions

1.04 PAY APPLICATION SUBSTANTIATING DATA

- A. When the County requires substantiating data for a Pay Application, submit data justifying Pay Application line item amounts in question.
- B. Provide one (1) copy of data with a transmittal letter for each copy of Pay Application submittal. The Pay Application number, date, and line item by number and description shall be clearly stated.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (NOT USED)

SECTION 01050

SURVEYING AND FIELD ENGINEERING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

- A. Professional Surveyor: Provide professional surveying and mapping work required for the execution of the Contract, including verification of existing survey data, construction layout, and production of the As-Built Drawings. This Work shall be performed by a Surveyor that is licensed by the State of Florida as a Professional Surveyor and Mapper pursuant to Chapter 472, F.S.
- B. Professional Engineer: The Contractor shall provide the services of a Registered Professional Engineer currently licensed in the State of Florida for the required field engineering services as applicable to the work.

1.02 REQUIREMENTS

- A. Survey Services
 - 1. The Contractor shall retain the services of a registered Surveyor and Mapper licensed in the State of Florida to provide professional surveying and mapping services necessary for the construction including a control survey and an as-built survey during construction. The Surveyor will identify control points (monuments and benchmarks noted on the Drawings). The construction layout survey shall be established from the control points shown on the Construction Drawings. The control points shall be confirmed by the contractor prior to start of construction. The accuracy of any method of staking shall be the responsibility of Surveyor. All staking shall be done to provide for easy verification of the work by the County.
- B. Field Engineering Services
 - 1. The Engineer shall be of the discipline required for the work.
 - 2. The Engineer shall be responsible for duties during Construction to include, but not limited to:
 - a. Inspections, testing, witnessing requiring a licensed Professional Engineer.
 - b. Design of temporary shoring, bridging, scaffolding or other temporary construction, formwork and protection of existing structures.
 - c. Other requirements as specified herein.
 - 3. Engineering related designs and inspections shall be signed by the licensed Professional Engineer as required by the County.

1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. Provide qualifications of the Surveyor or Engineer.
 - 1. A Florida Registered Professional Engineer or Registered Surveyor and Mapper, who is proposed by the Contractor to provide services for the work, shall be acceptable to the County prior to field services being performed.

- 2. Submit name, address and telephone number of the Surveyor and/or Engineer, as appropriate to the County for acceptance before starting survey or engineering work.
- 3. Submit written acknowledgement from the Surveyor stating that he has the hardware, software and adequate scope of services in his agreement with the Contractor to fully comply with the requirements of this specification.
- B. On request, submit documentation verifying accuracy of survey work.
- C. Surveyor shall submit certified Tables 01050 2, 3 and 4.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 SURVEY DOCUMENTS

- A. Survey documents shall comply with the Minimum Technical Standards of Chapter 5J-17 of the Florida Administrative Code (FAC) and Table 01050-1 Minimum Survey Accuracies, whichever are more stringent. All coordinates shall be geographically registered in the Florida State Plane Coordinate System using the contract Drawings control points for horizontal and vertical controls.
- B. The Surveyor shall not copyright any of their work related to this project.
- C. For ease of calculating pipe deflections in Table 01050-3, begin by providing a unique asset ID for each utility (water, wastewater or reclaimed water) type, numbered sequentially along the pipe run (including changes in direction) from start to finish of the pipe in Table 01050-2 (Pipe Worksheet). Then branches and services of the same utility type can be numbered. It is recommended that each utility numbering format be distinguishable from the other. This will allow organization and convenient sorting after the individual asset table worksheet tabs are combined in the spreadsheet program prior to copying and pasting to the deflection table spreadsheet. The Microsoft Excel spreadsheet template shall be provided by the County.. The numbering system shall be approved by the County before commencing with production of the spreadsheet.

Table 01050-1Minimum Survey Accuracies

Туре	Horizontal Accuracy (feet)	Elevation Accuracy (feet)	Location: Horizontal Center and Vertical Top, unless otherwise specified
Bench Marks	0.01	0.01	Point
Baseline Control Locational Accuracy	0.01	N/A	Point
Tract and Easement Corners	*	N/A	Survey Monuments
Pipe, at 100-feet maximum intervals	0.1	0.1	Pipe, Pipe at Valves, Pipe at Bore & Jack Casing
Pipe, (PVC) >16-inch at every pipe joint	0.1	0.1	Pipe, Pipe at Valves, Pipe at Bore & Jack Casing
Fittings, Sleeves, Tapping Saddle, Service Saddles, Cap or Plugs.	0.1	0.1	
Pipe, Restrained	0.1	0.1	Restrained Joint Limits
Connections	0.1	0.1	Pipe
Bore & Jack Casing	0.1	0.1	Top of Casing at the Casing Limits
Directional Drill	0.1	0.1	10-foot intervals during the directional drill operation or intervals not to exceed the drilling rod length
Hydrants	0.1	0.1	Operating Nut
Valves (Operating Nut)	0.1	0.1	Operating Nut
Valve (Pipe Location)	0.1	0.1	Top of Pipe at Valve location
Air Release, Blow off, and Backflow Valves	0.1	0.1	Valve Enclosure
Master Meters, Deduct Meters & Wastewater Meters	0.1	0.1	Register
Meter Box	0.1	0.1	
Clean out -	0.1	0.1	
Manhole Rim	0.1	0.1	Manhole – top of rim
Manhole Inverts	N/A	0.01	Pipe Inverts
Pump Station (Public & Private)	0.1	0.01	Wetwell top of slab and Pipe Inverts
Production Well or Monitoring Well	0.1	0.1	Well – top of casing
Grease Interceptor	0.1	0.1	
Oil / Water Separators	0.1	0.1	
Pipe, abandoned in place or removed	0.1	0.1	Limits of Abandoned or Removed Pipe
Existing Utilities and appurtenant structures**	0.1	0.1	underground feature or structure

* Shall conform to the requirements of the "Chapter 5J-17, 'Minimum Technical Standards', FAC", certified by a SURVEYOR.

** Existing utilities including but not limited to water, wastewater, reclaimed water, stormwater, fiber optic cable, electric, gas and structures within the limits of construction.

*** Fittings rotated in X,Y,Z plane or vertical shall be shot to maintain flowline for the horizontal and vertical locations of the coordinate

Note: All survey values to be reported to second decimal point (x.xx)

TABLE 01050-2Asset Attribute Data Examples

Hydrants Worksheet

8 . /	Asset Attribut	e Table Exan	nples					-
	Α	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I
	ID	Plan	Fasting	N a stille i se se	Flouration	Manufacturer	Model #	Commonto.
1	Number	Sheet #	Easting	Northing	Elevation	Manufacturer	Model #	Comments
2	FH-1	C-7	518456.40	1483743.63	49.53	Brand B	XJ7-B	
3	FH-2	C-9	518477.68	1483758.95	54.23	Brand B	XJ7-B	
4								
5				1	/ -			

Hydrant / Valve / Manhole / Meter / Fitting / Cleanout / Pipe / Pumpstation / Well / Property or Easement Corner / Existing OC Utility Crossing 🛚 4

Valves Worksheet

🐏 A	Asset Attribute Table Examples															
	Α	С	D	E	F	G	н		J	K	L	М	N	0	P	Q
1	ID Number	Plan Sheet #	Easting	Northing	Elevation	Valve Type	Main Type	Valve Size	Valve Manufacturer	Valve Model #	# of Turns to Close	Gear Actuator	Gear Ratio	Side Actuator	Actuator Manufacturer	Comments
2	ARV-1	C300	518060.09	1483231.33	81.72	ARV - Combination	Water Main	2	Brand H	100XT						
3	ARV-1	C303	518083.55	1483280.50	81.15	ARV - Vacuum	Force Main	4	Brand G	1000						
4	BFP-1	C303	518086.00	1483282.88	78.21	Backflow Preventer	Reclaimed Water Main	8	Brand F	2000 fgs						
5	BO-9	C405	518088.83	1483289.43	78.20	Blowoff	Water Main	2	Brand E	14 turbo						
6	BFV-1	C405	518088.11	1483295.00	81.95	Butterfly	Water Main	30	Brand D	230 xls	200	Yes	3 to 1	Yes	Brand C	
7	GV-3	C405	518132.54	1483372.75	81.23	Gate	Water Main	16	Brand C	2225846	300	Yes	3 to 1	NO		
8	LS-W1	C405	576779.36	1539706.97	64.30	Line Stop	Water Main	16	Brand B	7r6r44						
9	PV-22	C405	576880.60	1539718.32	64.52		Force Main	12	Brand A	Z100	200	Yes	3 to 1	Yes	Brand A	
10																
4 4	H → → General Info / Hydrant Valve / Manhole / Meter / Fitting / Cleanout / Pipe / Pumpstation / Well / Property of ●															

Manhole Worksheet

1	📲 Asset Attribute Table Examples 📃 🗖														
	A	С	D	E	F	G	Н	1	J	K	L	Μ	N	0	Р
1	ID Number	Plan Sheet #	Easting	Northing	Rim Elevation	Invert Elv N	Invert Elv NE	Invert Elv E	Invert Elv SE	Invert Elv S	Invert Elv SW	Invert Elv W	Invert Elv NW	Manufacturer	Comments
2	SAN-MH01	AT-2	475216.00	1501637.12	115.89							111.28		Del Zotto	
3	SAN-MH02	AT-2	474885.63	1501636.02	114.98			110.22			110.12			Del Zotto	
4	SAN-MH03	AT-2	474849.33	1501600.22	115.18		109.96			109.86				Del Zotto	
5	SAN-MH04	AT-2	474850.21	1501416.85	115.91	109.19		110.42		108.56				Del Zotto	
6	SS-1	C1.05A	478117.70	1501622.99	118.13					113.73				Del Zotto Products of Florids Inc.	Del Zotto Products of Florids Inc.
7	SS-2	C1.05A	478116.77	1501534.19	117.79	113.41				113.38				Del Zotto Products of Florids Inc.	Del Zotto Products of Florids Inc.
8	SS-3	C1.05	478111.28	1501152.49	116.45	111.98				111.94				Del Zotto Products of Florids Inc.	Del Zotto Products of Florids Inc.
9	SS-4	C1.05A	478105.19	1500781.07	115.72	110.76		110.75						Del Zotto Products of Florids Inc.	Del Zotto Products of Florids Inc.
10															
44	I ▶ ⊁ Ge	eneral Inf	o / Hydrant	t / Valve] M	lanhole /1	1eter /	Fitting /	Cleanou	ut / Pipe	/ Pum	ostation	/Well /	Prop		

Meter Worksheet

	Asset Attrib	ute Table E	xamples				
	A	С	D	E	F	G	Н
1	ID Number	Plan Sheet #	Easting	Northing	Elevation	Main Type	Comments
2	MM-1	C-6	576533.64	1539520.08	58.01	Water Main	
3	RWMM-1	C-6	576937.42	1539598.78	64.84	Reclaimed Water Main	
4							
L				Change Change Change	and Dine / Dunnahat		man / Eviating OC Hilling Constinue

Hydrant /Valve / Manhole] Meter / Fitting / Cleanout / Pipe / Pumpstation / Well / Property or Easement Corner / Existing OC Utility Crossing 🛚 🖛

Fitting Worksheet

🌯 /	sset Attribut	e Table Exar	nples					
	Α	С	D	E	F	G	Н	
1	ID Number	Plan Sheet #	Easting	Northing	Elevation	Main Type	Fitting Type	Comments
2	FM-1	C-3	572399.28	1539339.13	46.27	Force Main	Bend 11 1/4°	
3	FM-2	C-3	574840.74	1539856.91	51.73	Force Main	Bend 22-1/2°	
4	RW-1	C-4	574887.22	1539849.64	51.75	Reclaimed Water Main	Cross	
5	RW-2	C-4	574904.30	1539849.56	48.98	Reclaimed Water Main	Reducer	
6	WM-1	C-5	572532.38	1539848.16	54.42	Water Main	Tapping Saddle	
7	WM-2	C-5	572631.00	1539337.10	45.27	Water Main	Tee	
8								
	E N Ger	peral Info	Hydrant Valve	Manhole Meter		Dine Dumpstation Well	Property or Esseme	

📧 🔸 🕨 General Info / Hydrant / Valve / Manhole / Meter] Fitting / Cleanout / Pipe / Pumpstation / Well / Property or Easemed 4

Cleanout Worksheet

	A	С	D	E	F	G
1	ID Number	Plan Sheet #	Easting	Northing	Elevation	Comments
2	CO-1	C-6	576533.64	1539520.08	58.01	
3	CO-2	C-6	576937.42	1539598.42	64.84	Sanitary Service
4						

Pipes Worksheet

1	sset Attribut	e Table Exan	nples									- 8
	Α	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L	М
1	ID Number	Plan Sheet #	Easting	Northing	Elevation	Main Type	Type of Shot	Construction Method	Material	Pressure Class	Manufacturer	Comments
2	CSNG-1	C-4	517827.57	1482195.46	78.83	Force Main	Bore & Jack (Casing)		PVC	DR18	Brand A	
3	CSNG-2	C-4	517848.20	1482195.31	78.38	Force Main	Bore & Jack (Casing)		PVC	DR18	Brand A	
4	RW-1	C-7	517731.98	1482237.24	80.42	Reclaimed Water Main	Restraint Joint Limit	Open Cut	DIP	Class 250	Brand B	
5	RW-2	C-7	517732.85	1482338.10	80.94	Reclaimed Water Main	Restraint Joint Limit	Open Cut	DIP	Class 250	Brand B	
6	WM-1	C-9	573309.07	1539372.90	56.10	Water main	Shot on Pipe	Open Cut	PVC	DR18	Brand C	
7	WM-2	C-9	573308.75	1539375.00	54.66	Water main	Shot on Pipe	Open Cut	PVC	DR18	Brand C	
8	FMDD-1	C-4	504345.94	1488969.20	114.14	Force Main	Shot on Pipe	Directional Drill	HDPE	DR17	Brand X	
9	FMDD-2	C-4	504360.86	1488970.50	112.74	Force Main	Shot on Pipe	Directional Drill	HDPE	DR17	Brand X	
10	FMDD-3	C-4	504377.19	1488971.20	106.14	Force Main	Shot on Pipe	Directional Drill	HDPE	DR17	Brand X	
11	FM-9	C-4	504480.47	1488952.90	105.24	Force Main	Shot on Pipe	Open Cut	PVC	DR18	Brand C	
12												
1	► ► Ge	neral Info	/ Hydrant /V	i 'alve / Manhol	e /Meter /	Fitting / Cleanout Pipe	Pumpstation / Well /	Property or Ease	mer 🖣			

Pump Station Worksheet

	· · · ·		D	E	F	G
1	ID Number	Plan Sheet #	Easting	Northing	Elevation	Comments
2	PS-1	C-40	517914.35	1482906.56	83.91	
3						

Well Worksheet

×.	Asset Attrib	ute Table E	xamples				
	Α	С	D	E	F	G	I
1	ID Number	Plan Sheet #	Easting	Northing	Elevation	Well Type	Comments
2						Well	
3						Monitoring Well	
4							
H I	(Meter / Fit	ting / Cleanout /	Pipe / Pumpstatio	n Well Property o	r Easement Corner / Existing	OC Utility Crossing / Grease Interceptor 🖉 🛛 🖌

Easements Worksheet

	A	С	D	E	F	G	Н
1	ID Number	Plan Sheet #	Easting	Northing	Elevation	Boundary Corner Type	Comments
2	Corner-1	C-8	463484.59	1511029.72		Pump Station Tract	N.W. CORNER
3	Corner-2	C-8	463523.24	1511040.01		Pump Station Tract	N.E. CORNER
4	Corner-3	C-8	463480.45	1511015.23		Pump Station Tract	S.W. CORNER
5	Corner-4	C-8	463526.97	1511025.49		Pump Station Tract	S.E. CORNER
6						Easement	
7						Property	
8						· · ·	
a	() ► M /Met	er / Fitting	/ Cleanout / Pipe /			ment Corner / Existing OC Utility C	Crossing / Grease Interceptor / 🖓 🖡

Existing OC Utility Crossing

🐴 A	🖀 Asset Attribute Table Examples 🗕 🗖							
	Α	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I
1	ID Number	Plan Sheet #	Easting	Northing	Existing Pipe Elevation	Proposed Crossing Elevation	Existing Main Type	Comments
2								
3	CR-02	AT-1	474767.95	1500585.09	98.20	106.20	Force Main	
4	CR-03	AT-1	475239.63	1500596.35	99.10	113.88	Force Main	
5	CR-04	AT-1	475239.61	1500588.49	94.30	112.45	Reclaimed Water Main	
6	Conf-1	C-750	463464.47	1511013.75	100.54	104.88	Water main	
7	Conf-2	C-750	463163.91	1510693.49	98.32	103.57	Storm Main	
8								
4 4	(・・・・・) / Pipe / Pumpstation / Well / Property or Easement Corner Existing OC Utility Crossing / Grease Interceptor / ウノ 【 4 []]							

Grease Interceptor

1	🔄 Asset Attribute Table Examples 📃 🗖						
	A	С	D	E	F	G	Н
	ID	Plan	Easting	Northing	Elevation	Volume (Gallons)	Comments
1	Number	Sheet #	Easting	Northing	Elevation	Volume (Galions)	Comments
2	GI-1	C-400	508387.30	1487203.18	89.70	1000.00	
3							
∧	(pe / Pump	station / Well / P	roperty or Easement	Corner / Existing	OC Utility Crossing Grease Inter	rceptor / 🕽 / 🚺

TABLE 01050-3Pipe Deflection Data EXAMPLE

Project		1900 - C
Contractor:		B
Progress Mitg Date:		Ø/2
Contract #		
Dwg Sheet #		
Utility Type	FM	
Pipe Manufacturer	National Pipe	R (radius
Pipe size & material	16" PVC C905	of curve)
PVC Manufacturer Deflection	6 inches	
County Allowable Deflection 75%	4.5 inches	Ø (total
Allowable Angle of Offset	1.5 degrees	<pre></pre>
Allowable Radius of Curvature	764 feet	dertection/
Laying Length of Pipe	20 feet	\sim

					Calculations Including Elevation (XYZ)						
ID	Size and Type	Northing	Easting	Elev.	Distance between points AB	Distance between points BC	Distance between points AC	Total Deflection Ø*	Radius of Curve**	Average Offset Angle***	Average Offset****
	51-5				Length AB	Length BC	~	XYZ (w/ elevation)	XYZ(w/ elevation)	per laying length	perlaying length
					ft	ft	ft	degrees	ft	degrees	inches
14041	16" FM	1505131.50	468948.53	107.68	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7000	16" FM	1505059.60	468932.08	108.15	73.76	38.93	112.66	5.48	1,178.35	0.97	4.07
2128	16" FM	1505022.11	468921.60	108.55	38.93	39.61	78.54	2.29	1,961.65	0.58	2.45
2127	16" FM	1504983.85	468911.35	108.29	39.61	38.35	77.96	1.78	2,505.50	0.46	1.92
2126	16" FM	1504946.67	468901.96	107.81	38.35	39.13	77.42	8.79	505.16	2.27	9.51
2125	16" FM	1504908.11	468895.31	107.48							

Data that has be inputted

Values in yelloware over spec

*Uses law of cosines to determine angle ABC and \emptyset .

angle ABC = arccos((AB²+BC²-AC²)/(2*AB*BC)) 180-Ø/2 = angle ABC Calculate the total deflection Ø. to the outer point (A or C) is equal in angle to the approach from the next point along the

** Uses law of sines, using the chord length AC and radius R.

Since sin((Ø/2)*(PI/180))=(Chord/2),R and length AC=Chord R=AC/(2*sin(Ø*PI/360)

This calculation assumes an average radius over the bend between three points.

*** Adds the lengths of AB + BC / 20ft to get an approximate num ber of bends over the span.

This value is divided by the total deflection

angle to calculate the average bend angle of

This assumes that the bend angle consistent across the entire length.

**** Uses average offset angle and laying length of pipe.

TABLE 01050-4Gravity Main Table

Downst	Downstream		Upstream		Gravity			Allowable
Manhole Number	Invert Elev.	Manhole Number	Invert Elev.	Length (ft)	Main Diameter (inches)	Design Slope (%)	Const. Slope (%)	Minimum Constructed Slope (%)
					8	0.31		0.28
					10	0.24		0.21
					12	0.20		0.17

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 SURVEY FIELD WORK

- A. Locate, reference, and preserve existing horizontal and vertical control points and property corners shown on the Drawings prior to starting any construction. If the Surveyor performing the work discovers any discrepancies that will affect the Project, the Contractor must immediately report these findings to the County. All survey work shall meet the requirements as defined in Florida Administrative Code 5J-17. Reference and preserve all survey pins/monuments during Construction. If survey pins/monuments are disturbed, it is the responsibility of the Surveyor to reset the pins/monuments at the Contractor's expense. If the monuments are disturbed, any Work that is governed by these monuments shall be held in abeyance until the monuments are reestablished by the Surveyor and approved by the County. The accuracy of all the Contractor's stakes, alignments and grades is the responsibility of the Contractor. However, the County has the discretionary right to check the Contractor's stakes, alignments, and grades at any time. Copies of the Surveyor's field notes and/or electronic files for point replacement shall be provided to the County.
- B. The construction layout shall be established from the reference points shown or listed on the Drawings. The accuracy of any method of staking shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. All construction layout staking shall be done such as to provide for easy verification of the Work.
- C. The Surveyor shall locate all improvements for the project As-Built Asset Attribute Data using State Plane Coordinates as the horizontal datum and the benchmark referenced on the Drawings as the vertical datum. The County will provide electronic files of the Drawings to

be used by the Surveyor.

- D. Use survey control points to layout such work tasks including but not limited to:
 - 1. Clearing, grubbing, work limits, right-of-way lines and easements
 - 2. Locations for pipelines and all associated structures and appurtenances
- E. The Surveyor shall reference and replace any project control points, boundary corners, benchmarks, section corners, and right-of-way monuments that may be lost or destroyed, at no additional cost to the County based on the original survey control.

3.02 SURVEY DOCUMENTS DELIVERABLES

A. All survey documents required under Section 01720 Project Record Documents, Part 2 – Products, paragraphs 2.01 and 2.02.

SECTION 01065 PERMITS AND FEES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 REQUIREMENTS

A. General

- 1. Upon Notice of Award, obtain and pay for all appropriate and applicable permits and licenses as provided for in the General Conditions, except as otherwise provided herein.
- 2. Schedule all inspections and obtain all written approvals of the agencies required by the permits and licenses.
- 3. Strictly adhere to the specific requirements of the governmental unit(s) or agency(cies) having jurisdiction over the Work. Whenever there is a difference in the requirements of a jurisdictional body and the Contract Documents, the more stringent shall apply.
- 4. A copy of the permits obtained by the County are furnished in Appendix C "Permits Obtained by County" of these specifications.
- 5. Unless otherwise specified, the cost of work specified in the various sections of Division 1, will not be paid for separately but the cost therefore shall be considered incidental to and included in the bid prices of the various Contract items.
- B. Building Permit (Orange County)
 - 1. The County will pay the general building permit fee and any related impact fees or assessments to be paid to Orange County for the issuance of that permit only.
 - 2. The Contractor shall pay all fees associated with obtaining Orange County trade permits and any and all inspection fees for the Orange County Building Department providing inspections for this project. The Contractor shall apply for and obtain the building permits from Orange County and schedule and obtain final approval from the building inspectors.
 - 3. Information on Orange County Building Department fees is included in the Instructions to Bidders in Division 0.
 - 4. The Contractor shall be responsible for scheduling all permit inspections and obtaining inspection approval from Orange County, as required by the building and sub-discipline construction permits.
- C. Construction Dewatering Permit

The Contractor shall apply and pay for all fees associated with obtaining Florida Department of Environmental Protection District Office construction dewatering permits, if required. The Contractor shall provide all materials and equipment to comply with the permit requirements at no additional cost to the County.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (NOT USED)

SECTION 01070

ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED

A. Reference to the following standards of any technical society, organization or body shall be construed to mean the latest standard, code or specification or tentative specification adopted and published at the date of advertisement for bids, even though reference has been made to an earlier standard. Such reference is hereby made a part of the Contract the same as if herein repeated in full and in the event of any conflict between any of these specifications, standard codes or tentative specifications and the Contract Documents, the most stringent shall govern.

АА	Aluminum Association
AAASHTO	
	American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials
ABPA	Acoustical and Board Products Association
ACI	American Concrete Institute
AFBMA	Anti-Friction Bearing Manufacturer's Association
AGA	American Gas Association
AGMA	American Gear Manufacturers Association
AI	The Asphalt Institute
AIA	American Institute of Architects
AIEE	American Institute of Electrical Engineers
AIMA	Acoustical and Insulating Materials Association
AISC	American Institute of Steel Construction
AISI	American Iron and Steel Institute
AMCA	American Moving and Conditioning Association
ANSI	American National Standards Institute
API	American Petroleum Institute
APWA	American Public Works Association
AREA	American Railway Engineering Association
ASA	American Standards Association (now ANSI)
ASCE	American Society of Civil Engineers
ASHRAE	American Society of Heating, Refrigerating, and Air Conditioning
	Engineers
ASME	American Society of Mechanical Engineers
ASSCBC	American Standard Safety Code for Building Construction
ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials
AWPA	American Wood Preservers Association
AWBP	American Wood Preservers Board
AWS	American Welding Society
AWWA	American Water Works Association

CRSI	Concrete Reinforcing Steel Institute
CS	Commercial Standard
DOT Spec	Standard Specification for Road and Bridge Construction –
FDOT	Florida Department of Transportation
FAC	Florida Administrative Code
FS	Federal Standard
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers
IPCEA	Insulated Power Cable Engineers Association
NACE	National Association of Corrosion Engineers
NASSCO	National Association of Sewer Service Companies
NBFU	National Board of Fire Underwriters
NBS	National Bureau of Standards
NEC	National Electrical Code
NECA	National Electrical Contractor's Association
NEMA	National Electrical Manufacturers Association
NFPA	National Fire Protection Association
NPT	National Pipe Threads
NSF	National Science Foundation
OSHA	U.S. Department of Labor, Occupational Safety and Health
	Administration
PCA	Portland Cement Association
PCI	Prestressed Concrete Institute
PS	United States Products Standards
SAE	Society of Automotive Engineers
SDI	Steel Decks Institute
SJI	Steel Joists Institute
SMACNA	Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors National Association
SSPC	Structural Steel Painting Council
UL	Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc.
USASI	United States of American Standards Institute (Now ANSI)

B. UNITS OF MEASUREMENT

CU FT	cubic feet
CU IN	cubic inch(es)
CY	cubic yard(s)
Deg C	degree(s) Centigrade
Deg F	degree(s) Fahrenheit
F	Fahrenheit
FT	feet, foot
G	gram(s)
GA	gage
GAL	gallon(s)
GPH	gallon(s) per hour
GPM	gallon(s) per minute

GPS	gallon(s) per second
HR	hour(s)
IN	inch(es)
IPS	iron pipe size
KG	kilogram(s)
L	liter(s)
LB	pound(s)
LBF-IN	pound (force) inch
LF	linear foot, linear feet
MIN. min.	minute(s), minimum
ml	milliliter
MO	month(s)
OZ	ounce(s)
QT	quart
RH	relative humidity
SF	square foot, square feet
SQ IN	square inch(es)
YD	yard(s)
YR	year(s)

C. TERMINOLOGY

a	at
AB	anchor bolt
ADJ	adjust, adjustable
ADMIN	administration
AFG	above finished grade
AGGR	aggregate
AL	aluminum
ALT	alternate
APPX	appendix
APX	approximate
ART	article
ASPH	asphalt
ASSY	assembly
AUTO	automatic
AUX	auxiliary
AVE	avenue
AVG	average
AWG	American Wire Gauge
BAR	barrier
BCCMP	bituminous coated corrugated metal pipe
BL	base line
BLDG	building
BLKG	blocking
BM	beam

C to C	center to center
CCB	concrete block, masonry
CEM	cement
CIP	cast iron pipe, cast in place
CJ	construction joint
CL	center line, clearance
CM	Construction Manager
CMP	corrugated metal pipe
CO	cleanout
CONC	concrete
CONN	connection
CONST	construction
CONT	continuous
CONTR	contractor
CU, COP	copper
ORR	corridor
CRIT	critical
CTD	coated
CTR	center
CULV	culvert
d	delta
DBL	double
DEM	demolition, demolish
DEPT	department
DET	detail
DIA, D	diameter
DIAG	diagonal
DIM	dimension
DWG	drawing
FEM	female
FUT	future
FV	field verify
FM	force main
FH, HYD	fire hydrant
ID	inside diameter
MAS	masonry
MATL	material
MAX	maximum
MFD	manufactured
MFG	manufacturing
MFR	manufacturer
MH	manhole, metal hallide
MIN	minimum
MISC	miscellaneous
MTL	material

NAT	natural
NATL	national
NOM	nominal
NTS	not to scale
OD	outside diameter
РР	power pole
R	radius
Rd	road
REIN	reinforce
REL A	relief air
REQD	required
REV	revision
RR	railroad
R/W	right-of-way
RWM	reclaimed water main
RY	railway
SAN	sanitary
SCH	schedule
SECT	section
SLV	sleeve
SQ	square
SST	stainless steel
ST	street
STA	station
STD	standard
SURF	surface
SUSP	suspend(ed)
SYM	Symbol, symmetrical
SYS	system
TEMP	Temperature, temporary
ТҮР	typical
UTIL	utility
W	West
WLD	welded
WM	water main
W/O	without
WT	weight
YD	yard
YR	year
YW	wye

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SECTION 01091 REFERENCE SPECIFICATIONS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 GENERAL

- A. Applicable Publications: Whenever in these Specifications references are made to published specifications, codes, standards, or other requirements, it shall be understood that wherever no date is specified, only the latest specifications, standards, or requirements of the respective issuing agencies which have been published as of the date that the Work is advertised for bids, shall apply; except to the extent that said standards or requirements may be in conflict with applicable laws, ordinances, or governing codes. No requirements set forth herein or shown on the Drawings shall be waived because of any provision of or omission from said standards or requirements.
- B. Assignment of Specialists: In certain instances, specification test requires (or implies) that specific work is to be assigned to specialist or expert entities who must be engaged for the performance of the Work. Such assignments shall be recognized as special requirements over which the Contractor has no choice or option. These requirements shall not be interpreted so as to conflict with the enforcement of building codes and similar regulations governing the Work. They are not intended to interfere with local union jurisdiction settlements and similar conventions. Such assignments are intended to establish which party or entity involved in a specific unit of Work is recognized as "expert" for the indicated construction processes or operations. Nevertheless, the final responsibility for fulfillment of the entire set of Contract requirements remains with the Contractor.

1.02 REFERENCE SPECIFICATIONS, CODES, AND STANDARDS

- A. Without limiting the generality of other requirements of the Specifications, all Work specified herein shall conform to or exceed the requirements of such referenced documents which are not in conflict with the requirements of these Specifications or applicable codes.
- B. References herein to "Building Code" shall mean the Florida Building Code. The latest edition of the code shall apply to the Work herein, including all addenda, modifications, amendments, or other lawful changes thereto.
- C. In case of conflict between codes, reference standards, Drawings, and the other Contract Documents, the most stringent requirements shall govern. All conflicts shall be brought to the attention of the Engineer for clarification and directions prior to ordering or providing any materials or labor. The Contractor shall bid the most stringent requirements.

D. Applicable Standard Specifications: The Contractor shall construct the Work specified herein in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents and the referenced portions of those referenced codes, standards, and specifications listed.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (NOT USED)

SECTION 01101

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS (GRAVITY INSPECTION ONLY)

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 REQUIREMENTS

A. The Contractor shall meet these minimum qualifications for closed circuit televising (CCTV) inspections, manhole inspections and smoke testing of gravity sewers. Attend coordination meeting, provide proper notifications, and maintain an accurate weekly schedule. Contractor shall abide by the causes for rejection of Work in this section and other provisions described in other sections.

1.02 MINIMUM CONTRACTOR QUALIFICATIONS

- A. The following requirements shall be met to qualify for the CCTV project.
 - 1. Company
 - a. A minimum total of 500,000 LF shall be previously completed within the previous 10-years.
 - b. Documented company QA/QC plan and procedures
 - 2. Company equipment
 - a. At least one (1) pan and tilt CCTV camera with rotating lights
 - b. At least one (1) push type lateral cameras with footage counter and ability to display footage on screen and/or lateral launch type lateral camera with footage counter and ability to display footage on screen
 - c. Digital video capture system capable of capturing MPEG or Windows Media Video files on board the camera truck
 - d. PACP compliant inspection data logging software
 - e. At least one (1) jetter/vacuum truck
- B. The following requirements shall be met to qualify for the manhole inspection project:
 - 1. Company
 - a. Five (5) reference manhole inspection projects with a minimum total of 1,000 manholes
 - b. Documented company QA/QC plan and procedures
 - c. Listing of management personnel (minimum of two (2) certified personnel with PACP certifications)
 - (1) Minimum of one (1) person with PACP certification that will lead or supervise each field manhole inspection crew and a minimum of 2-years in the role of lead person or supervisor
 - (2) Minimum of one (1) person with PACP certification serving in the role as a QA/QC management supervisor

- 2. Company equipment
 - a. At least one 2 Mega Pixel digital camera with strobe flash
 - b. Camera attached to pole
 - c. Traffic control equipment
 - d. Confined space entry equipment
- C. The following requirements shall be met to qualify for the smoke testing project.
 - 1. Company
 - a. Five (5) reference smoke testing projects with a minimum of 500,000 LF of smoke testing performed for wastewater gravity mains
 - b. Documented company QA/QC plan and procedures
 - c. Listing of management personnel (minimum of two (2) certified personnel with PACP certifications)
 - (1) Minimum of one (1) person with PACP certification that will lead or supervise each field manhole inspection crew and a minimum of 2-years in the role of lead person or supervisor
 - (2) Minimum of one (1) person with PACP certification serving in the role as a QA/QC management supervisor
 - 2. Company equipment
 - a. At least one 2 Mega Pixel digital camera
 - b. At least one (1) self contained portable 4,500 cubic feet per minute blower designed for smoke testing with smoke fluid
 - c. At least one (1) hand held Geographic Positioning System (GPS) unit, Trimble Model GeoXH, or equal with sub-meter accuracy

1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. The CCTV Inspection Contractor shall submit a completed qualification form with the required information (see Table A CCTV Inspection Contractor Qualification Form).
- B. Previous Work Products: The Contractor shall submit one (1) example of previous closed circuit televising (CCTV) inspections, manhole inspections and smoke testing of gravity sewers work for approval. The submitted example shall be the work of the field supervisor or foreman to be used on this Project.



TABLE - AORANGE COUNTY UTILITIESCCTV INSPECTION CONTRACTORQUALIFICATION FORM

Contractors that desire to be added to the approved list shall submit a request to the Standards Committee via e-mail to standards.committee@ocfl.net. For other information, please contact a Standards Committee representative at 407-254-9900.

Company Reference Projects		Total Footage	Project Completed	Client Company	Contact Name	Contact (Phone Number and/or E- mail Address)
Listing of Company Management Personnel	PACP (Certification #)	MACP (Certification #)	Years of Experience in CCTV	Years of Experience as Supervisor	QA/QC Mgmt Supervisor (Y or N)	Position Title
Company Equipment Item	Manufacturer	Model No.	Description			
Main Line CCTV Camera	juuni			- • •	<i></i>	
Lateral Camera (push type)						
Lateral Camera (launch type)						
Video Capture System						
PACP-Compliant Inspection Data						
Logging System						
Combination letter/Vacuum Truck						

Para más information, por favor llame al Departamento de Servicios Públicos del Condado de Orange y pida hablar con un representante en español. El número de teléfono es 407-254-9903. Website: <u>www.ocfl.net/utilities/</u>

(Rev.6/27/2011)

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 CONTRACT COORDINATION MEETING

- A. Prior to commencing field activities, the Contractor shall attend a Coordination Meeting with the County. Contractor shall be prepared to discuss the following agenda items:
 - 1. Project contacts
 - 2. County notification procedures
 - 3. Public notification requirements
 - 4. Inspection QA/QC
 - 5. Deliverables
 - 6. Schedule

3.02 GENERAL PROGRESSION OF WORK

- A. Contractor shall submit an updated schedule of inspection activities on a weekly basis.
- B. Contractor shall notify the County a minimum of 48-hours prior to any inspection work.
- C. All work shall be performed in an orderly, organized fashion, progressing through the project area(s) in a systematic manner. Contractor shall adhere to submitted and communicated schedules.

3.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. The Contractor shall have a QA/QC plan and procedures to ensure accurate data collection, documentation and submittal.
- B. The County has adopted the NASSCO PACP quality control procedures as the minimum standard to be applied to all submitted CCTV and Manhole Inspection data. All submitted data shall be quality checked in accordance with these procedures.
- C. The County will perform QA/QC checks on a minimum 5% of submitted inspection data.
- D. All submitted data will be subject to County QA/QC following the same procedures set forth herein following in paragraph 3.04 "CCTV and Manhole Inspection QA/QC Procedures."

3.04 CCTV AND MANHOLE INSPECTION QA/QC PROCEDURES

- A. The Contractor shall determine the approximate number of inspections performed by each inspection field supervisor/foreman that submitted data on a weekly basis to determine the quality control sampling population. A review of a minimum of 5% of the total inspections is required.
- B. The Contractor shall number the inspection reports in the order they were inspected.
- C. The Contractor shall utilize a random number generator to determine the inspection report numbers for review.
- D. Each inspection report that corresponds to the random numbers will be marked for review, the inspection report printed and the video copied to the QA/QC directory.
- E. Each selected inspection report will be reviewed in detail against the inspection digital video.
- F. Each field that is populated and those that should have been populated will be counted to produce a "number of fields checked" for the required header information and detailed inspection information. The fields with errors, or missing data, regardless of the error will be totaled to determine the "error count". The accuracy level will then be calculated as follows: 100-((error count/number of fields checked)*100) = accuracy percentage.

- G. The percentage accuracy shall be entered onto a graph so that the on-going accuracy of each supervisor (operator) can be seen.
- H. The accuracy of each field supervisor/foreman's data shall exceed 90%.
- I. The Contractor shall submit, along with the inspection deliverables, quality control forms that include a hard copy print out of the inspection reports checked with errors and omissions clearly marked.
- J. The Contractor shall enter the accuracy level calculations in each supervisor (operator) quality control log.
- 3.05 SMOKE TESTING QUALITY ASSURANCE
 - A. Smoke testing will be performed in the presence of the County.
 - B. The Contractor shall submit for approval a QA/QC plan. Non-compliance with the Contractor plan shall result in the re-testing of areas with suspect quality at the County's discretion.
- 3.06 REJECTION OF WORK
 - A. Failure of County QA/QC checks will result in a "quality deficiency" notification to request from the Contractor how the rejected Work shall be addressed.
 - B. Failure to notify County prior to field work being performed in accordance with the County notification procedures may constitute rejection of Work that was performed without notification.
 - C. Payment shall be withheld for inspection work not passing the County QA/QC check, until such time that the data is re-submitted and verified accurate.
 - D. Subsequent failures of County QA/QC checks may result in the County requiring a change in field supervisor.

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SECTION 01200 PROJECT MEETINGS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED

A. Contractor participation in pre-construction conferences, progress meetings and specially called meetings.

1.02 MEETINGS CALLED BY THE COUNTY

- A. The County will schedule and administer a pre-construction conference, periodic progress meetings and specific topic meetings throughout the progress of the Work. The County will:
 - 1. Prepare and distribute a notification of the meeting to required attendees.
 - 2. Establish, prepare and distribute an agenda with the notification.
 - 3. Make physical arrangements for the meetings.
 - 4. Preside at meetings.
 - 5. Prepare and distribute minutes of meetings including significant proceedings and decisions, within 15 working days after each meeting. Minutes will be forwarded to all participants and to parties affected by decisions made at the meeting.
- B. Representatives of the Contractor, Subcontractors and suppliers attending meetings shall be qualified and authorized to act on behalf of the entity each represents.
- C. The meeting location will generally be a central site, convenient for all parties, designated by the County.
- D. All meetings shall be digitally recorded with files provided to all requesting parties.

1.03 PRE-CONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE

- A. Attendance:
 - 1. County
 - 2. Contractor and superintendent
 - 3. Subcontractors as appropriate to the agenda
 - 4. Representatives of suppliers and manufacturers as appropriate to the agenda
 - 5. County MBE/WBE representative
 - 6. Other agency representatives (FDEP, EPA, City, etc.)
 - 7. Surveyor recommended but required if Surveyor has not previously performed work for the County
 - 8. Others as requested by the County or Contractor

- B. Suggested Agenda:
 - 1. Distribution and discussion of:
 - a. List of major Subcontractors and suppliers
 - b. Construction schedules
 - c. Contact information
 - 2. Organizational arrangement of Contractor's forces and personnel, and those of Subcontractors, material and equipment suppliers, and the County
 - 3. Critical work sequencing
 - 4. Major equipment deliveries
 - 5. Project coordination
 - a. Designation of responsible personnel
 - b. Channels and procedures for communication
 - 6. Procedures and processing of:
 - a. Field decisions
 - b. Proposal requests
 - c. Submittals
 - d. Change orders
 - e. Applications for payment/Schedule of Values
 - f. Contractor quality control
 - g. Submittal of Shop Drawings, project data and samples
 - 7. Adequacy of distribution of Contract Documents
 - 8. Procedures for maintaining as built and record documents
 - 9. Use of premises:
 - a. Office, work and storage areas
 - b. County's requirements
 - c. Housekeeping
 - 10. Temporary construction facilities
 - 11. Temporary utilities
 - 12. Safety and first aid procedures
 - 13. Rules and regulations
 - 14. Security procedures
 - 15. Place, date and time for regular progress meetings
 - 16. Completion time for Contract and liquidated damages

1.04 PROGRESS MEETINGS

A. The County shall schedule progress meetings at least once per month as required by progress of the Work with the first meeting approximately one (1) month after the pre-construction meeting.

B. Attendance:

- 1. County
- 2. Contractor
- 3. Subcontractors as appropriate to the agenda
- 4. Suppliers as appropriate to the agenda
- 5. Others as appropriate

- C. The Contractor's representative is to attend the project meetings and have the authority to act on behalf of the entity represented on field related matters. Contractor's representative is to study previous meeting minutes and current agenda items, in order to be prepared to discuss pertinent topics and provide specific information including but not limited to:
 - 1. Status of submittals and actions necessary to expedite them
 - 2. Status of activities behind schedule and actions necessary to regain the approved schedule
 - 3. Status of materials and equipment deliveries and action necessary to expedite materials and equipment and maintain the approved schedule
 - 4. Status of open RFI's and actions necessary to address them
- D. To the maximum extent practicable, the Contractor is to assign the same personnel to represent the Contractor at Progress Meetings throughout the progress of the work.
- E. The Contractor is to provide a current Shop Drawing submittal log at each progress meeting.
- F. The Contractor is to provide copies of the updated Progress Schedule at each project meeting in accordance with the General Conditions including a 3 week look ahead schedule for upcoming events.
- G. Suggested Agenda:
 - 1. Review and approve minutes from previous meeting
 - 2. Review of work progress since previous meeting to include current As-Builts
 - 3. Contractor's/Subcontractor's workforce and equipment
 - 4. Progressive As-Built Drawings
 - 5. Surveyor's submittals
 - 6. Field observations, problems and conflicts
 - 7. Construction progress and problems which impede construction schedule
 - 8. Shop Drawing submittal status
 - 9. Requests for Information (RFI) status
 - 10. Change Order status
 - 11. Review of off site fabrication and delivery schedules
 - 12. Corrective measures and procedures to regain approved schedule
 - 13. Revisions to construction schedule
 - 14. Job progress and schedule for succeeding work period
 - 15. Coordination of schedules
 - 16. Maintenance of quality standards
 - 17. Review submittal schedule; expedite as required
 - 18. Pending requests for information, changes and substitutions
 - 19. Review proposed changes for effect on construction schedule and completion date
 - 20. Pay application status
 - 21. Other business

- H. Revision to Minutes:
 - 1. Unless minutes are challenged, in writing, prior to the next regularly scheduled Progress Meeting, they will be accepted as properly summarizing the discussions and decisions of the meeting.
 - 2. Persons challenging minutes shall reproduce and distribute copies of the challenge to all indicated recipients of the particular set of minutes.
 - 3. Challenge to minutes shall be settled as priority portion of "old business" at next regularly scheduled meeting.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (NOT USED)

3.01 PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING

A. Pre-construction Meeting: At the pre-construction meeting the Contractor shall be provided with a blank electronic version of the spreadsheets for: Asset Attribute Data and Pipe Deflection tables. The Contractor's Surveyor shall use these tables to input the data and shall not alter the table format or formulas.

3.02 CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS MEETINGS

- A. Contractor shall provide the following:
 - 1. Progressive As-Built Drawings
 - 2. Surveyor submittals
 - a. As-Built Asset Attribute Data Table (see Specification Section 01050 "Surveying and Field Engineering" Table 01050-2)
 - b. Pipe Deflection Table (see Specification Section 01050 "Surveying and Field Engineering" Table 01050-3)
 - c. Gravity Main Table (see Specification Section 01050 "Surveying and Field Engineering" Table 01050-4)
 - d. Boundary Surveys of fee simple and permanent easements for pump stations, treatment facilities, and constructed pipe in easements
 - 3. Construction Contract, As-Built Drawings, Specifications, General Conditions, Supplemental Conditions, Bid Proposal, Instruction to Bidders, Addenda, and all other Contract Documents
 - 4. Specifications and Addenda: Record manufacturer, trade name, catalog number and supplier of each product and item of equipment actually installed as well as any changes made by Field Order, Change Order or other
 - 5. Change orders, verbal orders, and other modifications to Contract
 - 6. Written instructions by the County as well as correspondence related to Requests for Information (RFIs).
 - 7. Accepted Shop Drawings, samples, product data, substitution and "or-equal" requests.
 - 8. Field test records, inspection certificates, manufacturer certificates and construction photographs.

- 9. As-Built Asset Attribute Data: Surveyor shall obtain field measurements of vertical and horizontal dimensions of constructed improvements. The monthly submittal shall include the Surveyor's certified statement regarding the constructed improvements being within the specified accuracies as described in Specification Section 01050 "Surveying and Field Engineering", Table 01050-1 Minimum Survey Accuracies or if not, indicating the variances.
- 10. Gravity Main Table: Surveyor shall prepare and update a Gravity Main Table to include as a minimum the pipe segment identification, pipe lengths, manhole inverts and tops, and slopes for gravity mains. Surveyor shall certify the data entered are correct and indicate if the minimum slopes have not been met.
- 11. Pipe Deflection Table: Surveyor shall input the type of pipe, pipe manufacturer, PVC manufacturer deflection allowance, allowable angle of offset and radius of curvature, laying length of pipe, and coordinates. Surveyor shall certify the data entered are correct and indicate if the deflection allowance, offset or radius of curvature exceeds the manufacturer's recommendations.

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SECTION 01300 SUBMITTALS

PART 1 - GENERAL

Work completed without approved Shop Drawings and/or samples shall be considered installed at the Contractor's risk.

1.01 SHOP DRAWINGS AND DATA

- A. Shop Drawings defined in the General Conditions, shall complement design and construction Drawings, and shall contain sufficient detail to clearly define all aspects of the Construction. These Drawings shall be complete and detailed.
- B. Contractor and Supplier's catalog sheets, brochures, diagrams, illustrations and other standard descriptive data shall be clearly marked with specification title and numbers to identify pertinent materials, product or models. Delete information which is not applicable to the Work by striking or cross-hatching.
- C. If Shop Drawings show variations from Contract requirements because of standard shop practice or for other reasons, the Contractor shall describe such variations in the letter of transmittal. If acceptable, proper adjustment in the Contract shall be implemented where appropriate. If the Contractor fails to describe such variations, the Contractor shall not be relieved of the responsibility for executing the Work in accordance with the Contract, even though such Drawings have been reviewed.
- D. Data on materials and equipment shall include, without limitation, materials and equipment lists, catalog data sheets, cuts, performance curves, diagrams, verification of conformance with applicable standards or codes, materials of construction and similar descriptive material. Materials and equipment list shall, for each item, give the name and location of the Supplier or manufacturer, trade name, catalog reference, size, finish and all other pertinent data.
- E. For all equipment furnished, the Contractor shall provide a list including the equipment name and address and telephone number of the Supplier's representative and service company so that service and/or spare parts can be readily obtained.
- F. The Contractor will obtain an installation list from suppliers and equipment suppliers who propose to furnish equipment or products for submittal to County/Professional along with the required Shop Drawings. The installation list shall include at least 5 installations where identical equipment has been installed and has been in operation for a period of at least 1-year.

1.02 REVIEW OF SHOP DRAWINGS AND SAMPLES

- A. The County /Professional's review of Shop Drawings, Data, and Samples as submitted by the Contractor will be to determine if the items(s) generally conform(s) to the information in the Contract Documents and is/are compatible with the design concept. The County/Professional's review and exceptions, if any, will not constitute an approval of dimensions, connections, quantities, and details of the material, equipment, device, or item shown.
- B. The review of drawings and schedules will be general, and shall not be construed:
 - 1. As permitting any departure from the Contract Documents
 - 2. As relieving the Contractor of responsibility for any errors, including details, dimensions, and materials
 - 3. As approving departures from details furnished by the County/Professional, except as otherwise provided herein
- C. If the drawings or schedules as submitted describe variations and show a departure from the Contract Documents which the County/Professional finds to be in the interest of the County and to be so minor as not to involve a change in Contract Price or Contract Time, the County/Professional may return the reviewed drawings without noting an exception.
- D. "Approved As Noted": Contractor shall incorporate County/Professional's comments into the submittal before release to manufacturer. The Contractor shall send a letter to the County/Professional acknowledging the comments and their incorporation into the Shop Drawing.
- E. "Amend and Resubmit": Contractor shall resubmit the Shop Drawing to the County/Professional. The resubmittal shall incorporate the County/Professional's comments highlighted on the Shop Drawing.
- F. "Rejected": Contractor shall correct, revise and resubmit Shop Drawing for review by County/Professional.
- G. Resubmittals will be handled in the same manner as first submittals. For resubmittals the Contractor shall direct specific attention, in writing or on resubmitted Shop Drawings, to revisions other than the corrections requested by County/Professional on previous submissions. The Contractor shall make any corrections required by the County/Professional.
- H. If the Contractor considers any correction indicated on the Drawings to constitute a change to the Drawings or Specifications, the Contractor shall give written notice thereof to the County/Professional.

- I. When the Shop Drawings have been completed to the satisfaction of the County/Professional, the Contractor shall carry out the Construction in accordance therewith and shall make no further changes therein except upon written instructions from the County/Professional.
- J. No partial submittals will be reviewed. Submittals not deemed complete will be stamped "Rejected" and returned to the Contractor for resubmittal. Unless otherwise specifically permitted by the County/Professional, make all submittals in groups containing all associated items for:
 - 1. Systems
 - 2. Processes
 - As indicated in specific Specifications Sections
 All drawings, schematics, manufacturer's product data, certifications, and other Shop
 Drawing submittals required by a system specification shall be submitted at one time
 as a package to facilitate interfaces checking.
- K. Only the County/Professional shall utilize the color "red" in marking Shop Drawing submittals.
- L. Failure to comply with any of the above may result in the rejection of Shop Drawings.

1.03 PRODUCT DATA

A. Submit not less than 6-copies, unless approved by the County/Professional. Mark each copy to identify applicable products, models, options and other data. Supplement manufacturers' standard data to provide information unique to the Work.

1.04 MANUFACTURERS' INSTRUCTIONS

A. When required in an individual Specification Section, submit manufacturer's printed instructions for delivery, storage, assembly, installation, start-up, adjusting and finishing, in quantities specified for product data.

1.05 SAMPLES

- A. Submit full range of manufacturers' standard colors, textures and patterns for the County's selection. Submit samples for selection of finishes within 30-days after Award of Contract. All color and finish selections must be submitted by the Contractor in a single submission, properly labeled and identified.
- B. Submit samples to illustrate functional characteristics of the product, with integral parts and attachment devices. Coordinate submittal of different categories for interfacing work.

- C. Submit the number of samples specified in the respective Specification section, but no less than two (2). After review one (1) will be retained by the County. Reviewed samples that may be used in the Work are indicated in the Specification Section.
- D. Samples shall be delivered to the County as directed. The Contractor shall prepay shipping charges on samples. Materials or equipment for which samples are required shall not be used in the Work until approved by the County/Professional.
- E. Samples shall be of sufficient size to clearly illustrate:
 - 1. Functional characteristics of the product, with integrally related parts and attachment devices
 - 2. Full range of color, texture and pattern
 - 3. Each sample shall have a label indicating:
 - a. Name of Project
 - b. Name of Contractor and Subcontractor
 - c. Material or equipment represented
 - d. Place of origin
 - e. Name of product and brand (if any)
 - f. Location in Project
 - g. Specification title and number
 - h. Submittal number
 - i. Note: Samples of finished materials shall have additional marking that will identify them under the finished schedules.
- F. The Contractor shall prepare a transmittal letter, in triplicate (3) for each shipment of samples containing the information required in paragraph herein. The Contractor shall enclose a copy of this letter with the shipment and send a copy of this letter to the County/Professional. Approval of a sample shall be only for the characteristics or use named in such approval and shall not be construed to change or modify any Contract requirements.
- G. Approved samples not destroyed in testing shall be sent to the County or stored at the site of the Work. Approved samples of the hardware in good condition may be incorporated in the Work if requested in writing by the Contractor and approved in writing by the County/Professional. Samples that failed testing or were not approved will be returned to the Contractor at the Contractor's expense, if so requested at time of submission.

1.06 FIELD SAMPLES

A. Provide field samples of finishes as required by individual Specifications sections. Install the sample completely and finished. Acceptable samples in place may be retained in completed Work.

1.07 DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA AND CERTIFICATES

A. Each letter of transmittal shall identify each and every item transmitted by title, drawing number, revision number and date.

- B. The County generally will not check dimensions, quantities or schedules, except in cases where the information is lacking in the Specifications.
- C. The following is applicable to submitted drawings, data and certificates:
 - 1. Show relation to adjacent structures or materials.
 - 2. Clearly identify field dimensions.
 - 3. Show required dimensions and clearances.
 - 4. Performance characteristic and capabilities shall accompany original Shop Drawing submittals.
 - 5. Wiring diagrams and controls shall accompany original Shop Drawing submittals.
 - 6. Installation instructions shall accompany original Shop Drawing submittals.
 - 7. Each submittal shall identify applicable Standards, such as ASTM number or Federal Specification number.
 - 8. All information not pertinent shall be removed from the submittal, or shall be crossed out.
- D. When resubmission is required, the County/Professional will return only two (2) marked up copies. A third submission from the same manufacturer will not be accepted.

1.08 SUBSTITUTIONS

- A. The substitution requirements of this Section are in addition to the requirements of the General Conditions and Supplementary Conditions.
- B. When a particular product is specified or called for, it is intended and shall be understood that the proposal tendered by the Bidder includes those products in his Bid. Substitutions will only be considered in cases where original materials are unavailable or in an instance where substitute can be proven superior in its planned application
- C. The intent of these specifications is to provide the County with a quality facility without discouraging competitive bidding. For products specified only by reference standards, performance and descriptive methods, without naming manufacturer's products, the Contractor may provide the products of any manufacturer complying with the Contract Documents, subject to the review of product data by the County/Professional as specified herein.
- D. The County/Professional's approval is required for substitutions.
- E. The Contract is based on the materials, equipment and methods described in the Contract Documents.
- F. The County/Professional will consider proposals for substitution of materials equipment and methods only when such proposals are accompanied by full and complete technical data and all other information required by the County/Professional to evaluate the proposed substitution.

G. Do not substitute materials, equipment or methods unless such substitution has been specifically approved for this Work by the County/Professional in writing. The Contractor must provide a submittal per this Section specifically requesting approval of the substitution. Failure to specifically identify the requested substitution may invalidate approval of a submittal.

1.09 AVAILABILITY OF SPECIFIED ITEMS

- A. Verify prior to bidding that all specified items will be available in time for installation during Construction for orderly and timely progress of the Work.
- B. In the event that specified items will not be available, notify the County/Professional prior to receipt of proposals.

1.10 OPERATING MANUALS

A. Submit all manuals in accordance with requirements of Divisions 2 through 16 of the Contract Specifications and Section 01700 "Project Closeout."

1.11 WARRANTIES, GUARANTEES AND BONDS

A. Provide as required by Technical Sections of the Specifications and Sections 01700 "Project Closeout" and Section 01740 "Warranties and Bonds."

1.12 CADD FILES

- A. The Professional's CADD files will be available on a limited basis to qualified firms at the County's prerogative. The procedure for requesting such files is noted elsewhere in these documents and there is a cost associated with handling and reproduction. Recipients are cautioned that these files may not accurately show actual conditions as constructed. Users are responsible to verify actual field conditions.
- B. The Professional's Drawings are to be used only for background information. If the Professional's Drawings are just reproduced and resubmitted (e.g. for ductwork drawings) they will be rejected.
- C. Copies of data furnished by the County/Professional to Contractor or Contractor to County/Professional that may be relied upon are limited to the printed copies (also known as hard copies). Files in electronic media format of text, data, graphics, or other types are furnished only for the convenience of the receiving party. Any conclusion or information obtained or derived from such electronic files will be at the user's sole risk. If there is a discrepancy between the electronic files and the hard copies, the hard copies govern.

- D. Because data stored in electronic media format can deteriorate or be modified inadvertently or otherwise without authorization of the data's creator, the party receiving electronic files agrees that it will perform acceptance tests or procedures within 60-days, after which the receiving party shall be deemed to have accepted the data thus transferred. Any errors detected within the 60-day acceptance period will be corrected by the transferring party.
- E. When transferring documents in electronic media format, the transferring party makes no representations as to long-term compatibility, usability, or readability of documents resulting from the use of software application packages, operating systems, or computer hardware differing from those used by the data's creator.

1.13 PROGRESS PHOTOGRAPHS

- A. Photographs and digital pictures shall be in color. Provide 1 copy of each digital picture on each of three (3) CDs and provide 1 print of each photograph in two (2) separate albums.
- B. Photographs shall be from locations to illustrate the condition of Construction and state of progress adequately.
- C. Provide up to 12 digital photographs of views randomly selected by the County, taken prior to any construction and prior to each scheduled Application for Payment.
- D. Deliver electronic images, prints, and negatives to the County.
- E. Each print shall be single weight paper with glossy finish and the overall dimension shall be 7-1/2-inch x 10-inches (19.05 x 25.4 cm). The print shall be clear, sharp and free of distortion after the enlargement from the negative.
- F. Provide loose-leaf albums for each set of photographs to hold prints with a maximum of 50-leaves per binder.
- G. Each print shall be protected by flexible, transparent acetate or plastic sheet protector leaves with metal reinforced holes. Two (2) extra leaves shall be provided in each binder.
- H. Capture and provide digital, ortho-rectified, true-color, aerial photographs of the complete project site prior to start of Construction and at final completion. A final 6-inch or less ground pixel resolution is required. If using traditional photography, the photos will need to be captured at an appropriate scale and scanned at a high enough dpi to yield a final ground pixel size of 6-inches or less. If captured digitally, a final 6-inches or less ground sample distance is required. The final orthorectified photos shall use a projection of NAD 27, State Plane West and all vertical reference shall be NAVD 88, US feet. All orthophoto mosaics shall meet a final accuracy of plus or minus 5-feet.

- I. Provide a total of four (4) true-color, color balanced orthophoto mosaic prints. Three (3) prints each of the pre and post construction (final completion) orthophoto mosaics, for a total of six (6). Each orthophoto mosaic print shall be on double-weight paper with glossy finish and shall have overall dimensions of 36-inches x 58-inches. Two (2) copies of each of the digital orthophoto mosaics shall be supplied in Geotiff format on disk for each time period (pre and post construction). The final color balanced, true-color orthophoto mosaics will be projected in NAD 27, State Plane West and all vertical reference shall be NAVD 88, US feet and shall meet a final accuracy of plus or minus 5-feet.
- J. The Contractor shall provide before and after photographs of each portion of the site. The below ground facilities shall include all equipment, walls, floor, piping, supports and entrance. At major locations, photographs shall include before, during, and after prints and all prints shall be placed in binders in ascending date order to show the Work as it progresses.
- K. Descriptive Information:
 - 1. Each photograph shall have a permanent title block on the back and shall contain the typed information and arrangement as follows:
 - a. ORANGE COUNTY, FLORIDA
 - b. (ENTER PROJECT NAME)
 - c. BID No. (Enter Bid Number)
 - d. CONTRACTOR: (Name of Contractor)
 - e. DATE: (When photo was taken)
 - f. PHOTO NO.: (Consecutive Numbers)
 - g. PHOTO BY: (Firm Name of Photographer)
 - h. LOCATION: (Description of Location and View)
 - 2. The Contractor shall provide the Professional with a written description of each photograph. This description shall be included in the binders and a copy shall be submitted with the CDs.

1.14 PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

Project Record Documents shall be submitted in accordance with Section 01720 "Project Record Documents" of these specifications.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

A. Article 9 of the General Conditions contains additional provisions regarding submittals.

- B. Preliminary Shop Drawing Data: Within 20-days after the Award of the Contract or before the Pre-Construction Meeting, the Contractor shall submit to the County/Professional a complete listing of manufacturers for all items for which Shop Drawings are to be submitted.
- C. Shop Drawing Submittal Schedule: Within 30-days after the Notice to Proceed, the Contractor shall submit to the County/Professional a complete schedule of Shop Drawings submittals with the respective dates for submission, the beginning of manufacture, testing and installation of materials, supplies and equipment, noting those submittals critical to the progress schedule.
- D. Submittal Log: An accurate updated log of submittals will be maintained by the Contractor and subject to review by the County/Professional at each scheduled progress meeting.
- E. If the Contractor considers any correction indicated on the Drawings to constitute a change to the Contract Drawings or specifications, the Contractor shall give written notice thereof to the County/Professional. This does not constitute a change order until accepted by the County.
- F. Shop Drawing and submittal data shall be reviewed by the County/Professional for each original submittal and first resubmittal; thereafter review time for subsequent resubmittals shall be charged to the Contractor. The Contractor shall reimburse the County for services rendered by the County/Professional at the rate multiplied by the County's Professional multiplier based on the fee schedule provided to the County for this Project. If a County engineer is performing any portion of the review, this fee is based upon the hourly rate of the engineer times the County's multiplier for overhead, benefits, and expenses. The Contractor agrees that the County shall deduct such charges from the Contract Amount by a deductive Change Order.
- G. Contractor Shop Drawing and Sample submittals shall include 5 copies in addition to any other copies that the Contractor wants returned. The County will retain 5 copies of approved submittals.
- H. Identify Project, Project Number, date, dates of previous submittals, Contractor, Sub-Contractors, suppliers with their addresses, pertinent Drawings by sheet and detail number, and Specification Section number, as appropriate. Identify all deviations from the Contract Documents. Provide space for Contractor and Professional review stamps.
- I. Contractor's delivery of Shop Drawings for review shall follow a reasonable sequence, as is necessary to support the dates on the Progress Schedule and avoid an overload of Shop Drawings awaiting review at any one time. Coordinate submittal of related items.

- J. Submit Shop Drawings per the schedule of Shop Drawing submittals, inserted in 1 looseleaf binder, with tabs and index to the County/Professional. All individual submittal sheets inserted in said binder must be clearly marked and referenced to proper paragraph and subparagraph of specifications. Cross out any items on sheets which constitute information not pertaining to equipment specified. Clearly mark all components that are provided as "optional" by manufacturer. Shop Drawings shall be approved by the Contractor prior to submittal to the County/Professional. Shop Drawings will be reviewed by the County/Professional. After County/Professional approval, reproduce and distribute in accordance with requirements herein.
- K. All submissions of Shop Drawings, brochures and catalog cuts shall be accompanied by a transmittal letter listing the Drawings submitted by number and title.
- L. When engineering calculations and/or professional certification of performance criteria of materials, systems, and/or equipment are required, the County is entitled to rely upon the accuracy and completeness of such calculations and certifications submitted by the Contractor. Calculations, when required, shall be submitted in a neat, clear and in an easy to follow format. Such calculations and/or certifications shall be signed and sealed by a Professional Engineer registered in the State of Florida.
- M. Distribute copies of reviewed submittals to concerned parties. Instruct recipients to promptly report any inability to comply with provisions.
- N. Prior to submission of Shop Drawings and samples, the Contractor shall stamp and sign the submittals. Any submission which, upon examination by the County, shows evidence of not having been thoroughly checked, or is not in compliance with the provisions of this Section will be returned to the Contractor for completion before it will be considered for review.
- O. Notify the County of the need for making any changes in the arrangement of piping, connections, wiring, manner of installation, etc., which may be required by the material or equipment Contactor proposes to supply.
- P. On resubmittals, direct specific attention in writing or on the revised Drawings or sample to revisions other than the corrections required by County on previous submissions.
- Q. All drawings, schematics, manufacturer's product data, certifications and other drawing submittals required for a system specification shall be submitted at one time as a package to facilitate interface checking.
- R. The County will distribute Shop Drawings as follows for the indicated action taken:

Representative Party	No Exception Taken or Make Correction Noted			Rejected or Revise & Resubmit		
	Submittal Transmittal	Shop Drawing	Review Comment Sheet	Submittal Transmittal	Shop Drawing	Review Comment Sheet
Engineer	2 Copies	File Copy	1 Copy	Original	File Copy	1 Copy
Contractor (see Note 1)	2 Copies	1 Copy Each Submittal	1 Сору	1 Copy	All Copies Except Engineers	1 Copy
County	1 Copy	1 Copy Each Submittal	1 Copy	1 Copy	None	1 Copy
Inspector	2 Copies	1 Copy Each Submittal	1 Copy	1 Copy	None	1 Copy
Project Record Data (see Note 2)	1 Copy	1 Copy Each Submittal	1 Copy	1 Сору	None	1 Сору

SHOP DRAWING SUBMITTAL DISTRIBUTION

NOTES:

1. Contractor shall distribute additional copies to Subcontractors as required.

2. Stored by Contractor to be furnished to County upon closeout.

- S. All Shop Drawings shall be accompanied with a transmittal letter providing the following information:
 - 1. Project Title and Contract Number
 - 2. Date
 - 3. Contractor's name and address
 - 4. The number of each Shop Drawing, project data, and sample required
 - 5. Notification of Deviations from Contract Documents
 - 6. Submittal Log Number conforming to specification section numbers
 - a. Submit each specification section separately.
 - b. Identify each Shop Drawing item required under respective specification section.
 - c. Identify resubmittal using specification section followed by A (first resubmittal), B (second resubmittal)...etc.

3.02 CONTRACTOR'S REVIEW

A. Contractor's Responsibility for Coordination: Where the dimension, size, shape, location, capacity or other characteristic affects another item, and where the Contractor selects, fabricates or installs related or adjacent products to be used, the Contractor shall be responsible for coordination of related items. The Contractor shall insure that a proper exchange of information takes place prior to or during preparation of each submittal and that submittals reflect such coordination. The notation "verify" or "coordinate" on the Drawings indicates the necessity for Contractor coordination in the particular instances used.

- B. Contractor's Checking: When checking submittals from Subcontractors and suppliers, the Contractor shall mark all sets, indicating his corrections and comments in blue or green. Copies marked in red may be returned for revision.
- C. The Contractor is responsible to deliver and pick-up all submittals in a timely manner at the County/Professional's designated office. The Contractor is responsible for all related costs and expenses for the transmittal of such submittals.

3.03 COUNTY'S / PROFESSIONAL'S REVIEW

- A. Corrections or comments made on Shop Drawings during review do not relieve the Contractor from compliance with the requirements of Drawings and Specifications. This check is only for review of general conformance with the design concept of this Project and general compliance with information given in Contract Documents. Any substitutions or changes shall be properly noted.
- B. No action will be taken on "rough-in" Shop Drawings for plumbing and electrical connections when the items of equipment are not included in the same submittal.
- C. Review Time:
 - 1. On a normal basis, each submittal will be returned to the Contractor within 15 working days of the date it is received. Some submittals may require additional time.
 - 2. If, for any reason, the above schedule cannot be met, the Contractor will be so informed within a reasonable period and the Schedule of Submittals revised. If the specific submittal affects the critical path, the Contractor shall immediately notify the County/Professional in writing. In the event of separate submittals of individual components of a system, these submittals may be held until all components of the system are submitted, and the Contractor will be so notified.

SECTION 01301 PRODUCT SUBSTITUTIONS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. General

- 1. Base all bids on materials and equipment specified in the Appendix D Orange County Utilities List of Approved Products.
- 2. Certain types of equipment and kinds of material are described in specifications by means of references to names of manufacturers and vendors, trade names, or catalog numbers.
 - a. When this method of specifying is used, it is not intended to exclude from consideration other products bearing other manufacturer's or vendor's names, trade names, or catalog numbers, provided said products are "or-equals," as determined by County/Professional.
- 3. Other types of equipment and kinds of material may be acceptable substitutions under the following conditions:
 - a. Or-equals are unavailable due to strike, discontinued production of products meeting specified requirements, or other factors beyond control of Contractor; or,
 - b. Contractor proposes a cost and/or time reduction incentive to the Owner.

1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. In making request for substitution or in using an approved product, Contractor:
 - 1. Has investigated proposed product, and has determined that it is adequate or superior in all respects to that specified, and that it will perform the function for which it is intended.
 - 2. Will provide same guarantee for substitute item as for product specified.
 - 3. Waives all claims for additional costs related to substitution which subsequently arise.

1.03 DEFINITIONS

A. Product: Manufactured material or equipment.

1.04 PROCEDURE FOR REQUESTING SUBSTITUTION

- A. Substitution shall be considered only:
 - 1. After award of Contract
 - 2. Under the conditions stated herein
- B. Written request through Contractor only.

- C. Transmittal Mechanics
 - 1. Follow the transmittal mechanics prescribed for Shop Drawings in Specification Section 01300 "Submittals."
 - a. Product substitution will include in the transmittal letter, either directly or as a clearly marked attachment, the items listed in Paragraph D below.
- D. Transmittal Contents
 - 1. Product identification:
 - a. Manufacturer's name
 - b. Telephone number and representative contact name
 - c. Specification Section or Drawing reference of originally specified product, including discrete name or tag number assigned to original product in the Contract Documents.
 - 2. Manufacturer's literature clearly marked to show compliance of proposed product with Contract Documents.
 - 3. Itemized comparison of original and proposed product addressing product characteristics including but not necessarily limited to:
 - a. Size
 - b. Composition or materials of construction
 - c. Weight
 - d. Electrical or mechanical requirements
 - 4. Product experience
 - a. Location of past projects utilizing product.
 - b. Name and telephone number of persons associated with referenced projects knowledgeable concerning proposed product.
 - c. Available field data and reports associated with proposed product.
 - 5. Data relating to changes in construction schedule.
 - 6. Data relating to changes in cost.
 - 7. Samples
 - a. At request of County/Professional.
 - b. Full size if requested by County/Professional.
 - c. Held until substantial completion.
 - d. County/Professional is not responsible for loss or damage to samples.

1.05 APPROVAL OR REJECTION

- A. Written approval or rejection of substitution to be given by the Engineer.
- B. Engineer reserves the right to require proposed product to comply with color and pattern of specified product if necessary to secure design intent.
- C. In the event the substitution is approved, the resulting cost and/or time reduction will be documented by Change Order in accordance with the General Conditions.
- D. Substitution will be rejected if:
 - 1. Submittal is not through the Contractor with his stamp of approval.
 - 2. Request is not made in accordance with this Specification Section.

- 3. In the County/Professional's opinion, acceptance will require substantial revision of the original design.
- 4. In the County/Professional's opinion, substitution will not perform adequately the function consistent with the design intent.
- E. Contractor shall reimburse the County for the cost of the evaluation whether or not substitution is approved.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS - (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION - (NOT USED)

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SECTION 01310 PROGRESS SCHEDULES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 REQUIREMENT

- A. The Contractor will submit precedence method cost loaded Critical Path Method (CPM) Progress Schedules to the County depicting the approach to prosecution and completion of the Work. This requirement includes, but is not limited to the Contractor's approach to Activity cost loading, recovering schedule and managing the effect of changes, substitutions and Delays on Work sequencing.
- B. The Progress Schedule shall show how the Contractor's priorities and sequencing for the Work (or Work remaining) conform to the Contract requirements and the sequences of Work indicated in or required by the Contract Documents; reflect how the Contractor anticipates foreseeable events, site conditions and all other general, local and prevailing conditions that may affect cost, progress, schedule, furnishing and performance of the Work; and show how the Contractor's Means and Methods translate into Activities and logic.
- C. The Progress Schedule will consist of the Initial Submittal, Payment Submittals and Revision Submittals. Upon acceptance by the County, the Initial submittal will become the As-Planned Schedule for the Work. Revision submittals upon acceptance will become the As-Planned Schedule for the Work remaining to be completed as of the submittal date for that Revision.
- D. References to the Critical Path Method (CPM) are to CPM construction industry standards that are consistent with the requirements of this Section.

1.02 GLOSSARY OF TERMS

- A. The following terms, whether or not already defined elsewhere in the Contract Documents, have the following intent and meanings within this Section:
 - 1. Activity Value (Value): That portion of the Contract Price representing an appropriate level of payment for the part of the Work designated by the Activity.
 - 2. As-Planned Schedule: The first, complete Initial Progress Schedule submitted by the Contractor with the intent to depict the entire Work as awarded and accepted by the County or returned as no resubmittal required.
 - 3. Contract Float: Days between the Contractors anticipated date for completion of the Work, or of a specified portion of the Work, if any, and the corresponding Contract Time.

- 4. CPM Schedule: The Progress Schedule based on the Critical Path Method (CPM) of scheduling. The term Critical Path means any continuous sequence of Activities in the Progress Schedule controlling, because of their sum duration, the Early Date of a pertinent, specified Contract Time.
- 5. Early/Late Dates: Early/late times of performance, based on CPM calculations, for an Activity in the Progress Schedule. Early Dates will be based on proceeding with all or part of the Work on the date when the corresponding Contract Time commences to run. Late Dates will be based on completing all or part of the Work on the corresponding Contract Time, even if the Contractor plans early completion.
- 6. Milestones: Key, pre-determined points of progress in the completion of a facility, denoting interim targets in support of the Contract Times. Milestones may pinpoint targets for key excavation and substructure events, significant deliveries, critical path transition from superstructure to piping and electrical rough in and building enclosure. Also, hook-up of mechanical and electrical equipment, availability of power for testing, equipment shakedown, training of County personnel, start□-up, Substantial Completion and other events of like import.
- 7. Official Schedule: The Initial or most recent Revision Submittal accepted by the County or returned as no resubmittal required and the basis for Payment Submittals until another Revision Submittal is submitted and accepted. The accepted Initial Submittal is also the As-Planned Schedule.
- 8. Payment Submittal: A monthly Progress Schedule update reflecting progress and minor adjustments on the Activities, sequencing and restraints for Work remaining.
- 9. Total Float: Days by which an activity may slip from its Early Dates without necessarily extending a pertinent Contract Time. Total Float at least equals Contract Float. Total Float may also be calculated and reported in working Days. When an activity is delayed beyond Early Dates by its Total Float it becomes a Critical Path activity and if delayed further will impact a Contract Time.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. The Contractor may self-perform the Work covered by this Section or employ a Subcontractor, subject to the County's consent. Employment of a scheduling Subcontractor shall not in any way alter or reduce the Contractor's obligations under the Contract Documents.
- B. The Contractor will obtain a written interpretation from the County, if the Contractor believes that the selection of activities, logic ties and/or restraints requires a written interpretation of the Contract Documents. With each submission, the Contractor will point out by specific, written notation, any Progress Schedule feature that may reflect variations from any requirements of the Contract Documents.
- C. It is the Contractor's responsibility to obtain information directly from each Subcontractor and Supplier when scoping their respective Activities, Values, logic ties and restraints.

- D. Neither Acceptance nor Review of any Progress Schedule will relieve the Contractor from the obligation to comply with the Contract Times and any sequence of Work indicated in or required by the Contract Documents and to complete, within the Contract Times, any Work omitted from that Progress Schedule.
- E. Neither Acceptance nor Review of any Progress Schedule will imply approval of any interpretation of or variation from the Contract Documents, unless expressly approved by the County through a written interpretation or by a separate, written notation on the returned Progress Schedule Submittal.

1.04 MILESTONES AND SCHEDULE RECOVERY

- A. The County will select Milestones and Milestone Dates on the basis of the As-Planned Schedule. As the Official Schedule is revised, Milestone Dates will be revised accordingly. Milestone Dates will serve as target dates.
- B. Whenever any Activity slips by 14 or more Days from the Late Date for an activity in the Official Schedule, Milestone Dates selected by the County, or a pertinent Contract Time, the Contractor will deliver a Revision Submittal documenting the Contractor's schedule recovery plan and/or a properly supported request for an extension in the Contract Time. The narrative will identify the Delay and actions taken by the Contractor to recover schedule, whether by adding labor, Subcontractors or construction equipment, activity resequencing, expediting of submittals and/or deliveries, overtime or shift Work, and so forth. Activity shortening and overlapping shall be explained as to their basis (and be supported by increases in resources).
- C. Upon evaluation of that Revision Submittal, if the County determines there is sufficient cause, the County may withhold liquidated damages or provide a notice of intent to do so, if schedule is indeed not recovered, and/or may give a notice of default.

1.05 PROGRESS SCHEDULE SOFTWARE

- A. The scheduling software employed by the Contractor to process the Progress Schedule will be the current version of Primavera P6.0®, or Primavera® Contractor 5.0 CPM scheduling software.
- B. If the Contractor intends to use companion schedule reporting, analysis or graphics software tools, the Contractor will furnish to the County descriptive materials and samples describing such software tools.

1.06 NON-PERFORMANCE

A. The County may refuse to recommend all or any part of any payment, if the Contractor fails, refuses or neglects to provide the required Progress Schedule information on a timely basis. Partial payments without a properly updated Progress Schedule shall be returned to the Contractor as non-conforming.

B. If justified under the circumstances, the County also may prepare alternate Progress Schedules, as appropriate, and deduct from the Contract Amount all related costs by Change Order and/or take other action commensurate with the breach.

1.07 REPORTS, SCHEDULES AND PLOTS

- A. Schedule Reports will include Activity (ID) code and description, duration, calendar, Early Dates, Late Dates and Total Float. Separate Schedule Reports will tabulate, for each Activity, all preceding and succeeding logic types and lead times, whether CPM Plots displaying logic ties are appended or not.
- B. CPM Schedule Plots will be plotted on a suitable time scale and identify the Contract Times, Critical Paths, phases and work areas on 24-inch x 36-inch or smaller sheets. Activities will be shown on the Early Dates with Total Floats noted by Late Date flags. For Payment and Revision Submittals plot a target comparison based on the current Official Schedule.
- C. The Activity Value report will tabulate Activity code and description and Activity Value, percent complete and earned value as calculated by the scheduling software. Cash flow plots shall be provided showing the monthly and cumulative actual and planned earned values with curves shown for Early and Late Dates in the schedules. For Payment and Revision Schedule submittals, the cash flow curves shall also plot the most current Official Schedule planned earnings curves.
- D. Each submittal shall include listings of all added and deleted activities, logic, constraints, Activity Value changes and update information vs. the previous Progress Schedule submittal. This list may be manually prepared or generated by accessory software that will generate such listings.

1.08 NARRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

- A. The Initial Submittal narrative will describe the Contractor's approach to prosecution of the Work and the basis for determination of activity durations, sequence and logic, including the Contractor's management of the site, e.g., lay down, staging, parking, etc.; Contractor's phasing of the Work; use of crewing and construction equipment; identification of non-work County/Professional's, shifts, weekend Work and multiple calendars applied to activities and an explanation of the basis for restraint dates.
- B. Revision and Payment Submittal narratives will explain any changes to the approach or planning referred to in Paragraph A above on account of any change, delay, schedule recovery, substitution and/or Contractor-initiated revision occurring since the previous submittal.
- C. Each narrative will list the Critical Path Activities and compare Early and Late Dates against Contract Times and Milestone Dates. Narratives shall also recap progress and Days gained or lost vs. the current Official Schedule, and identify delays, their extent and causes.

D. The Initial Submittal narrative will describe all delays occurring since Contract Award and all pending and anticipated "or equal" and substitution proposals. Payment and Revision Submittal narratives will describe any new delays and shall certify that the Contractor has not been delayed, as of the cut off date, by any acts or omissions of the County, except as otherwise specifically stated.

1.09 ACTIVITY REQUIREMENTS

- A. Separate activities will identify permits, design when included in the Work, construction, Submittal preparation and review (and resubmission and re-review), deliveries (site or storage), testing, start-up, commissioning and Punch List.
- B. Activities will be detailed to the extent required to show the transition of trade Work. Activities will delineate the progression of the Work.
- C. Activities will not combine separate or non-concurrent items of Unit Price or lump sum Work.
- D. Activity durations will equal the Work Days required to sufficiently complete the Work designated by the Activity, (i.e., when finish-to-start successors could start, even if the Activity is not quite 100% complete). Installation Activities will last from 10 to 40 workdays. Submittal review activity durations shall conform to specified timeframes.
- E. Activities will be assigned consistent descriptions and identification codes. Sort codes will group Activities by meaningful schemes.
- F. Activities will be assigned Activity Values as appropriate and needed to reasonably allocate the Contract Amount to the time periods that they will be earned and eligible for payment based on the Progress Schedule and Schedule of Values. Separate pay activities may be used to simplify cost loading of the Progress Schedule. When used, pay activities shall be loaded with the cost of Work that is included, at no cost, in related (generally, concurrent) CPM activities. Pay activities shall not control the rate of progress; however, their start and finish dates shall be consistent with those of their related CPM activities to ensure accurate Early Date and Late Date cash-flow plots.

1.10 FLOAT TOLERANCES AND FLOAT OWNERSHIP

- A. Any Progress Schedule with Early Dates after a Contract Time will yield negative Total and Contract Floats, whether shown/calculated or not. Any Revision Submittal with less than negative 20-days of Float will be returned as "Revise and Resubmit," unless a time extension is requested or the County assesses liquidated damages or gives notice of intent to do so, in the event schedule is not recovered.
- B. Float calculated from the definitions given in this Section supersede any conflicting Float values in any early completion Progress Schedule.

C. Neither the County nor the Contractor own the Float time, the Project owns the Float time. Neither the County nor the Contractor use of positive Total Float will impact a Contract Completion Date or justify an extension of Contract Time.

1.11 SUBMITTALS

- A. Each Progress Schedule Submittal will consist of a narrative, 5 copies of the required reports and plots and an optical ROM data disk with the Contractor's corresponding schedule and schedule layout files in Primavera ".XER" format.
- B. The County will review Progress Schedule Submittals and return a review copy within 14-days after receipt and the Contractor shall, if required, resubmit within 7-days after return of the review copy.
- C. Requirements for the Initial Submittal:
 - 1. Within 20-days after receipt of Notice to Proceed and prior to commencing Work on the Project, prepare and submit to the County the Initial Submittal of the Progress Schedule for the Work. The Initial Submittal will show the Work as awarded, without delays, Change Orders or substitutions.
 - a. Activity Values will prorate Schedule of Values costs and/or pay items through to Activities. Provide a cross-reference listing with two parts; a part that will list each activity with the respective amounts allocated from each Schedule of Values and Unit Price Item making up the total value of each activity and a second part that will list the Schedule of Values and Unit Price Items with the respective amounts allocated from each activity that make up the total value of each item.
 - 2. After the As-Planned Schedule is established, the County will select Milestones and record the Milestone Early and Late Dates. As the Official Schedule evolves, Milestone Dates will be revised accordingly.
 - 3. If the County refuses to endorse the Initial Submittal (or a resubmission) as "Resubmittal Not Required," the As-Planned Schedule will not be established. In that event, the Contractor will continue to submit Payment and Revision Submittals reflecting progress and the Contractor's approach to remaining Work. The County will rely on the available Payment and Revision Submittals, subject to whatever adjustments it determines appropriate.
- D. Requirements for Payment Submittals:
 - 1. Payment Submittals with progress up to the closing date and updated Early Dates and Late Dates for progress and remaining Activities will be due with each Progress Payment. As-built data will consist of actual dates, percent complete, earned payment, changes, Delays and other significant events occurring before the closing date.
 - 2. Activity percent complete and earned value should indicate a level of completion that corresponds to the Application for Progress Payment for the same period. The earned value should be calculated by the scheduling software as Activity Value times percent complete. Explanation should be provided whenever the cumulative earned value of activities in a Payment Submittal is not within 10% of the value of Work completed as represented in the corresponding Application for Progress for Payment.

- 3. At the Contractor's option, a Payment Submittal may overlay minor adjustments on activities and sequencing for Work remaining. This excludes Activity re-scoping to reflect Delays, changes, schedule recovery or substitutions.
- E. Requirements for Revision Submittals:
 - 1. Revision Submittals will be submitted when necessary because of major changes or delays affecting activities, sequencing or restraints for Work remaining and/or to put forth a schedule recovery plan. Revision Submittals may also be required because of Contractor-initiated re-planning, or when Contractor plans to perform Work ahead or out-of-sequence that will require additional testing or inspection personnel, or when requested by the County when Work is performed out-of-sequence from the current Official Schedule such that the number of Days gained or lost can not be determined or the scheduled dates of completion of the Work in a Payment Submittal are not viewed as reliable.
 - 2. If requesting a time extension, the Revision Submittal should show the impact of the delay after incorporating reasonable mitigation to minimize the impact and illustrate how the number of Days requested time extension was determined. The delay should be determined as the change in the forecast Contract Completion Date(s) resulting solely from delays that entitle the Contractor to a time extension as provided in the General Conditions. Any and all Contractor slippage and delay occurring prior to and concurrent with the delay potentially entitling the Contractor to a time extension shall be incorporated in the Revision and explained such that the concurrent and non-concurrent periods of delay are indicated. If the Contractor does not follow the procedures contained in this Section or, if the Contractor's analysis is not verifiable by an independent, objective evaluation by the County using the electronic files and data furnished by the Contractor, any such extension in Contract Time will not be granted.
- F. Retrospective Delay Analysis.
 - 1. If the County/Professional refuses to endorse any Revision Submittal as "Resubmittal Not Required," the Contractor and County will use the latest Official Schedule when evaluating the effect of Delays on Contract Time and/or Contract Price. The procedure to be used will consist of progressively updating the latest Official Schedule at key closing dates corresponding to starting and finishing dates of the delays and/or dates the delays became critical or dates the Critical Path may have changed for other reasons. For each Progress Schedule iteration, slippage between actual Milestone Dates and Initial Milestone Dates will be correlated to Delays occurring solely in that iteration.
 - 2. For each iteration, revisions in Activities, logic ties and restraints affecting Work after the closing date will be included in that Progress Schedule only if they meet any of the following conditions. First, they are Progress Schedule revisions that the County consented to contemporaneously (i.e., before the closing date) in writing. Second, they reflect comments or objections raised by or on behalf of the County and that were actually confirmed by the as-built progress. Lastly, they represent Contractor's schedule recovery plans or other Progress Schedule revisions that were actually confirmed by the as-built progress.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (NOT USED)

SECTION 01370 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DEFINITION

A. Schedule of Values: Schedule that divides the Contract Amount into pay items, such that the sum of all pay items equals the Contract Amount for the Work, or for any portion of the Work having a separate specified Contract Amount.

1.02 REQUIREMENT

- A. The Schedule of Values established as provided in the General Conditions will serve as the basis for progress payments and will be incorporated into a form of Application for Payment acceptable to the County. Progress payments on account of Unit Price Work will be based on the number of units completed and shall be prorated by the percent complete on the number of units installed not meeting all requirements of the Contract including testing
- B. No payment will be made for Work performed on a lump sum contract or a lump sum item until the appropriate Schedule of Values is approved by the County.
- C. The equitable value of Work deleted from a lump sum contract or lump sum item shall be determined from the approved Schedule of Values.

1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit 3 copies of a Preliminary Schedule of Values within 15-days after the recommended award of the Contract.
- B. Submit 3 copies of a proposed final Schedule of Values within 20-days after receipt of Notice to Proceed as per the General Conditions.
- C. Submit the Schedule of Values, typed, on EJCDC 1910-8-E form or Orange County forms or spreadsheets provided by County. The Contractor's standard form or electronic media printout will be considered for acceptability by the County.
- D. List installed value of each major item of Work and each subcontracted item of Work as a separate line item to serve as a basis for computing values for Progress Payments. Round off values to nearest dollar.
- E. Coordinate listings with the Progress Schedule.
- F. For items on which payments will be requested for stored materials or equipment, list sub-values for cost of stored products with taxes paid and provide corresponding schedule of value item number. Stored materials quantities shall not exceed installed quantities on bid tab or as required by the Contract Documents.

- G. Submit a sub-schedule for each separate stage of Work specified in Section 01010 "Summary of Work."
- H. The sum of values listed shall equal the total Contract Amount for the Work or the Contract Amount for a part of the Work with a separate Contract Amount provided for by the Contract Documents.
- I. When the County requires substantiating information, submit data justifying line item amounts in question.

1.04 UNIT PRICE CONTRACTS

A. For unit price contracts, the bid item prices on the Project Bid Schedule shall be used as the basis for the schedule of values. The Contractor shall resubmit the bid item prices in the format described herein, and may, at its option, or if requested by the County, divide the items in the Project Bid Schedule into sub-items to provide a more detailed basis of payment.

1.05 LUMP SUM CONTRACTS

- A. For lump sum contracts, if the Work involves separate facilities, e.g. multiple pump stations, the cost of the Work shall be separated by each facility and into schedule of value items. Break principal subcontract amounts down into these items; The lump sum cost for each facility shall be submitted individually and split into the schedule of values listed in items 1 through 17.
 - 1. Mobilization/Demobilization at 5% of the base bid for the pump station.
 - 2. Project Record Documents at 1% of the base bid for the pump station.
 - 3. Indemnification at \$100.00 divided by the number of pump stations in the project.
 - 4. Demolition of existing pump station
 - 5. Bypass pumping
 - 6. Wetwell structure, liner, top slab, hatch covers and appurtenances
 - 7. Valve vault structure, hatch covers and appurtenances, drain piping and appurtenances
 - 8. Wetwell (mechanical): 316 stainless steel piping and appurtenances, pumps and base plates
 - 9. Valve vault (mechanical): piping, valves, and appurtenances
 - 10. Yard piping, fittings, valves, and appurtenances (outside of structures)
 - 11. Site work and access drive
 - 12. Chain link fence and gates
 - 13. Masonry walls and gates
 - 14. Odor control equipment, related piping, monitoring equipment, etc.
 - 15. Generator, fuel storage tank and related piping
 - 16. Electrical control panel, wiring, and connections
 - 17. Start-up and testing

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (NOT USED)

SECTION 01380 AUDIO – VISUAL DOCUMENTATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 PURPOSE AND DESCRIPTION OF WORK

A. The purpose of the audio - visual documentation is to provide the County with regularly documented audio - visual records of the Construction process from the existing conditions through final completion.

1.02 PRE-CONSTRUCTION VIDEO REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED

- A. The Contractor shall employ a professional videographer to take a Pre-Construction video of the entire site including the areas of adjacent properties within 100-feet of the limits of Work and shall be made within 30-days of Work beginning. Special attention shall be made to show the existing paved roads, shoulders, signs, and other existing features.
- B. The Contractor shall submit a quality audio-video recording documenting Pre-Construction field conditions for the entire project. When the Work includes construction of water, wastewater, reuse, or other lines in the vicinity of any street or road, the Contractor shall take digital audio-video recordings of existing conditions along both sides of the street or road. The Pre-Construction video shall be submitted to the County and accepted prior to commencing any Work or using any Contractor laydown areas.
- C. Electronic digital photography shall also be used as necessary to record and facilitate resolution of on-site issues through the transmission of electronic photographs by e-mail from the site to the Professional's and County's offices.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 AUDIO-VIDEO RECORDING

A. Each audio-video recording shall be saved on appropriate DVD media viewable on standard DVD players or computer.

B. Each DVD shall contain the following information and arrangement at the beginning as a title screen:

Orange County, Florida PROJECT NAME PROJECT NUMBER CONTRACTOR: (Name of Contractor) DATE: (When photo was taken) VIDEO BY: (Firm Name of Videographer) LOCATION: (Description of Location(s) and View(s))

- C. Each DVD recording section shall begin with an audio description of the County's name, Contract name and number, Contractor's name, date and location information such as street name, direction of travel, viewing side, etc.
- D. Information appearing on the video recording must be continuous and run simultaneously by computer generated transparent digital information. No editing or overlaying of information at a later date will be acceptable.
- E. Digital information to appear in the upper left corner shall be as follows:
 - 1. Name of Contractor
 - 2. Day, date and time
 - 3. Name of Project & Specification Number
- F. Time must be accurate and continuously displayed on the video record
- G. Written documentation must coincide with the information on the DVD so as to make easy retrieval of locations at a later date.
- H. The video system shall have the capability to transfer individual frames of video electronically into hard copy prints or photographic negatives.
- I. Audio shall be recorded at the same time as the video recording and shall have the same information as on the viewing screen. Special commentary shall be given for unusual conditions of buildings, sidewalks and curbing, foundations, trees and shrubbery, structures, equipment, pavement, etc.
- J. All DVDs and boxes shall bear labels with the following information:
 - 1. DVD Number
 - 2. County's Name
 - 3. Date of Recording
 - 4. Project Name and Number
 - 5. Location and Standing Limit of Video

2.02 CONSTRUCTION PHOTOGRAPHS

A. The Contractor shall employ a competent photographer to take construction record photographs periodically during the course of the Work.

- B. Prints: Date imprinted 8-inch x 10-inch high resolution glossy single weight color print paper; 5 sets, bound in 3-ring binders to be provided to the County with each respective Application for Payment and distributed by the County as follows:
 - 1. County (2 sets)
 - 2. Engineer (1 set)
 - 3. Contractor (1 set)
 - 4. Project Record Data (1 set stored by Contractor to be furnished to County upon Closeout)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 VIDEO VIEWS REQUIRED

- A. Complete coverage shall include all surface features within 100-feet of the Work area to be used by the Contractor and shall be supported by appropriate audio description made simultaneously with video coverage. Such coverage shall include, but not be limited to, all existing driveways, sidewalks, curbs, ditches, roadways, landscaping, trees, culverts, headwalls, and retaining walls, equipment, structures, pavements, manholes, vaults, handrails, etc. located within the work zone. Video coverage shall extend to the maximum height of all structures within this zone.
- B. The video recorder shall take special efforts to point out and provide audio commentary on cracking, breakage, damage, and other defects in existing features.
- C. All video recording shall be done during times of good visibility. No video recording shall be done during periods of visible precipitation, or when more than 10% of the ground area is covered with standing water, unless otherwise authorized by County.
- D. Prior to commencement of audio-video recording, the Contractor shall notify the County in writing within 48-hours of the audio-video recording. The County may provide a designated representative to accompany and observe all video recording operations. Audio-video recording completed without a County Representative present will be unacceptable unless specifically authorized by the County.

3.02 AUDIO-VIDEO REQUIREMENTS

- A. Major Locations:
 - 1. The Contractor shall provide color digital video of each major facility and structures and facilities adjacent to the Construction before construction starts.
 - 2. All videos shall be recorded with character generator operating with date, time, and location on screen. During video recording, the Contractor shall narrate video explaining what is being shown. All master videos shall be delivered to the County.

- 3. The audio and video portions of the recording shall maintain viewer orientation. To this end, overall establishing views of all visible house and business addresses shall be used. In areas where the proposed construction location will not be readily apparent to the video recording viewer, highly visible yellow flags shall be placed, by the Contractor, in such a fashion as to clearly indicate the proposed centerline of Construction. When conventional wheeled vehicles are used as conveyances for the recording system, the vertical distance between the camera lens and the ground shall not exceed 10-feet. The camera shall be firmly mounted such that transport of the camera during the recording process will not cause an unsteady picture.
- 4. All video recording shall be done during time of good visibility. No video recording shall be done during precipitation, mist or fog. The recording shall only be done when sufficient sunlight is present to properly illuminate the subjects of recording and to produce bright, sharp video recordings of those subjects.
- 5. The average rate of travel during a particular segment of coverage shall be directly proportional to the number, size and value of the surface features within that construction area's zone of influence. The rate of speed in the general direction of travel of the vehicle used during taping shall not exceed 44-feet per minute.

3.03 PHOTOGRAPHS

- A. A minimum of 3 views (top, upstream, and downstream) each shall generally be taken prior to backfilling pipelines or structures. Photographs shall be provided for:
 - 1. Utility conflicts/relocations
 - 2. Manholes
 - 3. Pump stations
 - 4. Boring and jacking
 - 5. Directional drilling pipe entrance and exit
 - 6. Valve installation
 - 7. Air release valve installation
 - 8. Fire hydrant assembly
- B. Photo Identification
 - 1. Name of Project
 - 2. Name of Structure
 - 3. Orientation of View
 - 4. Date & Time of Exposure
 - 5. Film numbered identification of exposure

SECTION 01400 QUALITY CONTROL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SITE INVESTIGATION AND CONTROL

- A. Contractor shall verify all dimensions in the field and check field conditions continuously during construction. Contractor shall be solely responsible for any inaccuracies built into the Work due to Contractor's failure to comply with this requirement.
- B. Contractor shall inspect related and appurtenant Work and report in writing to County any conditions which will prevent proper completion of the Work. Failure to report any such conditions shall constitute acceptance of all site conditions, and any required removal, repair, or replacement caused by unsuitable conditions shall be performed by the Contractor at Contractor's sole cost and expense.

1.02 INSPECTION OF THE WORK

- A. The Work shall be conducted under the general observation of representatives of the County acting on behalf of the County to ensure strict compliance with the requirements of the Contract Documents. Such inspection may include mill, plant, shop, or field inspection, as required. The County shall be permitted access to all parts of the Work, including plants where materials or equipment are manufactured or fabricated. Inspection by the County are in addition to the inspections required of Contractor by his QC Representatives.
- B. The presence of the County, however, shall not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for the proper execution of the Work in accordance with all requirements of the Contract Documents. Compliance is a duty of the Contractor, and said duty shall not be avoided by any act or omission on the part of the County. Further, no requirement of this Contract may be waived or modified except by change order or formal (written) substitution approval.
- C. All materials and articles furnished by the Contractor shall be subject to rigid inspection, and no materials or articles shall be used in the Work until they have been inspected and accepted by the County. No Work shall be backfilled, buried, cast in concrete, hidden, or otherwise covered until it has been inspected. Any Work so covered in the absence of inspection shall be subject to uncovering. Where uninspected Work cannot be uncovered, such as in concrete cast over reinforcing steel, all such Work shall be subject to demolition, removal, and reconstruction under proper inspection and no additional payment will be allowed therefore.

D. The Contractor is responsible for the Quality of his own work and shall designate a qualified individual, to be approved by the County, who will ensure that all work is performed in strict accordance with the Contract Documents. This quality representative shall inspect the work for the Contractor and provide to the County and the Contractor a report outlining all work accomplished, all inspections, and all testing performed for all days when work is performed. The objective of this report is to provide "Objective Evidence of Compliance" by the Contractor with the requirements of the Contract.

1.03 TIME OF INSPECTION AND TESTS

A. Samples and testing required under these Specifications shall be furnished and prepared in ample time for the completion of the necessary tests and analyses before said articles or materials are to be used. Except as otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, performance of the required tests will be by the Contractor and all costs therefore will be borne by the Contractor at no cost to the County. Whenever the Contractor is ready to backfill, bury, cast in concrete, hide, or otherwise cover any Work under this Contract, the County shall be notified not less than 24-hours in advance to request inspection before beginning any such Work of covering. Failure of the Contractor to notify the County at least 24-hours in advance of any such inspections shall be reasonable cause for the County to order a sufficient delay in the Contractor's schedule to allow time for such inspection, any remedial, or corrective work required, and all costs of such delays, including its impact on other portions of the Work, shall be borne by the Contractor.

1.04 SAMPLING AND TESTING

- A. When not otherwise specified, all sampling and testing shall be in accordance with the methods prescribed in the current standards of the ASTM, as applicable to the class and nature of the article or materials considered. However, the County reserves the right to use any generally accepted system of inspection which, in the opinion of the County, will ensure the County that the quality of the workmanship is in full accord with the Contract Documents.
- B. Any waiver of any specific testing or other quality assurance measures, whether or not such waiver is accompanied by a guarantee of substantial performance as a relief form the specified testing or other quality assurance requirements as originally specified, and whether or not such guarantee is accompanied by a performance bond to assure execution of any necessary corrective or remedial work, shall not be construed as a waiver of any technical or qualitative requirements of the Contract Documents.
- C. Notwithstanding the existence of such waiver, the County shall reserve the right to make independent investigations and tests as specified in the following paragraph and, upon failure of any portion of the Work to meet any of the qualitative requirements of the Contract Documents, shall be reasonable cause for the County to require the removal or correction and reconstruction of any such Work.

D. In addition to any other inspection or quality assurance provisions that may be specified, the County shall have the right to independently select, test, and analyze, at the expense of the County, additional test specimens of any or all of the materials to be used. Results of such tests and analyses shall be considered along with the tests or analyses made by the Contractor to determine compliance with the applicable specifications for the materials so tested or analyzed provided that wherever any portion of the Work is discovered, as a result of such independent testing or investigation by the County which fails to meet the requirements of the Contract Documents, all costs of such independent inspection and investigation and all costs of removal, correction, reconstruction, or repair of any such Work shall be borne by the Contractor.

1.05 RIGHT OF REJECTION

- A. The County shall have the right at all times and places to reject any articles or materials to be furnished hereunder which, in any respect, fail to meet the requirements of the Contract Documents, regardless of whether the defects in such articles or materials are detected at the point of manufacture or after completion of the Work at the site. If the County or inspector, through an oversight or otherwise, has accepted materials or Work which is defective or which is contrary to the Contract Documents, such material, no matter in what stage or condition of manufacture, delivery, or erection, may be rejected by County.
- B. Contractor shall promptly remove rejected articles or materials from the site of the Work after notification or rejection.
- C. All costs of removal and replacement of rejected articles or materials, as specified herein, shall be borne by the Contractor.
- D. If the Contractor fails to remove or replace defective work after notification to do so, the County may have the work removed and replaced by others and deduct all costs from the Contractor's pay requests.

1.06 TESTING LABS

A. All geotechnical testing laboratory services for field testing will be paid by the County. The lab(s) shall function as independent lab(s) and report independently to the County and the Contractor. The test lab(s) may not approve or allow any deviation from the Contract Documents.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (NOT USED)

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SECTION 01410

TESTING AND TESTING LABORATORY SERVICES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

- A. Scope of Work:
 - 1. County will employ and pay for services of an Independent Testing Laboratory to perform Testing specifically indicated on the Contract Documents or specified in the Specifications and may at any other time elect to have materials and equipment tested for conformity with the Contract Documents.
 - 2. Contractor shall cooperate with the laboratory to facilitate the execution of its required services.
 - 3. Employment of laboratory by County shall in no way relieve Contractor's obligations to perform the Work.
- B. Related Requirements Described Elsewhere:
 - 1. Conditions of the Contract.
 - 2. Respective section of Specifications: Certification of products.
 - 3. Each Specification section listed: Laboratory tests required and standards for testing.

1.02 CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. Cooperate with County's personnel; provide access to work and manufacturer's operations.
- B. Secure and deliver to the County adequate representational samples of materials proposed to be used and which require testing.
- C. Provide to the County the preliminary design mix proposed to be used for concrete, and other materials mixes which require control by the testing laboratory.
- D. Materials and equipment used in the performance of work under this Contract are subject to inspection and testing at the point of manufacture or fabrication. The County may require the Contractor to provide statements or certificates from the manufacturers and fabricators that the materials and equipment provided by them are manufactured or fabricated in full accordance with the standard specifications indicated in the Contract Documents. All costs of this testing and providing statements and certificates shall be a subsidiary obligation of the Contractor, and no extra charge to the County shall be allowed on account of such testing and certification.
- E. Contractor shall not have direct contact with laboratory or laboratory personnel. All testing shall be coordinated through County.
- F. Furnish incidental labor and facilities:

- 1. To provide access to work to be tested.
- 2. To obtain and handle samples at the Project site or at the source of the product to be tested.
- 3. To facilitate inspections and tests.
- 4. For storage and curing of test samples.
- G. Notify County sufficiently in advance of operations to allow for laboratory assignment of personnel and scheduling of tests. When tests or inspections cannot be performed after such notice, reimburse County for laboratory personnel and travel expenses incurred.. The following field testing schedule summarizes the responsibilities of various tests that may be required by the Contract Documents.

TEST	NOTES	PAID FOR
Soil Compaction	 A. Pipe Work: Every 300 ft. at each lift of compaction B. Structures: As a minimum one test per 2000 SF of fill area per lift, or at least 2 tests per structure, per lift. As specified in material specifications sections 	County
ow Pressure Air Exfiltration Each section of gravity sewer pipe between manholes or lift station		Contractor
Hydrostatic Pressure	All segments of pressure piping (24-hour test).	Contractor
Hydrostatic Leakage	All segments of pressure piping (2-hour test).	Contractor
Bacteriological	As required by local and state agencies	County
Asphaltic Concrete Paving	As required by County	County
LBR	Each 600 SY of pavement	County
Concrete	Slump test each delivery, cylinders every 20 CY	County
Asbestos	Environmental testing of materials	County
All Other Testing	As specified in various sections of the Project Manual	As Indicated

- H. Employ and pay for the services of the same or a separate, equally qualified independent testing laboratory to perform additional inspections, sampling and testing required for the Contractor's convenience.
- I. If the test results indicate the material or equipment complies with the Contract Documents, the County shall pay for the cost of the testing laboratory. If the tests and any subsequent retests indicate the materials and equipment fail to meet the requirements of the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall pay for the laboratory costs directly to the County or the total costs shall be deducted from any payments due to the Contractor.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (NOT USED)

SECTION 01516 COLLECTION SYSTEM BYPASS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE OF WORK

A. The Work covered by this section consists of providing all temporary bypassing to perform all operations in connection with the flow of wastewater around pipe segment(s) or pump stations. The purpose of bypassing is to prevent wastewater overflows and provide continuous service to all wastewater customers. The Contractor will maintain wastewater flow in the construction area in order to prevent backup and/or overflow and provide reliable wastewater service to the users of the wastewater system at all times.

1.02 SUBMITTALS

A. Prior to implementation of any bypass, the Contractor will submit and receive County acceptance of a bypass plan. The Contractor will submit to the County a comprehensive written plan for approval and acceptance that describes the intended bypass for the maintenance of flows during construction. The Contractor will also provide a sketch showing the location of bypass pumping equipment for each pump station or line segment(s) around which flows are being bypassed. The plan will include proposed tanker(s), pump(s), bypass piping, backup plan and equipment, work schedule, monitoring log for bypass pumping, monitoring plan of the bypass pumping operation, and maintenance of traffic plan.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 GENERAL

- A. The Contractor will provide and maintain adequate equipment, piping, tankers, and other necessary appurtenances in order to maintain continuous and reliable wastewater service in all wastewater lines as required for construction. The Contractor will have tankers, backup pump(s), piping, and appurtenances ready to deploy immediately.
- B. All piping will be designed to withstand at least twice the maximum system pressure or a minimum of 50-psi, whichever is greater.
- C. When bypassing a pump station, one (1) back-up pump equal to the primary unit will be provided by the Contractor. Bypass pumps shall have a maximum rating of 55 decibels for sound attenuation.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 GENERAL

A. The Contractor shall have all materials, equipment and labor necessary to complete the repair, replacement, or rehabilitation on the job site prior to isolating the gravity main segment, manhole, or pump station. The Contractor will demonstrate that the temporary bypass pumping system is in good working order and is sufficiently sized to successfully handle flows by performing a test run for a period of 24-hours prior to beginning the Work.

3.02 TRAFFIC CONSIDERATIONS

A. The Contractor shall locate bypass pumping suction and discharge lines so as to not cause undue interference with the use of streets, private driveways, and alleys, to include the possible temporary trenching of piping at critical intersections. Additional traffic maintenance requirements are found in Section 01570 "Maintenance of Traffic".

3.03 BYPASS OPERATION

- A. The Contractor shall submit a bypass plan to the County and the bypass plan must be approved before the bypass is operational to perform the Work. Contractor shall maintain the wastewater system flow and no surcharging will be allowed to occur out of the system.
- B. Where Work requires the main or pump station to be taken out service after normal working hours and bypass pumping is being used; the Contractor shall be responsible for monitoring the bypass operation 24-hours per day, 7-days per week. Any electronic monitoring in lieu of on-site monitoring must be detailed in the comprehensive written bypass plan.
- C. The Contractor shall ensure that no damage will be caused to private property as a result of bypass pumping operations. The Contractor will complete the Work as quickly as possible and pass all tests and inspections before discontinuing bypassing operations and returning flow to the wastewater manhole, main, or pump station.
- D. During bypassing, no wastewater will be leaked, dumped, or spilled in or onto, any area outside of the existing wastewater system.
- E. The Contractor shall immediately notify the County should a sanitary sewer overflow (SSO) occur. The Contractor shall take the necessary action to wash down, clean up and disinfect the spillage area to the satisfaction of the County or other governmental agency.
- F. The Contractor shall cease bypass operations and return flows to the new and/or existing sewer when directed by the County. When bypass operations are complete, all bypass piping shall be drained into the wastewater system prior to disassembly.

3.04 CONTRACTOR LIABILITY

A. The Contractor shall be responsible for all required pumping, equipment, piping, and appurtenances to accomplish the bypass and for any and all damage that results directly or indirectly from the bypass pumping equipment, piping and/or appurtenances. The Contractor shall also be liable for all County personnel labor and equipment costs, penalties and fines resulting from sanitary sewer overflows. It is the intent of these specifications to require the Contractor to establish adequate bypass pumping as required regardless of the flow condition.

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SECTION 01560

EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

- A. The Work specified in this Section consists of designing, providing, maintaining and removing temporary erosion and sedimentation controls as necessary to protect the Work and prevent sedimentation from the Contractor's activities from entering water bodies or enter other parts of the County's or other property owners sites outside the Construction limits.
- B. Temporary erosion controls include, but are not limited to; grassing, mulching, netting, watering and reseeding on-site surfaces and soil and borrow area surfaces, and providing interceptor ditches at end of berms and at those locations which will ensure that erosion during Construction will be either eliminated or maintained within acceptable limits as established by the regulatory agencies having jurisdiction.
- C. Temporary sedimentation controls include, but are not limited to; silt dams, traps, barriers, and appurtenances at the foot of sloped surfaces which will ensure that sedimentation pollution will be either eliminated or maintained within acceptable limits as established by the regulatory agencies having jurisdiction.

1.02 REQUIREMENTS

- A. The Contractor is responsible for providing effective temporary erosion and sediment control measures during Construction or until final controls become effective.
- B. The Contractor shall be responsible for filing Notice of Intent for Construction Activities with regulatory agencies (SJRWMD, SFWMD, and FDEP) as required by law, if thresholds are expected to be exceeded.
- C. The areas of unstabilized soil cover shall be minimized at all times to limit erosion and sedimentation.

1.03 SUBMITTALS:

A. The Contractor shall prepare and submit an Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan (Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan) for County review and approval. The Plan shall be in effect throughout the Construction duration.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 EROSION CONTROL

- A. Seed: Scarified Argentine Bahia.
- B. Sod: Bermuda grass, Argentine Bahia grass, Pensacola Bahia grass or St. Augustine. Grassing and Sodding Materials: As specified in Section 981 FDOT Specification for Road & Bridge Construction.
- C. Netting: Polypropylene mesh netting 5/8-inch x 3/4-inch (16 x 19mm) mesh with interwoven curlex fibers as manufactured by American Excelsior Company or equal. Netting: Fabricated of material in conformance with Section 985 FDOT Specification for Road & Bridge Construction.

2.02 SEDIMENTATION CONTROL

- A. Bales: Clean, synthetic hay type. Minimum dimensions of 14-inch by 18-inch by 36-inches at the time of placement.
- B. Netting: Fabricated of material in conformance with Section 985 FDOT Specification for Road & Bridge Construction.
- C. Sediment Control Fencing (Silt Fencing): As manufactured by American Excelsior Company or equal.
- D. Filter stone: Crushed stone conforming to Florida Department of Transportation Specifications.
- E. Concrete block: Hollow, non-load bearing type.
- F. Concrete: Exterior grade not less than 1-inch thick.
- G. Turbidity Barriers: Floating or staked as required.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

- A. See Section 02578 "Solid Sodding."
- 3.02 SEDIMENTATION CONTROL
 - A. Install and maintain silt fences and dams, traps, barriers, and appurtenances as shown on the approved descriptions and working Drawings. Replace deteriorated hay bales and dislodged filter stone. Repair portions of any devices damaged at no additional expense to the County.

- B. Install all sediment control devices in a timely manner to ensure the control of sediment. At sites where exposure to sensitive areas is likely, complete installation of all sediment control devices before starting earthwork.
- C. Use approved temporary erosion control features to correct conditions that develop during Construction that were not foreseen when the Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan was first approved.

3.03 PERFORMANCE

- A. Should any of the temporary erosion and sediment control measures employed by the Contractor fail to produce results that comply with the requirements of the Regulatory agency having jurisdiction, the County or the Professional, the Contractor shall immediately take whatever steps necessary to correct the deficiency at its own expense to protect the Work and any adjacent property to the site, as well as to prevent contamination of any river, stream, lake, tidal waters, reservoir, canal or other water impoundments.
- B. The side slope areas with unstabilized or unprotected soil cover shall be minimized at all times to limit erosion and sedimentation.
- C. Incorporate permanent erosion control features into the Project at the earliest practical time.
- D. Remove temporary erosion and sedimentation controls when the Work is complete and in accordance with the Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan (Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan) and the Notice of Intent for Construction Activities filed with regulatory agencies.

3.04 MAINTENANCE OF EROSION AND CONTROL FEATURES

A. Provide routine maintenance of permanent and temporary erosion control features, at no expense to the County, until the Project is complete and accepted.

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SECTION 01570 MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

This section includes identifying safety hazards and then furnishing all necessary labor, materials, tools, and equipment including, but not limited, to signs, barricades, traffic drums, cones, flashers, construction fencing, flag persons, variable message boards, uniformed police officers, warning devices, temporary pavement markings, temporary sidewalk, delineators, etc., to maintain vehicular and pedestrian traffic through and adjacent to the project area. These measures and actions shall be taken to safely maintain the accessibility of public and construction traffic by preventing potential construction hazards. All materials, work and incidental costs related to Maintenance of Traffic will be paid for at the contract lump sum price.

1.02 REQUIREMENTS

- A. The Traffic Control Plan shall conform to the following standards:
 - 1. Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, latest edition including all subsequent supplements issued by the Florida Department of Transportation, (FDOT).
 - 2. Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways by U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration.
 - 3. Right-of-Way Utilization Regulations, Orange County, Florida, latest edition.
- B. All references to the respective agencies in the above referenced standards shall be construed to also include the municipality as applicable for this Work.
- C. Sequence the Work in a manner that will minimize disruption of vehicular and pedestrian access through and around the construction area.
- D. Traffic planning and control for the maintenance and protection of pedestrian and vehicular traffic affected by the Contractor's Work includes, but is not limited to:
 - 1. Construction and maintenance of any necessary detour equipment and facilities.
 - 2. Providing necessary facilities for access to residences and businesses.
 - 3. Furnishing, installing, and maintenance of traffic control and safety devices (e.g. signage, barricades, barriers, message boards, etc.), and flag persons as appropriate during Construction.
 - 4. Control of water runoff, dust and any other special requirements for safe and expeditious movement of traffic.

- E. Planning, maintenance and control of traffic shall be provided at the Contractor's expense. The Contractor will bear all expense of maintaining the vehicle and pedestrian traffic throughout the work area.
- F. The Contractor will ensure all personnel involved in traffic control are and capable of communicating with the public. The Contractor may be required to hire off-duty uniformed police officers, in addition to flag persons, to direct and maintain traffic. Locations and conditions requiring such uniformed police officers shall be as directed by the County. The Contractor shall be required to utilize uniformed police officers for work within FDOT maintained ROW, road closures affecting school traffic and during all night work involving a road closure or crossing on nonresidential roads.
- G. The Contractor will remove temporary equipment and facilities when no longer required, restore grounds to original, or to specified conditions.

1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit at Contractor's own expense a Traffic Control Plan for approval by the controlling roadway agency (FDOT, Orange County Public Works or other local government) having jurisdiction over the road for approval.
 - 1. The Traffic Control Plan will detail procedures and protective measures proposed by the Contractor to provide for protection and control of traffic affected by the Work consistent with the following applicable standards:
 - a. Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, latest edition including all subsequent supplements issued by the Florida Department of Transportation, (FDOT Spec.).
 - b. Manual of Traffic Control and Safe Practices for Street and Highway Construction, Maintenance and Utility Operations, FDOT.
 - c. Right-of-Way Utilization Regulations, Orange County, Florida, latest edition.
- B. All references to the respective agencies in the above referenced standards shall be construed to also include the municipality as applicable for this Work.
- C. The Traffic Control Plan will be signed and sealed by a Professional Engineer registered in the state of Florida and shall include proposed locations and time durations of the following, as applicable:
 - 1. Pedestrian and public vehicular traffic routing.
 - 2. Lane and sidewalk closures, other traffic blockage and lane restrictions and reductions anticipated to be caused by construction operations. Show and describe the proposed location, dates, hours and duration of closure, vehicular and pedestrian traffic routing and management, traffic control devices for implementing pedestrian and vehicular movement around the closures, and details of barricades.
 - 3. Location, type and method of shoring to provide lateral support to the side of an excavation or embankment parallel to an open travel-way.
 - 4. Allowable on-street parking within the immediate vicinity of worksite.
 - 5. Access to buildings immediately adjacent to worksite.
 - 6. Driveways blocked by construction operations.

- 7. Temporary traffic control devices, temporary pavement striping and marking of streets and sidewalks affected by construction
- 8. Temporary commercial and industrial loading and unloading zones.
- 9. Construction vehicle reroutes, travel times, staging locations, and number and size of vehicles involved.
- D. Obtain and submit prior to erection, or otherwise impacting traffic, all required permits from all authorities having jurisdiction, including Orange County Public Works, if applicable.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

- A. The Contractor shall furnish, erect, and maintain all necessary traffic control devices, including flag person, in accordance with the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways published by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration.
 - 1. FLAG PERSONS
 - a. All flag persons used on this Project will adhere to the following requirements:
 - b. Any person acting as a flag person on this Project will have attended a training session taught by a Contractor's qualified trainer before the start date of this Contract.
 - c. The Contractor's qualified trainer will have completed a "Flag person Train the Trainer Session" in the 5-years previous or before the start date of this Contract and will be on file as a qualified flag person trainer.
 - d. The flag person trainer's name and Qualification Number will be furnished by the Contractor at the Pre-Construction meeting. The Contractor will provide all flag persons with the Flag Person Handbook and will observe the rules and regulations contained therein. This handbook will be in the possession of all flag person while flagging on the Project.
 - e. Flag persons will not be assigned other duties while working as authorized flag persons.
 - f. Any person replacing flag person for break shall have the same training.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 NOTIFICATIONS

- A. The Contractor will notify individual owners, owner's agents, and tenants of buildings affected by the construction, with copies to the county, 72-hours in advance of any construction activities.
- B. The Contractor shall notify residents and pedestrians via variable message boards no later than 10 days prior to the closure of any road, lane or pedestrian thoroughfare.

- C. The Contractor shall notify Emergency Management Services agencies, Lynx and OCPS no less than 7 days prior to such closures or whenever roads are impassable.
- D. Implement closing of vehicle or pedestrian thoroughfare in accordance with the construction drawings and the approved Traffic Control Plan.
- E. The Contractor will immediately notify the County of any vehicular or pedestrian safety or efficiency problems incurred as a result of the construction of the Project.

3.02 GENERAL TRAFFIC CONTROL

- A. The Contractor will sequence and plan construction operations and will generally conduct Work in such a manner as not to unduly or unnecessarily restrict or impede normal traffic.
- B. Unless otherwise provided, all roads within the limits of the Work will be kept open to all traffic by the Contractor. The Contractor will keep the portion of the project being used by public traffic, whether it is through or local traffic, in such condition that traffic will be adequately accommodated.
- C. The Contractor will be responsible for installation and maintenance of all traffic control devices and requirements for the duration of the construction period. Necessary precautions for traffic control will include, but not be limited to, warning signs, signals, lighting devices, markings, barricades, canalizations, and hand signaling devices.
- D. The Contractor will provide and maintain in a safe condition temporary approaches or crossings and intersections with trails, roads, streets, businesses, parking lots, residences, garages and farms.
- E. The Contractor will provide emergency access to all residences and businesses at all times. Residential and business access will be restored and maintained at all times outside of the Contractor's normal working hours.
- F. Traffic is to be maintained on one section of existing pavement, proposed pavement, or a combination thereof. Alternating one-way traffic may be utilized and limited to a maximum length of 500-feet during construction hours. Lane width for alternating one-way traffic will be kept to a minimum width of 10-feet, or as directed by the County.
- G. Travel lanes and pedestrian access will be kept reasonably smooth, dry, and in a suitable condition at all times.
- H. The Contractor will make provisions at all "open cut" street crossings to allow for free passage of vehicles and pedestrians, either by bridging or other temporary crossing structures. Such structures will be of adequate strength and proper construction and will be maintained by the Contractor in such a manner as not to constitute an undue traffic hazard.

- I. The Contractor will keep all signs in proper position, clean, and legible at all times. Care will be taken so that weeds, shrubbery, construction materials, equipment, and soil are not allowed to obscure any sign, light, or barricade. Signs that do not apply to construction conditions should be removed or adjusted so that the legend is not visible to approaching traffic.
- J. The County may determine the need for, and extent of, additional striping removal and restriping.
- K. Excavated material, spoil banks, construction materials, equipment and supplies will not be located in such a manner as to obstruct traffic, as practicable. The Contractor will immediately remove from the site all demolition material, exercising such precaution as may be directed by the County. All material excavated shall be disposed of so as to minimize traffic and pedestrian inconvenience and to prevent damage to adjacent property.
- L. During any suspension, the Contractor will make passable and open to traffic such portions of the Project and/or temporally roadways as directed by the County for accommodation of traffic during the anticipated period of suspension. Passable conditions will be maintained until issuance of an order for the resumption of construction operations. When Work is resumed, the Contractor will replace or renew any Work or materials lost or damaged because of such temporary use in every respect as though its prosecution had been continuous and without interferences.

3.03 TEMPORARY SHORING

- A. Use shoring to maintain traffic when it is necessary to provide lateral support to the side of an excavation or embankment parallel to an open travel-way. Provide shoring when a theoretical 2:1 or steeper slope from the bottom of the excavation or embankment intersects the existing ground line closer than 5-feet (1.5 m) from the edge of pavement of the open travel-way.
- B. The Contractor will furnish, install, and remove sheeting, shoring, and bracing necessary to maintain traffic at locations shown on the Traffic Control Plan and other locations determined during construction.

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SECTION 01580

PROJECT IDENTIFICATION AND SIGNS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED

- A. The Contractor shall furnish, install, and maintain all sign materials including sign posts, weighted stands, brackets, any required mounting hardware, and miscellaneous materials required for temporary signs for the purpose of:
 - 1. Project Identification.
 - 2. Informational signs to direct traffic
 - 3. On-site safety signs as appropriate for the Work
- B. Remove temporary signs on completion of Construction prior to obtaining Certificate of Occupancy and Substantial Completion.
- C. Allow no other signs to be displayed without written approval of the County.

1.02 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit complete Shop Drawings identifying locations, material, layout, sign content, font type and size, and sample colors. Make sign and lettering to scale, clearly indicating condensed lettering if used. The sign details will be submitted to the County for approval prior to fabrication.
- B. Submit method of erection to include materials, fasteners, and other items to assure compliance with the requirements for wind pressures as required by the authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Submit signs in accordance with any details provided in the Drawings.
- D. Prior to erection obtain and submit all required permits from the authorities having jurisdiction.

1.03 PROJECT IDENTIFICATION SIGN

- A. Provide 1 painted sign at the site, or at each end of the Work if a linear project, or at each of the separate sites of Work, if applicable. The sign will be not less than 32-square feet area, with a minimum dimension of 4-feet and painted graphics with content to include:
 - 1. Title of Project
 - 2. Orange County Government name and logo
 - 3. Names and titles of the Board of County Commissioners, County Administrator, Director of Orange County Utilities Department, the Consulting Engineer, and the Contractor

B. Erect on the site at a lighted location of high public visibility, adjacent to main entrance to site, as approved by the County. The sign must be located 5-feet from all rights-of-way and 20-feet from all property lines.

1.04 INFORMATIONAL SIGNS

A. All signs and other traffic control devices shall conform to the requirements for shape, color, size, and location as specified in the latest Manual on Uniform Traffic Control and Safe Streets and Highways and the Florida Manual of Traffic Control and Safe Practices for Street and Highway Construction, Maintenance and Utility Operations. Information as to the above may be obtained from FDOT Division engineers.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 SIGN MATERIALS

- A. Structure and Framing: New construction grade lumber, structurally adequate and suitable for exterior application and specified finish.
- B. Sign Panels: New A-B Grade, exterior type, APA DF plywood with inset hardwood edges and mitered corners, standard large sizes to minimize joints.
 - 1. Thickness: As required by standards to span framing members, to provide even, smooth surface without waves or buckles, minimum 3/4-inch.
- C. Rough Hardware: Galvanized steel, of sizes and types to enable sign assemblies to resist wind pressures as required by the authorities having jurisdiction but not less than a wind velocity of 50-mph.
 - 1. Use minimum 1/2-inch diameter button head carriage bolts to fasten sign panels to supporting structures. Bolt heads to be painted to match sign face.
- D. Paint: Exterior quality, as specified in Division 9 or as a minimum as specified herein.
 - 1. Primer and finish coat: exterior, semi-gloss, alkyd enamel.
 - 2. Colors for structure, framing, sign surfaces, and graphics: As shown on the Drawings or as selected by the County.
- E. Safety Sign Number Tags
 - 1. Removable aluminum or galvanized steel, with 4-inch high, blue numerals and steel tag hooks.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 PROJECT IDENTIFICATION SIGN

A. Install project identification signs within 10-days of the Notice to Proceed date. Failure to erect the signs may be reason to delay approval of the initial Application for Payment.

- B. Paint exposed surfaces of supports, framing, and surface material; one (1) coat of primer and two (2) coats of finish paint.
- C. Set signs plumb and level and solidly brace as required to prevent displacement during the Construction period. If mounted on posts, sink posts 3-feet to 4-feet below grade, leaving a minimum of 8-feet of each post above grade for mounting the sign.
- D. Install informational signs at a height for optimum visibility, on ground mounted poles or attached to temporary structural surfaces.

3.02 MAINTENANCE

- A. Maintain signs and supports in a neat, clean condition; repair damages to structure, framing, or sign.
- B. Relocate informational signs as required by the progress of the Work.
- C. Poorly maintained, defaced, damaged, or dirty signs shall be replaced, repaired, or cleaned without delay.
- D. Special care must be taken to ensure that construction materials and dust are not allowed to obscure the face of a sign.
- E. Signs not in effect shall be covered or removed.

3.03 REMOVAL

- A. Remove signs, framing, supports, and foundations at Substantial Completion of the Work.
- B. Leave areas clean and patch as required to remove any traces of temporary signs.

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SECTION 01590 CONSTRUCTION FIELD OFFICE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Contractor provision of temporary utilities to include electricity, lighting, internet connectivity, heat, ventilation, telephone service, water, and sanitary facilities.
- B. Contractor provision of temporary controls to include barriers, enclosures and fencing, and water control.
- C. Contractor provision of temporary facilities to include access roads, parking, and temporary buildings.
- D. Contractor provision of field offices for the County.
- E. Restrictions on the use of existing adjacent facilities.
- 1.02 TEMPORARY ELECTRICITY
 - A. Provide and pay for power service required for Construction and testing from local utility source.
 - B. Provide temporary electric feeder from existing electrical service at location as directed by utility company. Power consumption will not disrupt the County's need for continuous service. Coordinate with the County before making taps or disturbing existing service.
 - C. Provide separate metering and pay for cost of energy used until substantial completion. If electric service is turned over to and paid for by the County prior to substantial completion, reimburse the County for energy used up to substantial completion.
 - D. Provide power outlets for Construction operations, with branch wiring and distribution boxes located as required. Provide OSHA approved flexible power cords as required.
 - E. Contractor-installed permanent convenience receptacles may be used during Construction.

1.03 TEMPORARY LIGHTING

- A. Provide and maintain adequate lighting for Construction operations to achieve a minimum lighting level of one (1) watt/sq ft.
- B. Provide and maintain two (2) foot-candle lighting to exterior staging and storage areas after dark for security purposes.

- C. Provide and maintain 0.25-watt/sq ft H.I.D. lighting to interior Work areas after dark for security purposes.
- D. Provide branch wiring from power source to distribution boxes with lighting conductors, pigtails, and lamps as required.
- E. Maintain lighting and provide routine repairs.
- F. Permanent building lighting may be used during Construction.

1.04 TEMPORARY HEAT AND COOLING

- A. Provide and pay for heating and cooling as required to maintain specified conditions for Construction operations or as required for proper conduct of operations included in the Work.
- B. Prior to operation of permanent equipment for temporary purposes, verify that installation is approved for operation, equipment is lubricated and temporary filters are in place. Provide and pay for operation, maintenance, and regular replacement of filters and worn or consumed parts.
- C. Maintain minimum ambient temperature of 50°F and maximum relative humidity of 50% in areas where Construction is closed in and final finishes are to be placed, unless indicated otherwise in specifications.

1.05 TEMPORARY VENTILATION

A. Ventilate enclosed areas to assist cure of materials, to dissipate humidity, and to prevent accumulation of dust, fumes, vapors, or gases.

1.06 TEMPORARY WATER SERVICE

- A. Provide, maintain, and pay for suitable quality water service required for Construction operations. Coordinate with the County if water supply is not separately metered. Pay all costs and expenses associated with such use.
- B. Extend branch piping with outlets located so water is available by hoses with threaded connections.

1.07 TEMPORARY SANITARY FACILITIES

A. Provide and maintain required facilities and enclosures on-site. Maintain daily in clean and sanitary condition. Adjacent County office building toilet facilities are not to be used by Contractor.

1.08 BARRIERS

A. Provide barriers to prevent unauthorized entry to Construction areas and to protect existing facilities and adjacent properties from damage from Construction operations.

- B. Provide barricades required by governing authorities for public rights-of-way.
- C. Provide protection for plant life designated to remain. Replace damaged plant life.
- D. Protect non-owned vehicular traffic, stored materials, site and structures from damage.

1.09 FENCING

- A. Unless directed otherwise in other sections of the Contract Documents, provide a 6-foot high fence completely around Construction site; provided with hinged vehicular and pedestrian gates with locks. Fencing will be galvanized, 2-inch mesh, chain link with solid top rail. Provide line posts and end posts as needed to maintain stretched and uniform fencing with no sags.
- B. Fencing plan will be approved by the County for each phase of the project. Submit fencing layout diagram prior to the Pre-Construction meeting.
- C. Provide visual fabric barrier at least 6-foot high on all fencing separating parking areas from Construction activities. Submit barrier fabric for approval before starting fencing. Barrier fabric will be capable of retaining physical integrity and color during the entire Construction period.

1.10 ACCESS ROADS

- A. Provide and maintain uninterrupted public access to existing buildings. Construction activities will not interfere with access. If Contractor fails to maintain public access after 2 written notices within a 24-hour period, the County reserves the right to correct such situation and back charge the Contractor.
- B. Construct and maintain temporary roads accessing public thoroughfares to serve Construction area.
- C. Extend and relocate access roads as Work progress requires. Provide detours necessary for unimpeded traffic flow.
- D. Provide and maintain access to fire hydrants, free of obstructions.
- E. Designated existing on-site roads may be used for Construction traffic. Repair or restore any damaged areas caused as a result of Construction activity. Such repair will be to a like-new condition.

1.11 PARKING

- A. Provide temporary surface parking areas to accommodate Construction personnel.
- B. Do not allow Construction vehicle parking on existing pavement unless approved by County.

1.12 FIELD OFFICES (FOR UTILITIES DEPARTMENT)

- A. Promptly after starting Work, the Contractor will provide and maintain 1 field office for the use of the County until Substantial Completion.
- B. The field offices will be an appropriate size required for the use of the County, as well as contain two offices and three desks. The field office structure will be a minimum of 10-feet x 40-feet. The layout of the County's field office will include adequate space to hold project meetings (minimum seating for 15).
- C. Installation of the field offices will meet all local codes and ordinances. The Contractor will as a minimum install the structures on a level, well-drained area. Structures will be designed and installed to resist 130-mph winds or applicable State of Florida code, whichever is more stringent.
- D. The field offices will be provided with structurally sound and safe steps and landings for each door. The doors will have secure locks. Construct appropriate walkway and landings. Construct covers over each door that extends 3-feet from the building and the full width of the landing.
- E. The field offices will be designated as a "No Smoking Area."
- F. The windows will be arranged for cross ventilation with screens.
- G. Provide air conditioning and heating systems with thermostat control.
- H. Provide electric power for the duration of the Work.
- I. The Contractor will provide the following with the field office, at a minimum:
 - 1. Electric lights (fifty (50) foot-candles at desktop height) and power supply outlets.
 - 2. When available, provide high-speed Internet access to all desks for the duration of the Work.
 - 3. Acceptable toilet facilities with appropriate signage that meet all of the local and State health codes and regulations.
 - 4. Fire extinguisher (Halon type, minimum 4 lb. capacity).
 - 5. Water coolers, bottled water and paper cups.
 - 6. Tables for viewing the Project Drawings.
 - 7. Standard office supplies.
 - 8. Weekly janitorial services.

1.13 SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS FOR THE FIELD OFFICES

Provide the following for the exclusive use of the County: (Unless otherwise noted, the quantity should be sufficient for the duration of the Work.)

- A. Office Furnishings: The furniture will be delivered and placed as directed by the County.
- B. Desks: Flat top, double pedestal, with one box and one file drawer in each pedestal, 60-inches by 30-inches. Total quantity will be three (3).

- C. Chairs: Three (3) office-type chairs, adjustable heights, on rollers, with armrests.
- D. Conference Table and Chairs: One (1) table (3-feet by 8-feet minimum), scratch and stain resistant and 15 meeting-type chairs.
- E. Drawing Table: Two (2) plywood or standard drawing tables, 3-feet by 6-feet, with all required appurtenances and 2 extended height stools suitable for use at the drawing tables.
- F. Printer: One(1) All in one color inkjet printer capable of printing, scanning and coping Ledger, Legal and Letter sizes. Standard interfaces shall include Hi-Speed USB 2.0, Wireless (802.11b/g/n), Ethernet. Minimum requirements include: 35 page automatic document feeder, printing 20 color copies per minute at 6000 x 1200 dpi resolution, scan resolution 2400 x 2400 dpi, flat bed document glass size Ledger (11" x 17") with standalone copy features, minimum of 250 sheet input capacity cassettes and 2 additional complete set of ink cartridges. Brother MFC-J6710DW or equal. Printers to be retained by the County.. All warranties, maintenance, servicing and sufficient appropriate ink/toner cartridges and paper for the duration of the Work.
- G. One (1) each refrigerator, microwave, coffee machine, and toaster oven.
 - 1. Provide Internet connection in each of the four offices in the field trailer. The connection shall be at least 5.0 Mbps of download speed or greater. Provide office with a wireless network 802.11 n with minimum of 8 concurrent users in addition to the network requirements. Wireless network shall allow additional portable computers to gain internet access within the office.
- H. File Cabinets, Storage, Bookcases:
 - 1. Three (3) Lateral Files: HON 600 Series, or equal, 42-inch wide, four-drawer.
 - 2. Two (2) steel vertical, hanging mobile plan stands, with approximately 12-hanging clamps. Provide all required clamps, of sufficient length to hold the Contract Drawings.
 - 3. Storage: Two (2) industrial grade steel cabinets, locking handles, 36-inches wide by 18-inches deep by 72-inches high.
 - 4. Bookcases: Three (3) HON metal bookcases, or equal, 34-1/2-inches wide by 12-5/8-inches deep by 71-inches high, color to be selected by the Engineer.
- I. Miscellaneous Field Supplies:
 - 1. One (1) minimum/maximum digital thermometer, with batteries for the duration of the Work.
 - 2. One (1) rain gauge.

1.14 REMOVAL OF TEMPORARY UTILITIES, FACILITIES, AND CONTROLS

- A. Remove all temporary utilities, equipment, facilities, and materials prior to submitting Final Application for Payment.
- B. Remove temporary underground installations to minimum depth of 2-feet and re-grade site.
- C. Clean and repair damage caused by installation or use of temporary Work.

D. Restore any existing facilities used during Construction to original condition, unless otherwise directed in other sections of Contract Documents. Restore existing landscaping, drainage, paving, etc. to an "as-was" condition, unless otherwise directed in other sections of Contract Documents.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (NOT USED)

SECTION 01610

DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

- A. This Section specifies the general requirements for the delivery, handling, storage and protection for all items required in the construction of the Work.
- B. Deliver, handle and store products in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and by methods and means that will prevent damage, deterioration, and loss including theft and protect against damage from climatic conditions. Control delivery schedules to minimize long-term storage of products at the site and overcrowding of construction spaces. In particular, provide delivery/installation coordination to ensure minimum holding or storage times for products recognized to be flammable, hazardous, easily damaged, or sensitive to deterioration, theft and other sources of loss. Damaged or defective items, in the opinion of the County, will be replaced at no cost to the County.

1.02 REQUIREMENTS

- A. The Contractor is responsible for all material, equipment and supplies sold and delivered to the County under this Contract until final inspection of the Work and acceptance thereof by the County.
- B. All materials and equipment to be incorporated in the Work will be handled and stored by the Contractor before, during and after shipment in a manner to prevent warping, twisting, bending, breaking, chipping, rusting, and any injury, theft or damage of any kind whatsoever to the material or equipment.
- C. All materials and equipment, which in the opinion of the County, have become so damaged as to be unfit for the use intended or specified, will be promptly removed from the site of the Work, and the Contractor will receive no compensation for the damaged materials or equipment or for its removal.
- D. In the event any such material, equipment and supplies are lost, stolen, damaged or destroyed prior to final inspection and acceptance, the Contractor will replace same without additional cost to the County.

1.03 DELIVERY

A. Transport and handle items in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

- B. The County and the Contractor's project superintendent must be on-site to accept all deliveries shipped directly to the job site. If the project superintendent is not present for a delivery, that delivery may be rejected by the County. If any delivery is rejected due to non-availability of the Contractor's project superintendent, delivery shall be rescheduled at no additional cost to the County.
- C. Schedule delivery to reduce long-term on-site storage prior to installation and/or operation. Under no circumstances will materials or equipment be delivered to the site more than 1-month prior to installation without written authorization from the County.
- D. Coordinate deliveries in order to avoid delay in, or impediment of, the progress of the Work.
- E. Schedule deliveries to the site not more than 1-month prior to scheduled installation without written authorization from the County.
- F. Coordinate delivery with installation to ensure minimum holding time for items that are hazardous, flammable, easily damaged or sensitive to deterioration.
- G. All items delivered to the site will be unloaded and placed in a manner that will not hamper the Contractor's normal construction operation or those of Subcontractors and other Contractors and will not interfere with the flow of necessary traffic.
- H. Deliver products in undamaged condition, in manufacturer's original containers or packaging, with identifying labels intact and legible. Maintain packaged materials with seals unbroken and labels intact until time of use.
- I. Immediately on delivery, inspect shipments with the County to ensure compliance with requirements of Contract Documents and accepted submittals, and that products are properly protected and undamaged. If the Contractor does not notify the County regarding the delivery and the County rejects any part of the delivery, there will be no additional cost to the County for the material to be returned. For items furnished by others (i.e. County), perform inspection in the presence of the County. Provide written notification to the County of any problems.
- J. Promptly remove damaged material and unsuitable items from the job site, and promptly replace with material meeting the specified requirements, at no additional cost to the County.

1.04 STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Provide equipment and personnel to handle products by methods recommended by the manufacturer to prevent soiling or damage to products or packaging, with seals and labels intact and legible.
- B. The Contractor is responsible for securing a location for on-site storage of all material and equipment necessary for completion of the Work. The location and storage layout will be submitted to the County at the Pre-Construction conference.

- C. Manufacturer's storage instructions will be carefully studied by the Contractor and reviewed with the County. These instructions will be carefully followed and a written record of this kept by the Contractor.
- D. All material delivered to the job site will be protected from dirt, dust, dampness, water, and any other condition detrimental to the life of the material from the date of delivery to the time of installation of the material and acceptance by the County.
- E. When required or recommended by the manufacturer, the Contractor will furnish a covered, weather protected storage structure providing a clean, dry, non-corrosive environment for all mechanical equipment valves, architectural items, electrical and instrumentation equipment, and special equipment to be incorporated into this Project.
- F. Arrange storage in a manner to provide easy access for inspection. Make periodic inspections of stored products to assure that products are maintained under specified conditions and free from damage or deterioration.
- G. Should the Contractor fail to take proper action on storage and handling of equipment supplied under this Contract within 7-days after written notice to do so has been given, the County retains the right to correct all deficiencies noted in previously transmitted written notice and deduct the cost associated with these corrections from the Contract Amount. These costs may be comprised of expenditures for labor, equipment usage, administrative, clerical, engineering, and any other costs associated with making the necessary corrections.

1.05 SPECIFIC STORAGE AND HANDLING

(Additional specific storage and handling requirements may be found in the specification sections addressing the material requirements.)

- A. All mechanical and electrical equipment and instruments subject to corrosive damage by the atmosphere if stored outdoors (even though covered by canvas) will be stored in a weather tight building to prevent damage. The building may be a temporary structure on the site or elsewhere, but it must be satisfactory to the County. The building will be provided with adequate ventilation to prevent condensation. Maintain temperature and humidity within range required by manufacturer.
 - 1. All equipment will be stored fully lubricated with oil, grease and other lubricants unless otherwise instructed by the manufacturer. Mechanical equipment to be used in the Work, if stored for longer than 90-days, will have the bearings cleaned, flushed and lubricated prior to testing and startup, at no extra cost to the County.
 - 2. Moving parts will be rotated a minimum of once weekly to ensure proper lubrication and to avoid metal-to-metal "welding." Upon installation of the equipment, the Contractor will start the equipment, at least half load, once weekly for an adequate period of time to ensure that the equipment does not deteriorate from lack of use.

- 3. Lubricants will be changed upon completion of installation and as frequently as required thereafter during the period between installation and acceptance. New lubricants will be put into the equipment at the time of acceptance. Prior to acceptance of the equipment, the Contractor will have the manufacturer inspect the equipment and certify that its condition has not been detrimentally affected by the long storage period. Such certifications by the manufacturer will be deemed to mean that the equipment is judged by the manufacturer to be in a condition equal to that of equipment that has been shipped, installed, tested and accepted in a minimum time period. As such, the manufacturer will guaranty the equipment equally in both instances. If such a certification is not given, the equipment will be judged to be defective. It will be removed and replaced at the Contractor's expense.
- 4. Electric motors provided with heaters will be temporarily wired for continuous heating during storage. Upon installation of the equipment, the Contractor will start the equipment, at least half load, and once weekly for an adequate period of time to insure that the equipment does not deteriorate from lack of use.
- B. Store loose granular materials on solid flat surfaces in a well-drained area. Prevent mixing with foreign matter.
- C. Cement and lime will be stored under a roof and off the ground and will be kept completely dry at all times.
- D. Brick, block and similar masonry products will be handled and stored in a manner to minimize breakage, chipping, cracking and spilling to a minimum.
- E. Precast Concrete will be handled and stored in a manner to prevent accumulations of dirt, standing water, staining, chipping or cracking.
- F. All structural and miscellaneous steel and reinforcing steel will be stored off the ground or otherwise to prevent accumulations of dirt or grease, and in a position to prevent accumulations of standing water and to minimize rusting. Beams will be stored with the webs vertical.
- G. Metals will be stored dry, all under cover and vented to prevent build-up of humidity, all off ground to provide air circulation.
- H. Lumber will be stacked to provide air circulation. Store materials for which maximum moisture content is specified in an area where moisture content can be maintained.
- I. Gypsum wallboard systems will be stored to protect all metal studs, furring, insulation boards, batts, accessories and gypsum board to prevent any type of damage to these materials. Rusted material components, damp or wet insulation or gypsum boards will not be accepted.

- J. Acoustical materials will be delivered to the job site in unbroken containers labeled and clearly marked. Materials will not be removed from containers until ready to install, but will be stored in dry area with cartons neatly stacked. Before installation, acoustical board will be stored for not less than 24-hours in the Work area at the same temperature and relative humidity.
- K. Linear items will be stored in dry area with spacers to provide ventilation. Stack linear items to prevent warping, complying with manufacturer's instructions.
- L. Paints and other volatile materials will be stored within approved safety containers. No glass jugs will be permitted. Storage areas will be equipped with not less than 2 fire extinguishers (C02 type) sufficient to discharge a distance of 25-feet when fully charged and have current tags. No other building materials will be stored in this area. Used rags will be removed daily. Clean rags will be stored in metal closed containers.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (NOT USED)

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SECTION 01610

DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

- A. This Section specifies the general requirements for the delivery, handling, storage and protection for all items required in the construction of the Work.
- B. Deliver, handle and store products in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and by methods and means that will prevent damage, deterioration, and loss including theft and protect against damage from climatic conditions. Control delivery schedules to minimize long-term storage of products at the site and overcrowding of construction spaces. In particular, provide delivery/installation coordination to ensure minimum holding or storage times for products recognized to be flammable, hazardous, easily damaged, or sensitive to deterioration, theft and other sources of loss. Damaged or defective items, in the opinion of the County, will be replaced at no cost to the County.

1.02 REQUIREMENTS

- A. The Contractor is responsible for all material, equipment and supplies sold and delivered to the County under this Contract until final inspection of the Work and acceptance thereof by the County.
- B. All materials and equipment to be incorporated in the Work will be handled and stored by the Contractor before, during and after shipment in a manner to prevent warping, twisting, bending, breaking, chipping, rusting, and any injury, theft or damage of any kind whatsoever to the material or equipment.
- C. All materials and equipment, which in the opinion of the County, have become so damaged as to be unfit for the use intended or specified, will be promptly removed from the site of the Work, and the Contractor will receive no compensation for the damaged materials or equipment or for its removal.
- D. In the event any such material, equipment and supplies are lost, stolen, damaged or destroyed prior to final inspection and acceptance, the Contractor will replace same without additional cost to the County.

1.03 DELIVERY

A. Transport and handle items in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

- B. The County and the Contractor's project superintendent must be on-site to accept all deliveries shipped directly to the job site. If the project superintendent is not present for a delivery, that delivery may be rejected by the County. If any delivery is rejected due to non-availability of the Contractor's project superintendent, delivery shall be rescheduled at no additional cost to the County.
- C. Schedule delivery to reduce long-term on-site storage prior to installation and/or operation. Under no circumstances will materials or equipment be delivered to the site more than 1-month prior to installation without written authorization from the County.
- D. Coordinate deliveries in order to avoid delay in, or impediment of, the progress of the Work.
- E. Schedule deliveries to the site not more than 1-month prior to scheduled installation without written authorization from the County.
- F. Coordinate delivery with installation to ensure minimum holding time for items that are hazardous, flammable, easily damaged or sensitive to deterioration.
- G. All items delivered to the site will be unloaded and placed in a manner that will not hamper the Contractor's normal construction operation or those of Subcontractors and other Contractors and will not interfere with the flow of necessary traffic.
- H. Deliver products in undamaged condition, in manufacturer's original containers or packaging, with identifying labels intact and legible. Maintain packaged materials with seals unbroken and labels intact until time of use.
- I. Immediately on delivery, inspect shipments with the County to ensure compliance with requirements of Contract Documents and accepted submittals, and that products are properly protected and undamaged. If the Contractor does not notify the County regarding the delivery and the County rejects any part of the delivery, there will be no additional cost to the County for the material to be returned. For items furnished by others (i.e. County), perform inspection in the presence of the County. Provide written notification to the County of any problems.
- J. Promptly remove damaged material and unsuitable items from the job site, and promptly replace with material meeting the specified requirements, at no additional cost to the County.

1.04 STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Provide equipment and personnel to handle products by methods recommended by the manufacturer to prevent soiling or damage to products or packaging, with seals and labels intact and legible.
- B. The Contractor is responsible for securing a location for on-site storage of all material and equipment necessary for completion of the Work. The location and storage layout will be submitted to the County at the Pre-Construction conference.

- C. Manufacturer's storage instructions will be carefully studied by the Contractor and reviewed with the County. These instructions will be carefully followed and a written record of this kept by the Contractor.
- D. All material delivered to the job site will be protected from dirt, dust, dampness, water, and any other condition detrimental to the life of the material from the date of delivery to the time of installation of the material and acceptance by the County.
- E. When required or recommended by the manufacturer, the Contractor will furnish a covered, weather protected storage structure providing a clean, dry, non-corrosive environment for all mechanical equipment valves, architectural items, electrical and instrumentation equipment, and special equipment to be incorporated into this Project.
- F. Arrange storage in a manner to provide easy access for inspection. Make periodic inspections of stored products to assure that products are maintained under specified conditions and free from damage or deterioration.
- G. Should the Contractor fail to take proper action on storage and handling of equipment supplied under this Contract within 7-days after written notice to do so has been given, the County retains the right to correct all deficiencies noted in previously transmitted written notice and deduct the cost associated with these corrections from the Contract Amount. These costs may be comprised of expenditures for labor, equipment usage, administrative, clerical, engineering, and any other costs associated with making the necessary corrections.

1.05 SPECIFIC STORAGE AND HANDLING

(Additional specific storage and handling requirements may be found in the specification sections addressing the material requirements.)

- A. All mechanical and electrical equipment and instruments subject to corrosive damage by the atmosphere if stored outdoors (even though covered by canvas) will be stored in a weather tight building to prevent damage. The building may be a temporary structure on the site or elsewhere, but it must be satisfactory to the County. The building will be provided with adequate ventilation to prevent condensation. Maintain temperature and humidity within range required by manufacturer.
 - 1. All equipment will be stored fully lubricated with oil, grease and other lubricants unless otherwise instructed by the manufacturer. Mechanical equipment to be used in the Work, if stored for longer than 90-days, will have the bearings cleaned, flushed and lubricated prior to testing and startup, at no extra cost to the County.
 - 2. Moving parts will be rotated a minimum of once weekly to ensure proper lubrication and to avoid metal-to-metal "welding." Upon installation of the equipment, the Contractor will start the equipment, at least half load, once weekly for an adequate period of time to ensure that the equipment does not deteriorate from lack of use.

- 3. Lubricants will be changed upon completion of installation and as frequently as required thereafter during the period between installation and acceptance. New lubricants will be put into the equipment at the time of acceptance. Prior to acceptance of the equipment, the Contractor will have the manufacturer inspect the equipment and certify that its condition has not been detrimentally affected by the long storage period. Such certifications by the manufacturer will be deemed to mean that the equipment is judged by the manufacturer to be in a condition equal to that of equipment that has been shipped, installed, tested and accepted in a minimum time period. As such, the manufacturer will guaranty the equipment equally in both instances. If such a certification is not given, the equipment will be judged to be defective. It will be removed and replaced at the Contractor's expense.
- 4. Electric motors provided with heaters will be temporarily wired for continuous heating during storage. Upon installation of the equipment, the Contractor will start the equipment, at least half load, and once weekly for an adequate period of time to insure that the equipment does not deteriorate from lack of use.
- B. Store loose granular materials on solid flat surfaces in a well-drained area. Prevent mixing with foreign matter.
- C. Cement and lime will be stored under a roof and off the ground and will be kept completely dry at all times.
- D. Brick, block and similar masonry products will be handled and stored in a manner to minimize breakage, chipping, cracking and spilling to a minimum.
- E. Precast Concrete will be handled and stored in a manner to prevent accumulations of dirt, standing water, staining, chipping or cracking.
- F. All structural and miscellaneous steel and reinforcing steel will be stored off the ground or otherwise to prevent accumulations of dirt or grease, and in a position to prevent accumulations of standing water and to minimize rusting. Beams will be stored with the webs vertical.
- G. Metals will be stored dry, all under cover and vented to prevent build-up of humidity, all off ground to provide air circulation.
- H. Lumber will be stacked to provide air circulation. Store materials for which maximum moisture content is specified in an area where moisture content can be maintained.
- I. Gypsum wallboard systems will be stored to protect all metal studs, furring, insulation boards, batts, accessories and gypsum board to prevent any type of damage to these materials. Rusted material components, damp or wet insulation or gypsum boards will not be accepted.

- J. Acoustical materials will be delivered to the job site in unbroken containers labeled and clearly marked. Materials will not be removed from containers until ready to install, but will be stored in dry area with cartons neatly stacked. Before installation, acoustical board will be stored for not less than 24-hours in the Work area at the same temperature and relative humidity.
- K. Linear items will be stored in dry area with spacers to provide ventilation. Stack linear items to prevent warping, complying with manufacturer's instructions.
- L. Paints and other volatile materials will be stored within approved safety containers. No glass jugs will be permitted. Storage areas will be equipped with not less than 2 fire extinguishers (C02 type) sufficient to discharge a distance of 25-feet when fully charged and have current tags. No other building materials will be stored in this area. Used rags will be removed daily. Clean rags will be stored in metal closed containers.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (NOT USED)

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SECTION 01700 PROJECT CLOSEOUT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

The term "Project Closeout" is defined to include requirements near the end of the Contract Time, in preparation for Substantial Completion acceptance, occupancy by the County, release of retainage, final acceptance, final payment, and similar actions evidencing completion of the Work. Time of closeout is directly related to "Substantial Completion"; therefore, the time of closeout may be either a single period for the entire Work or a series of time periods for individual elements of Work that has been certified as substantially complete at different dates. This time variation, if any, will be applicable to the other provisions of this section.

1.02 SCOPE OF WORK

- A. This Section specifies administrative and procedural requirements for project closeout, including but not limited to:
 - 1. Final Cleaning
 - 2. Substantial Completion
 - 3. Final Acceptance

1.03 RELATED WORK

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Closeout requirements for specific construction activities are included in the appropriate Sections in Divisions 2 through 16.
- C. Section 01720 "Project Record Documents"
- D. Section 01740 "Warranties and Bonds"

1.04 PREREQUISITES FOR SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION.

When the Contractor considers the Work as substantially complete, submit to the County a written notice stating so and requesting an inspection to determine the status of completion. The Contractor will attach to the notice a list of items known to be incomplete or yet to be corrected. Complete the following before requesting the County's inspection for certification of substantial completion.

- A. In the progress payment request that coincides with or is the first request following, the date substantial completion is claimed, show 100% completion or list incomplete items, the value of incomplete Work, and reasons for the Work being incomplete. Inspection procedures include supporting documentation for completion as indicated in these Contract Documents.
- B. Submit a statement showing an accounting of changes to the Contract Sum.
- C. Submit specific warranties, workmanship/maintenance bonds, maintenance agreements, final certifications and similar documents in accordance with Section 01740 "Warranties and Bonds."
- D. Obtain and submit lien releases enabling the County's full, unrestricted use of the Work and access to services and utilities.
- E. Consult with County before submitting Record Documents in accordance with Section 01720 "Project Record Documents."
- F. Submit Operation and Maintenance Manuals.
- G. Make final changeover of permanent locks. Submit keys and keying schedule.
- H. Deliver tools, spare parts, extra stock, and similar items.
- I. Complete final cleaning requirements necessary for Substantial Completion.

1.05 FINAL CLEANING.

Complete the following cleaning operations prior to Substantial Completion or Owner occupancy.

- A. Remove from job site all tools, surplus materials, construction equipment, storage sheds, debris, waste and temporary services.
- B. Clean the site, including landscape development areas, of rubbish, litter and other foreign substances. Sweep paved areas broom clean; remove stains, spills and other foreign deposits. Rake grounds that are neither paved nor planted, to a smooth even-textured surface.
- C. Structures:
 - 1. Visually inspect exterior surfaces and remove all traces of soil, waste materials, smudges and other foreign matter.
 - 2. Remove all traces of splashed materials from adjacent surfaces.
 - 3. Ensure exterior surfaces have a uniform degree of cleanliness.
 - 4. Visually inspect interior surfaces and remove all traces of soil, waste materials, smudges and other foreign matter.
 - 5. Remove paint droppings, spots, stains and dirt from finished surfaces.
 - 6. Remove labels that are not permanent labels.
 - 7. Clean transparent materials, including mirrors and glass in doors and windows. Remove glazing compound and other substances that are noticeable vision-obscuring materials. Replace chipped or broken glass and other damaged transparent materials.

- 8. Clean exposed exterior and interior hard-surfaced finishes to a dust-free condition, free of stains, films and similar foreign substances. Leave concrete floors broom clean.
- 9. Wipe surface of mechanical and electrical equipment. Remove excess lubrication and other substances. Clean light fixtures and lamps.
- 10. Clean permanent filters of ventilating systems and replace disposable filters if units were operated during construction. Clean ducts, blowers and coils if units were operated without filters during construction.

1.06 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUALS

- A. The Contractor will submit the proposed format, content and tab structure for all Operating and Maintenance Manuals for the County's review and approval. The tab structure for Operating and Maintenance Manuals will follow specification division format as accepted by the Construction Specification Institute. After the County approves the proposed format, content, and tab structure for the Operating and Maintenance Manuals, the Contractor will create and deliver 5 complete sets.
- B. Operation and Maintenance documentation is required for each piece of mechanical, electrical, communications, instrumentation and controls, pneumatic, hydraulic, conveyance, and special construction. If required by the technical specifications, provide Operation and Maintenance documentation for any other product not listed in the foregoing.
- C. The requirements of this Section are separate, distinct and in addition to product submittal requirements that may be established by other Sections of the Specifications. Owner's manuals, manufacturer's printed instructions, parts lists, test data and other submittals required by other Sections of the Specifications may be included in the Operating and Maintenance Manuals provided that they are approved and are formatted in a manner consistent with the requirements of this Section.
- D. Deliver Operation and Maintenance Manuals directly to the County.
- E. Operating and Maintenance Manual documents must include, but are not limited to, table of contents, approved submittals, manufacturer's operating and maintenance instructions, brochures, Shop Drawings, performance curves and data sheets annotated to indicate equipment actually furnished (e.g. identifying impeller size, model, horsepower, etc), procedures, wiring and control diagrams, records of factory and field tests and device/controller settings and calibration, program lists or data compact discs, maintenance and warranty terms and contact information, spare parts listings, inspection procedures, emergency instructions, and other Operating and Maintenance documentation that may be useful to the County. The material and equipment data required by this Section must include all data necessary for the proper installation, removal, normal operation, lubrication, assembly, disassembly, repair, inspection, trouble-shooting, and warranty service of the equipment or materials.

- F. The Contractor must bind the Operating and Maintenance Manual documents in heavyduty, 3-ring vinyl-covered binders including pocket folders for folded sheet information. Mark binder identification on both the front and spine of each binder. Binder information must list the project title, identify separate structures or locations as applicable, identify the general subject matter covered in the manual and must include the words "OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS".
 - 1. The Contractor must submit the Operating and Maintenance documents on three-hole punched, 8-1/2-inch x 11-inch sheets or on three-hole punched sheets that are foldable in multiples of 8-1/2-inch x 11-inch. The three-hole punched edge will be the left 11-inch edge.
 - 2. The Contractor may request waivers to the size requirement for specific instances. The Contractor's waiver request must be in writing to the County. The Contractor's waiver request must include a justification for seeking the waiver.
- G. The Contractor must provide an electronic version of the complete and final Operating and Maintenance Manuals in original electronic file format on compact disc or DVD. The Contractor must also provide one (1) electronic pdf file of each bound Operating and Maintenance Manual that represents each Manual's content. The electronic pdf file must match the Operating and Maintenance Manual content and organizational structure.

1.07 SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION INSPECTION PROCEDURES

- A. Upon receipt of the Contractor's request for inspection, the County will either proceed with inspection or advise the Contractor of incomplete prerequisites.
- B. Following the initial inspection, the County will either prepare the certificate of Substantial Completion, or advise the Contractor of Work which must be performed before the certificate will be issued. The County will repeat the inspection when requested in writing and when assured that the Work has been substantially completed.
- C. Results of the completed inspection will form the initial "punch list" for final acceptance.

1.08 PREREQUISITES FOR FINAL ACCEPTANCE.

Complete the following before requesting the County's final inspection for certification of final acceptance, and final payment. List known exceptions, if any, in the request.

- A. Submit the final payment request with final releases and supporting documentation not previously submitted and accepted. Include certificates for insurance for products and completed operations where required.
- B. Submit written certification that:
 - 1. The County's final punch list of itemized Work to be completed or corrected, stating that each item has been completed or otherwise resolved for acceptance.
 - 2. The Contract Documents have been reviewed and Work has been completed in accordance with Contract Documents.

- 3. Equipment and systems have been tested in the presence of the County and are operational.
- 4. Work is completed and ready for final inspection.
- C. Submit consent of surety.
- D. Submit evidence of final, continuing insurance coverage complying with insurance requirements.

1.09 FINAL ACCEPTANCE INSPECTION PROCEDURES

- A. The County will re-inspect the Work upon receipt of the Contractor's written notice that the Work, including punch list items resulting from earlier inspections, has been completed, except for those items for which completion has been delayed because of circumstances that are acceptable to the County.
- B. Upon completion of re-inspection, the County will either prepare a certificate of final acceptance or advise the Contractor of Work that is incomplete or of obligations that have not been fulfilled, which are required for final acceptance.
- C. If necessary, the re-inspection procedure will be repeated.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (NOT USED)

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SECTION 01720

PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

- A. The purpose of the Project Record Documents is to provide the County with factual information regarding all aspects of the Work, both concealed and visible.
- B. To insure the Work was constructed in conformance with the Contract Drawings, the following survey documents are required to be prepared and certified by a Surveyor as per Spec Section 01050 Surveying and Field Engineering:
 - 1. Asset Attribute Data Form
 - 2. Pipe Deflection Table
 - 3. Gravity Main Data
 - 4. Boundary Survey and Survey Map Report for pump stations and easements with constructed improvements

The Asset Attribute Data and Pipe Deflection Table forms can be found on the County's web site:

http://www.orangecountyfl.net/WaterGarbageRecycling/UtilitiesCapitalImprovementProgram.aspx

1.02 DEFINITIONS

- A. Boundary Survey: Boundary survey, map and report certified by a Surveyor shall be provided that meets the requirements of Chapter 5J-17 'Minimum Technical Standards', FAC.
- B. Surveyor: Contractor's Surveyor that is licensed by the State of Florida as a Professional Surveyor and Mapper pursuant to Chapter 472, F.S.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Delegate the responsibility for maintenance of the Record Documents to one person on the Contractor's staff as approved by the County.
- B. Thoroughly coordinate changes within the Record Documents, making adequate and proper entries on each page of specifications and each sheet of Drawings and other documents where such entry is required to show progress and changes properly.
- C. Make entries within 24-hours after receipt of information has occurred.

1.04 RECORD DOCUMENTS AT SITE

- A. Maintain at the site and always available for County's use one (1) record copy of:
 - 1. Construction Contract, Drawings, Specifications, General Conditions, Supplemental Conditions, Bid Proposal, Instruction to Bidders, Addenda, and all other Contract Documents
 - 2. Change Orders, Verbal Orders, and other modifications to Contract
 - 3. Written instructions by the County as well as correspondence related to Requests for Information (RFIs)
 - 4. Accepted Shop Drawings, Samples, product data, substitution and "or-equal" requests
 - 5. Field test records, inspection certificates, manufacturer certificates and construction photographs
 - 6. Paper copies of the Progressive As-Built Drawings
 - 7. Current Surveyor's tables for the Assets Attribute Data, Pipe Deflection Data, and Gravity Main Data
- B. Maintain the documents in an organized, clean, dry, legible condition and protected from deterioration, loss and damage until completion of the Work, transfer of all record data to the final As-built Drawings for submittal to the County.
- C. Store As-Built Documents and samples in Contractor's office apart from documents used for construction. Do not use As-Built document for construction purposes. Label each document "AS-BUILT" in neat large printed letters. File documents and samples in accordance with CSI/CSC format.
- D. Record information concurrently with construction progress. Do not conceal any Work until required information is recorded.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 AS-BUILT SURVEY DRAWINGS

- A. Maintain the electronic As-Built Drawings to accurately record progress of Work and change orders throughout the duration of the Contract.
- B. Date all entries. Enter RFI No., Change Order No., etc. when applicable.
- C. Call attention to the entry by highlighting with a "cloud" drawn around the area affected or other means. In the event of overlapping changes, use different colors for entries of the overlapping changes.
- D. Design call-outs shall have a thin strike line through the design call-out and all As-Built information must be labeled (or abbreviated "AB") and be shown in a bolder text that is completely legible.
- E. Entries shall consist of graphical representations, plan view and profiles, written comments, dimensions, State Plane Coordinates, details and any other information as required to document field and other changes of the actual Work completed. As a

minimum, make entries to also record:

- 1. Depths of various elements of foundation in relation to finish floor datum and State Plane Coordinates and elevations.
- 2. As-Built Asset Attribute Data tables shall be completed in the Drawings.
- 3. When electrical boxes, or underground conduits and plumbing are involved as part of the Work, record true elevations and locations, dimensions between boxes.
- 4. Actually installed pipe or other work materials, class, pressure-rating, diameter, size, specifications, etc. Similar information for other encountered underground utilities, not installed by Contractor, their owner and actual location if different than shown in the Contract Documents.
- 5. Details, not on original Contract Drawings, as needed to show the actual location of the Work completed in a manner that allows the County to find it in the future.
- 6. The Contractor shall mark all arrangements of conduits, circuits, piping, ducts and similar items shown schematically on the construction documents and show on the As-Built Drawings the actual horizontal and vertical alignments and locations.
- 7. Major architectural and structural changes including relocation of doors, windows, etc. Architectural schedule changes according to Contractor's records and Shop Drawings.

2.02 RECORD DOCUMENTS

- A. Three (3) paper copy sets and three (3) digital media sets of the following final Record Documents below.
 - 1. The following documents shall be signed and sealed by the Surveyor:
 - a. As-built survey drawings as previously described in paragraph 2.01.
 - b. As-built Asset Attribute Data (see Specification Section 01050 "Surveying and Field Engineering," Table 01050-2 for an example)
 - c. Boundary Survey on a 81/2"x11" format of fee simple and/or permanent easement sites for pump stations, treatment facilities, etc.. As a minimum the Boundary Survey shall show all above ground and underground structures or equipment, pipe, and conduit. All property or easement corners and the center of wetwell shall be shown with GPS coordinates. The Boundary Survey field work shall be dated after the Work has been completed.
 - d. Boundary Survey on a 81/2"x11" format for Work related to constructed pipes within any permanent easements. As a minimum the Boundary Survey shall show the location of the pipe centerline and property corners with GPS coordinates. The Boundary Survey field work shall be dated after the Work has been completed within the easements.
 - e. Gravity Main Table (see Specification Section 01050 "Surveying and Field Engineering", Table 01050-4 for an example)
 - f. Pipe Deflection Table (see Specification Section 01050 "Surveying and Field Engineering" Table 01050-3 for an example). An electronic blank table will be supplied by the County.
 - 2. Provide an encompassing digital AutoCAD file in the Engineer's current version of AutoCAD and the file shall be saved under in the format dwg. The file includes all the information of the As-Built Survey and any other graphical information in the As-Built Drawings. It shall include the overall Work, utility system layout and

associated parcel boundaries and easements. Feature point, line and polygon information for new or altered Work and all accompanying geodetic control and survey data shall be included. The Surveyor's certified As-Built Asset Attribute Data shall be added to the As-Built Drawings.

- 3. Provide Scanned "As-Built" Drawing sets complete and include the title sheet, plan/profile sheets, cross-sections, and details. Each individual sheet contained in the printed set of the As-Built Drawings shall be included in the electronic drawings, with each sheet being converted into an individual tif (tagged image file). The plan sheets shall be scanned in tif format Group 4 at minimum of 400 dpi resolution to maintain legibility of each drawing. Then, the tif images shall be embedded into a single pdf (Adobe Acrobat) file representing the complete plan set.
- 4. Provide Scanned Record Documents reflecting changes from the Contract Documents.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 FINAL RECORD DOCUMENTS SUBMITTAL

- A. Submit the Final Record Documents within 20-days after Substantial Completion.
 - 1. Participate in review meetings as required and make required changes and promptly deliver the Final Record Documents to the County.

SECTION 01740 WARRANTIES AND BONDS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE OF WORK

A. This Section specifies general administrative and procedural requirements for warranties and bonds required by the Contract Documents, including manufacturer's standard warranties on products and special warranties.

1.02 RELATED WORK

- A. Refer to Conditions of Contract for the general requirements relating to warranties and bonds.
- B. General closeout requirements are included in Section 01700 "Project Closeout."
- C. Specific requirements for warranties for the Work and products and installations that are specified to be warranted are included in the individual Sections of Division 2 through 16.

1.03 DEFINITIONS

- A. Standard Product Warranties are preprinted written warranties published by individual manufacturers for particular products and are specifically endorsed by the manufacturer to the County.
- B. Special Warranties are written warranties required by or incorporated in the Contract Documents, either to extend time limits provided by standard warranties or to provide greater rights for the County.

1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit written warranties to the County prior to requesting a Substantial Completion Inspection as outlined in Section 01700 "Project Closeout." If the Certificate of Substantial Completion designates a commencement date for warranties other than the date of Substantial Completion for the Work, or a designated portion of the Work, submit written warranties upon request of the County.
- B. When a designated portion of the Work is completed and occupied or used by the County, by separate agreement with the Contractor during the construction period, submit properly executed warranties to the County within 15-days of completion of that designated portion of the Work.

- C. When a special warranty is required to be executed by the Contractor, or the Contractor and a Subcontractor, supplier or manufacturer, prepare a written document that contains appropriate terms and identification, ready for execution by the required parties. Submit a draft to the County for approval prior to final execution.
- D. Refer to individual Sections of Divisions 2 through 16 for specific content requirements, and particular requirements for submittal of special warranties.
- E. Prior to Substantial Completion Inspection, submit to the County two (2) copies of each required warranty and bond properly executed by the Contractor, or by the Contractor, Subcontractor, supplier, or manufacturer. Organize the warranty documents into an orderly sequence based on the table of contents of the Project Manual.
 - 1. Bind warranties and bonds in heavy-duty, commercial quality, durable 3-ring vinyl covered loose-leaf binders, thickness as necessary to accommodate contents and sized to receive 8-1/2-inch by 11-inch three-hole punched paper.
 - 2. Table of Contents will be neatly typed, in the sequence of the Table of Contents of the Project Manual, with each item identified with the number and title of the specification Section in which specified and the name of the product or work item.
 - 3. Provide heavy paper dividers with celluloid covered tabs for each separate warranty. Mark the tab to identify the product or installation. Provide a typed description of the product or installation, including the name of the product and the name, address and telephone number of the installer, supplier and manufacturer.
 - 4. Identify each binder on the front and the spine with the typed or printed title "WARRANTIES AND BONDS", the project title or name and the name, address and telephone number of the Contractor.
 - 5. When operating and maintenance manuals are required for warranted construction, provide additional copies of each required warranty, as necessary, for inclusion in each required manual.

1.05 WARRANTY REQUIREMENT

- A. The Contractor will warrant all equipment in the Contractor's one-year warranty period even though certificates of warranty may not be required. For all major pieces of equipment, the Contractor shall submit a warranty from the equipment manufacturer. "Major" equipment is defined as a device having a 5 HP or larger motor or which lists for more than \$1,000.00.
- B. In the event that an equipment manufacturer or supplier is unwilling to provide a oneyear warranty commencing at Substantial Completion, the Contractor will obtain from the manufacturer a warranty of sufficient length commencing at the time of equipment delivery to the job site, such that the warranty will extend to at least 1-year past substantial completion.
- C. If an individual specification section requires a particular warranty more stringent than that required by this Section or the General Conditions, the more stringent requirements will govern for the applicable portion of the Work.

- D. Related Damages and Losses: When correcting warranted Work that has failed, remove and replace other Work that has been damaged as a result of such failure or that must be removed and replaced to provide access for correction of warranted Work.
- E. Reinstatement of Warranty: When Work covered by a warranty has failed and been corrected by replacement or rebuilding, reinstate the warranty by written endorsement. The reinstated warranty will be equal to the original warranty with an equitable adjustment for depreciation.
- F. Replacement Cost: Upon determination that Work covered by a warranty has failed, replace or rebuild the Work to an acceptable condition complying with requirements of Contract Documents. The Contractor is responsible for the cost of replacing or rebuilding defective Work regardless of whether the County has benefited from use of the Work through a portion of its anticipated useful service life.
- G. County's Recourse: Written warranties made to the County are in addition to implied warranties, and will not limit the duties, obligations, rights and remedies otherwise available under the law, nor will warranty periods be interpreted as limitations on time in which the County can enforce such other duties, obligations, rights, or remedies.
- H. Rejection of Warranties: The County reserves the right to reject warranties and to limit selections to products with warranties not in conflict with requirements of the Contract Documents.
- I. The County reserves the right to refuse to accept Work for the project where a special warranty, certification, or similar commitment is required on such work or part of the Work, until evidence is presented that entities required to counter-sign such commitments are willing to do so.
- J. Disclaimers and Limitations: Manufacturer's disclaimers and limitations on product warranties do not relieve the Contractor of the warranty on the Work that incorporates the products, nor does it relieve suppliers, manufacturers, and Subcontractors required to countersign special warranties with the Contractor.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 DELIVERABLES

- A. Assemble warranties, bonds and service and maintenance contracts, executed by each of the respective manufacturers, suppliers, and Subcontractors, and bind into a commercial quality standard 3-ring binder; submit 5 copies of the warranties and bonds to the County for review.
 - 1. The warranties and bonds shall include:
 - a. Equipment or product description
 - b. Manufacturer's name, principal, address and telephone number

- c. Contractor, name of responsible principal, address and telephone number
- d. Local supplier's or representatives name and address
- e. Scope of warranty or bond
- f. Proper procedure in case of failure
- g. Instances which might affect the validity of warranty or bond
- h. Date of beginning of warranty, bond or service and maintenance contract
- i. Duration of warranty, bond or service maintenance contract

B. Warranties

- 1. Furnish an extended warranty for sanitary sewer main liner certified by the manufacturer for specified material properties for a particular job. The manufacturer warrants the liner to be free from defects in raw materials for 1-year from the date of acceptance. During the warranty period, any defects which affect the integrity or strength of the pipe shall be repaired at the Contractor's expense in a manner acceptable to the County.
- 2. Furnish an extended warranty for sanitary lateral liner certified by the manufacturer for specified material properties for a particular job. The manufacturer warrants the liner to be free from defects in raw materials for 1-year from the date of acceptance. During the warranty period, any defects which affect the integrity or strength of the pipe shall be repaired at the Contractor's expense in a manner acceptable to the County.

SECTION 02050

DEMOLITION OF EXISTING STRUCTURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

A. Scope of Work

- 1. This Section specifies the labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals required for the demolition, relocation, and/or disposal of all structures, building materials, equipment, and accessories to be removed as shown on the Drawings and as specified herein.
- 2. There may be existing and active stormwater, wastewater, water, and other facilities on site as indicated on the Drawings. It is essential that these facilities, when encountered, remain intact and in service during the proposed demolition. Consequently, the Contractor shall be responsible for the protection of these facilities and shall diligently direct all his activities toward maintaining continuous operation of the existing facilities and minimizing operational inconvenience.
- 3. Demolition generally includes:
 - a. Complete demolition and removal of manholes, valve vaults, wetwells, piping, and mechanical and electrical equipment related to the Work as shown on the Drawings and specified herein.
 - b. Complete demolition and removal of all above and below ground structures, concrete slabs and foundations, vaults, and underground utilities (water, wastewater, electrical, etc.) as shown on the Drawings and specified herein.
 - c. All material, equipment, rubble, debris, and other products of the demolition shall become the property of the Contractor for his disposal off-site in accordance with all applicable laws and ordinances at the Contractor's expense. The sale of salvageable materials by the Contractor shall only be conducted off-site. The sale of removed items on the site is prohibited by the County.
- 4. The Contractor shall examine the various Drawings, visit the site, determine the extent of the Work, the extent of work affected therein, and all conditions under which he is required to perform the various operations.
- 5. The Contractor shall fill and compact all voids left by the removal of pipe, structures, etc. with materials described herein to a grade that will provide for positive drainage of the disturbed area to drain run-off in direction consistent with the surrounding area. The Contractor shall provide all fill materials to the site as needed. Compaction of fill shall match the compaction of adjacent undisturbed material.

1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Permits and Licenses: Contractor shall obtain all necessary permits and licenses for performing the Work and shall furnish a copy of same to the County prior to commencing the Work. The Contractor shall comply with the requirements of the permits.

- B. Notices: Contractor shall issue written notices of planned demolition to companies or local authorities owning utility conduit, wires, or pipes running to or through the project site. Copies of said notices shall be submitted to the County.
- C. Utility Services: Contractor shall notify utility companies or local authorities furnishing gas, water, electrical, telephone, or sewer service to remove any equipment in the structures to be demolished and to remove, disconnect, cap, or plug their services to facilitate demolition.
- D. Contractor shall notify the Orange County Risk Management Department in writing prior to beginning any demolition work.

1.03 SHOP DRAWINGS AND SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be submitted to the County for review and acceptance prior to construction in accordance with the General Conditions and specifications Section 01300 "Submittals."
- B. Submit to the County for their approval, 2 copies of proposed methods and operations of demolition or relocation of the structures specified below prior to the start of Work. Include in the schedule the coordination of shut-off, capping, and continuation of utility service as required.
- C. Provide a detailed sequence of demolition and removal work to ensure the uninterrupted progress of the County's operations.
- D. Before commencing demolition work, all structure relocation, bypassing, capping, or modifications necessary will be completed. Actual work will not begin until the County has inspected and approved the prerequisite work and authorized commencement of the demolition work.
- E. The above procedure must be followed for each individual demolition operation.

1.04 SITE CONDITIONS

- A. Prior to demolition, the Contractor shall obtain written verification from the utility owner(s) that the existing utilities, including stormwater, wastewater, and/or water facilities, are not operational and are ready for demolition.
- B. The County assumes no responsibility for the actual condition of the structures to be demolished or relocated.
- C. Conditions existing at the time of inspection for bidding purposes will be maintained by the County insofar as practicable. However, variations within each site may occur prior to the start of demolition work.
- D. No additional payment will be made for pumping or other difficulties encountered due to water.

E. Certain information regarding the reputed presence, size, character and location of existing underground structures, pipes and conduit has been shown on the Drawings. There is no certainty of the accuracy of this information, and the location of underground structures shown may be inaccurate and other obstructions than those shown may be encountered. The Contractor hereby distinctly agrees that the County is not responsible for the correctness or sufficiency of the information given; that in no event is this information to be considered as a part of the Contract; that he shall have no claim for delay or extra compensation on account of incorrectness of information regarding obstructions either revealed or not revealed by the Drawings; and that he shall have no claim for relief from any obligation or responsibility under this Contract in case the location, size, or character of any pipe or other underground structure is not as indicated on the Drawings, or in case any pipe or other underground structure is encountered that is not shown on the Drawings.

1.05 RESTRICTIONS

- A. No building, tank or structure, or any part thereof, shall be demolished until an application has been filed by the Contractor with the Building Department Inspector and a permit issued if a permit is required. The fee for this permit shall be the Contractor's responsibility. Demolition shall be in accordance with applicable provisions of the Building Code of the State of Florida.
- B. No explosives shall be used at any time during the demolition. No burning of combustible material will be allowed.
- C. Contractor shall notify the Orange County Risk Management Department prior to beginning any demolition work.

1.06 DISPOSAL OF MATERIAL

- A. All salvageable or useable material or equipment to be retained by the County shall be shown on Drawings, and shall be moved to a designated area by Contractor for pick up by County. The Contractor shall promptly remove all other materials from the site as indicated or shown on the Drawings.
- B. All materials not retained by the County shall become the Contractor's property and shall be removed off-site.
- C. The on-site storage of removed items is prohibited by the County. Off-site sale of salvageable material by the Contractor is acceptable.

1.07 TRAFFIC AND ACCESS

A. Conduct work to ensure minimum interference with on-site and off-site roads, streets, sidewalks, and occupied or used facilities.

- B. Special attention is directed towards maintaining safe and convenient access to the existing facilities remaining in operation by plant personnel and plant associated vehicles, including trucks and delivery vehicles.
- C. Do not close or obstruct streets, sidewalks, or other occupied or used facilities without permission from the County. Provide alternate routes around closed or obstructed traffic in access ways.

1.08 PROTECTION

A. Conduct operations to minimize damage by falling debris or other causes to adjacent buildings, structures, roadways, other facilities, and persons. Provide interior and exterior shoring, bracing, or support to prevent movement or settlement or collapse of structures to be demolished and adjacent facilities to remain.

1.09 DAMAGE

A. Promptly repair damage caused to adjacent facilities by demolition operations as directed by the County at no cost to the County.

1.10 UTILITIES

- A. Maintain existing utilities as directed by the County to remain in service and protect against damage during demolition operations.
- B. Do not interrupt existing utilities serving occupied or operational facilities, except when authorized by County. Provide temporary services during interruptions to existing utilities as acceptable to the County.
- C. The Contractor shall cooperate with the County to shut off utilities serving structures of the existing facilities as required by demolition operations.
- D. The Contractor shall be solely responsible for making all necessary arrangements and for performing any necessary work involved in connection with the interruption of all public and private utilities or services.
- E. All utilities being abandoned shall be terminated at the service mains in conformance with the requirement of the utility companies or the municipality owning or controlling them.

1.11 EXTERMINATION

A. If required, before starting demolition, the Contractor shall employ a certified rodent and vermin exterminator and treat the facilities in accordance with governing health laws and regulations. Any rodents, insects, or other vermin appearing before or during the demolition shall be killed or otherwise prevented from leaving the immediate vicinity of the demolition work.

1.12 POLLUTION CONTROL

- A. For pollution control, use water sprinkling, temporary enclosures, and other suitable methods as necessary to limit the amount of dust rising and scattering in the air to the lowest level of air pollution practical for the conditions of work. The Contractor shall comply with the governing regulations.
- B. Clean adjacent structures and improvements of all dust and debris caused by demolition operations as directed by the County. Return areas to conditions existing prior to the start of Work.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 SEQUENCE OF WORK

A. The sequence of demolition and relocation of existing facilities shall be in accordance with the approved critical path schedule as specified in paragraph 1.03 above.

3.02 REMOVAL OF EXISTING PROCESS EQUIPMENT, PIPING, AND APPURTENANCES

A. Equipment to be retained by the County will be designated for retention by the County prior to bidding as specified in Paragraph 1.06 above. Subject to the constraints of maintaining existing facilities in operation as shown on the Drawings, all other process equipment, non-buried valving and piping, and appurtenances shall be removed from the site.

3.03 DEMOLITION PROCEDURES

The Contractor shall adhere to the following demolition procedures as referenced on the Drawings:

A. TO BE DEMOLISHED: Demolition shall be the breaking up, cutting, filling of any holes resulting, final grading of the area, performing any other operations required, and the removal from the site of all structures and equipment (structures, substructures, floor slabs, equipment, tanks, pipes, fittings, electrical systems, light poles, wiring, underground conduits and wiring, isolated slabs, and sidewalks) as indicated on the Drawings. All pieces of concrete, metal, and any other demolished material shall be removed to a depth of at least 5-feet below existing grade. Broken pieces of concrete may be size reduced by an on-site crusher, but in any event must be removed from the project site.

Before commencing structural demolition, remove all mechanical, electrical, piping, and miscellaneous appurtenances. Completely remove the structure by thoroughly breaking up concrete into pieces no more than 2-feet across the largest dimension.

- B. TO BE REMOVED: Where indicated on the Drawings, the structures and equipment shall be completely removed from the site with all associated connecting piping or electrical service. The item shall be taken whole or in parts to be salvaged or disposed of by the Contractor.
- C. TO BE ABANDONED: Where indicated on the Drawings, the structures and equipment shall be left in place, drained, and the contents properly disposed. The upper 4-feet of the structure shall be cut and removed, including the cover slab and access port, frame, and cover. All structures to be abandoned with bottom slabs shall be drilled (2 holes minimum, 2.0-inch diameter each) or hole punched to prevent flotation and filled with common fill.
- D. PIPING TO BE REMOVED: Where indicated on the Drawings, pipe (and conduit) shall be drained and the contents properly disposed. The pipe (or conduit) shall then be completely removed from the site, including fittings, valves, and other in-line devices. Connections to existing piping to remain shall be plugged by mechanical means (M.J. plugs, tie-rods, or thrust blocks). Piping shall be removed in accordance with Specification Section 02080 "Abandonment, Removal and Salvage or Disposal of Existing Pipe."
- E. PIPING TO BE ABANDONED: Where indicated on the Drawings, piping (or conduit) shall be left in place. All such piping shall be drained and the contents properly disposed. The pipe (or conduit) shall then be filled with grout (flowable fill) and each end of the pipe (or conduit) shall be plugged using a concrete plug in a manner acceptable to the County. Piping shall be abandoned in accordance with Specification Section 02080 "Abandonment, Removal and Salvage or Disposal of Existing Pipe."
- F. TO BE PROTECTED: Where indicated on the Drawings, the utility service, fence, structure, tree, or device so designated shall be temporarily protected during the prosecution of the demolition work as specified in Division 1.
- G. TO REMAIN: Where indicated on the Drawings, the designated facilities shall remain intact and in service during the prosecution of the demolition work.

3.04 DEWATERING OF EXISTING PROCESS UNITS AND DISPOSAL OF RESIDUE

The Contractor shall notify the County prior to beginning the dewatering work on any existing process units which contain wastewater, grit, or sludge. The Contractor, at his own expense, shall remove the entire contents of each structure and dispose off site. The proper transport and disposal of all residues shall remain the responsibility of the Contractor.

SECTION 02080

ABANDONMENT, REMOVAL, AND SALVAGE OR DISPOSAL OF EXISTING PIPE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

A. Scope of Work: This section specifies the furnishing of all labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals required to abandon, remove, salvage, and/or dispose of existing pipelines and appurtenances as shown on the Drawings and as specified herein.

1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Permits and Licenses: Contractor shall obtain and pay respective fees for all necessary permits and licenses for performing the Work and shall furnish a copy of same to the County prior to commencing the Work. The Contractor shall comply with the requirements of the permits. All removal or abandonment of asbestos pipe material shall be performed by a licensed asbestos abatement Contractor or Subcontractor registered in the State of Florida.
- B. Notices: Contractor shall issue written notices of planned Work to companies or local authorities owning utility conduit, wires, or pipes running to or through the project site. Copies of said notices shall be submitted to the County.
- C. Standards:
 - 1. Florida Administrative Code, Chapter 62-204.800
 - 2. National Emission Standards Hazardous Air Pollution (NESHAP), 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M, latest revision
 - 3. Occupational Safety and Health Act, 29 CFR
 - 4. The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Asbestos Abatement Worker Protection Rule
 - 5. Florida Statute 455.300
 - 6. Asbestos pipe handling best management practices provided at the end of this section
- D. Quality Control
 - 1. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to provide supervision and inspections to ensure that the existing piping is removed and disposed, salvaged, or abandoned as designated in the Drawings and as specified herein.
 - 2. Asbestos Pipe
 - a. All removal or abandonment of pipe material containing asbestos shall be performed by a licensed asbestos abatement Contractor or Subcontractor.

- b. The asbestos abatement Contractor or Subcontractor shall contact the Orange County Environmental Protection Division (407-836-1400) prior to removal or abandonment of any asbestos material and shall obtain all required permits and licenses and issue all required notices as required by the Orange County Environmental Protection Division. The Contractor shall be responsible for all fees associated with permits, licenses, and notices to the governing regulatory agencies.
- c. The asbestos abatement Contractor shall perform Work in accordance with all applicable standards referenced in paragraph 1.02.C of this section.
- d. The asbestos abatement Contractor shall have experience performing asbestos removal similar to this Project.

1.03 SHOP DRAWINGS AND SUBMITTALS

- A. Shop Drawings
 - 1. Submittals shall be submitted to the County for review and acceptance prior to construction in accordance with the General Conditions and specifications Section 01300 "Submittals."
 - 2. Shop Drawings shall be submitted to the County for review and acceptance prior to construction in accordance with these specifications for the following:
 - a. Grout
 - b. Caps and plugs
 - c. Credentials of licensed asbestos abatement Contractor including current certification.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 REMOVAL, ABANDONMENT, SALVAGE, AND DISPOSAL

- A. General: Existing piping designated on the Drawings to be removed shall be exposed and removed by the Contractor.
- B. Removal and Disposal
 - 1. Pipe designated to be removed shall be completely drained and the contents properly disposed. The piping system including fittings and valves shall then be completely removed from the site.
 - 2. Existing services and/or connections not shown on the Drawings shall be removed in accordance with this section at no additional cost. Existing live services encountered shall be maintained.
 - 3. Asbestos: Pipe material containing asbestos shall be removed and disposed by a licensed asbestos abatement Contractor or Subcontractor.

- 4. Structures shall be removed in accordance with Section 02050 "Demolition of Existing Structures."
- C. Removal of material to be salvaged
 - 1. Pipe designated on the Drawings to be removed and salvaged shall be completely drained and the contents properly disposed. The pipe shall then be thoroughly pressure washed, palletized on wooden skids to a dimension not exceeding the recommendation of the manufacturer, and conveyed to the County at the location designated by the County.
 - 2. Items to be salvaged:
 - a. Air release valves
 - b. Sanitary manhole rings and covers
 - c. Isolation valves
 - d. Valve boxes
 - e. Fire hydrant and valve assemblies
- D. Abandonment
 - 1. Pipe designated on the Drawings to be abandoned (or retired in place) shall be left in place, drained, and its contents properly disposed. Pipe requires end caps or plugs. All air release valves and vaults, valve boxes, fire hydrants, manholes, and manhole rings and covers shall be removed and disposed of or salvaged as specified above.
 - 2. All pipe 4-inches or larger to be abandoned in place shall be completely filled with grout and each end of the pipe shall be plugged in a manner acceptable to the County.
 - 3. Grout: Where designated on the Drawings, pipe to be abandoned shall be filled with grout in accordance with Section 03600 "Grouting."
 - 4. Plugs: Pipe to be abandoned shall be capped or plugged with a mechanical joint fitting that will prevent soil or other deposits form entering the pipe.
- E. Asbestos Pipe Handling Best Management Practices
 - 1. Projects will require worker documentation before entering the regulated Work area. A copy of: their current training certificate (workers and their supervisor); current medical condition showing the doctor approved their working with asbestos and wearing a respirator; signed acknowledgment forms; and current record (6-months) of each workers respirator fit test will be required from all workers.
 - 2. Projects also require air monitoring. OSHA will accept historic data on air monitoring within 12-months of the Project, provided the data is from a project of like material and conditions with a crew of the same experience, supervision, and training. Otherwise, monitoring is required throughout the Project. OSHA requires two (2) types of personnel air monitoring, full shift and 30-minute excursion level (when highest levels are anticipated).
 - 3. Some provisions should be made for worker showering or otherwise washing following work before removing respirators, etc. Even if direct exposure is not anticipated, and at a minimum, a source of water to rinse the respirators, wash workers faces and hands, and (in the event of unanticipated direct exposure) some place to shower is required. The workers will also need a change room and some place to keep their street clothes and personal possessions.

- 4. Proposals to remove asbestos pipe sections by cutting must address how the cutting debris will be captured and kept from becoming airborne. Soil that could be considered contaminated may also have to be removed.
- 5. Licensed asbestos abatement Contractors or Subcontractors should have a pollution endorsement in their liability insurance in case of asbestos fiber release. A contingency plan, in case the project does not run as smoothly as expected, should be developed and include emergency phone numbers kept on site during the Project.
- 6. Daily logs of the asbestos removal work should be kept, and should include sign in sheets for the workers and whatever air monitoring was done. Accident reports and other reports or correspondence if something unusual happened should also be included.
- 7. Waste receipts must be kept through all stages of transport from the site to, and including, the acceptance at the dumpsite where the material will be abandoned. Amount of material removed must be equal to the amount of material to be turned into to the dump.
- 8. The primary Contractor will give "approval for tear down" at project completion, indicating that all asbestos removal operations are complete and whether there is a need for any air monitoring. Air monitoring, if not required by any governing agency or approved permit as discussed previously, may also be required by the County if documentation to the general public pertaining to contamination is deemed necessary. This air monitoring is normally done by collecting area samples downwind of the project at the barrier tape or just inside it. It requires a source of electricity to run the pumps, which is often provided by a generator.

SECTION 02100

TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

A. Scope of Work

- 1. The Work specified in this Section consists of designing, providing, maintaining and removing temporary erosion, sedimentation and turbidity controls as necessary.
- 2. Temporary erosion controls include, but are not limited to, grassing, mulching, setting, watering and reseeding on-site surfaces and soil and borrow area surfaces and providing interceptor ditches at ends of berms and at those locations which will ensure that erosion during construction will be either eliminated or maintained within acceptable limits as established by federal, state and local requirements and by the County.
- 3. Temporary sedimentation controls include, but are not limited to; silt fence, silt dams, traps, barriers, and appurtenances at the foot of sloped surfaces which will ensure that sedimentation pollution will be either eliminated or maintained within acceptable limits as established by federal, state and local requirements and by the County.
- 4. Temporary turbidity controls include, but are not limited to, floating or staked turbidity barriers which will ensure that turbidity pollution will be either eliminated or maintained within acceptable limits as established by Federal, state, and local requirements and by the County.
- 5. Contractor is responsible for providing effective temporary erosion, sediment, and turbidity control measures during construction or until permanent controls become effective.
- B. Related Work Described Elsewhere: South Florida Building Code and Standard Building Code, FDOT Standard Specifications for road and bridge construction and FDOT Design Standards.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.01 EROSION CONTROL
 - A. Netting Fence: fabricated of material acceptable to the County.
 - B. Sod is specified in Section 02578, "Solid Sodding."

2.02 SEDIMENTATION CONTROL

- A. Bales: clean, seed-free cereal hay type.
- B. Netting: fabricated of material acceptable to the County.
- C. Filter stone: crushed stone conforming to Florida Department of Transportation specifications.

- D. Concrete block: hollow, non-load bearing type.
- E. Concrete: exterior grade not less than 1-inch thick.
- F. Rock Bags: conforming to FDOT Specifications.

2.03 TURBIDITY CONTROL

A. Conforming to FDOT Design Standards Index 103 - Turbidity Barriers.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 EROSION CONTROL

A. Minimum Procedures for Grassing Are:

- 1. Scarify slopes to a depth of not less than 6-inches and remove large clods, rock, stumps and roots larger than 1/2-inch in diameter and debris.
- 2. Sow seed within 24-hours after the ground is scarified with either mechanical seed drills or rotary hand seeders.
- 3. Apply mulch loosely and to a thickness of between 3/4-inch and 1-1/2-inches.
- 4. Apply netting over mulched areas on sloped surfaces.
- 5. Roll and water seeded areas in a manner which will encourage sprouting of seeds and growing of grass. Reseed areas which exhibit unsatisfactory growth. Backfill and seed eroded areas.

3.02 SEDIMENTATION CONTROL

A. Install and maintain silt fence, silt dams, traps, barriers and appurtenances as shown on the approved descriptions and working Drawings. Hay bales which deteriorate and filter stone which is dislodged shall be replaced.

3.03 TURBIDITY CONTROL

A. Install and maintain turbidity barriers daily and as described in FDOT Index #103.

3.04 PERFORMANCE

A. Should any of the temporary erosion and sediment control measures employed by the Contractor fail to produce results which comply with the requirements of the State of Florida, the Contractor shall immediately take whatever steps are necessary to correct the deficiency at his own expense.

SECTION 02140 DEWATERING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

A. Scope of Work: This Section specifies the furnishing of equipment; labor and materials necessary to remove storm or subsurface waters from excavation areas in accordance with the requirements set forth, as shown on the Drawings, and/or geotechnical report.

1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Qualifications: The Contractor shall engage a Geotechnical Engineer registered in the State of Florida, to design the temporary dewatering system. The Contractor shall submit conceptual plan for the dewatering system prior to commencing work. The dewatering system installed shall be in conformity with the overall construction plan and certification of this shall be provided by the Geotechnical Engineer. The dewatering system shall be designed by a firm who regularly engages in the design of dewatering systems and who is fully experienced, reputable and qualified in the design of such dewatering systems.
- B. The dewatering of any excavation areas and the disposal of the water shall be in strict accordance with the latest revision of all local and state government rules and regulations.
- C. Permits: The Contractor shall obtain and pay respective fees for all local, state, and federal permits (including the Orange County, St. Johns River Water Management District, and/or South Florida Management District discharge permits) required for the withdrawal, treatment and disposal/discharge of water from the dewatering operation, prior to start of work.
- D. Comply with Florida Administrative Code, Chapter 62-621.300 (2).

1.03 SHOP DRAWINGS AND SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be submitted to the County for review and acceptance prior to construction in accordance with the General Conditions and specifications Section 01300 "Submittals."
- B. In accordance with FAC 62-621.300(2), submit analytical test results from a certified laboratory for the parameters listed in the FDEP "Generic Permit for the Discharge of Produced Ground Water from Any Non-Contaminated Site Activity" to the FDEP and the County. The submitted information shall show the location of the work, where the water will be going to, as well as an estimate for the amount, rate and duration of discharge being proposed.

- C. Provide notification to all jurisdictional permitting agencies in accordance with the requirements of the respective agency.
- D. Provide a detailed plan and operation schedule for dewatering of excavations.
 - 1. Provide descriptive literature of the dewatering system.
 - 2. Provide a plan for erosion and sedimentation control during dewatering.
 - 3. Provide copies of all permits/approvals for disposal/discharge of water during dewatering.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 GENERAL

- A. The Contractor shall have on-site and available the analytical test results performed in accordance with the FDEP "Generic Permit for the Discharge of Produced Ground Water from Any Non-Contaminated Site Activity" (FAC 62-621.300(2)).
- B. The Contractor shall provide adequate equipment for the removal of storm or subsurface waters which may accumulate within the excavation.
- C. The Contractor's attention is directed to the water surface elevations discussed in the report(s) on subsurface investigations. Water levels will normally vary from season to season.
- D. The Contractor shall be required to monitor the performance of the dewatering system during the progress of the Work and make such modifications as may be required to assure that the systems will perform satisfactorily. The dewatering system shall be designed in such a manner as to preserve the undisturbed bearing capacity of the sub-grade soils at the bottom of the trench or excavation.
- E. Prior to excavation, the Contractor shall submit his proposed method of dewatering and maintaining dry conditions to the County. Approval of the dewatering plan shall not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for the satisfactory performance of the system. The Contractor shall be responsible for correcting any disturbance of natural bearing soils or damage to structures caused by an inadequate dewatering system or by interruption of the continuous operation of the system as specified.
- F. If subsurface water is encountered, the Contractor shall utilize suitable equipment to adequately dewater the excavation. A wellpoint system or other County acceptable dewatering method shall be utilized if necessary to maintain the excavation in a dry condition for preparation of the trench bottom and for pipe laying. Within and adjacent to residential areas and other areas as required by the County, engines driving dewatering pumps shall be equipped with residential type mufflers and the noise shall not exceed 55 decibels within 50-feet.

3.02 DEWATERING AND DISPOSAL

- A. The Contractor shall construct and place all pipelines, structures, concrete work, structural fill, backfill and bedding material in-the-dry. In addition, the Contractor shall make the final 24-inches of excavation in-the-dry and not until the water level is a minimum of 2-foot below proposed bottom of excavation. For purposes of this Contract, in-the-dry is defined as $\pm 2\%$ of the optimum moisture content of the soil.
- B. The Contractor shall, at all times during construction, provide and maintain proper equipment and facilities to remove promptly and dispose of all water entering excavations. Contractor shall keep excavations dry so as to obtain a satisfactory undisturbed subgrade foundation condition until the fill, structure, or pipes have been completed to such extent that they will not be floated or otherwise damaged by allowing water levels to return to natural elevations.
- C. Dewatering shall at all times be conducted in such a manner as to preserve the natural undisturbed bearing capacity of the subgrade soils at proposed bottom of excavation.
- D. It is expected that dewatering will be required for pre-drainage of the soils prior to final excavation for most of the in-ground structures or piping and for maintaining the lowered groundwater level until construction has been completed so that the structure, pipeline or fill will not be floated or otherwise damaged.
- E. If wellpoints are used, Contractor shall adequately space wellpoints to maintain the necessary dewatering. Provide suitable filter sand and/or other means to prevent pumping of fine sands and silts. A continual check shall be maintained by the Contractor to ensure that the subsurface soil is not being removed by the dewatering operations. Pumping from wellpoints shall be continuous and standby pumps shall be provided.
- F. The Contractor's proposed method of dewatering shall include groundwater observation wells to determine the water level during construction. Observation wells shall be installed along pipelines as required to verify depth to water level and at locations approved by the County.
- G. At all times, site grading shall promote drainage. Surface runoff shall be diverted from excavations. Water entering the excavation from the surface shall be collected in shallow ditches around the perimeter of the excavation, drained to sumps, and pumped or drained by gravity to maintain an excavation bottom free from standing water.
- H. Flotation shall be prevented by the Contractor by maintaining a positive and continuous removal of water. The Contractor shall be fully responsible for all damages which may result from failure to adequately keep excavations dewatered.
- I. The Contractor shall dispose of water from the Work in a suitable manner without damage to adjacent properties or facilities. No water shall be discharged without appropriate treatment for adverse contaminants. No water shall be drained in work built or under construction without prior consent from the County. Water shall be filtered to remove sand and fine soil particles before disposal into any drainage system.

J. Dewatering of excavations shall be considered incidental to the construction of the Work and all costs shall be included in the various Contract prices in the Bid Form, unless a separate bid item has been established for dewatering.

3.03 GROUNDWATER TREATMENT (IF REQUIRED)

- A. If concentrations of tested groundwater quality parameters exceed those allowable in the FDEP Generic Permit for the Discharge of Produced Groundwater from any Non-Contaminated Site Activity (62-621.300(2), F.A.C.), the Contractor shall treat the effluent.
- B. The Contractor shall immediately notify the County and discuss the parameters that exceed allowable limits.
- C. The Contractor shall meet with the FDEP to determine alternatives that are acceptable to the FDEP.
- D. The Contractor shall apply for and obtain any and all permits and/or treatment approvals that FDEP requires including but not limited too:
 - 1. Generic Permit for Discharges from Petroleum Contaminated Sites (62-621.300(1)). Allows discharges from sites with automotive gasoline, aviation gasoline, jet fuel, or diesel fuel contamination; or
 - 2. Permit for all Other Contaminated Sites (62-04; 62-302; 62-620 & 62-660). The coverage is available only through the individual NPDES permit issued by FDEP, allows discharges from sites with general contaminant issues i.e. ground water and/or soil contamination other than petroleum fuel contamination; or
 - 3. Generic Permit for the Discharge of Produced Ground Water from Any Non-Contaminated Site Activity (62-621.300(2), F.A.C.); or
 - 4. Generic Permit for Stormwater Discharge from Large or Small Construction Activities (62-621.300(4)(a), F.A.C.); or
 - 5. An Individual Wastewater Permit (62-604.300(8) (a)
- E. The Contractor shall implement the appropriate treatment that is acceptable to FDEP and County to attain compliance for all excess limits encountered during dewatering activities. Treatment may include, but is not limited to: Chemical, Biological, Electrolysis or any combination of the three.
- F. The Contractor shall make every effort to minimize the spread of contamination into uncontaminated areas. Provide for the health and safety of all workers at the job site and make provisions necessary for the health and safety of the public that may be exposed to any potentially hazardous conditions. Ensure provision adhere to all applicable laws, rules or regulations covering hazardous conditions and will be in a manner commensurate with the level of severity of the conditions.
- G. If necessary, provide contamination assessment and remediation personnel to handle site assessment, determine the course of action necessary for site security and perform the necessary steps under applicable laws, rules and regulations for additional assessment and/or remediation work to resolve the contaminations issue.

- H. Delineate the contamination area(s) and any staging or holding area required and develop a work plan that will provide the schedule of projected completion dates for the final resolution of the contamination issue.
- I. Maintain jurisdiction over activities inside any delineated contamination areas and any associated staging or holding areas. Be responsible for the health and safety of workers within the delineated areas. Provide continuous access to representatives of regulatory or enforcement agencies having jurisdiction.

3.04 REMOVAL

Immediately upon completion of the dewatering system, the Contractor shall remove all of his equipment, materials, and supplies from the site of the Work, remove all surplus materials and debris, fill in all holes or excavations, and grade the site to elevations of the surface levels which existed before work started. The site shall be thoroughly cleaned and approved by the County.

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SECTION 02215 FINISH GRADING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

- A. Scope of Work: Provide finish grading to all areas within the limits of construction.
- B. Grade sub-soil. Cut out areas to receive stabilizing base course materials for paving and sidewalks. Place, finish grade, and compact topsoil.

1.02 PROTECTION

A. Prevent damage to existing fencing, trees, landscaping, natural features, benchmarks, pavement, and utility lines. Correct damage at no cost to the County.

1.03 SHOP DRAWINGS AND SUBMITTALS

A. Submittals shall be submitted to the County for review and acceptance prior to construction in accordance with the General Conditions and specifications Section 01300 "Submittals."

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

- A. All material supplied shall be one of the products specified in Appendix D "List of Approved Products" appended to these technical specifications.
- B. Topsoil: Friable loam free from subsoil, roots, grass, excessive amount of weeds, stones, and foreign matter; acidity range (pH) of 5.5 to 7.5; containing a minimum of 4% and a maximum of 25% organic matter. The topsoil shall be suitable for the proposed plant growth shown on the Drawings and specified. Use topsoil stockpiles on site if conforming to these requirements. If there is not sufficient topsoil available at the project site, the Contractor shall furnish additional topsoil as required to complete the Work at no additional cost to the County.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 SUB SOIL PREPARATION

A. Rough grade sub-soil systematically to allow for a maximum amount of natural settlement and compaction. Eliminate uneven areas and low spots. Remove debris, roots, branches, stones, etc. Remove sub-soil that has been contaminated with petroleum products.

- B. Cut out areas to subgrade elevation which are to receive stabilizing base for paving and sidewalks.
- C. Bring sub soil to required levels, profiles, and contours. Make changes in grade gradual. Blend slopes into level areas.
- D. Slope grade away from building a minimum of 2-inches in 10-feet unless indicated otherwise on the Drawings.
- E. Cultivate subgrade to a depth of 3-inches where topsoil is to be placed. Repeat cultivation in areas where equipment used for hauling and spreading topsoil has compacted sub-soil.

3.02 PLACING TOPSOIL

- A. Place topsoil in areas where seeding, sodding, and planting is to be performed. Place to the following minimum depths, up to finished grade elevations.
 - 1. 6-inches for seeded areas
 - 2. 4-1/2-inches for sodded areas
 - 3. 24-inches for shrub beds
 - 4. 18-inches for flower beds
- B. Use topsoil in relatively dry state. Place during dry weather.
- C. Fine grade topsoil eliminating rough and low areas to ensure positive drainage. Maintain levels, profiles, and contours of subgrades.
- D. Remove stones, roots, grass, weeds, debris, and other foreign material while spreading.
- E. Manually spread topsoil around trees, plants, and buildings to prevent damage which may be caused by grading equipment.
- F. Lightly compact placed topsoil.

3.03 SURPLUS MATERIAL

- A. Remove surplus sub soil and topsoil from site.
- B. Leave stockpile areas and entire job site clean and raked, ready to receive landscaping.

SECTION 02220

EXCAVATING, BACKFILLING, AND COMPACTING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

- A. Scope of Work: Excavate, backfill, and compact as required for the construction of the utility system consisting of piping and appurtenances, and structural construction as shown on the Drawings and specified herein. The Contractor shall furnish all labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals necessary to perform all excavation, backfill, compaction, grading, and slope protection to complete the Work. The Contractor shall be responsible for having determined to his satisfaction, prior to the submission of his bid, all under ground utilities locations and appurtenances shown on the construction Drawings.
- B. Definitions:
 - 1. Maximum Density: Maximum weight in pounds per cubic foot of a specific material as determined by AASHTO T-180 (ASTM D155).
 - 2. Optimum Moisture: Percentage of water in a specific material at maximum density.
 - 3. Rock Excavation: Excavation of any hard natural substance which requires the use of explosives and/or special impact tools such as jack hammers, sledges, chisels, or similar devices specifically designed for use in cutting or breaking rock, but exclusive of trench excavating machinery.
 - 4. Suitable: Suitable materials for fills shall be non-cohesive, non-plastic granular local sand and shall be free from vegetation, organic material, marl, silt, or muck. The Contractor shall furnish all additional fill material required.
 - 5. Unsuitable: Unsuitable materials are highly organic soil (peat or muck) classified as A-8 in accordance with AASHTO Designation M 145.
- C. Plan For Earthwork: The Contractor shall be responsible for having determined to his satisfaction, prior to the submission of his bid, the conformation of the ground, the character and quality of the substrata, the types and quantities of materials to be encountered, the nature of the groundwater conditions, the prosecution of the Work, the general and local conditions, and all other matters which can in any way affect the Work under this Contract. Prior to commencing the excavation, the Contractor shall submit a plan of his proposed operations, including maintenance of traffic, to the County for review. The Contractor shall consider, and his plan for excavation shall reflect, the equipment and methods to be employed in the excavation. The prices established in the Proposal for the Work to be done will reflect all costs pertaining to the Work.

1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Testing laboratory employed by the County will make such tests as are deemed advisable. The Contractor shall schedule his work to permit a reasonable time for testing before placing succeeding lifts and shall keep the laboratory informed of his progress. Costs for initial testing shall be paid by the County; however, tests which have to be repeated because of the failure of the tested material to meet specification shall be paid for by the Contractor and the cost of re-testing shall be deducted from payments due the Contractor.

B. Standards

- 1. AASHTO: American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials
- 2. ANSI: American National Standards Institute
- 3. ASCE: American Society of Civil Engineers
- 4. ASTM: American Society for Testing and Materials
- 5. AWWA: American Water Works Association
- 6. OSHA 29 CFR Subpart P Excavations and Trenches a) 1926.650, 1926.651, 1926.652
- 7. OSHA 29 CFR Subpart J a) 1910.146 for Confined Space Entry

1.03 JOB CONDITIONS

A. Existing Utilities

- 1. The Contractor is responsible for subsurface verification of existing utilities prior to construction. Locate existing utilities in the area of work in accordance with Sunshine State One Call regulations, Chapter 556, "Underground Facility Damage Prevention and Safety Act", FS.
- 2. Should uncharted or incorrectly charted piping or other utility be encountered during excavation, notify the County. Keep all facilities in operation and repair damaged utilities to the satisfaction of the County.
- 3. Damage and repair costs to such piping or utilities are the Contractor's responsibility.
- 4. If utilities are to remain in place, the Contractor shall provide adequate means of protection.
- B. Test borings and the sub-surface exploration data if previously done on the site will be made available upon request and are for the Contractor's information only.

1.04 PROTECTION

- A. Sheeting and Bracing
 - 1. Requirements of the Trench Safety Act shall be adhered to at all times.

- 2. Furnish, put in place, and maintain such sheeting and bracing as may be required to support the sides of excavations, to prevent any movement which could in any way diminish the width of the excavation below that necessary for proper construction, to protect adjacent structures and power poles from undermining, and to protect workers from hazardous conditions or other damage. Such support shall consist of braced steel sheet piling, braced wood lagging and soldier beams or other acceptable methods. If the County is of the opinion that at any point sufficient or proper supports have not been provided, the County may order additional supports put in at the expense of the Contractor, and compliance with such order shall not relieve or release the Contractor from his responsibility for the sufficiency of such supports. Care shall be taken to prevent voids outside of the sheeting, but if voids are formed, they shall be immediately filled and compacted. Where soil cannot be properly compacted to fill a void, lean concrete shall be used as backfill at no additional expense to the County.
- 3. The Contractor shall construct the sheeting outside the neat lines of the foundation unless indicated otherwise for the method of operation. Sheeting shall be plumb and securely braced and tied in position. Sheeting and bracing shall be adequate to withstand all pressure to which the structure or trench will be subjected. Any movement or bulging which may occur shall be corrected by the Contractor at their own expense so as to provide the necessary clearances and dimensions.
- 4. Where sheeting and bracing is required to support the sides of excavations for structures, the Contractor shall engage a Professional Geotechnical Engineer, registered in the State of Florida, to design the sheeting and bracing. The sheeting and bracing installed shall be in conformity with the design, and the Professional Engineer shall provide certification of this.
- 5. The installation of sheeting, particularly by driving or vibrating, may cause distress to existing structures. The Contractor shall evaluate the potential for such distress and, if necessary, take all precautions to prevent distress of existing structures because of sheeting installation.
- 6. The Contractor shall leave in place to be embedded in the backfill all sheeting and bracing not shown on the Drawings but which the County may direct him in writing to leave in place at any time during the progress of the Work for the purpose of preventing damage to structures, utilities, or property, whether public or private. The County may direct that timber used for sheeting and bracing be cut off at any specified elevation.
- 7. All sheeting and bracing not left in place shall be carefully removed in such manner as not to endanger the construction or other structures, utilities, or property. All voids left or caused by withdrawal of sheeting shall be immediately refilled with sand by ramming with tools especially adapted to that purpose, or otherwise as may be directed by the County.
- 8. The right of the County to order sheeting and bracing left in place shall not be construed as creating any obligation on the County's part to issue such orders, and their failure to exercise this right shall not relieve the Contractor from liability for damages to persons or property occurring from or upon the Work occasioned by negligence or otherwise, growing out of a failure on the part of the Contractor to leave in place sufficient sheeting and bracing to prevent any caving or moving of the ground.

- 9. No wood sheeting is to be withdrawn if driven below mid-diameter of any pipe, and under no circumstances shall any wood sheeting be cut off at a level lower than 1-foot above the top of any pipe.
- B. Pumping and Drainage:
 - 1. The Contractor shall at all times during construction provide and maintain proper equipment and facilities to remove all water entering excavations, and shall keep such excavations dry so as to obtain a satisfactory undisturbed subgrade foundation condition until the fills, structures, or pipes to be built thereon have been completed to such extent that they will not be floated or otherwise damaged by allowing the water level to return to the natural level as stipulated in Section 02140 "Dewatering." The Contractor shall engage a Professional Geotechnical Engineer registered in the State of Florida to design the dewatering systems. The Contractor shall submit to the County for a plan for dewatering systems prior to commencing work. The dewatering system installed shall be in conformity with the overall construction plan, and the Professional Engineer shall provide certification of this. The Professional Engineer shall be required to monitor the performance of the dewatering systems during the the systems are performing satisfactorily.
 - 2. Dewatering shall at all times be conducted in such a manner as to preserve the undisturbed bearing capacity of the subgrade soils at the proposed bottom of excavation and to preserve the integrity of adjacent structures. Dewatering by trench pumping will not be permitted if migration of fine grained natural material from bottom, sidewalls, or bedding material will occur.
 - 3. Water entering the excavation from surface runoff shall be collected in shallow ditches around the perimeter of the excavation, drained to sumps, and pumped from the excavation to maintain a bottom free from standing water.
 - 4. The Contractor shall take all additional precautions to prevent uplift of any structure during construction.
 - 5. Permission to use any storm sewers or drains for water disposal purposes shall be obtained from the authority having jurisdiction. Any requirements and costs for such use shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. However, the Contractor shall not cause flooding by overloading or blocking up the flow in the drainage facilities, and he shall leave the facilities unrestricted and as clean as originally found. Any damage to facilities shall be repaired or restored as directed by the County or the authority having jurisdiction, at no cost to the County.
 - 6. The Contractor shall prevent flotation by maintaining a positive and continuous operation of the dewatering system. The Contractor shall be fully responsible and liable for all damages which may result from failure of this system.
 - 7. Removal of dewatering equipment shall be accomplished after compaction/density testing has been completed and the system is no longer required. The Contractor shall remove the material and equipment constituting the system.
 - 8. The Contractor shall take all necessary precautions to preclude the accidental discharge of fuel, oil, or other contaminates in order to prevent adverse effects on groundwater quality.

1.05 TESTING AND INSPECTION SERVICE

- A. The County will provide a geotechnical testing and inspection service. The services include testing soil materials and quality control testing during filling and backfilling operations. Samples of soil materials shall be furnished to the testing service by the Contractor. The County shall pay costs of initial geotechnical testing. The Contractor shall pay for any subsequent testing required due to failure and laboratory stand-by charges incurred.
- B. The Contractor shall provide monthly density testing reports to the County during backfilling activities. Density testing reports not submitted in a timely manner shall result in rejection of the pipe installed and rejection of the density testing reports until such time that density re-testing is coordinated and repeated at the Contractors expense.
- C. Density testing scheduled subsequent to backfilling activities shall be coordinated with, and witnessed by the County. Failure by the Contractor to coordinate or have the County present shall result in rejection of the submitted density testing reports and re-testing at the Contractor's expense.
- D. Dewatering systems shall not be removed until compaction/density testing has been completed.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

- A. General:
 - 1. All fill material shall be subject to the review and acceptance of the County.
 - 2. All fill material shall be free of organic material, trash, or other objectionable material. The Contractor shall remove excess or unsuitable material from the job site.
- B. Common Fill Material: Common fill shall consist of mineral soil, substantially free of clay, organic material, muck, loam, wood, trash, and other objectionable material which may be compressible or which cannot be compacted properly. Common fill shall not contain stones larger than 3-1/2-inches in any dimension in the top 12-inches or 6-inches in any dimension in the balance of fill area. Common fill shall not contain asphalt, broken concrete, masonry, rubble or other similar materials. It shall have physical properties that allow it to be easily spread and compacted during filling. Additional common fill shall be no more than 12 % by weight finer than the No. 200 mesh sieve, unless finer material is approved for use in a specific location by the County. Select Common Fill shall be as specified as above from common fill, except that the material shall contain no stones larger than 1/2-inches in largest dimension, and shall be no more than 5 % by weight finer than the No. 200 mesh sieve.

C. Structural Fill: Structural fill shall be reasonably well graded sand to gravelly sand having the following gradation:

Percent Passing By Weight
100
75 - 100
15 - 80
0 - 30
0 - 12

D. Class 1 Soils*: Manufactured angular, granular material, 1/4 to 1-1/2-inches (6 to 4 mm) size, including materials having significance such as crushed stone or rock, broken coral, crushed slag, cinders, or crushed shells. Sieve analysis for crushed stone is given below separately.

Crushed Stone: Crushed stone shall consist of clean mineral aggregate free from clay, loam or organic matter, conforming to ASTM C33 stone size No. 89 and with particle size limits as follows:

U.S. Sieve Size	% Passing By Weight
1/2	100
3/8	100
No. 4	20 - 25
No. 8	5 - 30
No. 16	0 - 10
No. 50	0 - 2

- E. Class II Soils**:
 - 1. GW: Well graded gravels and gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines. Fifty percent or more retained on No. 4 sieve. More than 95 % retained on No. 200 sieve. Clean.
 - 2. GP: Poorly graded gravels and gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines. Fifty percent or more retained on No. 4 sieve. More than 95 % retained on No. 200 sieve. Clean.
 - 3. SW: Well graded sands and gravelly sands, little or no fines. More than passes No. 4 sieve. More than 95 % retained on No. 200 sieve. Clean.
 - 4. SP: Poorly graded sands and gravelly sands, little or no fines. More than 50 % passes No. 4 sieve. More than 95 % retained on No. 200 sieve. Clean.

*Soils defined as Class I materials are not defined in ASTM D2487. **In accordance with ASTM D2487, less than 5 % pass No. 200 sieve. F. Coarse Sand: Sand shall consist of clean mineral aggregate with particle size limits as follows:

U.S. Sieve Size	Percent Passing By Weight
3/8	100
No. 10	85 - 100
No. 40	20 - 40
No. 200	0 - 12

G. Other Material: All other material, not specifically described, but required for proper completion of the Work shall be selected by the Contractor and acceptable by the County.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 PREPARATION

- A. Clearing:
 - 1. The construction areas shall be cleared of all obstructions and vegetation including large roots and undergrowth within 10-feet of the lines of the excavation.
 - 2. Strip and stockpile topsoil on the site at the location to be determined by the County.

3.02 EXCAVATION

- A. General: Excavations for roadways, structures, and utilities must be carefully executed in order to avoid interruption of utility service.
- B. Excavating for Roadways/Structures/Utilities:
 - 1. Excavation shall be made to such dimensions as will give suitable room for building the foundations and the structures, for bracing and supporting, for pumping and draining, and for all other work required.
 - a. Excavation for precast or prefabricated structures shall be carried to an elevation 2-feet lower than the proposed outside bottom of the structure to provide space for the select backfill material. Prior to placing the select backfill, the excavation shall be measured by the County to verify that the excavation has been carried to the proper depth and is reasonably uniform over the area to be occupied by the structure.
 - b. Excavation for structures constructed or cast in place in dewatered excavations shall be carried down to the bottom of the structure where dewatering methods are such that a dry excavation bottom is exposed and the naturally occurring material at this elevation leveled and left ready to receive construction. Material disturbed below the founding elevation in dewatered excavations shall be replaced with Class B concrete.
 - c. Footings: Cast-in-place concrete footing sides shall be formed immediately after excavation.
 - 2. Immediately document the location, elevation, size, material type and function of all new subsurface installations, and utilities encountered during the course of construction.

- 3. Excavation equipment operators and other concerned parties shall be familiar with subsurface obstructions as shown on the Drawings and should anticipate the encounter of unknown obstructions during the course of the Work.
- 4. Encounters with subsurface obstructions shall be hand excavated.
- 5. Excavation and dewatering shall be accomplished by methods that preserve the undisturbed state of subgrade soils. Subgrade soils which become soft, loose, "quick" or otherwise unsatisfactory for support of structures as a result of inadequate dewatering or other construction methods shall be removed and replaced by crushed stone as required by the County at the Contractor's expense.
- 6. The bottom of excavations shall be rendered firm and dry before placing any piping or structure.
- 7. All pavements shall be cut with saws or approved power tools prior to removal.
- 8. Excavated material shall be stockpiled in such a manner as to prevent nuisance conditions. Surface drainage shall not be hindered. Excavated material not suitable for backfill shall be removed from the site and disposed of by the Contractor.

3.03 DRAINAGE

- A. The Contractor shall at all times during construction provide and maintain proper equipment and facilities to remove promptly and dispose of properly all water entering excavations, and keep such excavations dry so as to obtain a satisfactory undisturbed subgrade foundation condition. The dewatering method used shall prevent disturbance of earth below grade.
- B. All water pumped or drained from the Work shall be disposed of in a suitable manner without undue interference with other work, without damage to surrounding property, and in accordance with pertinent rules and regulations.
- C. No construction, including pipe laying, shall be allowed in water. No water shall be allowed to contact masonry or concrete within 24-hours after being placed. The Contractor shall constantly guard against damage due to water and take full responsibility for all damage resulting from his failure to do so.
- D. The Contractor will be required at his expense to excavate below grade and refill with crushed stone (gradation 57 or 89) or other acceptable fill material if the County determines that adequate dewatering has not been provided.

3.04 UNDERCUT

A. If the bottom of any excavation is below that shown on the Drawings or specified because of Contractor error, convenience, or unsuitable subgrade due the Contractor's excavation methods, he shall refill to normal grade with fill at his own cost. Fill material and compaction method shall be approved by the County.

3.05 FILL AND COMPACTION

A. Compact and backfill excavations and construct embankment according to the following schedule. (Modified Proctor standard shall be ASTM D-1557):

STRUCTURES AND ROADWORK

Area	Material	Compaction
Beneath Structures	Structural Fill	12-inch lifts, compacted to 98% maximum density as determined by AASHTO T-180.
Structures	ГШ	5
		Fill Should not be placed over any in-place soils until those deposits have been compacted to 98% Modified Proctor.
Around	Structural	12-inch lifts, 95% of maximum density as determined by
Structures	Fill	AASHTO T-180.
		Rubber Tire or vibratory plate compactors shall be used
Beneath	Common	12-inch lifts, 98% by maximum density as determined by
Paved	Fill	AASHTO T-180 or as required by the FDOT Standards.
Surfaces		
Open Areas	Common	12-inch lifts, 95% by maximum density as determined by
	Fill	AASHTO T-180.

- B. Pipe shall be laid in open trenches unless otherwise indicated on the Drawings or elsewhere in the Contract Documents.
- C. Excavations shall be backfilled to the original grade or as indicated on the Drawings. Deviation from this grade because of settling shall be corrected. The backfill operation shall be performed to comply with all rules and regulations and in such a manner that it does not create a nuisance or safety hazard.
- D. Embankments shall be constructed true to lines, grades, and cross sections shown on the plans or ordered by the County. Embankments shall be placed in successive layers of not more than 8-inches in thickness, loose measure, for the full width of the embankment. As far as practicable, traffic over the Work during the construction phase shall be distributed so as to cover the maximum surface area of each layer.
- E. If the Contractor requests approval to backfill material utilizing lifts and/or methods other than those specified herein, such request shall be in writing to the County. Acceptance will be considered only after the Contractor has performed tests, at the Contractor's expense, to identify the material used and density achieved throughout the backfill area utilizing the method of backfill requested. The County's acceptance shall be in writing.
- F. One compaction test location shall be required for each 300 linear feet of pipe and for every 100 square feet of backfill around structures as a minimum. The County may determine that more compaction tests are required to certify the installation depending on field conditions. The locations of the compaction tests within the trench shall be in conformance with the following schedule:
 - 1. At least one test at the spring line of the pipe.

- 2. At least one test for each 12-inch layer of backfill within the pipe bedding zone for pipes 24-inches and larger.
- 3. One test at an elevation of 1-foot above the top of pipe.
- 4. One test for each 2-feet of backfill placed from 1-foot above the top of the pipe to finished grade elevation.
- 5. Density testing is required for sanitary sewer manholes. Tests shall be staggered around the manhole within 3-feet of the structure's outside diameter.
 - a. First test shall be 1-foot above the structure base.
 - b. Second test shall be 2-feet above the first test and subsequent tests every 2-feet up the finished grade.
- 6. The Contractor shall provide additional compaction and testing prior to commencing further construction if the County's testing reports and inspection indicate that the fill has been placed below specified density.
- 7. The Contractor shall coordinate testing with the County approved testing laboratory and shall provide monthly test results to the County in a timely manner during construction activities. Density testing scheduled subsequent to backfilling activities shall be coordinated with the County and witnessed by the County representative. Failure by the Contractor to coordinate or have the County representative present shall result in rejection of the submitted density testing reports and re-testing at the Contractor's expense. Density testing reports not submitted in a timely manner shall result in rejection of the pipe installed and rejection of the density testing reports until such time that density re-testing is coordinated and repeated at the Contractor's expense as deemed necessary by the County's representative.
- 8. Dewatering systems shall not be removed until compaction/density testing has been completed.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02570 STABILIZED SUBGRADE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

A. Scope of Work: All labor, materials, and equipment required to install stabilized subgrade.

1.02 REFERENCES

- A. American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) latest edition:
 - 1. AASHTO T-180 Moisture-Density Relations of Soils Using a 10-lb Rammer and 18-in Drop
- B. Florida Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, latest edition:
 - 1. Section 914 Stabilization Materials

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Field compaction density, stability, and thickness testing frequencies of the subgrade shall be tested once every 300 linear feet of paving per 24-foot wide strip, staggered left, center, and right of centerline. Where less than 300 linear feet of asphalt is placed in 1-day, provide minimum of 1 test for each per day's construction at a location designated by the County.

1.04 SHOP DRAWINGS AND SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be submitted to the County for review and acceptance prior to construction in accordance with the General Conditions and specifications Section 01300 "Submittals."
 - 1. Materials certificates signed by material producer and Contractor, certifying that each material item complies with specified requirements.

1.05 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Stabilize the roadbed below the proposed base to provide a firm and unyielding subgrade.
- B. Provide a finished roadbed section that meets the bearing value requirements regardless of the quantity of stabilizing materials necessary to be added.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 GENERAL

- A. All material supplied shall be one of the products specified in Appendix D "List of Approved Products" appended to these technical specifications.
- B. The Contractor may choose the type of stabilizing material.
- C. Materials may be lime rock, shell rock, cemented coquina, or shell-base sources approved by the FDOT.
- D. At least 97% by weight of the total material shall pass a 3-1/2-inch (90-mm) sieve. Material having a plasticity index greater than 10 or a liquid limit greater than 40 shall not be used as a stabilizer.

2.02 LIMEROCK

A. For limerock, carbonates of calcium and magnesium shall be at least 70%.

2.03 CRUSHED SHELL

- A. Crushed shell for this use shall be mollusk shell (i.e., oysters, mussels, clams, cemented coquina). Steamed shell will not be permitted.
- B. At least 50% by weight of the total material shall be retained on the No. 4 (4.75 μ m) sieve.
- C. Not more than 20% by weight of the total material shall pass the No. 200 (75 μ m) sieve. The determination of the percentage passing the No. 200 (75 μ m) sieve shall be by washing only.

2.04 LOCAL MATERIALS

A. Local materials used for this stabilizing may be soils or recyclable materials such as crushed concrete, roof tiles, asphalt coated base, or reclaimed pavement. However, no materials that deteriorate over time, cause excessive deformations, contain hazardous substances, contaminates, or do not improve the bearing capacity of the stabilized material may be used.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 GENERAL

A. Prior to the beginning of stabilizing operations, construct the area to be stabilized to an elevation such that, upon completion of stabilizing operations, the completed stabilized subgrade will conform to the lines, grades, and cross-section shown in the plans. Prior to spreading any additive stabilizing material, bring the surface of the roadbed to a plane approximately parallel to the plane of the proposed finished surface.

B. Process the subgrade to be stabilized in 1 course, unless the equipment and methods being used do not provide the required uniformity, particle size limitation, compaction, and other desired results, in which case, the County will direct that the processing be done in more than 1 course.

3.02 APPLICATION OF STABILIZING MATERIAL

- A. When additive stabilizing materials are required, spread the designated quantity uniformly over the area to be stabilized.
- B. When materials from an existing base are to be used in the stabilizing at a particular location, place and spread all of such materials prior to the addition of other stabilizing additives.
- C. Spread commercial stabilizing material by the use of mechanical material spreaders, except that where use of such equipment is not practicable, use other means of spreading, but only upon written approval of the proposed alternate method.

3.03 MIXING

- A. Perform mixing using rotary tillers or other equipment meeting the approval of the County. The Contractor may mix the materials in a plant of an approved type suitable for this Work. Thoroughly mix the area to be stabilized throughout the entire depth and width of the stabilizing limits.
- B. Perform the mixing operations as specified (either in place or in a plant) regardless of whether the existing soil, or any select soils placed within the limits of the stabilized sections, have the required bearing value without the addition of stabilizing materials.

3.04 MAXIMUM PARTICLE SIZE OF MIXED MATERIALS

A. At the completion of the mixing, ensure that the gradation of the material within the limits of the area being stabilized is such that 97% will pass a 3-1/2-inch sieve and that the material does not have a plasticity index greater than 8 or liquid limit greater than 30. Note that clay balls or lumps of clay size particles (2 microns or less) cannot be considered as individual particle sizes. Remove any materials not meeting the plasticity requirements from the stabilized area. The Contractor may break down or remove from the stabilized area materials not meeting the gradation requirements.

3.05 COMPACTION

A. Compact the materials at a moisture content permitting the specified compaction. If the moisture content of the material is improper for attaining the specified density, either add water or allow the material to dry until reaching the proper moisture content for the specified compaction.

3.06 FINISH GRADING

A. Shape the completed stabilized subgrade to conform to the finished lines, grades, and cross-section indicated in the Drawings. Check the subgrade using elevation stakes or other means approved by the County.

3.07 CONDITION OF COMPLETED SUBGRADE

- A. After completing the stabilizing and compacting operations, ensure that the subgrade is firm and substantially unyielding to the extent that it will support construction equipment and will have the bearing value required by the Drawings.
- B. Remove all soft and yielding material, and any other portions of the subgrade that will not compact readily. Replace yielding material with suitable material so that the whole subgrade is brought to line and grade with proper allowance for subsequent compaction.

3.08 MAINTENANCE OF COMPLETED SUBGRADE

A. After completing the subgrade, maintain it free from ruts, depressions, and any damage resulting from the hauling or handling of materials, equipment, and tools. The Contractor is responsible for maintaining the required density until the subsequent base or pavement is in place including any repairs or replacement of curb and gutter or sidewalk which might become necessary in order to recompact the subgrade in the event of underwash or other damage occurring to the previously compacted subgrade. Perform any such recompaction at no expense to the County. Construct and maintain ditches and drains along the completed subgrade section.

3.09 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. When proper moisture conditions are attained, compact the material to not less than 98% of maximum density determined by AASHTO T-180, and a minimum LBR of 40.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02571 LIMEROCK BASE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

A. Scope of Work: Furnish and install a base course composed of limerock.

1.02 REFERENCES

- A. American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) latest edition:
- B. Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, latest implemented edition.
- 1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE
 - A. Density, thickness, and moisture content shall be determined and tested in accordance with this specification.
- 1.04 SHOP DRAWINGS AND SUBMITTALS
 - A. Submittals shall be submitted to the County for review and acceptance prior to construction in accordance with the General Conditions and specifications Section 01300 "Submittals."
 - 1. Lime rock design mix.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.01 GENERAL
 - A. All material supplied shall be one of the products specified in Appendix D "List of Approved Products" appended to these technical specifications.

2.02 MATERIALS

- A. The minimum of carbonates of calcium and magnesium in the limerock material shall be 70%.
- B. The maximum percentage of water-sensitive clay mineral shall be 3%.

- C. The liquid limit shall not exceed 35 and the material shall be non-plastic.
- D. Limerock material shall not contain cherty or other extremely hard pieces, lumps, balls, or pockets of sand or clay size material in sufficient quantity as to be detrimental to the proper bonding, finishing, or strength of the limerock base.
- E. At least 97% (by weight) of the material shall pass a 3-1/2-inch sieve and the material shall be graded uniformly to dust. The fine material shall consist entirely of dust of fracture. All crushing or breaking-up which might be necessary in order to meet such size requirements shall be done before the material is placed on the road.
- F. Limerock shall have an average LBR of not less than 100.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 GENERAL

A. The limerock shall be transported to the point where it is to be used, over rock previously placed if practicable, and dumped on the end of the preceding spread. Hauling over the subgrade and dumping on the subgrade will be permitted only when, in the County's opinion, these operations will not be detrimental to the base.

3.02 SPREADING LIMEROCK

- A. The limerock shall be spread uniformly. All segregated areas of fine or coarse rock shall be removed and replaced with properly graded rock.
- B. When the specified compacted thickness of the base is greater than 6-inches, the base shall be constructed in 2 courses. The thickness of the first course shall be approximately one-half the total thickness of the finished base, or enough to bear the weight of the construction equipment without disturbing the subgrade.
- C. All operations for constructing limerock base for shoulder construction at any particular location shall be done prior to placing the final course of pavement on the traveled roadway. In the construction of limerock base on the shoulders, the Contractor shall assure that the dumping of the limerock material shall be at such points and in such manner, that no significant material is allowed on the adjacent pavement, to scar or contaminate the pavement surface. Any limerock material which is deposited on the surface course for any reason shall be immediately swept off.

3.03 COMPACTING AND FINISHING BASE

A. For single course base, after the spreading is completed the entire surface shall be scarified and then shaped so as to produce the required grade and cross section after compaction.

- B. For double course base, the first course shall be cleaned of foreign material and bladed and brought to a surface cross section approximately parallel to that of the finished base. Prior to the spreading of any material for the upper course, the density tests for the lower course shall be made and the County shall have determined that the required compaction has been obtained. After the spreading of the material for the second course is completed, its surface shall be finished and shaped so as to produce the required grade and cross section after compaction, and free of scabs or laminations.
- C. When the material does not have the proper moisture content to insure the required density, wetting or drying will be required. When water is added it shall be uniformly mixed in by disking to the full depth of the course which is being compacted. Wetting or drying operations shall involve manipulation, as a unit, of the entire width and depth of the course which is being compacted.
- D. As soon as proper conditions of moisture are attained the material shall be compacted to a density of not less than 98% of maximum density as determined by AASHTO T-180. The minimum density which will be acceptable at any location outside the traveled roadway (such as intersections, crossovers, turnouts, shoulders, etc.) shall be 98% of such maximum.
- E. At least 3 density determinations shall be made on each day's final compaction operations on each course, and the density determinations shall be made at more frequent intervals if deemed necessary by the County. During final compaction operations, if grading of any areas is necessary to obtain the true grade and cross section, the compacting operations for such areas shall be completed prior to making the density tests on the finished base.

3.04 CORRECTION OF DEFECTS

- A. If at any time the subgrade material should become mixed with the base course material, the Contractor shall without additional compensation dig out and remove the mixture, reshape and compact the subgrade, and replace the materials removed with clean base material.
- B. If cracks or checks appear in the base, either before or after priming, which in the opinion of the County would impair the structural efficiency of the base, the Contractor shall remove the cracks or checks by re-scarifying, reshaping, adding base material where necessary, and re-compacting.

3.05 TESTING SURFACE

A. The finished surface of the base course shall be checked with a template cut to the required crown and a 15-foot straightedge placed parallel to the center line of the road. Both templates shall be provided by the Contractor. All irregularities greater than 1/4-inch shall be corrected by scarifying and removing or adding limerock as required, after which the entire area shall be re-compacted.

3.06 PRIMING AND MAINTAINING

- A. The prime coat shall be applied when the base meets the specified density requirements and moisture content in the top half of the base does not exceed 90% of the optimum moisture of the base material. At the time of priming, the base shall be firm, unyielding, and in such condition that no undue distortion will occur.
- B. The Contractor shall be responsible for assuring that the true crown and template are maintained, with no rutting or other distortion, and the base meets all the requirements at the same time the surface course is applied.

3.07 THICKNESS REQUIREMENTS

- A. Thickness of the base shall be measured in intervals of not more than 200-feet. Measurements shall be taken at various points on the cross section, through holes not less than 3-inches in diameter.
- B. Where the compacted base is deficient by more than 3/8-inches from the thickness called for in the Drawings, the Contractor shall correct such areas by scarifying and adding limerock. The base shall be scarified and limerock added for a distance of 100-feet in each direction from the edge of the deficient area. The affected areas shall then be brought to the required state of compaction and to the required thickness and cross section.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02572

SOIL CEMENT BASE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

A. Scope of Work: Furnish and install base course using a combination of soil, Portland cement, and water.

1.02 REFERENCES

- A. American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) latest edition:
 - 1. AASHTO T-88: Particle Size Analysis of Soils
 - 2. AASHTO T-89: Determining the Liquid Limit of Soils
 - 3. AASHTO T-90: Determining the Plastic Limit and Plasticity Index of Soils
 - 4. AASHTO T-134: Moisture-Density Relations of Soil-Cement Mixtures
 - 5. AASHTO T-135: Wetting and Drying Test of Compacted Soil-Cement Mixtures
 - 6. AASHTO T-267: Determination of Organic Content in Soils by Loss on Ignition
- B. Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, latest implemented edition:
 - 1. Specification Section 911: Limerock Material for Base and Stabilized Base
 - 2. Specification Section 916: Bituminous Materials
 - 3. Specification Section 921: Portland Cement and Blended Cement

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. For density and thickness determination, a LOT is defined as 2,500 square yards of base, plus any small section of base at the end of a day's operation in the preceding LOT. The County may include small irregular areas as part of another LOT. Areas such as an intersection, crossover, and ramp will be considered as a separate LOT. No LOT shall include more than 3,500 square yards or it shall be considered as a separate LOT.
- B. Five (5) density tests shall be performed at locations randomly selected by the County within each LOT.
- C. Five (5) thickness measurements shall be performed at locations randomly selected by the County within each LOT. Three-inch minimum diameter test holes are required to determine the thickness.

1.04 SHOP DRAWINGS AND SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be submitted to the County for review and acceptance prior to construction in accordance with the General Conditions and specifications Section 01300 "Submittals."
 - 1. Soil-cement design mix

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 GENERAL

A. All material supplied shall be one of the products specified in Appendix D "List of Approved Products" appended to these technical specifications.

2.02 MATERIALS

- A. Cement shall be Portland cement, Type I, II, III, or Type 1-P per FDOT Specification Section 921.
- B. Use water that is free from substances deleterious to hardening of the soil-cement mixture.
- C. Curing Material shall be per FDOT Specification Section 916.
- D. Emulsified asphalt shall be Grade SS, RS, or MS as approved by the County. Dilute as recommended by the manufacturer.
- E. Soils for base course construction shall be either limerock material per FDOT Specification Section 911 or soils meeting the following requirements:

Soil Requirements Physical Characteristic Acceptance Level Testing Standard							
Organic Material	Maximum 5%	AASHTO T-267					
Total Clay and Silt Content (Minus No. 200 Sieve)	Maximum 25%	AASHTO T-88					
Plastic Index	Maximum 10%	AASHTO T-90					
Liquid Limit	Maximum 25%	AASHTO T-89					

Table 02572-1 Soil Requirements

Soil Gradation Requirements				
Soil Gradation Requirements (Per AASHTO T-88)				
Passing 2-inch sieve	Minimum 100%			
Passing No. 4 sieve	Minimum 55%			
Passing No. 10 sieve	Minimum 37%			

Table 02572-2Soil Gradation Requirements

2.03 PROPORTIONING OF MIX

- A. Submit for approval a design mix for the soil proposed for use in soil-cement construction prepared by a testing laboratory approved by the County. The design mix submittal shall include the results of tests run to verify that the soil meets the requirements; results of tests used to establish the cement content; and a final design laboratory sample. Submit the design mix to the County for approval a minimum of 60-calendar days prior to beginning of soil-cement construction for Brush Loss Design Method or 15-calendar days prior to beginning of soil-cement construction for Strength Design Method. Express the cement as a percentage of the dry unit weight of the soil. For mixed-in-place construction, use a ratio of cement based on the maximum density of the soil determined in accordance with AASHTO T-99 and rounded up to the nearest pound per cubic yard.
- B. When proportioning the soil-cement mixture in accordance with strength design, determine the minimum cement content using FM 5-520. The design compressive strength specified shall be achieved in 7-days. Ensure that the cement content is not less than 5% by weight except as noted below.
- C. When proportioning the soil-cement mixture in accordance with Brush Loss Design criteria, determine the minimum cement content in accordance with AASHTO T-135. Ensure that the cement content is not less than 5% by weight except as noted below. Ensure that the soil-cement loss at the completion of 12 cycles of testing conforms to the limits in the following table.

Soil Group	Limits					
AASHTO Soils Groups A-1, A-2-4, A-2-5, and A-3	Not over 14%					
AASHTO Soils Groups A-2-6, A-2-7, A-4, and A-5	Not over 10%					
AASHTO Soils Groups A-6 and A-7	Not over 7%					

Table 02572-3 Soil Limits

- D. When proportioning of soil-cement mixture by the Brush Loss Design Criteria Method and processing by Central-Plant-Mixing where the requirements noted below are met, the County will not require strength testing of field specimens. Verify the properties of the parent material during the processing, on a random frequency, to ensure that the final mix has not changed from the original design. Provide the County a printout of each day's production that shows proportioning of the mixture meets the approved Brush Loss Design, including cement.
- E. Do not apply the minimum 5% cement content specified above if obtaining the soil material used in producing a soil-cement mixture from a commercial source (not to exclude recycled materials) where soil properties are consistently uniform, and if processing the mixture in a central mix plant that automatically weighs components and automatically records the weight of each component on a printed ticket, tape, or other digital record.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 GENERAL

A. Use any machine, combination of machines, or equipment that is in good, safe working condition and that will produce results meeting the requirements for cement application, soil pulverization, mixing water application, compaction, finishing, and curing, as required herein. Compaction equipment shall be used that will produce a base at the required density.

3.02 SUBGRADE PREPARATION

- A. Subgrade shall be completed before beginning base construction operations. Ensure that the subgrade is firm enough to support the equipment used in the soil-cement base operations without appreciable distortion or displacement. Remove any unsuitable material and replace it with suitable material.
- B. When constructing the base with central-plant-mixed soil-cement, grade and shape the subgrade to the lines, grades, and typical cross-section shown in the plans. Ensure that the subgrade is moist but not ponded at the time of placing the mixed base course material.

3.03 BASE SOIL FOR MIXED-IN-PLACE PROCESSING

A. Grade and shape the area over which the base is to be constructed to an elevation that will provide a base in conformance with the grades, lines, thickness, and typical cross-sections shown on the plans. Remove all roots, sticks, and other deleterious matter during processing.

3.04 PROCESSING OF SOIL-CEMENT MIXTURE

- A. Mix the soil, cement, and water either by mixed-in-place or central-plant-mix methods.
- B. Do not allow the percentage of moisture in the soil at the time of cement application to exceed the quantity that will permit a uniform and intimate mixture of soil and cement during mixing operations.
- C. During seasons of freezing temperature, do not spread any cement or soil-cement mixture unless the ambient temperature is at least 40°F in the shade.
- D. At the completion of moist-mixing, pulverize the soil so that 100% passes a 1-1/2-inch sieve, 95 to 100% passes the 1-inch sieve and a minimum of 80% passes a No. 4 sieve, exclusive of gravel, shell, or stone.
- E. Operations shall be completed within a period of 4-hours starting at the time mixing commences.

3.05 MIXED-IN-PLACE METHOD

- A. Where feasible, process the entire width of the base in a single operation. Uniformly spread the design quantity of cement on the soil at the required rate of application, by means of an approved method. Replace spread cement that becomes displaced before starting mixing. Check the uniformity of spread rate by:
 - 1. Weight of cement spread/square yards covered for a short trial section that is between 100 and 300-feet in length; or
 - 2. Use of a square yard cloth/box
- B. After applying the cement, begin mixing within 60-minutes. Initially mix the soil and cement until the cement has sufficiently blended with the soil to prevent formation of cement balls when applying additional water; then add water if necessary, and re-mix the soil-cement mixture. Do not perform windrow mixing.
- C. Process up to the full depth in 1 course, provided the distribution of cement and water and the specified density are satisfactory to the County. If not, construct courses of such thickness to obtain satisfactory results. Make provisions to achieve adequate bonding between courses.
- D. Immediately after mixing of the soil and cement, add any additional water that is necessary. If the moisture content exceeds that specified, manipulate the soil-cement mixture by re-mixing or grading as required to reduce the moisture content to within the specified range. Avoid excessive concentrations of water. Continue mixing during and after applying water until obtaining a uniform mixture of soil, cement, and water.
- E. As an alternative to the above-described procedure, the Contractor may use an approved machine that will blend the cement and the soil. Additional water may be added and mixed as necessary.

3.06 CENTRAL-PLANT-MIXED METHOD

- A. Mix the soil, cement, and water in a pugmill of either the batch or continuous-flow type. Equip the plant with feeding and metering devices that will accurately proportion the soil, cement, and water in the quantities specified. Mix soil and cement sufficiently to prevent cement balls from forming when adding additional water. Continue mixing until obtaining a uniform mixture of soil, cement, and water.
- B. Haul the mixture to the roadway in trucks equipped with protective covers. Place the mixture on the moistened subgrade in a uniform layer with suitable equipment. Do not allow more than 60-minutes to elapse between placing of soil-cement in adjacent passes of the spreader at any location, except at construction joints. Ensure that the layer of soil-cement is uniform in thickness and surface contour and in such quantity that the completed base will conform to the required grade and cross-section. Do not perform windrow mixing.

3.07 CONSTRUCTION JOINTS

A. Prior to joining any previously constructed section of base, form a vertical construction joint by cutting back into the completed work to form a true vertical face of acceptable soil-cement to the full depth of the base course. Moisten the vertical face as needed prior to placing new material against it.

3.08 SHAPING AND FINISHING

- A. Prior to final compaction, shape the surface of the soil-cement to the required lines, grades, and cross-section. In all cases where adding soil-cement mixture to any portion of the surface, lightly scarify the surface with a spring tooth harrow, spike drag, or other approved device to uniformly loosen the surface prior to adding material and prior to the initial set of the soil-cement mixture. Compact the resulting surface to the specified density. Continue rolling until all rutting ceases and until the base conforms to the density requirements.
- B. Ensure that the surface material is moist but not ponded, and maintained at not less than 2% below its specified optimum moisture content, during finishing operations. Perform surface compaction and finishing in such a manner as to produce a smooth dense surface, free of compaction planes, construction cracks, ridges, and loose material.
- C. If the time limits specified above are exceeded, either remove and replace the base or leave the base undisturbed for a period of 7-days, after which, the County will examine it to determine its suitability. If found unsuitable, remove and replace the base at no additional cost to County.

- A. Begin compacting the soil-cement mixture immediately after mixing or placing. Do not allow more than 30-minutes to elapse between the last pass of moist-mixing or spreading and the start of compaction of the soil-cement mixture at a particular location.
- B. Determine the optimum moisture content and the maximum density in the field by the methods prescribed in AASHTO T-134 on representative samples of the soil-cement mixture obtained immediately after the initial mixing. Determine the density for each day's run or change of material.
- C. Uniformly compact the loose material to meet the density requirements specified below. During compaction operations, reshape the material to obtain required grade and cross-section.

3.10 PROTECTION AGAINST DRYING

- A. While finishing and correcting the surface, keep the surface of the base continuously moist by sprinkling water as necessary until applying the emulsified asphalt curing material. As soon as practicable, protect the base from drying for 7-days by applying the emulsified asphalt at the rate of 0.20 to 0.25-gallons of the diluted mixture per square yard. Provide complete coverage without excessive runoff. While applying the bituminous material, ensure that the soil-cement surface is dense, free of all loose and extraneous material, and contains sufficient moisture to prevent excessive penetration of the bituminous materials.
- B. If it is necessary to allow construction equipment or other traffic to use the completed base before the bituminous material has cured sufficiently to prevent pickup or displacement, sand the bituminous material, using approximately 10-lbs of clean sand per square yard. Do not use cover material containing organic acids or other compounds detrimental to the soil-cement base.
- C. Maintain the curing material during the 7-day protection period.

3.11 OPENING TO TRAFFIC

A. Do not allow traffic on the base subsequent to completion of the finishing operations for a minimum period of 72-hours. As an exception to this requirement, allow equipment necessary for correction of surface irregularities, application of water, and application of curing materials on the base, if the tire contact pressures of such equipment do not exceed 45-psi. Under special conditions (i.e. low speed limit, low traffic volume, urban conditions), the County may waive the 72-hour period.

3.12 MAINTENANCE

- A. Maintain the base to a true and satisfactory surface until the wearing surface is constructed. If the County requires any repairing or patching, extend the repair or patch to the full depth of the base, and make them in a manner that will ensure restoration of a uniform base course in accordance with the requirements of these Specifications. Do not repair the base by adding a thin layer of soil-cement or concrete to the completed work. Make full depth repairs to small or minor areas, such as at manholes or inlets, with Class I concrete.
- B. For patching of deficient areas less than 100-square feet and less than 1-inch in depth, correct the areas using Type S-III Asphalt Concrete. For patching of deficient areas less than 100-square feet and greater than 1-inch in depth, remove the areas to full depth and replace them using Asphalt Base Course Type 3, Type S Asphaltic Concrete, or soil-cement.

3.13 DENSITY TESTING REQUIREMENTS

- A. As soon as possible after completing compaction, perform field density testing to ensure that the density is 97% of the maximum density as determined by methods prescribed in AASHTO T-134.
- B. If an individual test value within a LOT is less than 94% of the maximum density, determine the extent of this deficiency by performing density tests using a 5-foot grid pattern until a test value of 95% or greater is located in all directions. Remove the delineated area of base, and replace it with base meeting all requirements of this section, at no cost to the County.
- C. As an exception to the foregoing, if 3 or more of the original 5 individual test values within a LOT are less than 94% of the maximum density, the County will reject the entire LOT, and the Contractor shall remove all base within the LOT and replace it with base meeting all requirements of this Section, at no expense to the County.

3.14 SURFACE FINISH ACCEPTANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. After compacting and finishing, and not later than the beginning of the next calendar day after constructing any section of base, measure the surface with a template cut to the required cross-section and a 15-foot straightedge placed parallel to the centerline of the road. Both templates shall be provided by the Contractor. Correct all irregularities greater than 1/4-inch to the satisfaction of the County with a blade adjusted to the lightest cut which will ensure a surface that does not contain depressions greater than 1/4-inch under the template or the straightedge. The County may approve other suitable methods for measurement.

3.15 THICKNESS ACCEPTANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Construction tolerances for thickness are as follows:

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	Allowable Deviation From Plan Thickness				
Central-Plant-Mixed Processing	-1-inch				
Mixed-in-Place Processing	+/- 1-inch				

Table 02572-4 Thickness Tolerances

- B. When any thickness measurement is outside the construction tolerance, the County will take additional thickness measurements at 10-foot intervals parallel to the centerline in each direction from the measurement which is outside the construction tolerance until a measurement in each direction is within the construction tolerance.
- C. The County will evaluate an area of base found to have a thickness outside the construction tolerance and may require the Contractor to remove and replace it with acceptable base of the thickness shown in the plans at no expense to the County.

3.16 STRENGTH TESTING OF FIELD SPECIMENS

- A. Check the adequacy of cement content and uniformity of distribution of cement within the base by sampling and testing the completed mix.
- B. Take samples at the project site just prior to final compaction and perform a minimum of 2 Strength Test Values (STV) each day, with at least 1 STV per each 2,500 square yards mixed.
- C. Ensure that each STV is the average strength value of a minimum of 3 individual specimens.
- D. Take representative samples of the mixed soil-cement material for determining an STV just prior to final compaction, recording the sample location, and ensuring that the samples are large enough to mold 3 or more compressive strength test specimens as prescribed in FM 5-520.
- E. Mold test specimens at the field moisture content and cast the individual test specimens as close to identical as possible
- F. Rest the molds during compaction of strength test specimens on a 200-pound concrete block that the Contractor provides.
- G. Gently extrude these test specimens from the compaction mold, and carefully place them in a moist curing environment (not in direct contact with water) such as a tightly closed container under wet cloth or burlap at locations where they will not be disturbed.

- H. Continue the initial field cure for at least 24-hours, and if after 24-hours it is determined that the specimens have not gained sufficient strength to be moved without probable damage, continue field curing until the County determines that each specimen can be safely moved without probable damage occurring. When the County determines that the specimens can be safely moved, transport them to the laboratory where they will be cured, as described in the design procedure (FM 5-520), to 7-days of age. At 7-days of age, test the individual specimen for determination of compressive stress and ensure that the loading procedure and rates are the same, as described in FM 5-520.
- I. If an STV is less than 60% of the Laboratory Design Strength, remove and replace the material represented by the STV, at no expense to the County.
- J. When the LOT average thickness of soil-cement base is deficient by more than 1-inch and the judgment of the County is that the area of such deficiency should not be removed and replaced, payment for the area retained will be at 50%.
- K. When multiple deficiencies occur, the applicable percent payment schedule will be applied to the LOT of base that is identified with each deficiency. The penalty for each deficiency will be applied separately to the unit price.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02573

ASPHALT PAVEMENT REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

A. Scope of Work: Mill or remove existing asphalt pavement and base materials and install asphalt paving on a prepared base or as an overlay to existing asphalt pavement sections. Provide Maintenance of Traffic and coordinate and install temporary and permanent replacement of traffic signalization and pavement striping and markings.

1.02 REFERENCES

- A. Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, 2000 and 2004 editions.
 - 1. Section 300 Prime and Tack Coats for Base Courses (2000 and 2004 Editions)
 - 2. Section 320 Hot Bituminous Mixtures Plant, Methods, and Equipment (2000 and 2004 Editions)
 - 3. Section 327 Milling of Existing Asphalt Pavement (2000 and 2004 Editions)
 - 4. Section 330 Hot Bituminous Mixtures General Construction Requirements (2000 and 2004 Editions)
 - 5. Section 331 Type S Asphalt Concrete (2000 Edition)
 - 6. Section 334 Superpave Asphalt Concrete (2004 Edition)
 - 7. Section 901 Coarse Aggregate (2000 and 2004 Editions)
 - 8. Section 902 Fine Aggregate (2000 and 2004 Editions)
 - 9. Section 916 Bituminous Materials (2000 and 2004 Editions)
 - 10. Section 917 Mineral Filler (2000 and 2004 Editions)
- B. Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) Design Standards, 2000 and 2004 editions.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Asphalt pavements shall be plant-mixed hot bituminous mixtures. Plant operations shall not begin unless all weather conditions are suitable for laying operations. A prime and tack coat shall be first applied to newly constructed bases. A tack coat shall be applied on existing pavements that are to be overlayed with an asphalt mix and between successive layers of asphalt mix. Apply prime and tack coats when ambient or base surface temperature is above 40°F, and when temperature has been above 35°F for 12-hours immediately prior to application. Construct asphaltic concrete paving when ambient temperature is above 45°F. Do not apply when base is wet, contains excess moisture, or during rain. Establish and maintain required lines and elevations.

- B. Do not spread the mixture when the wind is blowing to such an extent that proper and adequate compaction cannot be maintained or when sand, dust, etc., are being deposited on the surface being paved to the extent that the bond between layers will be diminished.
- C. Field compaction density and thickness testing frequencies of the asphalt shall be tested once every 300-linear feet of paving per 24-foot wide strip, staggered left, center, and right of centerline. Where less than 300-linear feet of asphalt is placed in 1-day, provide minimum of 1 test for each per day's construction at a location designated by the County.
- D. Asphalt extraction gradation shall be tested from grab samples collected once every 1,800-square yards of asphalt delivered to the site, or a minimum of once per day. Obtain the results in a timely manner (no later than the end of the day) so that adjustments can be made if necessary.
- E. On initial use of a Type S mix design at a particular plant, as a minimum, run an additional extraction gradation analysis if more than 500-tons [450-metric tons] of mixture are produced on the first day of production.
- F. Tolerances for Quality Control Tests (Extraction Gradation Analysis) shall be in accordance with FDOT Specification Section 331.

1.04 SHOP DRAWINGS AND SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be submitted to the County for review and acceptance prior to construction in accordance with the General Conditions and specifications Section 01300 "Submittals."
 - 1. Submit for each proposed design mix the Gradation analysis; Grade of asphalt cement used; and Marshall Stability in pounds flow.
 - 2. Provide a single percentage of asphalt by weight of total mix intended to be incorporated in the completed mixture, shown to the nearest 0.1%. For structural mixes (S-1, S-3) establish the optimum asphalt content at a level corresponding to a minimum of 4.5% air voids. Provide the laboratory density of the asphalt mixture for all mixes except Open-Graded Friction Courses.
 - 3. Identify source and description of the materials to be used.
 - 4. Provide certification that the mix design conforms to specification requirements.
 - 5. Field compaction density and thickness testing.
 - 6. Field asphalt extraction gradation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 GENERAL

A. All material supplied shall be one of the products specified in Appendix D "List of Approved Products" appended to these technical specifications.

- B. Type S Asphalt Concrete (Type S-1 or S-3) is required. The equivalent fine Type SP (Superpave) Asphalt Concrete mixture (Traffic Level C) meeting the requirements of FDOT Specification Section 334 may be selected as an alternate at no additional cost to the County. The equivalent mixes are as follows:
 - 1. Type S-1: Type SP-12.5
 - 2. Type S-3: Type SP-9.5
- C. Asphalt plant and equipment shall meet the requirements in FDOT Specification Section 320.
- 2.02 AGGREGATE
 - A. Coarse Aggregate, Stone, Slag, or Crushed Gravel shall meet the requirements in FDOT Specification Section 901.
 - B. Fine Aggregate shall meet the requirements in FDOT Specification Section 902.
 - C. Aggregate gradation shall meet the following:

	Total Aggregate Passing Sieves1							
Туре	3/4-inch	1/2-inch	3/8-inch	No. 4	No. 10	No. 40	No. 80	No. 200
	[19.0 mm]	[12.5 mm]	[9.5 mm]	[4.75 mm]	[2.0 mm]	[425 µm]	[180 µm]	[75 µm]
S-1 ⁴	100	88-98	75-93	47-75	31-53	19-35	7-21	2-6
S-3 ⁴		100	88-98	60-90	40-70	20-45	10-30	2-6
ABC-1		100						0-12
ABC-2		100			55-90			0-12
ABC-3 ²	70-100			30-70	20-60	10-40		2-10
FC-2 ³		100	85-100	10-40	4-12			
FC-3 ⁴		100	88-98	60-90	40-70	20-45	10-30	2-6
1. I	1. In inches [mm] or sieves [µm].							
2. 100% passing 1-1/2-inch [37.5 mm] sieve.								

Table 02573-1 Bituminous Concrete Mixtures (Gradation Design Range)

3. The County may increase the design range for the No. 10 [200 mm] sieve for lightweight aggregates.

4. The County may retain up to 1% on the maximum sieve size.

- D. Use clean aggregate containing no deleterious substances. Do not use coarse or fine aggregate which contains more than 0.5% of phosphate.
- E. In laboratory tests, and for the purpose of proportioning the paving mixture, consider all material passing the No. 10 [2.00-mm] sieve and retained on the No. 200 [75 μ m] sieve as fine aggregate, and the material passing the No. 200 [75 μ m] sieve as mineral filler.

F. Do not use any screenings in the combination of aggregates containing more than 15% of material passing the No. 200 [75 μ m] sieve. When two screenings are blended to produce the screening component of the aggregate, one of such screenings may contain up to 18% of material passing the No. 200 [75 μ m] sieve, as long as the combination of the two does not contain over 15% material passing the No. 200 [75 μ m] sieve. Screenings may be washed to meet these requirements.

2.03 ASPHALT CEMENT

- A. Superpave PG Asphalt Binder or Recycling Agent shall meet the requirements in FDOT Specification Section 916.
- B. Mineral Filler shall meet the requirements in FDOT Specification Section 917.
- C. Marshall design mix shall be in accordance with the following:

Mix	Minimum	Flow*	Minimum	Air	Minimum Effective	VFA Voids			
	Marshall	(0.01 in)	VMA	Voids	Asphalt Content	Filled with			
Туре	Stability (lbs.)	(0.01 III)	(%)	(%)	(%)	Asphalt (%)			
S-1	1,500	8-13	14.5	4-5	**	65-75			
S-3	1,500	8-13	15.5	4-6	**	65-75			
ABC-1	500	7-15	15	5-16	6.0	-			
ABC-2	750	7-15	15	5-14	5.5	-			
ABC-3	1,000	8-13	14	4-7	**	65-78			
FC-2	-	-	-	-	-	-			
FC-3	1,500	8-13	15.5	4-6	**	65-75			
* 11.									

Table 02573-2 Marshall Design Properties For Bituminous Concrete Mixes

* The maximum Flow value during production shall not exceed one point more than shown in the Table.

** The ratio of the percentage by weight of total aggregate passing the No. 200 sieve to the effective asphalt content expressed as a percentage by weight of total mix shall be in the range of 0.6 to 1.2.

2.04 BITUMINOUS MIXTURE

A. Use a bituminous mixture composed of a combination of aggregate (coarse, fine or mixtures thereof), mineral filler, if required, and bituminous material. Ensure that no more than 20% by weight of the total aggregate used is silica sand or local materials as defined in FDOT Specification Section 902. Size, grade, and combine the several aggregate fractions in such proportions that the resulting mixture meets the grading and physical properties of the verified mix design.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 GENERAL

- A. Set up, install and maintain temporary traffic control devices and detours as necessary in accordance with Specification Section 1570 "Maintenance of Traffic."
- B. Asphalt pavements, including all surface courses and base courses, where shown to be open cut and removed on the Drawings or specified in the Project Manual, shall be removed to a line back from each edge of the trench, other excavation, or to the limits indicated on the Drawings. Pavements shall be cut straight, clean and square with a power saw or other tools and equipment suitable for the Work.
- C. Asphalt pavements, where shown to be milled on the Drawings or specified in the Project Manual, shall be milled according to FDOT Specification Section 327.
- D. Asphalt mixtures shall meet the general construction requirements specified in FDOT Specification Section 330.
- E. Spread the mixture only when the surface upon which it is to be laid has been previously prepared, is intact, firm, and properly cured, and is dry. Do not spread mixture that cannot be finished and compacted during daylight hours.
- F. Deliver the asphalt cement from the asphalt plant at a temperature not to exceed 350°F and equip the transport tanks with sampling and temperature sensing devices meeting the requirements of FDOT. Maintain the asphalt cement in storage within a range of 230°F to 350°F in advance of mixing operations. Maintain constant heating within these limits, and do not allow wide fluctuations of temperature during a day's production.
- G. Produce a homogeneous mixture, free from moisture and with no segregated materials, that meets all specification requirements for the mixture, including compliance with the Marshall Properties. Also apply these requirements to all mixes produced by the drum mixer process and all mixes processed through a hot storage or surge bin, both before and after storage.

3.02 PREPARATION OF APPLICATION SURFACES

- A. Prior to the laying of the mixture, clean the surface of the base or pavement to be covered of all loose and deleterious material by the use of power brooms or blowers, supplemented by hand brooming where necessary.
- B. Where an asphalt mix is to be placed on an existing pavement or old base that is irregular, and wherever the plans indicate, bring the existing surface to proper grade and cross-section by the application of patching or leveling courses.
- C. Where an asphalt mix is to be placed over a newly constructed surface treatment, sweep and dispose of all loose material from the paving area.

- D. Paint all structures which will be in actual contact with the asphalt mixture, with the exception of the vertical faces of existing pavements and curbs or curb and gutter, with a uniform coating of asphalt cement to provide a closely bonded, watertight joint.
- E. Apply a prime and tack coat on newly constructed bases and apply a tack coat, as specified in FDOT Specification Section 300, on existing pavement structures that are to be overlaid with an asphalt mix and between successive layers of all asphalt mixes.

3.03 PLACING MIXTURE

- A. Lay all asphaltic concrete mixtures, including leveling courses, other than adjacent to curb and gutter or other true edges, by the string line method to obtain an accurate, uniform alignment of the pavement edge.
- B. For each paving machine operated, use a separate crew, each crew operating as a full unit. The Contractor's Certified Paving Technician in charge of the paving operations may be responsible for more than one crew but must be physically accessible to the County at all times when placing mix.
- C. Check the depth of each layer at frequent intervals, and make adjustments when the thickness exceeds the allowable tolerance. When making an adjustment, allow the paving machine to travel a minimum distance of 32-feet to stabilize before the second check is made to determine the effects of the adjustment.
- D. In limited areas where the use of the spreader is impossible or impracticable, the Contractor may spread and finish the mixture by hand.
- E. Straightedge and back-patch after obtaining initial compaction and while the material is still hot.
- F. Upon arrival, dump the mixture in the approved mechanical spreader, and immediately spread and strike-off the mixture to the full width required, and to such loose depth for each course that, when the Work is completed, the required weight of mixture per square yard [square meter], or the specified thickness, is secured. Carry an excess amount of mixture ahead of the screed at all times. Hand-rake behind the machine as required.
- G. Construct each course in layers of the thickness as shown on FDOT Design Standards Index No. 513.
- H. Before starting any rolling, check the surface; correct any irregularities; remove all drippings, fat sandy accumulations from the screed, and fat spots from any source; and replace them with satisfactory material. Do not skin patch. When correcting a depression while the mixture is hot, scarify the surface and add fresh mixture.

3.04 APPLICATION OF LEVELING COURSES

- A. Before spreading any leveling course, fill all depressions in the existing surface more than 1-inch deep by spot patching with leveling course mixture, and then compact them thoroughly.
- B. Place all courses of leveling by the use of two (2) motor graders; equip one with a spreader box. Use other types of leveling devices after they have been approved by the County.
- C. When the total asphalt mix provided for leveling exceeds 50-lb/yds² [27-kg/m²], place the mix in two or more layers, with the average spread of any layer not to exceed 50-lb/yd² [27-kg/m²]. When using Type S-3 Asphaltic Concrete for leveling, do not allow the average spread of a layer to be less than 50-lb/yd² [27-kg/m²] or more than 75-lb/yd² [40-kg/m²]. The Contractor may vary the rate of application throughout the Project as directed by the County. When leveling in connection with base widening, the County may require placing all the leveling mix prior to the widening operation.

3.05 COMPACTING MIXTURE

- A. The coverage is the number of times the roller passes over a given area of pavement. Regardless of the rolling procedure used, complete the final rolling before the surface temperature of the pavement drops below 160°F.
- B. Seal Rolling: Provide two (2) coverages with a tandem steel-wheeled roller (either vibratory or static), weighing 5 to 12-tons, following as close behind the spreader as possible without pick-up, undue displacement, or blistering of the material. Use vibratory rollers in the static mode for layers of 1-inch or less in thickness.
- C. Intermediate Rolling: Provide five (5) coverages with a self-propelled pneumatic-tired roller, following as close behind the seal rolling operation as the mix will permit.
- D. Final Rolling: Provide one (1) coverage with a tandem steel-wheeled roller (static mode only), weighing 5 to 12-tons, after completing the seal rolling and intermediate rolling, but before the surface pavement temperature drops below 160°F.
- E. Operate the self-propelled, pneumatic-tired roller at a speed of 6 to 10-mph. For each roller, do not exceed an area of coverage of 4,000 yd²/hour; if rolling Type S Asphaltic Concrete, do not exceed an area of coverage of 3,000 yd²/hour.
- F. Use a sufficient number of self-propelled pneumatic-tired rollers to ensure that the rolling of the surface for the required number of passes does not delay any other phase of the laying operation and does not result in excessive cooling of the mixture before completing the rolling. In the event that the rolling falls behind, discontinue the laying operation until the rolling operations are sufficiently caught up.

- G. Use hand tamps or other satisfactory means to compact areas which are inaccessible to a roller, such as areas adjacent to curbs, headers, gutters, manholes, etc.
- H. Use self-propelled pneumatic-tired rollers to roll all patching and leveling courses. Where placing the initial leveling course over broken concrete pavement, use a pneumatic-tired roller that weighs at least 15-tons. For Type S-3 Asphaltic Concrete leveling courses, use a steel-wheeled roller to supplement the traffic rollers. On other leveling courses, use a steel-wheeled roller to supplement the traffic rollers on all passes after the first pass.
- I. Do not allow the rollers to deposit gasoline, oil, or grease onto the pavement. Remove and replace any areas damaged by such deposits as directed by the County. While rolling is in progress, test the surface continuously, and correct all discrepancies to comply with the surface requirements. Remove and replace all drippings, fat or lean areas, and defective construction of any description. Remedy depressions that develop before completing the rolling by loosening the mixture and adding new mixture to bring the depressions to a true surface. Should any depression remain after obtaining the final compaction, remove the full depth of the mixture, and replace it with sufficient new mixture to form a true and even surface. Correct all high spots, high joints, and honeycombing as directed by the County. Remove and replace any mixture remaining unbonded after rolling. Correct all defects prior to laying the subsequent course.
- J. Use a self-propelled pneumatic-tired roller on the first structural layer placed on a milled surface. Compact with a minimum of three passes.

3.06 JOINTS

- A. Place the mixture as continuously as possible. Do not pass the roller over the unprotected end of the freshly laid mixture except when discontinuing the laying operation long enough to permit the mixture to become chilled. When thus interrupting the laying operation, construct a transverse joint by cutting back on the previous run to expose the full depth of the mat.
- B. For all layers of pavement except the leveling course, place each layer so that longitudinal construction joints are offset 6-inches to 12-inches laterally between successive layers.
- C. When laying fresh mixture against the exposed edges of joints (trimmed or formed as provided above), place it in close contact with the exposed edge to produce an even, well-compacted joint after rolling.

3.07 SURFACE REQUIREMENTS

A. Obtain a smooth surface on all pavement courses placed, and then straightedge all intermediate and final courses with a 15-foot rolling straightedge. Furnish a 15-foot [4.572-m] manual straightedge, and make it available at the job site at all times during the paving operation for checking joints and surface irregularities.

B. Produce a finished surface of uniform texture and compaction with no pulled, torn, or loosened portions and free of segregation, sand streaks, sand spots, or ripples.

3.08 ACCEPTANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Upon completion of the final surface or friction course, the County will test the finished surface with a 15-foot rolling straightedge. Correct all deficiencies in excess of 3/16-inch.
- B. If correction is made by removing and replacing the pavement, remove the full depth of the course and extend at least 50-feet on either side of the defective area for the full width of the paving lane.
- C. If correction is made by overlaying, cover the length of the defective area and taper uniformly to a featheredge thickness at a minimum distance of 25-feet on either side of the defective area. Extend the overlay the full width of the roadway. Maintain the specified cross slope. The County may adjust, as necessary, the mix used for the overlay for this purpose.
- D. The maximum deficiency from the specified thickness as follows:
 - 1. For pavement of a specified thickness of 2-1/2-inches or more: 1/2-inch
 - 2. For pavement of a specified thickness less than 2-1/2-inches: 1/4-inch
- E. Where the deficiency in thickness is: (1) in excess of 3/8-inch for pavement of less than 2-1/2-inches in specified thickness, or (2) in excess of 3/4-inch for pavement of specified thickness of 2-1/2-inches or more, correct the deficiency either by replacing the full thickness for a length extending at least 50-feet from each end of the deficient area.
- F. For any case of excess deficiency of the pavement, if approved by the County for each particular location, correct the deficient thickness by adding new surface material, and compact it to the same density as the adjacent surface. The County will determine the area to be corrected and the thickness of new material added.

3.09 REPAIR AND RESTORATION

A. Replace asphalt pavement or roadway surfaces cut or damaged to equal or better condition than the original, including stabilization, base course, surface course, curb and gutter, and other appurtenances.

3.10 SIGNALIZATION, PAVEMENT STRIPING AND MARKING

A. The Contractor shall be responsible for coordinating, repairing or replacing all traffic signalization devices and traffic loops damaged during the pavement milling, removal and replacement process.

- B. The Contractor shall be responsible for coordinating, inventorying, and replacing all temporary and permanent pavement striping and markings damaged during the asphalt pavement milling, removal, and replacement process.
- C. Temporary pavement striping and markings shall be paint or reinforced retro-reflective removal tape. Foil back tape is not acceptable. Permanent pavement striping and markings shall be alkyd thermoplastic tape and raised reflective pavement markers.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02576

CONCRETE SIDEWALKS AND DRIVEWAYS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

- A. Scope of Work: Constructing new concrete sidewalks, driveways, and curb and gutters as shown on the Drawings.
- 1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE
 - A. Codes and Standards: Comply with applicable sections of F.D.O.T. Specifications and local governing regulations.
 - B. The mixture, placement, and curing of all concrete work shall be in accordance with F.D.O.T. Specifications.

1.03 SHOP DRAWINGS AND SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be submitted to the County for review and acceptance prior to construction in accordance with the General Conditions and specifications Section 01300 "Submittals."
- B. Furnish manufacturer's product data, design mixes, test reports, and materials certifications.

1.04 JOB CONDITIONS

- A. Traffic Control: Maintain access for vehicular and pedestrian traffic as required for other construction activities, as specified under Section 01570 "Maintenance of Traffic."
- B. Utilize flagman, barricades, warning signs, and warning lights as required.

1.05 GUARANTEE

A. All restored areas within the public right-of-way shall be guaranteed for 1-year after final acceptance. In the event of cracked or broken concrete surfaces, the Contractor shall make the necessary repairs to restore the concrete within 10-calendar days after notification by the County. The cost of such repairs shall be paid by the Contractor.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 GENERAL

A. All material supplied shall be one of the products specified in Appendix D "List of Approved Products" appended to these technical specifications.

2.02 CONCRETE MATERIALS

- A. Forms: Steel or wood for each type of use of size and strength to resist movement during concrete placement and to retain horizontal and vertical alignment until removal. Use straight forms, free of distortion and defects.
 - 1. Use flexible spring steel forms or laminated boards to form radius bends as required.
 - 2. Coat forms with a non-staining form release agent that will not discolor or deface the surface of the concrete.
- B. Fibermesh Reinforcement: Fibermesh reinforcement fibers shall be 2-inches to 3-inches collated polypropylene fibers. Fibers shall be in strict accordance with the manufacturer recommendations and within the time as specified in ASTM C94, Type III 4.13 and applicable building codes.
- C. Concrete Materials: Comply with requirements of F.D.O.T. Section 347 for concrete materials, admixtures, bonding materials, curing materials, and others as required.
- D. Epoxy Resin Grout: Type N as specified in F.D.O.T. Section 926.
- E. Aggregate, brick, or other material required to match existing driveway or walk shall be as approved by the County.

2.03 CONCRETE MIX, DESIGN, AND TESTING

- A. Comply with requirements of applicable F.D.O.T. Section 347 for concrete mix design, sampling and testing, and quality control, and as herein specified.
- B. Design the mix to produce standard weight concrete consisting of Portland cement, aggregate, air entraining admixture, and water to produce the following properties.
 - 1. Compressive Strength: Class B, 3,000 psi for walks and curbs.
 - 2. Compressive Strength: Class A, 4,000 psi for driveways.
 - 3. Air Content: 3% to 6%.
- C. Concrete slump shall not exceed plus or minus 1-inch from approved design slump.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 CONCRETE SIDEWALK, DRIVEWAY, AND CURB AND GUTTER

A. Surface Preparation:

- 1. Remove loose material from the compacted sub base surface immediately before placing concrete.
- 2. Proof-roll prepared sub base surface to check for unstable areas and the need for additional compaction. Do not begin paving work until such conditions have been corrected and are ready to receive paving.
- B. Form Construction:
 - 1. Set forms to the required grades and lines, rigidly braced and secured. Install sufficient quantity of forms to allow continuous progress of the Work and so that forms can remain in place at least 24-hours after concrete placement.
 - 2. Check completed form work for grade alignment to the following tolerances:
 - a. Top of forms not more than 1/8-inch in 10-feet.
 - b. Vertical face on longitudinal axis, not more than 1/4-inch in 10-feet.
 - 3. Clean forms for reuse immediately after use, and coat with form release agent as often as required to ensure separation from concrete without damage.
- C. Concrete Placement:
 - 1. Do not place concrete until sub base and forms have been checked for line and grade. Moisten if required to provide a uniform dampened condition at the time concrete is placed. Do not place concrete around manholes or other structures until they are completed to required finish elevation and alignment. Use special colors or aggregate as required to match existing material.
 - 2. Place concrete using methods which prevent segregation of the mix. Consolidate concrete along the face of forms and adjacent to transverse joints with an internal vibrator. Keep vibrator away from joint assemblies, reinforcement, or side forms. Use only square-faced shovels for hand spreading and consolidation. Consolidate with care to prevent dislocation of reinforcing, dowels, and joint devices. Do not use vibrators to push or move concrete in forms or chute.
 - 3. Deposit and spread concrete in a continuous operation between transverse joints, as far as possible. If interrupted for more than 1/2-hour, place a construction joint.
 - 4. An automatic machine may be used for sidewalk or curb and gutter placement at Contractor's option. If machine placement is to be used, submit revised mix design and laboratory test results which meet or exceed the minimum herein specified. Machine placement must produce sidewalks and/or curbs and gutters to the required cross-section, lines, grades, finish, and jointing as specified for formed concrete. If results are not acceptable, remove and replace with formed concrete as specified.

- 5. Joints: Construct expansion, weakened-plane (contraction), and construction joints true-to-line with face perpendicular to surface of the concrete, unless otherwise indicated. Construct transverse joints at right angles to the centerline, unless otherwise indicated. When joining existing structures place transverse joints to align with previously placed joints, unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Weakened-Plane Joints: Provide weakened-plane (contraction) joints sectioning concrete into areas as shown on the Drawings. Construct weakened plane joints for a depth equal to at least 1/4 concrete thickness, by sawing within 24-hours of placement or formed during finishing operations. Place joints at intervals not to exceed 10-feet if not otherwise indicated.
 - b. Construction Joints: Place construction joints at the end of all pours and at locations where placement operations are stopped for a period of more than 1/2-hour, except where such pours terminate at expansion joints. Construction joints shall be as shown or, if not shown, use standard metal keyway-section form of appropriate height.
 - c. Expansion Joints:
 - (1) Provide premolded joint filler for expansion joints abutting concrete curbs, catch basin, manholes, inlets, structures, walks, and other fixed objects, unless otherwise indicated.
 - (2) Locate expansion joints at 12-feet on center for concrete walks unless otherwise indicated.
 - (3) Extend joint fillers full-width and depth of joint, and not less than 1/2-inch below finished surface where joint sealer is indicated. If no joint sealer, place top of joint filler flush with finished concrete surface.
 - (4) Furnish joint fillers in one-piece lengths for the full width being placed, wherever possible. Where more than one length is required, lace or clip joint filler sections together. Pieces shorter than 4-inches shall not be used unless specifically shown as such.
 - (5) Protect the top edge of the joint filler during concrete placement with a metal cap or other temporary material. Remove protection after concrete has been placed on both sides of joint.
 - (6) Fillers and Sealants: Comply with the requirements of these specifications for preparation of joints, materials installation, and performance, and as herein specified.
- D. Concrete Finishing:
 - 1. After striking-off and consolidating concrete, smooth the surface by screening and floating. Use hand methods only where mechanical floating is not possible. Adjust the floating to compact the surface and produce a uniform texture.
 - 2. After floating, test surface for trueness with a 20-foot straightedge. Variations exceeding 1/3-inch for any two points within 10-feet shall not be acceptable. Distribute concrete as required to remove surface irregularities, and refloat repaired areas to provide a continuous smooth finish.
 - 3. Work edges of slabs, gutters, back top edge of curb, and formed joints with an edging tool, and round 10-1/2-inch radius, unless otherwise indicated. Eliminate any tool marks on concrete surface.

- 4. After completion of floating and when excess moisture or surface sheen has disappeared, broom finish sidewalks by drawing a fine-hair broom across concrete surface, perpendicular to a line of pedestrian traffic. If the existing material has another finish, match existing finish.
- 5. Do not remove forms for 24-hours after concrete has been placed. After form removal, clean ends of joints and point up any minor honeycombed areas.
- E. Curing:

Protect and cure finished concrete paving and walks, complying with applicable requirements of F.D.O.T. Section 350. Use moist-curing methods for initial curing of approved concrete curing compounds whenever possible.

- F. Repairs and Protections:
 - 1. Repair or replace broken or defective concrete, as directed by the County.
 - 2. Drill test cores where directed by the County, when necessary to determine magnitude of cracks or defective areas. Fill drilled core holes in satisfactory pavement areas with Portland cement concrete bonded to pavement with epoxy resin grout.
 - 3. Protect concrete from damage until acceptance of work. When construction traffic is permitted, maintain pavement as clean as possible by removing surface stains and spillage of materials as they occur.
 - 4. Sweep concrete pavement and wash free of stains and discolorations, dirt, and other foreign material just prior to final inspection.

3.02 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. General: Repair or remove and replace unacceptable concrete sidewalk, driveways, or curb and gutter as directed by the County.
- B. Surface Elevation: Actual surface elevations shall be within ± 0.05 feet of specified or indicated elevations an any given point. Surface elevations between any 2 given points shall be interpolated from a direct line between the 2 points. Surfaces exceeding actual elevation tolerances of more than ± 0.05 feet at any 2 points within a distance of 15-feet will not be acceptable.

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 02578 SOLID SODDING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

A. Scope of Work: Establishing a stand of grass by furnishing and placing grass sod. Included are fertilizing, watering, and maintenance as required to assure a healthy stand of grass. Solid sodding shall be placed on all slopes greater than 4:1, within 10-feet of all proposed structures, and in all areas where existing grass or sod (regardless of it's condition) is removed or disturbed by Contractor's operation unless otherwise specified or shown on the Drawings.

1.02 SHOP DRAWINGS AND SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be submitted to the County for review and acceptance prior to construction in accordance with the General Conditions and specifications Section 01300 "Submittals."
 - 1. A certification of sod quality by the producer shall be delivered to the County ten days prior to use.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 GENERAL

A. All material supplied shall be one of the products specified in Appendix D "List of Approved Products" appended to these technical specifications.

2.02 GRASS SOD

- A. Grass sod for the road rights-of-way shall be of variety to match the existing adjacent area and shall be well matted with grass roots. The sod shall be taken up in rectangles, preferably 12-inch by 24-inch, shall be a minimum of 2-inches in thickness, and shall be live, fresh, and uninjured at the time of planting.
- B. Grass sod for restoration of new construction sites and/or areas disturbed by construction on existing sites shall be St. Augustine well matted with grass roots. The sod shall be taken up in rectangles, preferably 12-inch by 24-inch, shall be a minimum of 2-inches in thickness, and shall be live, fresh, and uninjured at the time of planting.

C. It shall be reasonably free of weeds and other grasses and shall have a soil mat of sufficient thickness adhering firmly to the roots to withstand all necessary handling. The sod shall be planted as soon as possible after being dug and shall be shaded and kept moist until it is planted.

2.03 FERTILIZER

- A. Commercial fertilizers shall comply with the state fertilizer laws.
- B. The numerical designations for fertilizer indicate the minimum percentages (respectively) of (1) total nitrogen, (2) available phosphoric acid, and (3) water-soluble potash contained in the fertilizer.
- C. The chemical designation of the fertilizer shall be 6-6-6. At least 50% of the nitrogen shall be derived from organic sources. At least 50% of the phosphoric acid shall be from normal super phosphate or an equivalent source, which will provide a minimum of two units of sulfur. The amount of sulfur shall be indicated on the quantitative analysis card attached to each bag or other container.

2.04 WATER FOR GRASSING

A. The water used in the sodding operations shall be by the Contractor as approved by the County.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 PREPARATION OF GROUND

A. The area over which the sod is to be placed shall be scarified or loosened to a depth and then raked smooth and free from debris. Where the soil is sufficiently loose and clean, the County, at its discretion, may authorize the elimination of ground preparation.

3.02 APPLICATION OF FERTILIZER

- A. Before applying fertilizer, the soil pH shall be brought to a range of 6.0 7.0.
- B. The fertilizer shall be spread uniformly over the area to be sodded at the rate of 700pounds per acre, or 16-pounds per 1,000 square feet, by a spreading device capable of uniformly distributing the material at the specified rate. Immediately after spreading, the fertilizer shall be mixed with the soil to a depth of approximately 4-inches.
- C. On steep slopes, where the use of a machine for spreading or mixing is not practicable, the fertilizer shall be spread by hand and raked in and thoroughly mixed with the soil to a depth of approximately 2-inches.

- A. The sod shall be placed on the prepared surface, with edges in close contact and shall be firmly and smoothly embedded by light tamping with appropriate tools.
- B. Where sodding is used in drainage ditches, or on slopes of 4:1 or greater, the setting of the pieces shall be staggered to avoid a continuous seam along the line of flow. Along the edges of such staggered areas, the offsets of individual strips shall not exceed 6-inches. In order to prevent erosion caused by vertical edges at the outer limits, the outer pieces of sod shall be tamped so as to produce a featheredge effect.
- C. On slopes greater than 2:1, the Contractor shall, if necessary, prevent the sod from sliding by means of wooden pegs driven through the sod blocks into firm earth at suitable intervals.
- D. Sod which has been cut for more than 72-hours shall not be used unless specifically authorized by the County after the inspection thereof. Sod which is not planted within 24-hours after cutting shall be stacked in an approved manner, maintained, and properly moistened. Any pieces of sod that, after placing, show an appearance of extreme dryness shall be removed and replaced by fresh, uninjured pieces.
- E. Sodding shall not be performed when weather and soil conditions are, in the County's opinion, unsuitable for proper results.

3.04 WATERING

A. The areas on which the sod is to be placed shall contain sufficient moisture, as determined by the County, for optimum results. After being placed, the sod shall be kept in a moist condition to the full depth of the rooting zone for at least 2-weeks. Thereafter, the Contractor shall apply water as needed until the sod roots and starts to grow for a minimum of 60-days (or until final acceptance, whichever is latest).

3.05 MAINTENANCE

- A. The Contractor shall maintain, at his expense, the sodded areas in a satisfactory condition until final acceptance of the Project. Such maintenance shall include repairing of any damaged areas and replacing areas in which the establishment of the grass stand does not appear to be developing satisfactorily.
- B. Replanting or repair necessary due to the Contractor's negligence, carelessness, or failure to provide routine maintenance shall be at the Contractor's expense.

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 02660 POTABLE WATER SYSTEM

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

A. Scope of Work: Provide a complete system for water transmission/distribution pressure piping and appurtenant items.

1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Design Requirements

- 1. Piping shall be laid with a minimum cover of 36-inches below finished grade for mains sized 12-inch and below and a minimum cover of 48-inches for mains sized 16-inch and greater. Pipe located within Local roadways (subdivisions) or within an easement, shall be laid with a minimum cover of 30-inches.
- 2. Pipelines shall be constructed of the materials indicated in this specification and on the Drawings.
- B. Pipe Inspection:
 - 1. The Contractor shall obtain a certificate of inspection from the pipe manufacturer stating that the pipe and fittings supplied for this Contract have been inspected at the plant and that they meet the requirements of these specifications.
 - 2. The entire product of any plant may be rejected when, in the opinion of the County, the methods of manufacture fail to secure uniform results, or where the materials used are such as to produce inferior pipe or fittings.
 - 3. All pipe and fittings shall be subjected to a visual inspection at the time of delivery and before being lowered into the trench. Joints or fittings that do not conform to these specifications will be rejected and must be removed immediately by the Contractor.
 - 4. The County reserves the right to sample and test any pipe or fitting after delivery and to reject all pipe and fittings represented by any sample which fails to comply with the specified requirements.
- C. Prevention of electrolysis is required in accordance with AWWA C105 and when crossing, or adjacent to, a power easement, gas easements, any location where induced currents may be present, in areas where aggressive soils exist, and where shown on Drawings. Electrolytic action through the contact of dissimilar metals shall be prevented by either:
 - 1. The separation of one material from the other by means of an insulating or dielectric coupling (polyethylene wrap), or
 - 2. The use of alternative materials, as directed by the County.

1.03 SHOP DRAWINGS AND SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be submitted to the County for review and acceptance prior to construction in accordance with the General Conditions and specifications Section 01300 "Submittals."
 - 1. Mill test certificates or certified test reports on pipe
 - 2. Details of restrained and flexible joints
 - 3. Detailed laying schedule for pipe
 - 4. Valves and valve boxes

1.04 JOB CONDITIONS

A. Water in Excavation

- 1. Dewatering shall be in accordance with. Section 02140 "Dewatering." Water shall not be allowed in the trenches while the pipes are being laid and/or tested. The Contractor shall not open more trench than the available pumping facilities are able to dewater to the satisfaction of the County. The Contractor shall assume responsibility for disposing of all water so as not to injure or interfere with the normal drainage of the territory in which he is working.
- 2. In no case shall the pipelines being installed be used as drains. The ends of the pipe shall be kept properly and adequately blocked during construction by the use of approved stoppers and not by improvised equipment.
- 3. All necessary precautions shall be taken to prevent the entrance of mud, sand, or other obstructing matter into the pipelines. If on completion of the Work any such material has entered the pipelines, it must be cleaned as directed by the County so that the entire system will be left clean and unobstructed.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 GENERAL

A. All material supplied shall be one of the products specified in Appendix D "List of Approved Products" appended to these technical specifications.

2.02 MATERIALS

- A. Pipe, Fittings, Valves, and Ancillary Equipment shall be installed as shown on the Drawings and as specified in Division 15.
- B. Additional Work: Additional items of construction, necessary for the complete installation of the systems, shall conform to specific details shown on the Drawings and shall be constructed of first-class materials conforming to the applicable portions of these specifications.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 PREPARATION

A. Bedding:

- 1. Pipe Cradle: Upon satisfactory installation of the pipe bedding material as specified in Section 02220 "Excavating, Backfilling and Compacting", a continuous trough for the pipe barrel and recesses for the pipe bells or couplings shall be excavated by hand digging. When the pipe is laid in the prepared trench, true to line and grade, the pipe barrel shall receive continuous, uniform support and no pressure will be exerted on the pipe joints from the trench bottom.
- 2. Cleanliness: The interior of the pipes shall be thoroughly cleaned of all foreign matter before being gently lowered into the trench and shall be kept clean during laying operations by means of plugs or other methods approved by the County. During suspension of work for any reason at any time, a suitable stopper shall be placed in the end of the pipe last laid to prevent mud or other foreign material from entering the pipe.

3.02 INSTALLATION

A. Pipe Identification/Location

- 1. All PVC water mains shall be solid blue. All lettering shall appear legibly on the pipe and shall run the entire length of the pipe. Lettering shall read as is acceptable for the intended use.
- 2. All ductile iron water mains shall be color coded blue with tape. The tape (minimum 2-inches) shall be permanently affixed to the top and each side of the pipe (3 locations parallel to the axis of the pipe). For pipes less than 24-inches in diameter, a single tape may be used along the top of the pipe.
- 3. All HDPE water mains shall be a solid blue or black with 4 co-extruded equally spaced blue stripes of the same material as the pipe. Stripes painted on the pipe outside surface shall not be acceptable.
- 4. If main is located over 30-feet from the edge of the pavement or in an easement, the Contractor shall install 4-inch diameter schedule 80 PVC utility pipe line markers over the pipe alignment at 1,000-feet intervals, at all valves, and at all locations where fittings deflect the pipe alignment in the horizontal plane. Utility pipeline markers shall include a decal and shall be colored blue for water service.
- 5. All mains (PVC, HDPE, and DI) shall be installed with a continuous, insulated 10gauge copper wire installed directly above the pipe for location purposes. Locate wire shall terminate in a test station box and be capable of extending 12-inches above the top of the box. Directionally drilled pipe shall be installed with 2 insulated 10-gauge copper wires.

- B. Pipe: The color stripe and pipe text shall be located on the top of the pipe when installed. When installing PVC pipe, no additional joints will be installed until the preceding pipe joint has been completed and the pipe carefully embedded and secured in place.
 - 1. Gradient: Pipe shall be laid straight and depth of cover shall vary to provide uniform gradient or slope to pipe, whether grading is completed or proposed at time of pipe installation. When a grade or slope is shown on the Drawings, batter boards with string line paralleling design grade, or other previously approved means, shall be used by the Contractor to assure conformance to required grade.
 - 2. Pipe Joint Deflection
 - a. Ductile Iron Pipe: Whenever it is desirable to deflect pipe, the amount of deflection shall not exceed 75% of the maximum limits as shown in AWWA Standard C600 for ductile iron pipe.
 - b. PVC Pipe: Joint deflection or pipe bending shall not be permitted. The maximum allowable tolerance in the joint due to variances in installation is 0.75° (degrees) (3-inches per joint per 20-foot stick of pipe). No bending tolerance in the pipe barrel shall be acceptable. Alignment change shall be made only with sleeves and fittings.
 - 3. Rejects: Any pipe found defective shall be immediately removed and replaced with sound pipe at the Contractor's expense.
 - 4. Joint Compounds: No sulfur base joint compound shall be used.
 - 5. Thrust restraints shall be accomplished by the use of mechanical restraining devices unless specifically identified otherwise on the Drawings or herein. Restraining devices shall be specified in Sections 15062 "Ductile Iron Pipe and Fittings" and 15064 "Polyvinyl Chlorine (PVC) Pipe and Fittings", respectfully.
- C. Installing Valves and Boxes
 - 1. Valves: Valves shall be carefully inspected, fully opened, and then tightly closed and the various nuts and bolts shall be tested for tightness. Any valve that does not operate correctly shall be removed and replaced.
 - 2. Valve Boxes: Valve boxes shall be carefully centered over the operating nuts of the valves so as to permit a valve key to be fitted easily to the operating nut. In unpaved areas, valve boxes shall be set to conform to the level of the finished surface and held in position by a concrete collar placed under the support flange as shown on the Drawings. The letter "V" shall be etched in the curb at each valve location. The valve box shall not transmit surface loads to the pipe or valve but be supported by bedding rock as shown on the Drawings. Extensions or risers for valve boxes shall be an integral part of the box. No cut sections of D.I. or PVC pipe shall be used in extending the box to its proper height. Care shall be taken to prevent earth and other material from entering the valve box. Any valve box which is out of alignment or whose top does not conform to the finished ground surface shall be dug out and reset. Before final acceptance of the Work all valve boxes shall be adjusted to finish grade.
 - 3. Concrete Collar: Each valve installed in an unimproved area (outside of pavement, driveways or sidewalks) shall require a 24-inch by 24-inch by 6-inch concrete pad or collar as shown in the Drawings.

- 4. Identification Disc: Each 16-inch or larger valve (unless otherwise shown on the Drawings) installed shall be identified by a 3-inch diameter bronze disc anchored in the concrete pad or collar in unimproved areas and/or anchored on a 4-inch by 4-inch by 18-inch long concrete post set flush with the pavement surface in improved areas. The disc shall be stamped with the following information as shown on the Drawings:
 - a. Size of the valve
 - b. Type of valve
 - c. Service
 - d. Direction and number of turns to open
- D. Concrete Encasement
 - 1. Concrete encasement shall be constructed in accordance with details shown on the Drawings and shall be constructed of Class C concrete. Encasement shall be constructed where;
 - a. Indicated on the Drawings
 - b. The County orders the pipe encased
 - 2. The points of beginning and ending of pipe encasement shall be not more than 6inches from a pipe joint to protect the pipe from cracking due to uneven settlement of its foundation or the effects of superimposed live loads.
- E. Flush Out Connections: Flush out connections shall be installed at the locations as determined by the County and be full pipe size.
- F. Service Connections: Service connections shall be installed at the locations determined by the County and in the manner shown on the Drawings. No service line shall terminate under a driveway.
- G. Backfilling: Backfilling shall be in accordance with Section 02220 "Excavating, Backfilling and Compacting" of these specifications.

3.03 CLEANING

- A. General: At the conclusion of the Work, the Contractor shall thoroughly clean the new pipelines by flushing with water or other means to remove all dirt, stones, or other material which may have entered the line during the construction period. Flushing is permitted for pipes less than or equal to 12-inch diameter.
- B. Correction of Non-Conforming Work: All non-conforming work shall be repaired or replaced by the Contractor at no additional expense to the County. Non-conforming work shall be defined as failure to adhere to any specific or implied directive of this Project Manual and/or the Drawings, including but not limited to pipe not laid straight, true to the lines and grades as shown on the Drawings, damaged or unacceptable materials, misalignment or diameter ring deflection in pipe due to bedding or backfilling, visible or detectable leakage, or failure to pass any specified test or inspection.

A. Flushing

- 1. All pipelines less than or equal to 12-inches shall be flushed to remove all sand and other foreign matter. After initial slow-fill, pipe shall sit full for 24-hours to facilitate cleaning and collection of debris from interior of pipe. Flushing shall be accomplished through full pipe size connections at full pipe depth. The velocity of the flushing water shall be at least 2.5-feet per second. Flushing shall be terminated at the direction of the County. The Contractor shall dispose of the flushing water without causing a nuisance or property damage. The Contractor shall arrange with the County and pay for the source of flushing water.
- 2. In lieu of flushing, new water mains may be hydraulically or pneumatically cleaned with a polypropylene swabbing device in accordance with "Orange County Utilities Standards and Construction Specifications Manual."
 - a. The Contractor is responsible to provide temporary access and egress points.
 - b. Passage of the cleaning swabs through the system shall be constantly monitored, controlled, and all poly swabs entered into the system shall be individually marked and identified.
 - c. Cleaning of the system shall be done in conjunction with the initial filling of the system for its hydrostatic test.
 - d. The Contractor is responsible for collection of debris, water, and the swab. Considerations shall be made for protecting surrounding property and personnel.
 - e. Swabbing speed shall range between 2 and 5-feet per second.
- B. Pressure and Leakage Tests of Pressure Piping
 - 1. General: The Contractor shall perform hydrostatic pressure and leakage tests on all pressure piping. Tests shall be made between valves and shall not exceed 2,000-feet. Each side of all valves shall be pressure tested. Multiple sections of main may be tested simultaneously providing there are non-pressurized sections in between each pressure-tested section.
 - 2. Standard: AWWA C600, Section 4, with the exceptions required herein and the exception that the Contractor shall furnish all gauges, meters, pressure pumps, and other equipment needed to test the lines.
 - 3. Hydrostatic Pressure Test
 - a. Test Pressure: Pressure test at 50% above the normal working pressure, but not less than 150-psi, unless otherwise noted on the Drawings.
 - b. Test Duration: Duration is 2-hours. If during the test, the integrity of the tested line is in question, the County may require a 6-hour pressure test.
 - c. Air Release: Corporation cocks at least 3/4-inch in diameter, pipe riser, and angle globe valves shall be provided at each dead-end to bleed air from the line.
 - 4. Hydrostatic Leakage Test
 - a. General: Following the pressure test, the Contractor shall perform the leakage test. The line shall be filled with water and all air removed for the test. The Contractor shall provide a pump to maintain the test pressure for the entire test period.
 - b. Test Pressure: Maximum operating pressure as determined by the County but not less than 150-psi unless otherwise noted.
 - c. Test duration: 2-hours.

- d. Allowable leakage: L = SD(P)0.5
 - 148,000
 - L = Allowable leakage (gallons per hour)
 - S = Length of pipe tested (feet)
 - D = Nominal diameter of pipe (inches)
 - P = Average test pressure maintained (psig)
- e. Visible Leakage: All leaks evident at the surface shall be repaired and leakage eliminated regardless of the measured total leakage.
- f. Leakage Measurement: The amount of water required to maintain the test pressure is the leakage.
- C. Wire Continuity Check: The Contractor shall perform a continuity check of the 10-gauge locating wire for the entire length of the main by performing a continuity test at each valve test station box.

3.05 DISINFECTING POTABLE WATER PIPELINES

- A. General: Before being placed in service, all potable water pipelines shall be disinfected by chlorination. Taps for chlorination and sampling shall be uncovered and backfilled by the Contractor as required. The disinfection procedure shall be approved by the County.
- B. Standard: AWWA 651, "Standard Procedures for Disinfecting Water Mains."
- C. Procedure
 - 1. Flush all dirty or discolored water from the line and introduce chlorine in approved dosages through a tap at one end while water is being withdrawn at the other end of the line.
 - 2. The chlorine solution shall remain in the pipeline for 24-hours.
 - 3. Following the chlorination period, all treated water shall be flushed from the line and replaced with water from the distribution system.
 - 4. Bacteriological sampling and analysis shall be made in full accordance with AWWA Manual C651 and the appropriate FDEP permit. If necessary, the Contractor will be required to re-chlorinate.
 - 5. Sampling and analysis shall be done by the County.
- D. Approval: The line shall not be placed in service until the requirements of the State and County Public Health Department are met and the bacteriological test results are approved by the Department of Environmental Protection.

3.06 CONNECTION TO EXISTING SYSTEM

A. All connections to existing mains shall be made after complete disinfection of the proposed system and shall be made under the direction of the County. Valves separating the mains being installed from existing mains shall be operated by or under the direction of the County. The cost of the Work in making the connections shall be paid for by the Contractor.

- B. In the event the proposed main is to be connected to a main which has one or more active services between the point of connection and the first existing line valve, a temporary plug or cap shall be installed on the new main until the pressure tests and disinfecting are completed. Upon satisfactory completion, the cap or plug shall be removed from both mains and the connection made with pipe which has been swabbed out with a solution of chlorine and water. The connection shall be made as swiftly as possible and any water in the ditch shall be kept below the level of the pipe. The pipeline shall then be placed in service by the County's personnel.
- C. In the event any existing users will be without water while a connection is being made, the Contractor shall notify the County 72-hours prior to disconnection. The County shall notify the affected user(s) when the water will be turned off and when the service is estimated to be resumed. In some instances, these connections may have to be made at night. No user shall be without water service for more than 3-hours.

3.07 SUPPLIER'S FIELD SERVICE:

- A. The Contractor shall, at no additional cost to the County, arrange for a pipe supplier's field representative to be on-site to provide instruction to each crew working on the installation for a minimum of 4 push-on joints (PVC, DIP). The supplier's field representative shall certify that the installations observed were satisfactorily completed and all pipe installation crews were familiar with the proper methods and procedures for the pipeline installations.
- 3.08 WATER FOR USE IN FLUSHING, TESTING, AND DISINFECTION:
 - A. The Contractor shall arrange with the County for water required for pressure testing, flushing, and disinfection required by the Contractor. The Contractor shall provide meter and backflow preventer.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02665

HORIZONTAL DIRECTIONAL DRILLING OF PRESSURE MAINS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

A. Scope of Work: Furnish and install underground utilities using the horizontal directional drilling (HDD) method of installation, also commonly referred to as directional boring or guided horizontal boring for pressure pipe. This Work shall include all piping services, equipment, materials, and labor for the complete and proper installation testing, restoration of underground utilities, and environmental protection and restoration.

1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Qualifications

- 1. Directional drilling Contractor or Subcontractor shall have a minimum of 4-years experience constructing water, wastewater, or reclaimed water experience to include pipelines of the same or larger diameter and the same or greater lengths. All pipe and appurtenances of similar type and material shall be furnished by a single manufacturer.
- 2. The Contractor's operations shall be in conformance with the Directional Crossing Contractors Association (DCCA) published guidelines (latest edition) and pipe manufacturer's guidelines and recommendations.

1.03 SHOP DRAWINGS AND SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be submitted to the County for review and acceptance prior to construction in accordance with the General Conditions and specifications Section 01300 "Submittals."
 - 1. Work Plan
 - 2. Pipe
 - 3. Couplings
 - 4. HDPE mechanical joint adapters
 - 5. Training and experience of directional boring machine operator
 - 6. Directional drilling equipment Specifications including calibration records
- B. Prior to beginning Work, the Contractor must submit a work plan to the County detailing the procedure and schedule to be used to execute the Project. The Work plan should include the following:
 - 1. A description of all equipment to be used
 - 2. Down-hole tools
 - 3. A list of personnel and their qualifications and experience
 - 4. List of Subcontractors
 - 5. A schedule of work activity
 - 6. A safety plan and traffic control plan (if applicable)

- 7. An environmental protection plan and
- 8. Contingency plans for possible problems
- C. Equipment
 - 1. The Contractor will submit specifications on directional drilling equipment to be used to ensure that the equipment will be adequate to complete the Project. Equipment shall include but not be limited to the following:
 - a. Drilling rig
 - b. Mud system
 - c. Mud motors (if applicable)
 - d. Down-hole tools
 - e. Guidance system and
 - f. Rig safety systems

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 GENERAL

- A. All material supplied shall be one of the products specified in Appendix D "List of Approved Products" appended to these technical specifications.
- B. The directional drilling equipment shall consist of the following:
 - 1. A directional drilling rig of sufficient capacity to perform the bore and pullback operations.
 - 2. A drilling fluid mixing, delivery, and recovery system of sufficient capacity to complete the crossing.
 - 3. A drilling fluid recycling system to remove solids from the drilling fluid so that the fluid can be reused.
 - 4. A magnetic guidance system to accurately guide boring operations.
 - 5. A vacuum truck of sufficient capacity to handle the drilling fluid volume and
 - 6. Trained and competent personnel shall operate the system.
- C. All equipment shall be in good, safe operating condition with sufficient supplies, materials, and spare parts on hand to maintain the system in proper working order.

2.02 DRILLING SYSTEM

A. The directional drilling machine shall consist of a hydraulically powered system to rotate, push, and pull hollow drill pipe into the ground at a variable angle while delivering a pressurized fluid mixture to a guidable drill (bore) head. The machine shall be anchored to the ground to withstand the pulling, pushing, and rotating pressure required to complete the crossing. The hydraulic power system shall be self-contained with sufficient pressure and volume to power drilling operations. Hydraulic system shall be free of leaks. Rig shall have a system to monitor and record maximum pullback pressure during pullback operations. The rig shall be grounded during drilling and pullback operations. There shall be a system to detect electrical current from the drilling string and an audible alarm that automatically sounds when an electrical current is detected.

2.03 PIPE

- A. Pipe shall be PVC or HDPE pipe with ductile iron pipe outside diameters in accordance with AWWA C900 (C905) or C906 respectively. The dimension ratio shall be verified by the Contractor based on the pipe, joint, and material pull strength required for the directional drilling.
- B. PVC Pipe
 - 1. PVC restrained joint pipe shall have maximum dimension ratios equal to the following table:

Maximum Dimension Ratios for FVC Fipe				
Type of Pipe System	Maximum Dimension Ratio			
Wastewater	18			
Reclaimed Water	18			
Water	18			

Table 02665-1Maximum Dimension Ratios for PVC Pipe

- 2. PVC pipe shall meet the requirements of AWWA C900. The pipe shall be joined using separate couplings that have beveled edges, built-in sealing gaskets and restraining grooves or steel ring-and-pin gasketed joints. The restraining splines shall be square and made from Nylon 101. Pipe and couplings shall be Underwriters Laboratory and Factory Mutual approved.
- 3. Installation Curvature: The pipeline curvature shall not have a radius less than as shown in Table 02665-2.

r v C ripe Defiction Information					
Pipe Diameter	Minimum Radius of	Offset per 20-ft	Deflection per 20-ft		
(inches)	Curvature (feet)	Length (inches)	Length (degrees)		
4	133	17.25	8.6		
6	200	12.00	5.7		
8	266	9.00	4.3		
10	333	6.75	3.5		
12	400	6.00	2.9		
16	532	4.50	1.5		

Table 02665-2 PVC Pipe Deflection Information

C. HDPE Pipe

1. HDPE pipe and related fittings shall be made with prime virgin resins exhibiting a minimum cell classification as defined in ASTM D3350 and meeting the PE 3408 code designation with maximum dimension ratios equal to the following.

Type of Pipe System	Maximum Dimension Ratio			
Wastewater	11			
Water	11			
Reclaimed Water 11	11			

Table 02665-3Maximum Dimension Ratios for HDPE Pipe

- 2. HDPE pipe 4-inch and larger nominal diameter shall be joined by means of zero leakrate butt (thermal heat) fusion welds and/or approved flanged joints. Joints shall provide axial pullout resistance. Pipe shall meet the requirements of ANSI/AWWA C906, and have an outside diameter dimension of ductile iron pipe. Flanged joints shall not be used below finished grade for horizontal directional drilling applications.
- 3. HDPE pipe shall have been continuously marked by the manufacturer with permanent printing indicating at a minimum the following:
 - a. Nominal size (inches)
 - b. Dimension ratio (DR)
 - c. Pressure rating (psi)
 - d. Trade name
 - e. Material classification (PE 3408)
 - f. Plant, extruder, and operator codes
 - g. Resin supplier code
 - h. Date produced and
 - i. HDPE pipe used for portable water mains shall bear the NSF Seal of Approval.
- 4. HDPE pipe shall be black in color with permanent colored stripes extruded into the pipe length or shall be 1 solid-color, per the applicable service.

Pipe Color			
Pipe Use	Color Coding		
Potable Water	Blue		
Wastewater	Green		
Reclaimed Water	Purple		

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5. Installation Curvature

The pipeline curvature shall not have a radius less than as shown in Table 02665-5.

IDI E I ipe Deflection finition					
Pipe Diameter (inches)	Minimum Radius of	Offset per 20-ft Length			
	Curvature (feet)	(inches)			
4	23	9.3			
6	34	6.1			
8	44	4.6			
10	56	3.5			
12	67	3.0			
16	88	2.3			

Table 02665-5HDPE Pipe Deflection Information

2.04 LOCATING WIRE

- A. Locating wire shall be 10-gauge continuous single strand solid core copper wire with non-metallic insulation.
- B. Color-coding shall be similar to pipeline identification colors.
- C. A minimum of 3 locating wires shall be attached with nylon wire ties at different radial locations around the pipe to ensure continuity in at least 1 wire subsequent to installation. Contractor shall be required to provide as many wires as necessary to maintain continuity throughout the length of the directional bore. Failure of continuous continuity in the locating wire shall result in abandonment and reinstallation of the directional drill, at the discretion of the County.

2.05 DRILLING FLUIDS

A. Drilling fluids shall consist of a mixture of potable water and gel-forming colloidal material, such as bentonite or a polymer surfactant mixture producing a slurry of custard-like consistency.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 PERSONNEL REQUIREMENTS

A. Responsible representatives of the Contractor and Subcontractor(s) shall be present at all times during directional drilling operations. A responsible representative as specified herein is defined as a person experienced in the type of work being performed and who has the authority to represent the Contractor in a routine decision making capacity concerning the manner and method of carrying out the Work.

B. The Contractor and Subcontractor(s) shall have sufficient number of competent workers on the Project at all times to ensure the utility placement is made in a timely, satisfactory manner. Adequate personnel for carrying out all phases of the directional drilling operation (where applicable: tunneling system operators, operator for removing spoil material, and laborers as necessary for various related tasks) must be on the job site at the beginning of Work. A competent and experienced supervisor representing the Contractor or Subcontractor that is thoroughly familiar with the equipment and type of work to be performed, must be in direct charge and control of the operation at all times. In all cases, the supervisor must be continually present at the project site during the directional drilling operation.

3.02 WORK PLAN

- A. Work plan should be comprehensive, realistic, and based on actual working conditions for this particular Project. Plan should document the requirements to complete the Project.
 - 1. Calibration records for guidance equipment shall be included. Specifications for any drilling fluid additives that the Contractor intends to use or might use shall be submitted.

3.03 COORDINATION OF THE WORK

- A. The Contractor shall notify the County at least 3-days in advance of starting Work. In addition, the actual crossing operation shall not begin until the County is present at the project site and agrees that proper preparations for the crossing have been made. The County's approval for beginning the crossing shall in no way relieve the Contractor from the ultimate responsibility for the completion of the Work.
- B. The Contractor and the County shall select a mutually convenient time for the crossing operation to begin in order to avoid schedule conflicts.

3.04 PROCEDURE

A. The installation of appropriate safety and warning devices in accordance with the "FDOT Manual on Traffic Control and Safe Practices" shall be completed prior to beginning Work.

3.05 INSTALLATION

- A. Erosion and sedimentation control measures and on-site containers shall be installed to prevent drilling mud from spilling out of entry and/or exit pits. Drilling mud shall be disposed of off-site in accordance with local, state, and federal requirements and/or permit conditions.
 - 1. No other chemicals or polymer surfactant shall be used in the drilling fluid without written consent of the County and after a determination is made that the chemicals to be added are not harmful or corrosive to the facility and are environmentally safe.

- B. Pilot Hole: Pilot hole shall be drilled on bore path with no deviations greater than 2% of depth over a length of 100-feet. In the event that pilot does deviate from bore path more than 2% of depth in 100-feet, the Contractor shall notify the County. The County may require the Contractor to pullback and re-drill from the location along bore path before the deviation.
- C. Reaming: Upon successful completion of pilot hole, the Contractor will ream borehole to a minimum of 25% greater than outside diameter of pipe using the appropriate tools. Contractor will not attempt to ream at one time more than the drilling equipment and mud system are designed to safely handle.
- D. Pullback: After successfully reaming borehole to the required diameter, Contractor shall put the pipe through the borehole. In front of the pipe shall be a swivel and barrel reamer to compact bore hole walls. Once pullback operations have commenced, operations must continue without interruption until pipe is completely pulled into borehole. During pullback operations, the Contractor shall not apply more than the maximum safe pipe pull pressure at any time. A break away head rated at the maximum safe pull pressure shall be utilized.
- E. As-built variance from the designed bore path shall not exceed \pm (plus or minus) 1-foot in the vertical plane and \pm 2-feet in the horizontal plane. The Contractor shall submit any proposed deviations from the design bore path with Shop Drawings.
- F. The pipe entry area shall be graded to provide support for the pipe to allow free movement into the borehole. The pipe shall be guided in the borehole to avoid deformation of, or damage to, the pipe.
- G. If unexpected subsurface conditions are encountered during the bore, the procedure shall be stopped. The installation shall not continue until the County has been consulted.
- H. The pipe shall be pulled back through the borehole using the wet insertion construction technique. The pipe shall be installed full of water.
- I. The pipe shall be installed in a manner that does not cause upheaval, settlement, cracking, movement or distortion of surface features.
- J. A boring log shall be kept with horizontal and vertical location every 10-feet. The horizontal location of the bore shall be marked in the field during the bore. The Surveyor shall locate these marks and include this information with the bore depths in the Record Drawings. The Surveyor may make a note on the drawing page containing the directional drill and provide an exception for the directional drill only, as the directional drill route cannot be uncovered and physically located.
- K. The pipe shall be installed at a depth of no more than 15-feet below pavement, as measured from the top of pipe.

A. PVC Pipe

Perform hydrostatic testing for leakage following installation in accordance with the applicable test sections.

B. HDPE Pipe

- 1. Perform hydrostatic testing for leakage following installation of the directional drill.
 - a. Test Duration: The total test time including initial pressurization, initial expansion, and time at test pressure must not exceed 8-hours. If the test is not completed due to leakage, equipment failure, etc., the test section shall be depressurized and allowed to "relax" for a minimum of 8-hours before it is brought back up to test pressure. The test procedure consists of the initial expansion phase and leakage test phase.
 - b. Initial Expansion Phase: During the initial expansion phase, the test section is pressurized to the test pressure and enough make-up liquid is added each hour for 3-hours to return to test pressure.
 - c. Leakage Test Phase: The leakage test phase follows immediately and shall be either 2 or 3-hours in duration. At the end of the time test, the test section shall be returned to test pressure by adding a measured amount of liquid. The amount of make-up liquid added shall not exceed the values provided in Table 02665-6 plus allowable leakage.

Anowance for Make-up water Under Fressure								
Test Duration (hours)	2	4	6	8	12	16	20	24
	Allowance/100-feet of Pipeline (gallons)							
2	0.11	0.25	0.60	1.00	2.30	3.30	5.50	8.90
3	0.19	0.40	0.90	1.50	3.40	5.50	8.00	13.30
*Applies to test period and not to initial expansion phase								

Table 02665-6 Allowance for Make-up Water Under Pressure*

C. Pressure Testing

1. The test pressure for the pipe shall be 150-psi for water and reclaimed water and 100psi for wastewater.

D. Mandrel Testing

1. Perform mandrel testing through the entire length of the installed pipe. The mandrel size shall be 90% of the inside diameter of the pipe.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02670

PRESSURE MAIN SAMPLE COLLECTION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

A. SCOPE:

Where an existing pressure main is being tapped, connected to a new constructed main, or being prepared for abandonment, a pipe sample shall be collected in order for the County to perform a condition assessment of the pipe. This section specifies the procedures for collecting pipe samples and does not address the work involved in the tapping, the repair, or the actual abandonment of the pipeline.

B. GENERAL SAMPLE REQUIREMENTS:

The pipe samples shall be taken from all existing pipe connections or abandoned pipe that is ductile iron pipe, cast iron pipe, asbestos cement pipe, and prestressed concrete cylinder pipe.

PART 2 - MATERIALS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 PIPE SAMPLE COLLECTION

Contractor shall be responsible for obtaining coupons or sections from pressure mains being tapped, removed, or abandoned, digital photos, and completing the Pressure Main Sample Collection Submittal Form (see Appendix B). As indicated on the drawings, the Contractor shall collect coupons taken from line-stop operations, line taps, dry connection, or from any other operations such as where the pipe will be disconnected, removed or abandoned.

- A. The submittal requirements are not considered complete unless all of the requirements described below are complete for each sample of pipe.
 - 1. Complete the Pressure Main Sample Collection Submittal Form (see Appendix B)
 - 2. If applicable, note in the comments section of the form:
 - a. The condition of the DIP external polyethylene wrap.
 - b. Site observations relevant to work site of the sample (e.g. gas main in close proximity, AC pipe with areas of softness, etc.)
 - c. Visually inspect the exposed asbestos cement pipe and note if there are areas of softness
 - 3. Pipe sample unique identification number as shown on the drawings:
 - a. Shall be printed on a sturdy waxed tag affixed to each whole piece of pipe sample or legibly marked on the pipe sample with permanent marking pen.

- b. Wet-tap samples shall have a legibly written ID number on the exterior side and top of the sample.
- c. An additional digit will be added at the end to indicate where multiple samples were taken from a pipe with the same ID number.
- 4. Pipe sample requirements:
 - a. Wet-taps from a tapping sleeve the complete tapping coupon
 - b. Dry connection -12" length of pipe
 - c. Abandoned pipe -12" length of pipe at the beginning and the end if applicable
 - d. Pipe repair -12" length of pipe that was cut from the existing pipe representative of damage or typical conditions.
- 5. GPS coordinates of where the sample was taken shall be noted on the Submittal Form
- 6. Provide digital photographs for the following views:
 - a. Overall Work site
 - b. Exposed pipe before tap or abandonment
 - c. Sample exterior
 - d. Close-up of the edge (thickness of pipe)
 - e. All photos shall bear the unique sample ID number shown on the drawings, date, and time.
- B. Prior to submitting a monthly pay request that includes payment for taps, connections, replacement or abandonment of pipe, the Contractor's requirements as specified herein shall be acceptable to the County.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02761

CLEANING SANITARY SEWER SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE OF WORK

- A. The Work covered in this section consists of cleaning sewer lines and manholes prior to the internal television inspection(s) for new or existing wastewater systems.
- B. Gravity Main and Sewer Lateral Cleaning: The intent of gravity main cleaning is to remove debris that may be causing a reduction in flow capacity, potential sewer backups, or that limits the ability to evaluate the structural condition of the pipe segment. On all sewers, the Contractor shall perform sewer-cleaning work to an acceptable level as necessary to perform a thorough television inspection of the sewer. An acceptable level is defined as the removal of all debris throughout the pipe segment cleaned. If the pipe condition is such that cleaning may cause a potential collapse, then the pipe shall be televised without attempting to clean it pending approval by the County.
- C. Water for Cleaning: The Contractor will be responsible for obtaining a transient water meter and paying for water used during course of cleaning.
- D. Recovering of Equipment: The Contractor will be responsible for recovering any equipment that becomes lodged or lost in the pipeline. The Contractor will be responsible for all costs associated with required evacuation, restoration of roads and easements, and repairs to pipes and manholes as needed to restore the pipeline and appurtenances back to their original conditions.

1.02 CLEANING EQUIPMENT

- A. Hydraulically Propelled Equipment: The equipment used shall be of a movable dam type and be constructed in such a way that a portion of the dam may be collapsed at any time during the cleaning operation to protect against flooding of the sewer. The movable dam shall be equal in diameter to the pipe being cleaned and shall provide a flexible scraper around the outer periphery for grease removal. Special precautions to prevent flooding of the sewers and public or private property shall be taken at all times.
- B. High-Velocity Jet (Hydro-Cleaning) Equipment: All high-velocity sanitary sewer cleaning equipment shall be constructed for ease and safety of operation. The equipment shall have a selection of 2 or more high-velocity nozzles. The nozzles shall be capable of producing a scouring action from 15° to 45° (degrees) in all size mains. Equipment shall also include a high-velocity gun for washing and scouring manhole walls and floor. The gun shall be capable of producing flows from a fine spray to a solid stream. The equipment shall carry its own water tanks, auxiliary engines, pumps, and hydraulically driven hose reel.

- C. Mechanically Powered Equipment: Bucket machines shall be in pairs with sufficient power to perform the Work in an efficient manner. Machines shall be belt operated or have an overload device. Machines with direct drive that could cause damage to the pipe will not be used. A power rodding machine shall be either a sectional or continuous rod type capable of holding a minimum of 750-feet of rod. The rod shall be heat-treated steel. To ensure safe operation, the machine shall be fully enclosed and have an automatic safety clutch or relief valve.
- D. Vacuum machines may be used for removal of materials from manholes when other cleaning equipment is used to dislodge and transport material to the access point.
- E. Combination Cleaner: For cleaning small and large diameter sewer, the Contractor may use a combination hydraulic high volume water and solids separation system. Water volume of up to 250-gpm at or above 2,000-psi will move solids to the downstream manhole in high flow conditions. The separation system will dewater solids to 95 % (passing a paint filter test) and transfer them to a dump truck, if needed, for transport to a water reclamation facility, approved landfill, or other location specified by the County or designee. Wash water will be filtered to a point where it can be used in the pump for continuous cleaning. No bypassing of sewer flows will be necessary. The unit shall be capable of 24-hour operation and the unit shall not leave the manhole until a section is fully cleaned.

1.03 SHOP DRAWINGS AND SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be submitted to the County for review and acceptance prior to construction in accordance with the General Conditions and specifications Section 01300 "Submittals."
- B. A daily log shall be maintained to record the location of the manholes and sewer lines, lengths of the lines cleaned, method of cleaning, line sizes, identify type of cleaning (light, medium, or heavy), and type of debris moved. Observations are to be recorded on a cleaning report form.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 GENERAL

- A. All material supplied shall be one of the products specified in Appendix D "List of Approved Products" appended to these technical specifications.
- B. The equipment shall remove dirt, grease, rocks, sand, other materials, and obstructions from the sewer mains, laterals, and manholes.

C. A high-velocity sewer cleaner will be used for the majority of the cleaning work. Other equipment, such as bucket machines, rod machines, hydraulic root cutters, vacuum trucks and balling equipment shall be available.

3.02 CLEANING PRECAUTIONS

- A. All necessary precautions shall be taken to protect the sewer from damage during all cleaning and preparation operations. Precautions shall also be taken to ensure that no damage is caused to public or private property adjacent to or served by the sewer or its branches. The Contractor shall pay for and restore, at no additional costs to the County, any damage caused to public or private property because of such cleaning and preparation operations.
- B. Satisfactory precautions shall be taken in the use of cleaning equipment. When hydraulically propelled cleaning tools (which depend upon water pressure to provide their cleaning force) or tools which retard the flow in the sewer line are used, precautions shall be taken to ensure that the water pressure created does not damage or cause flooding of public or private property being served by the sewer. No fire hydrant shall be obstructed in case of a fire in the area served by the hydrant. All requirements shall be met when accessing a fire hydrant including but not limited to meters, backflow preventers, and properly trained personnel. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to meet all state and local requirements.

3.03 CLEANING

- A. If cleaning of an entire sewer section cannot be successfully performed from one manhole, the equipment shall be set up on the other manhole and cleaning attempted again. If results of the cleaning are favorable, the Contractor will proceed with the TV inspection. All sludge, dirt, sand, rocks, and other solid or semisolid materials resulting from the cleaning operation shall be removed from the downstream manhole of the section being cleaned. The Contractor shall not be responsible for removing mortar or other material that is securely attached to the pipe walls or joints.
- B. Materials shall be disposed of from the site at least once at the end of each workday. The Contractor will be responsible for the disposal of materials removed from the sewer system. All sewer-cleaning efforts shall require documentation of all quantities and types of materials removed during cleaning.
- C. The designated sewer manhole sections shall be cleaned using hydraulically propelled, high-velocity jet, or mechanically powered equipment approved by the County. Cleaning shall consist of normal hydraulic jet cleaning to facilitate the internal CCTV inspection.
 - 1. Types of cleaning of sanitary sewers:
 - a. Light cleaning of sewers consists of a maximum of 1 pass of the jet nozzle. Light cleaning of laterals will consist of flushing water into a cleanout.
 - b. Medium cleaning of sewers consists of 2 to 4 passes of the jet nozzle. Medium cleaning of laterals will consist of 1 to 4 passes with a jet nozzle.

- c. Heavy cleaning consists of 5 or more passes of the jet nozzle such as removing heavy grease, debris, and roots.
- d. Descaling of Ductile Iron pipe: Multiple passes with mechanical equipment to remove scale build up to restore pipe to original inside diameter.
- 2. Selection of the equipment used shall be based on the conditions of lines at the time the Work commences. The equipment and methods selected shall be satisfactory to the County. The equipment shall be capable of removing dirt, grease, rocks, sand, debris, other materials, and obstructions from the sewer lines, laterals, and manholes.
- 3. If cleaning of an entire section cannot be successfully performed from one manhole, the equipment shall be set up on the other manhole and cleaning again attempted. The intent of preparatory cleaning is to provide sufficient cleaning to ensure camera passage and the internal conditions of the pipeline can be fully assessed.
- 4. If the County establishes that a particular section of the pipeline cannot be adequately cleaned due to broken, collapsed, or void areas, then the inspection will be attempted up to the obstruction.

3.04 ROOT REMOVAL

A. Roots shall be removed in the designated sections and manholes where root intrusion is a problem and where authorized by the County. Special attention should be used during the cleaning operation to remove roots from the joints. Any roots that could prevent the proper application of chemical sealants, or could prevent the proper seating and application of cured-in-place liners shall be removed. Procedures may include the use of mechanical equipment such as, rodding machines, bucket machines, winches using root cutters, porcupines, and equipment such as high-velocity jet cleaners. Chemical root treatment shall be used before or following the root removal operation, depending on the manufacturer's recommendation. The Contractor shall capture and remove all roots from the line.

3.05 CHEMICAL ROOT TREATMENT

A. To aid in the removal of roots, manhole sections that have root intrusion shall be treated with an acceptable herbicide. The application of the herbicide to the roots shall be done in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and specifications in such a manner to preclude damage to surrounding vegetation. Any damaged vegetation, so designated by the County, shall be replaced by the Contractor at no additional cost to the County. All safety precautions as recommended by the manufacturer shall be adhered to for handling and application of the herbicide.

3.06 MATERIAL REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL

- A. All sludge, dirt, sand, rocks, grease, roots, and other solid or semisolid material resulting from the cleaning operation shall be removed at the downstream manhole of the section being cleaned. Contractor shall provide appropriate screening to stop passing of materials into downstream sewers. All solid or semisolid materials dislodged during cleaning operations shall be removed from the sewer by Contractor at the downstream manhole of the sewer section being cleaned. The passing of dislodged materials downstream of the sewer segment being cleaned shall not be permitted. In such an event, as observed or detected by the County or any third party, Contractor shall be responsible for cleaning the affected downstream sewers in their entirety, at no additional cost to the County.
- B. These materials shall become the property of the Contractor, shall be removed from the site at the end of each workday, and shall be disposed of by the Contractor. Copies of records of all disposals shall be furnished to the County, indicating disposal site, date, amount, and a brief description of material disposed. Disposal manifests from the licensed disposal facility shall be submitted with invoices.
- C. The Contractor shall keep his haul route and work area(s) neat, clean, and reasonably free of odor, and shall bear all responsibility for the cleanup of any spill.

3.07 ACCEPTANCE OF CLEANING OPERATION

- A. Acceptance of sanitary sewer cleaning shall be made upon the successful completion of the television inspection and shall be to the satisfaction of the County. If television inspection shows the cleaning to be unsatisfactory, the Contractor shall be required to reclean and re-inspect the sewer line at no additional cost until the cleaning is shown to be satisfactory.
- B. In addition, on all sanitary sewers which have sags or dips, to an extent that the television camera lens becomes submerged during the television inspection, the Contractor shall use a high pressure cleaner to draw the water out of the pipe, or other means, to allow the full circumferential view of the pipe and identification of pipe defects, cracks, holes, and location of service connections.

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 02762

TELEVISING SANITARY SEWER SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE OF WORK

The Work covered within this Section is for the internal closed circuit television (CCTV) inspection of sanitary sewer pipes. The Contractor shall perform sewer-televising work as necessary to thoroughly document the condition of all sewers, service lateral connections, and manhole corbel, barrel and cone-sections in the study area. The sanitary sewer and service laterals shall be carefully inspected to determine alignment, grade variations, separated joints, location and extent of any deterioration, breaks, obstacles, obstructions, debris, quantities of infiltration/inflow and the locations of service connections.

The quality of all Work specified in this Section shall meet or exceed the requirements of the National Association of Sewer Service Companies (NASSCO) Recommended Specifications for Sewer Collection System Rehabilitation (latest edition), except as described in this Section. Applicable portions of this Section that inadvertently fall below those standards shall be corrected and maintained at the NASSCO standards as a minimum requirement, at no additional cost to the County.

1.02 REQUIREMENTS

- A. The Contractor shall inspect the sewer interior using a color closed circuit television camera (CCTV) and document the inspection on a digital recorder. All inspection video shall be captured in either MPEG or Windows Media Video (.WMV) file format and saved portable hard drives for submittal. Each inspected main line sewer reach, referenced manhole to manhole, and each inspected sewer lateral referenced to the property address and corresponding sewer main should have an associated MPEG or WMV file. Digital photographs (.JPG files), inspection reports (.PDF files) and any handwritten inspection logs or field maps shall accompany the video inspections for each sewer reach (manhole-to-manhole) or lateral inspected.
- B. Contractor shall provide inspection video, data and reports in accordance with the requirements specified herein. Contractor shall provide all video on portable hard drive as specified. All Work will conform to current NASSCO Pipeline Assessment Certification Program (PACP) coding conventions and all software used by the Contractor will be PACP compliant. An electronic database will be provided by the Contractor in a PACP exported format approved by the County.
- C. The Contractor shall provide comments as necessary to fully describe the existing condition of the sewer on the inspection forms.

- D. Contractor shall be responsible for modifications to equipment and/or inspection procedures to achieve report material of acceptable quality.
- E. No Work shall commence prior to approval of the submitted material by the County. Once accepted, the report material shall serve as a standard for the remaining Work.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Refer to Section 01101-"Special Requirements (Gravity Inspection Only)" for Contractor's Qualification requirements.
- B. Each CCTV field inspection supervisor shall be NASSCO PACP certified. Use of PACP certified technicians to review/document defects in the office (post process) is not acceptable.
- C. The inspection Contractor must have an internal quality assurance/quality control program in place and all inspection data shall be subjected to the procedures prior to submittal to the County. The County will perform QA/QC audits on submitted data.
- D. QA/QC shall be performed by NASSCO PACP certified personnel.

1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be submitted to the County for review and acceptance prior to construction in accordance with the General Conditions and specifications Section 01300 "Submittals."
- B. The following deliverables shall be submitted on a portable hard drive at the completion of inspection:
 - 1. Inspection videos saved in MPEG format or Windows Media video format
 - 2. Electronic version (.pdf) of the pipe inspection reports
 - 3. PACP export pipe inspection database (.mdb)
 - 4. Inspection digital photographs in JPEG format
 - 5. Map of sub area depicting area inspected, inspection status, asset identification numbers and mark ups
 - 6. QA/QC report
- C. The above deliverables shall be submitted monthly to the County for approval. Application for payment shall be made after review and approval by the County.
- D. The sewer inspection video, report documents, and sewer inspection database shall be in accordance with County data standards and NASSCO PACP.

1.05 NOTIFICATION

Contractor shall notify the County a minimum of 48-hours prior to performing any inspection work. No payment will be made for inspections performed without proper notification.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 EQUIPMENT

A. Closed Circuit Television Camera: The television camera used for the inspection shall be one specifically designed and constructed for sanitary sewer inspection. Lighting for the camera shall be suitable to allow a clear picture of the entire periphery of the pipe. The camera shall be operative in 100 % humidity/submerged conditions. The CCTV camera equipment will provide a view of the pipe ahead of the equipment and of features to the side of the equipment through turning and rotation of the lens. The camera shall be capable of tilting at right angles along the axis of the pipe while panning the camera lens through a full circle about the circumference of the pipe. The lights on the camera shall also be capable of panning 90° (degrees) to the axis of the pipe.

The radial view camera must be solid-state color and have remote control of the rotational lens. The camera shall be capable of viewing the complete circumference of the pipe and manhole structure, including the cone-section or corbel. Cameras incorporating mirrors for viewing sides or using exposed rotating heads are not acceptable. The camera lens shall be an auto-iris type with remote controlled manual override.

If the equipment proves to be unsatisfactory, it shall be replaced with adequate equipment. The camera unit shall have sufficient quantities of line and video cable to inspect 2 complete, consecutive sewer reaches with access approximately 750-feet apart.

The camera, television monitor, and other components of the video system shall be capable of producing picture quality to the satisfaction of the County. The television camera, electronic systems and monitor shall provide an image that meets the following specifications, or approved equal:

- 1. The gray scale shall show equal changes in brightness ranging from black to white with a minimum of five stages.
- 2. With the monitor control correctly adjusted, the 6-colors; Yellow, Cyan, Green, Magenta, Red, and Blue, plus black and white shall be clearly resolved with the primary colors in order of decreasing luminance. The gray scale shall appear in contrasting shades of gray with no color tint.
- 3. The picture shall show no convergence or divergence over the whole of the picture. The monitor shall be at least 13-inches diagonally across the picture tube.
- 4. The live picture on the CCTV monitor shall be capable of registering a minimum of 470 lines horizontal resolution and be a clear, stable image with no interference.
- 5. Lighting intensity shall be remote controlled and shall be adjusted to minimize reflective glare. Lighting and camera quality shall provide a clear in-focus picture of the entire inside periphery of the sewers and laterals for all conditions except submergence. Under ideal conditions (no fog in the sewer) the camera lighting shall allow a clear picture up to 5 pipe diameter lengths away for the entire periphery of the sewer. The lighting shall provide uniform light free from shadows or hot spots.
- 6. The camera light head shall include a high-intensity side viewing lighting system to allow illumination of internal sections of lateral sewer connections.

- 7. Camera focal distance shall be remotely adjustable through a range of 6-inches to infinity.
- 8. Picture quality and definition shall be to the satisfaction of the County.
- 9. The monitor and software shall also be able to capture and save screen images of typical sewer details and all defects. Screen images shall be embedded into the pipe inspection report document submitted with the inspection video.
- 10. The video camera shall be capable of displaying on screen data as specified in paragraph 3.08 herein.
- 11. Depth gage: The camera shall have a depth gage or approved method to measure deflection in the pipe and joint separation approved by the County.
- 12. The camera shall have zoom capabilities to be able to view the entire depth of a 20foot deep manhole from the bottom during inspection.
- B. Lateral Video Camera

Lateral cameras may be push type or launched from the sewer main line. Lateral cameras shall be color, shall be self-leveling, and equipped with a footage counter to provide onscreen display of footage measurement. Monitor resolution shall be as specified above in paragraph 2.01 A Close Circuit Television Camera, or approved equal

C. Video Capture System

The video and audio recordings of the sewer inspections shall be made using digital video equipment. A video enhancer may be used in conjunction with, but not in lieu of, the required equipment. The digital recording equipment shall capture sewer inspection on DVD disks or hard drive, with each sewer reach inspection recorded as an individual movie file (.MPEG, .MPG, or .WMV) or approved equal. The video files will be named in accordance with the County file naming convention contained in paragraph 3.11 herein.

- 1. The video file names will be referenced in the inspection database and in an inspection report generated in PDF format. The pipeline collection and real time video capture and data acquisition systems shall be provided.
- 2. The system shall use the most current PACP compliant application software and shall be fully object oriented or approved equal. It shall be capable of printing pipeline inspection reports with captured images of defects or other related significant visual information on a standard color printer.
- 3. The imaging capture system shall store digitized color picture images and be saved in digital format on a DVD, hard drive or approved equal. Also, this system shall have the capability to supply the County with inspection data reports for each line segment.
- 4. The Contractor shall have the ability to store the compressed video files in industry standard and approved County format and be transferable with the PACP compliant inspection database.
- 5. The Contractor's equipment shall have the ability to "Link". "Linking" is defined as storing the video time frame code with each observation or defect with the ability to navigate from/to any previously recorded observation or defect instantaneously.
- 6. The system shall be able to produce data reports to include, at a minimum, all observation points and pertinent data. All data reports shall match the defect severity codes in accordance with PACP naming conventions

- 7. The data-sorting program shall be capable of sorting all data stored using generic sort key and user defined sort fields.
- 8. Camera footage, date & manhole numbers shall be maintained in real time and shall be displayed on the video monitor as well as the video character generators illuminated footage display at the control console.
- 9. Digital video shall be defined as ISO-MPEG Level 1 (MPEG-1) coding having a resolution of 352 pixels (x) by 240 pixels (y) (minimum) and an encoded frame rate of 29.97 frames per second. The digital recording shall include both audio and video information that accurately reproduces the original picture and sound of the video inspection. The video portion of the digital recording shall be free of electrical interference and shall produce a clear and stable image. The audio portion shall be sufficiently free of background and electrical noise so as to produce an oral report that is clear and discernible.
- 10. Inspection software shall be PACP compliant versions of CUES Granite XP, WinCan, Flexidata, or approved equal.
- 11. The CCTV equipment/software shall be capable of producing digitized images of all sewer line defects, manhole defects, and sewer line service connections in .jpeg format. Contractor shall plan to take digital still images of each defect, construction features and service connection to clearly depict it. More images may be necessary depending upon the condition of the pipe.

2.02 REPORTING CAPABILITIES

A. The CCTV system shall be capable of printing pipeline inspection reports with pipeline schematics and captured images of defects and other related significant visual information. The system shall have the ability to display any combination of the following formats and features simultaneously.

The following information is mandatory for all inspections:

- 1. Inspection Information: Refers to the area of pipe to be inspected between 2 manholes or the address of the lateral to be inspected.
 - a. Project Name
 - b. Surveyed by (Operator/Surveyor's name)
 - c. Operator/Surveyor Certificate number
 - d. System Owner
 - e. Date
 - f. Drainage Area (tributary pump station number)
 - g. Time
 - h. Sheet number (report sheet number
 - i. Street Name and Number
 - j. Locality (Orange County)
 - k. Additional Location Information (e.g. backyard, parking lot, etc)
 - 1. Upstream Manhole Number (County standard Asset Number)
 - m. Upstream MH rim to invert (depth)
 - n. Downstream Manhole Number (County standard Asset Number)
 - o. Downstream MH rim to invert (depth)
 - p. Direction of inspection (Upstream or Downstream)

- q. DVD Identification Number
- r. Flow control (e.g. plugged, lift station, bypassed, not controlled)
- s. Type of Pipe
- t. Pipe Height
- u. Pipe Width
- v. Pipe Shape
- w. Pipe Material
- x. Lining Material (for lined sewers)
- y. Pipe Joint Length
- z. Purpose of Inspection (new line, year-end warranty, CIP R/R project, etc.)
- aa. Pre Cleaning (jetter, heavy cleaning, no pre-cleaning)
- bb. Media Number (Video file name)
- cc. Weather
- dd. Additional information/Comments
- 2. Observation Data: Refers to the portion of pipe where an observation is discovered. Observations shall be noted by text descriptions and defect code number using PACP defects codes, still frame pictures and video clips captured and recorded. Each observation shall include the following:
 - a. Actual observation footage
 - b. Video reference
 - c. Location of defect; clock position
 - d. Code (Group/Descriptor/Modifier/Severity)
 - e. Whether it is a continuous defect
 - f. Whether the defect occurs at a joint
 - g. Severity level
 - h. DVD Identification number
 - i. DVD counter
 - j. Final footage
 - k. Video clip ID for each observation
 - 1. Image reference (file name of photos)
 - m. Remarks (as appropriate or needed)
- 3. Formats: Standard and/or custom designed reports shall have the following formats available and shall be able to be produced in hard copy or viewed on the monitor.
 - a. Site Observation: Displays detailed site observation reports in landscape or portrait views.
 - b. Directory Report: Displays a list of all the projects sorted by pump station number and manhole number.
 - c. Picture Reports: Displays site data and include full size single photos or half size double photos of discrepancies.
 - d. Pipe Run: Displays a graphical display of the site indicating footage, observations, and comments.
 - e. Project Data: Displays the project, client, and Contractor information.
 - f. Custom Sort: Creates user-defined reports of selected site, project, and observation data.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 GENERAL

- A. Prior to inspection the Contractor shall obtain pipe and manhole asset identification numbers from the County to be used during inspections. Inspections performed using identification numbers other than the County assigned numbers will be rejected.
- B. Inspection shall not commence until the sewer section to be televised has been completely cleaned in conformance with Specification Section 02761 "Cleaning Sanitary Sewer Systems."
- C. Inspection of newly installed sewers (not yet in service) shall not begin prior to completion of the following:
 - 1. Pipe air testing
 - 2. All manhole work, including installation of inverts
 - 3. Installation of all lateral services
 - 4. Vacuum tests of all manholes
- D. After the sewer main and/or lateral cleaning operation is completed, the line sections shall be visually inspected internally by means of color closed-circuit television. The television inspection shall be performed one line section at time.
- E. CCTV inspection shall require a minimum of 2 certified personnel with PACP certifications.
 - 1. One (1) person shall have PACP certification that will lead or supervise each field CCTV crew for inspection and a minimum of 2-years in the role of a lead person.
 - 2. One (1) person shall have PACP certification serving in the role as a QA/QC management supervisor
- F. Contractor shall perform sewer-televising work within 24-hours of said sewer being cleaned. If said sewer is not televised within the required 24-hour time limit, the sewer shall be re-cleaned prior to televising at no additional expense to the County.
- G. The Contractor shall also inspect and document all manholes included in this Work. The video recording shall begin as the camera is lowered down the manhole all the way to the preset footage and continuously throughout the pipe reach until the down stream manhole is reached.
- H. The Contractor shall lower the camera into the start manhole and record the camera entry into the sewer, observing the manhole as the camera enters.
- I. The camera shall pan the periphery of the start and finish manhole from casting to invert. To achieve this, the CCTV camera operator shall pan and zoom the manhole to obtain the best possible image of the manhole, including the wall, cone and chimney section(s).
- J. The depth of each manhole shall be measured to the nearest 1/10th of a foot and documented on the inspection forms. Estimates of manhole depths will not be accepted.

- K. The CCTV camera shall be positioned as close to the spring line as possible while maintaining the required equipment stability.
- L. Wherever possible the inspections shall be performed in the upstream to downstream direction. All sewer segments shall be recorded in a logical order in the same direction they are cleaned and televised.
- M. In the event that access to some manholes is restricted, permission may be granted by the County to direct the camera through the sewer in an upstream direction, against the flow.
- N. When sewer conditions prevent forward movement of the camera, the camera shall be withdrawn, and Contractor shall televise the line from the opposite direction.
- O. The camera shall be directed through the sewer in a downstream direction, with the flow, at a uniform, slow rate. In no case will the video camera record while moving at a speed greater than 30-feet per minute. If, during the course of the Project, the inspection is rejected due to camera speeds exceeding 30-feet per minute, the inspection recordings shall be redone, at no additional cost to the County.
- P. If a new manhole is discovered in the field that was not on current maps, a new manhole identification number will be assigned by County. The County shall assign the manhole the next number above the highest manhole number within the sub area. The data / video files shall then be re-named to include the new MH ID, and a new CCTV inspection shall be started from the new MH ID. Contractor shall consult with the County for assignment of new manhole identification numbers. Contractor shall note in the inspection form comments that a new manhole ID has been assigned as well as provide a marked up map indicating the newly found manhole and assigned manhole ID.
- Q. Flow levels within existing sewers to be inspected shall not exceed 5% of the pipe diameter. If water levels prevent adequate televising of the sewer, then conducting the Work during low flow periods or other methods like plugging and bypass pumping shall be implemented.
- R. For inspection of new sewers (not yet in service), the Contractor shall introduce clean water into the upstream manhole and keep water flowing until flow is observed at the downstream manhole location.
- S. The survey unit shall be slowed, stopped, or backed up to perform detailed inspections of significant features. The camera shall be stopped at all defects, changes in material, water level, size, side connections, manholes, junctions, or other unusual areas. When stopped at the defect or feature, the operator shall pan the camera to the area and along the circumference of the pipe.
- T. The camera unit shall be paused long enough at areas suspected of leaking to determine if a leak exists currently or if deposits have occurred.
- U. The operator shall also record audio of the type of defect or feature, clock position, footage, extent or other pertinent data.

- V. Digital photographs or screen captures shall be taken at all laterals; defects and general condition photographs shall be taken at least every 200-feet.
- W. At the Contractor's discretion or direction of the County, the camera shall be stopped or backed up (when conditions allow) to view and analyze conditions that appear to be unusual or uncommon for a sound sewer. The lens and lighting shall be readjusted, if need be, in order to ensure a clear, distinct, and properly lighted feature.
- X. Audio shall be recorded during each inspection by the operating technician, electronic voice text recognition or approved equal on the inspection video as the sewer is inspected and shall include the sewer location, identification of beginning and terminating manholes including location (address or cross streets), inspection direction, length of inspection, side sewer identification, flow information, complete descriptions of the sewer line conditions as they are encountered, description of the rehabilitation work, reason for termination, and other relevant commentary to the inspections. Voice descriptions should be made:
 - 1. At points of pipe failure or weakness
 - 2. At points of infiltration
 - 3. At the location of service connections
 - 4. At points where unusual conditions are noted, and
 - 5. At points where digital still photos are taken.

In addition, the audio reports shall include the distance traveled on the specific run, a description of abnormal conditions in the sewer and side sewer connections as they are encountered, explanations for pausing, backing up, or stopping the survey, and the final measured center to center distances between consecutive manholes. The audio portion of the composite video shall be sufficiently free from electrical interference and background noise to provide complete intelligibility of the oral report. Audio dubbing after the inspection is prohibited.

- Y. Video recordings shall include a continuous video display/readout of similar information, as described in paragraph 3.08 herein. A separate digital video file shall be made for each pipe reach inspected.
- Z. Contractor shall coordinate with the County prior to commencement of Work to ensure inspection is accomplished in a manner acceptable to the County.
- AA. If the video and/or audio recording is of poor quality, the County has the right to require a re-submittal of the affected sewer sections and no payment will be made until an acceptable video and audio recording is made, submitted to, and accepted by the County.
- BB. Measurement for location of defects and actual length of pipe shall be by means of a calibrated meter on the camera with a digital readout on the video monitor. This readout shall be included in the video recording. Marking on cable, or the like, which would require interpolation for depth of manhole, will not be allowed. Measurement will be accurate to 1-foot per 100-feet of inspected pipe.

- CC. The Contractor inspection units shall be equipped with adequate back up equipment and spare parts so field repairs to equipment can be made and down time is minimized.
- DD. The Contractor shall be responsible for all traffic control measures required to perform the Work.
- EE. Lateral inspections shall be performed from the main line using a lateral launch camera or shall be pushed from cleanouts to the sewer main using sewer rods. Lateral camera travel measurements shall be displayed on screen and on the captured video.
- FF. If lateral inspections are performed from the sewer main as part of the main line inspection, the lateral shall be logged in the main line inspection report per PACP requirements and the "comment" field of the main line inspection report shall be used to document the lateral identification number, defects observed, footage of all lateral defects, connecting pipes and clean outs. If lateral inspections are not performed as part of the main sewer inspection, a separate PACP pipe inspection record shall be created for each lateral. Refer to paragraph 3.10 for numbering requirements.

3.02 PRE-CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION

A. Procedure

- 1. Prior to any repair work, the entire sewer line (from manhole to manhole) shall be televised. The pre-construction inspection shall be used to determine whether the line has been cleaned sufficiently; to confirm the location and nature of defects; and to confirm that the proposed method of repair is proper method for the defects observed.
- 2. The camera shall be moved through the line in either direction at a moderate rate, stopping when necessary to permit documentation of the sewer's condition. In no case will the television camera be pulled at a speed greater than 30-feet per minute. Manual winches, power winches, TV cable, and power rewinds or other devices that do not obstruct the camera view or interfere with proper documentation of the sewer conditions shall be used to move the camera through the sewer line. If, during the inspection operation, the television camera will not pass through the entire manhole section, the Contractor shall set up his equipment so that the inspection can be performed from the opposite manhole (reverse set-up).
- 3. When manually operated winches are used to pull the television camera through the line, telephones, radios or other suitable means of communication shall be set up between the 2 manholes of the section being inspected to insure good communication between members of the crew.
- 4. The importance of accurate distance measurements is emphasized. The location of defects shall be within ± 2 feet.
- 5. During the internal inspection the television camera shall be temporarily stopped at each defect along the line. The Contractor shall record the nature and location of the defect. Where defects are also active infiltration sources, the rate of infiltration in gallons per minute shall be estimated by the Contractor and recorded. The camera shall also be stopped at active service connections where flow is discharging. Flows from service connections that are determined to be infiltration/inflow shall also be recorded.

- B. Documentation of Television Inspection
 - 1. Television Inspection Logs: Printed location records shall be kept by the Contractor and will clearly show the location in relation to an adjacent manhole of each infiltration point observed during inspection. In addition, other points of significance such as locations of building sewers, unusual conditions, roots, storm sewer connections, broken pipe, presence of scale and corrosion, and other discernible features will be recorded and a copy of such records will be supplied to the County. The Contractor shall record all visuals observations on a "Television Inspection Report" form.
 - 2. Once recorded, the digital data shall be labeled and become the property of the County. The Contractor shall have all readings and necessary playback equipment readily accessible for review by the County during the Project.

3.03 POST CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION

A. Procedure

- 1. After the sewer line rehabilitation has been completed, the entire sewer line from manhole to manhole shall be televised. The post construction inspection shall be used to determine whether or not all of the approved sewer line defects and infiltration sources previously located have been fully repaired to the satisfaction of the County.
- 2. The camera shall be moved through the line in either direction at a moderate rate, stopping when necessary to permit documentation of the sewer's condition. In no case will the television camera be pulled at a speed greater than 30-feet per minute. Manual winches, power winches, TV cable, power rewinds or other devices that do not obstruct the camera view or interfere with proper documentation of the sewer conditions shall be used to move the camera through the sewer line. If, during the inspection operation, the television camera will not pass through the entire manhole section, the Contractor shall set up his equipment so that the inspection can be performed from the opposite manhole or direction.(reverse-setup)
- 3. When manually operated winches are used to pull the television camera through the line, telephones, radios or other suitable means of communication shall be set up between the 2 manholes of the section being inspected to insure good communication between members of the crew.
- 4. The importance of accurate distance measurements is emphasized. The location of defects shall be within 1-foot.
- 5. During the internal inspection the television camera shall be temporarily stopped at each repair. The camera shall also be stopped at any unnoticed or non-repaired point source of infiltration.

3.04 SEWER BYPASSING AND DEWATERING

Contractor shall be responsible for bypassing sewer flow around his work and dewatering of sewer lines in accordance with the requirements of Section 01516 "Collection System Bypass". Where sags or submerged sections of the sewer are encountered during TV inspection, the Contractor shall first complete inspection of the entire reach to determine the extent of such areas prior to dewatering the sewer. Dewatered sections of the sewer shall then be TV inspected.

On all sewer mains which have sags or dips, to an extent that the television camera lens becomes submerged during the television inspection, the Contractor shall use a high pressure cleaner to draw the water out of the pipe, or other means, to allow inspection of the pipe and identification of pipe defects, cracks, holes and location of service connections.

3.05 LINEAR MEASUREMENT

The CCTV camera location footage counter shall be zeroed at the beginning of each inspection. The survey unit location entered on the footage counter at the start of the inspection shall allow for the distance from the accepted start of the length of the sewer to the initial point of observation of the camera (pre-set footage). In the case of resuming an inspection at an intermediate point within a sewer reach, the footage counter shall be set to start at the distance from the upstream maintenance hole to that point, as previously recorded by the counter. The Contractor shall ensure that the footage counter starts to register immediately when the survey unit starts to move.

The lateral camera shall be pushed from cleanouts to the sewer main and be equipped with a footage counter to display and record inspection footage. Maximum rate of travel shall be 30-feet per minute when recording.

Prior to commencing inspections, the Contractor shall demonstrate compliance with the linear measurement tolerance specified below:

- A. The equipment shall measure the location of the camera unit in 1-foot increments from the beginning (upstream end) of each continuous section. This footage location must be displayed on the CCTV monitor and recorded on the videotapes.
- B. The accuracy of the measured location shall be within + 0.5% of the actual length of the sewer-reach being surveyed, or 1-foot, whichever is greater.

3.06 MEASUREMENT OF SAGS

The CCTV camera shall be equipped with a measuring device capable of accurately measuring the depth of standing water up to 3-inches. The measuring device shall be mounted to the front of the unit and be capable of being read as the unit advances through the pipe.

3.07 CCTV MONITOR DISPLAY

The images displayed on the CCTV monitors will be a view of the pipe above the water surface as seen by the CCTV camera as the unit is conveyed through the sewer.

The camera lighting shall be fixed in intensity prior to commencing the survey and the white balance set to the color temperature emitted. In order to ensure color constancy, no variation in illumination shall take place during the survey.

The video equipment shall be checked using an approved test card with a color bar prior to commencing each day's survey. The camera shall be positioned centrally and parallel to the test card at a distance where the full test card just fills the monitor screen. The card shall be illuminated evenly and uniformly without any reflection.

3.08 DATA DISPLAYS

- A. The CCTV images shall include an initial data display that identifies the sewer reach being surveyed and a survey status display that provides continuously updated information on the location of the survey unit as the survey is being performed. These data displays shall be in alphanumeric form. The size and position of the data shall not interfere with the main subject of the monitor picture.
- B. The on-screen display should be white during inspections where the background behind the display is dark and, conversely, black where the background is light.
- C. At the beginning of each reach of sewer being inspected, the following information shall be electronically generated and displayed on the CCTV monitors as well as included in the audio track:
 - 1. Date of survey
 - 2. Inspection company name and inspector
 - 3. Street name or location
 - 4. Manhole number to manhole number (in order of inspection)
 - 5. Direction of survey (upstream or downstream)
 - 6. Time of start of survey
- D. During inspections, the following information shall be electronically generated, automatically updated, and displayed on the CCTV monitors:
 - 1. Survey unit location in the sewer line in feet and tenths of feet from adjusted zero
 - 2. Sewer diameter
 - 3. Upstream and downstream manholes reference numbers as per approved Drawings or County GIS.
 - 4. During Lateral inspections the video display shall contain the lateral location and the footage of the camera within the lateral.

3.09 PHOTOGRAPHS

During CCTV inspections, screen captures will be taken from the monitor images and saved electronically by the in-sewer inspection crew of typical conditions every 200-feet and at all defects, construction features, manholes and laterals. The screen capture shall have the pipe reach (identified by the upstream and downstream manholes), survey direction, footage, and date when photograph was taken. The annotation shall be clearly visible and in contrast to its background, shall have a figure size no greater than 1/4-inch, and shall be type-printed. The annotation shall be positioned on the front of the photograph so as to not interfere with the subject of the photograph. Photograph files shall be named by the video capture system and automatically referenced to the logged defect.

The image of the sewer shall fill the photographic image. Photographs must clearly and accurately show what is displayed on the monitor, which shall be in proper adjustment. Where significant features exist within 6-feet of each other, 1 photograph shall be made to record these features. Where there is a continuous feature, photographs shall not be taken at intervals of less than 6-feet unless absolutely necessary to show a change in the feature.

The images shall be kept electronically, copied to a hard drive, and submitted with the inspection videos, database and reports.

3.10 MANHOLE NUMBERING, INSPECTION FORMS AND DEFECT CODES

- A. The Contractor will be required to use the manhole numbering as shown on sewer maps provided by the County when performing the inspections for this project.
- B. The County inspection forms and standard defect codes shall be used. The defect codes, inspection forms, inspection database and inspection protocols shall be in accordance with the National Association of Sewer Service Companies (NASSCO) Pipeline Assessment and Certification Program (PACP).
- C. When lateral inspections are performed as part of the main sewer inspection, lateral numbers shall be referenced in the "comment" field of the main sewer PACP report. The lateral number shall be as follows:

<Upstream Manhole ID>_<footage>_<clock position>_<L>

Example: 39550020_212_02_L

D. When lateral inspections are not performed as part of the main sewer inspection, the main sewer inspection shall be performed first to obtain the footage and clock positions needed to identify the lateral.

3.11 DELIVERABLES

The Contractor will be required to submit the following deliverables at the completion of the post construction video inspection. The pre-construction video inspection deliverables shall be as defined in 3.02 of this specification.

A. Inspection Reports to include:

- 1. Inspection session header information (see required fields above)
- 2. Defect log report including photo captures from CCTV video
- 3. Schematic drawing of pipe showing defects
- 4. Format:
 - a. Adobe Acrobat PDF files: 1 report PDF per pipe
 - b. Main sewer inspection report file name:

<up><up>tream MH ID>_<downstream MH ID>_<Date (year_mo_day format)>.PDF

Example: 30060002_30060001_2010_02_16.pdf

c. Lateral inspection report file name:

<upre><upstream MH ID>_<footage>_<clock position>_<L>_<Date (year_mo_day format)>.PDF_

Example: 30060002_210_02_L_2010_02_16.pdf

- B. Inspection video files on portable hard drive, typed labels shall be attached to the face of each hard drive. The typed index labels shall include the following information:
 - 1. Content (CCTV)
 - 2. Contractor name
 - 3. Purpose of Survey
 - 4. Tributary Pump station number
 - 5. Reaches included (from Manhole Number ## to Manhole Number ##)
 - 6. Date of survey
 - 7. Contract Number / Delivery Order Number (if applicable)
- C. Main sewer video files shall be MPEG or Windows Media File named according to the following standard:

<Upstream MH ID>_<Downstream MH ID>-<Inspection>_<Date (year month day)>.wmv

Example: 39540008-39540007_20090805.wmv

In instances where a reverse set up is necessary to perform or complete the inspection the file name shall incorporate a "R" at the end of the file name to indicate "reverse" direction. Using the file example above, if the inspection from the upstream end was halted due to an obstruction and the pipe was televised from the opposite end, the video file from the downstream to upstream direction would be assigned the following file name:

Example:39540008-39540007_20090805_R.wmv

- D. Lateral connection inspection video files shall be MPEG or Windows Media File named according to the following standard:
- <Upstream MH ID>_<footage>_<clock position>_<L>_<date (year_mo_day format)>.wmv

Example: 39540008_145_10_L_2009_08_05.wmv

- E. Electronic Inspection Data stored and exported in a NASSCO Pipeline Assessment and Certification Program (PACP) compliant Microsoft Access database (.MDB) version 4.4 or newer delivered on DVD or portable hard drive.
- F. Inspection photograph digital files (jpeg) indexed to NASSCO PACP compliant database.
- G. Map of sub area depicting area inspected, inspection status, asset identification numbers and mark ups,
- H. Acceptable media for the video recordings portable hard drive.

- I. Inspection data noted above shall be provided to the County weekly throughout the inspection work.
- J. Contractor Quality Control report detailing data validation performed, pipe inspection records reviewed and results.
- K. All inspection data shall be submitted on a portable hard drive. Each hard drive shall be filled with as much data as practical to minimize the number of hard drives submitted. Sections of a single segment of sewer main shall not be recorded to more than 1 hard drive. Video footage of recorded segments shall be grouped by area and shall be submitted in sequential order relating to the area mapping designation.
- L. Upon approval by the County of all, or portions of, the data delivered via the portable hard drives, the approved CCTV data shall be delivered to the County on a portable hard drive labeled with project information. The hard drive shall clearly indicate the date of the inspection, the designated segment(s) of sewer mains(s) contained on the disk, the name of the project, the project CIP number, the pump station number, and Contractor name. The hard drive shall contain separate digital files for each manhole-to-manhole section.
- M. The database shall be comprehensive for the entire project, and additional data shall be added to the database each week.

3.12 ACCEPTANCE

- A. Inspection deliverables will be validated to check conformance with the specified requirements for file names, formats, quantity, resolution, data table references, in addition to checks for null fields, asset numbers, duplicate records, connectivity, material, size, and depth. Any data not passing the data validation checks will be returned to the Contractor for resubmittal.
- B. Inspection submittals will be reviewed for quality control. A minimum of 5% of the submitted inspections will be randomly reviewed. A quality control check will be performed for each CCTV operator and each operator must exceed 90% accuracy. Reference Section 01101 "Special Requirements (Gravity Inspection Only)."
- C. Throughout the duration of the project, should the County discover inaccuracies in data or quality issues with any of the videos, Contractor shall re-inspect those segments at no additional cost to the County. The County will provide comments regarding acceptance of the data within 21-days of receiving the data from the Contractor. Neither the CCTV inspections nor the WORK inspected is accepted by the County until such time that an acceptance letter is issued by the County.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02763

TELEVISION SANITARY SEWER LATERALS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

- A. The Work consists of furnishing all labor, materials, accessories, equipment, tools, transportation, services and technical competence for performing all operations required to execute the internal closed circuit television (CCTV) inspection to inspect service lateral after lateral clean outs have been installed.
- B. The CCTV inspection shall show all defects and determine amount of infiltration entering the service laterals.
- C. The post CCTV lateral inspection shall also be performed for any laterals after the laterals have been lined or replaced.

1.02 GENERAL

- A. After cleaning as specified in Section 02761 "Cleaning Sanitary Sewer Systems" (including special cleaning involving the mechanical removal of roots, grease, and/or tuberculation where authorized), and before and after repair/replacement work, the lateral shall be visually surveyed by means of closed circuit television. The CCTV inspection shall be performed 1 lateral at a time.
- B. Pre and post construction survey video shall be delivered to the County on DVD or portable hard drive accompanied with the corresponding TV logs for sewer laterals surveyed. The video shall be direct from a live video source into a video file, MPEG or Windows Media File format and of good quality for viewing. The recording of multiple laterals on a single DVD or hard drive is acceptable.

1.03 SOFTWARE

A. The Contractor shall utilize a NASSCO Pipeline Assessment Certification Program (PACP compliant software to capture the lateral inspections), unless otherwise approved by the County.

1.04 EQUIPMENT

- A. The television camera used for the lateral survey shall be one specifically designed and constructed for such survey. Lighting for the camera shall be suitable to allow a clear picture of the entire periphery of the pipe. The camera shall be operative in 100% humidity conditions. The camera, television monitor, and other components of the video system shall be capable of producing a minimum 700-line resolution color video picture. The Contractor shall maintain the camera in clear focus at all times. Picture quality and definition shall be to the satisfaction of the County, and if unsatisfactory, equipment shall be removed and replaced with adequate equipment at no additional cost to the County.
- B. The camera used from a cleanout shall be able to be launched from the cleanout and travel down to the sewer mainline up to 100-feet. The camera system shall be able to inspect 3, 4, and 6-inch lateral connections.
- C. The video camera shall include a titling feature capable of displaying on the video the following information.
 - 1. County
 - 2. Date/Time
 - 3. Contractor's Name
 - 4. Pipe Size (Diameter) and Material
 - 5. Lateral ID (provided by County)
 - 6. On-going Footage Counter

1.05 SHOP DRAWINGS AND SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be submitted to the County/Professional for review and acceptance prior to construction in accordance with the General Conditions and specifications Section 01300 "Submittals."
- B. The Contractor's submittals shall include description of the software to be used and a sample of the video titles to be used, along with a sample of the television survey log to be used.

1.06 QUALIFICATIONS

- A. The qualifications of the CCTV Contractor shall be submitted and shall include detailed descriptions of the following:
 - 1. Name, business address and telephone number of the CCTV Contractor
 - 2. Name(s) of all supervisory personnel to be directly involved with this Project
 - 3. NASSCO PACP certification of on-site operator performing inspections or subject to County approval, resume of proposed CCTV operator displaying similar inspection experience
 - 4. The Contractor shall sign and date the information provided and certify that to the extent of his knowledge, the information is true and accurate, and that the supervisory personnel will be directly involved with and used on this Project. Substitutions of personnel and/or methods will not be allowed without written authorization of the County.

5. Specialty technicians shall be certified by the equipment manufacturer and/or its authorized representative. Certifications shall be submitted to the County.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

- A. All material supplied shall be one of the products specified in Appendix D "List of Approved Products" appended to these technical specifications.
- B. All inspection information and data (including video) shall be written to digital media (DVD or portable hard drive).

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 PRE-CONSTRUCTION SURVEY

A. Procedure

- 1. Prior to any repair work, the entire service lateral (from mainline to property line or cleanout, whichever is farther from the mainline) shall be televised.
- 2. Measurement for location of defects shall be above ground by means of a meter, rolla-tape, or other suitable device. Linear footage shall be shown on screen during recording.
- 3. Movement of the television camera shall be temporarily halted for a minimum of 10seconds at each visible defect or point of flow until the source and flow rate from that point are determined.
- 4. The inspection shall be performed from either the main sewer or the cleanout with the proper equipment.
- B. Field Documentation
 - 1. Television CCTV Logs: The Contractor shall obtain lateral identification numbers from the County. All inspection logs shall reference the applicable lateral ID. In addition, the upstream manhole number, distance from the upstream manhole, lateral connection to the main line (left, center or right), and address of the customer serviced by the lateral shall be noted on the television survey log. Inspections shall be recorded in NASSCO PACP/Lateral Assessment Certification Program compliant software unless otherwise approved by the County. Reports shall be generated from the software. Printed and electronically stored location records shall be kept by the Contractor and will clearly show the location in relation to the cleanout or the mainline of each infiltration point observed during survey. Footage shall be shown on the log. In addition, other points of significance such as unusual conditions, roots, broken pipe, presence of scale and corrosion, and other discernible features will be recorded and a copy of such records will be supplied to the County.
 - 2. Photographs: Digital photographs of the television picture of problems shall be taken by the Contractor upon request of the County.

- 3. Video Recordings: Individual video files shall be created for each lateral inspected. Each file shall be in MPEG or Windows Media video format. Video files shall be named with the lateral ID and date of inspection. Video files shall be submitted on DVD or portable hard drive. The purpose of video recording shall be to supply a visual and audio record of problem areas in the lines which may be replayed. Once recorded, the video shall become the property of the County.
- 4. Audio: All lateral inspection videos shall have an audio record. As a preamble, at the beginning of the inspection, the Contractor shall state the following "(Contractor's Name) is performing a pre/post TV survey of laterals for (each sub area)". State date, time, operator's name, area, pipe size and material, upstream County asset manhole number, and depth. The Contractor shall verbally state the position of the lateral with respect to the upstream manhole and describe defects. At the end of each line, state: "end of line and total linear footage".

3.02 POST CONSTRUCTION SURVEY

A. Procedure

- 1. The same procedure shall be used as indicated in sub-section "3.01 Preconstruction Survey."
- 2. In addition, the Contractor shall stop the camera at all point repairs and inspect entire repaired pipe sections.
- 3. The Contractor shall invert white foreground to black as needed in line sections with light background.
- 4. In the case of a post liner survey, the Contractor shall fully televise both ends of the liner so that the fit of the liner to the host pipe can be evaluated.
- 5. The post liner and/or replaced lateral and/or point repaired lateral CCTV inspection shall be done within 2-weeks of installation.

B. Documentation

The same documentation shall be provided as indicated in paragraph 3.01 "Preconstruction Survey" of these specifications.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02764 TELEVISING EXISTING MANHOLES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE OF WORK

- A. The Contractor shall perform visual inspections of the existing manholes and record any defect discovered. The visual inspection shall include surface photo, manhole cover and frame, chimney, walls, invert, and all appurtenances.
- B. The nature of the inspections shall be to verify the physical condition of the manhole and to provide a permanent record of the existing condition as it relates to dimensions, materials, obstructions, breakage, connections, and deterioration. Inspections may be performed by personnel entry or from the surface utilizing pole mounted camera equipment to visually inspect the chimney, cone, wall, bench, pipe seals and invert conditions, and conditions of connecting pipes.

1.02 REQUIREMENTS

- A. The Contractor shall inspect the manhole surroundings and the manhole interior using visual means and a digital camera for documentation.
- B. All inspections shall be recorded on Orange County standard manhole forms.
- C. All inspection forms shall be scanned and submitted as .PDF files.
- D. All inspection data shall be entered into a NASSCO Manhole Assessment Certification Program (MACP) compliant database provided by the County. The database shall be submitted along with the scanned .PDF files and all digital photographs in .JPG format.
- E. The inspection photographs, report documents, and inspection database shall be in accordance with County data standards and NASSCO MACP. Where discrepancies exist between MACP and County standards, the County standards shall be used.
- F. Contractor shall maintain a copy of all report materials. The Contractor shall provide comments as necessary to fully describe the existing condition of the manhole on the inspection forms.
- G. Contractor shall be responsible for modifications to equipment and/or inspection procedures to achieve County report requirements.
- H. No Work shall commence prior to approval of the submitted materials by the County. Once accepted, the report materials shall serve as a standard for the remaining work.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Refer to Section 01101 "Special Requirements (Gravity Inspection Only)" for Contractor's qualification requirements.
- B. Each inspection supervisor shall be NASSCO PACP/MACP certified. Use of PACP/MACP certified technicians to review/document defects in the office (post process) is not acceptable.
- C. The CCTV Contractor must have an internal quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) program in place and all inspection data shall be subjected to the procedures prior to submittal to the County. The County will perform QA/QC audits on submitted data.

A QA/QC shall be performed by NASSCO MACP and PACP certified personnel.

1.04 SHOP DRAWINGS AND SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be submitted to the County for review and acceptance prior to construction in accordance with the General Conditions and specifications Section 01300 "Submittals."
- B. The following deliverables shall be submitted at the completion of inspection:
 - 1. Electronic version (.pdf) of the manhole inspection reports
 - 2. Populated Orange County Standard manhole inspection database (.mdb or Excel) saved on CD-R's, DVD, or portable hard drives.
 - 3. Inspection digital photographs in JPEG format saved on CD-Rs, DVD or portable hard drives.
 - 4. QA/QC report
- C. The above deliverables shall be submitted to the County for approval.
- D. The manhole inspection reports and database shall be in accordance with County data standards and NASSCO MACP.

1.05 NOTIFICATION

The Contractor shall notify the County a minimum of 48-hours prior to performing any inspection work. The County may be present during part or all of the inspections. No payment will be made for inspections performed without proper schedule notification.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.01 GENERAL
 - A. All material supplied shall be one of the products specified in Appendix D "List of Approved Products" appended to these technical specifications.

2.02 DIGITAL CAMERA FOR REMOTE INSPECTIONS

All manhole photographs required as part of this specification shall be obtained using a minimum 2-megapixel digital camera with strobe flash capable of producing digital images with minimum resolution of 640 x 480.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 GENERAL

- A. The inspection crew shall mobilize to the site of the manhole inspection and immediately establish traffic control measures per Orange County Public Works (OCPW) and Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) requirements as well as any measures required to protect pedestrians. The crew shall inspect each manhole and record required information.
- B. All manhole structures shall be located. Metal detectors shall be used to locate buried manholes. Once a buried manhole has been located, it shall be marked with paint and/or flagging, if necessary. All pertinent information available shall be recorded including area photo, address, etc. Contractor shall notify the County weekly with a list of those manholes that could not be fully inspected due to access issues. The County may arrange to have some or all these manholes exposed, or otherwise made accessible for full inspection. The County will notify Contractor of the status and may authorize reinspection.

3.02 MANDATORY INSPECTION HEADER INFORMATION

- A. Once the manhole is located, the following mandatory information shall be recorded on the inspection form (template is located in the forms section). Note that the mandatory fields noted below are more inclusive than the MACP requirements. All available information shall be collected and recorded for those manholes that are buried, could not open, surcharged, etc.
 - 1. Manhole Number (County standard Asset Number)
 - 2. Sheet number
 - 3. Purchase Order No.
 - 4. Date
 - 5. Time
 - 6. Surveyor's Name
 - 7. Certification Number
 - 8. System owner
 - 9. Locality (Orange County)
 - 10. Drainage area (tributary Pump Station Number)
 - 11. Map number
 - 12. Location (street number and name)
 - 13. Downstream pipe length (feet)
 - 14. Rim to grade (nearest 0.1 foot)
 - 15. Pre-cleaning method (using approved MACP codes)

- 16. Location code (using approved MACP codes)
- 17. Manhole surface type (using approved MACP codes)
- 18. Potential for runoff (using approved MACP codes)
- 19. Access point type (using approved MACP codes)
- 20. Inspection status (using approved MACP codes)
- 21. Area photo image reference (using County standard naming convention)
- 22. Internal photo image reference(using County standard naming convention)

3.03 MANHOLE COMPONENT OBSERVATIONS

- A. The inspection crew shall complete all fields within the manhole component/observation section of the inspection form. The following information shall be collected:
 - 1. Cover type (solid, vented, bolted)
 - 2. Cover size (top surface diameter in inches)
 - 3. Cover material
 - 4. Number of vent holes
 - 5. Cover/Frame fit (cover to frame fit, MACP codes)
 - 6. Cover condition (MACP codes)
 - 7. Cover insert type
 - 8. Cover insert condition
 - 9. Frame condition
 - 10. Frame seal condition
 - 11. Frame offset distance
 - 12. Frame seal inflow
 - 13. Wall material
 - 14. Interior wall coating
 - 15. Wall diameter
 - 16. Bench present
 - 17. Channel installed
 - 18. Additional remarks relevant to the manhole

3.04 MANHOLE INTERIOR INSPECTION

- A. The inspection crew shall determine the types of defects within the manhole, document each defect on the manhole form and take a photograph of each defect. The manhole chimney, cone, wall, bench, and channel shall be inspected for structural integrity, signs of I/I and the presence of roots. All documentation shall follow NASSCO MACP standards. Each defect will be documented on the inspection form with the following information:
 - 1. Defect number
 - 2. Component of manhole containing defect
 - 3. Defect code (using approved MACP codes)
 - 4. Image Reference (using County approved file naming structure)

3.05 CONNECTING PIPE DETAILS

- A. Each pipe entering and exiting the manhole shall be photographed where possible and inspected to determine diameter, pipe material, debris levels, and rim to invert distance (to 0.1-feet). The pipe inspection will include the following information:
 - 1. Pipe photo (using County approved file naming structure)
 - 2. Pipe direction (incoming or outgoing)
 - 3. Pipe clock positions (6:00 position = outgoing)
 - 4. Pipe diameter
 - 5. Pipe material (using PACP codes)
 - 6. Rim to invert distance (measured to nearest 1/10th of a foot)
 - 7. Pipe special condition (drops, force mains, etc. using approved MACP codes)
 - 8. Debris depth
 - 9. Connecting structure number; if manhole or cleanout, service line clock position, stubout clock position, etc.
 - 10. Pipe seal condition (using approved MACP codes)
 - 11. Pipe seal roots (using approved MACP codes)
 - 12. Observed pipe defects, obstructions, roots, etc. (using PACP codes)

3.06 MANHOLE SKETCH, MAP UPDATE, AND NOTES

The inspection crew shall complete the manhole plan view sketch noting all connecting pipes. Any special observations or notes may be added to the profile sketch on the field form.

Influent and effluent lines in each manhole shall be compared to the existing map and corrections noted in the sketch section of the field form.

3.07 NOTIFICATION OF EMERGENCY CONDITIONS

Inspection crews shall immediately notify the County and/or on-site inspector of any defects posing imminent danger to the public (missing lids, covers broken during inspection, sink holes, etc.) and any observed pipe blockages or potential overflow conditions.

3.08 COMPLETION

- A. Once the inspection is complete the field crew shall make certain the ring is clean and does not have any debris preventing a proper cover fit. The manhole lid shall be replaced and any displaced items moved back into place.
- B. A list of manholes that could not be fully inspected, along with the problem explanation, shall be forwarded to the County weekly throughout the inspection work.
- C. If the Contractor has completed accessible inspections, and the County authorizes, then Contractor may be required to re-mobilize at the same unit price and complete the requested inspections. All re-inspections will be at the same contracted unit price.

D. Any map updates shall be consolidated and forwarded to the County with the submitted inspections.

3.09 PHOTOGRAPH REQUIREMENTS

- A. During each inspection the following series of photographs shall be taken:
 - 1. Area Photograph: During the inspection, a photograph shall be taken of the manhole cover showing location within the roadway, shoulder, or easement as appropriate. Photographs shall be taken of any indications of previous overflows such as watermarks and paper or other debris typical of sewer overflows. Surface photographs shall be oriented in the direction of the outgoing pipe to show the pipeline cover and easement condition. The area photographs should show the manhole visible in the foreground where possible. A minimum of 1 area photo is required.
 - 2. Internal Photograph: Take a photograph of the manhole interior in plan view showing the general arrangement of the incoming and outgoing sewers, manhole walls, and other appurtenances. The internal condition photograph shall be oriented with the direction of the outgoing main line flow at the bottom of the photograph (6:00 position). A minimum of 1 internal photograph is required.
 - 3. Manhole Defect Photographs: During manhole inspections digital photographs shall be taken of all defects. Photographs must clearly and accurately show each defect and correspond to defects and photo numbers logged on the manhole inspection form. A minimum of 1 photo for each observed defect is required.
 - 4. Connecting Pipe Photographs: The camera should then be pointed into all incoming and outgoing pipes where possible to capture general conditions within the pipes. Any obvious blockages or defects should be noted using PACP defect codes. A minimum of 1 photo of each incoming or outgoing pipe is required.
- B. During inspections manholes shall be free of steam, fog, water vapor, or other conditions that will impact the quality of photographs.
- C. All photographs shall adequately capture the manhole conditions and details of defects. Lighting and camera quality shall provide a clear, in-focus picture of the manhole interior, manhole defects, and manhole. The lighting shall provide uniform light free from shadows or hot spots.
- D. If larger than 640 x 480 resolution, then photo will be converted to 640 x 480. Photos less than 640 x 480 are not acceptable and converting upward to 640 x 480 is not acceptable. All photographs shall be resized to 640 x 480 resolution to minimize file size.
- E. The images shall be kept electronically, copied to a CD, DVD, or external hard drive, and submitted with the inspection forms per paragraph 3.06. Photographs shall be named according to the photograph naming conventions included herein.
- F. All digital photographs shall be referenced on the manhole inspection form and electronic spreadsheet/database.

- G. All digital photographs shall be renamed in accordance with the following photo file naming convention:
 - Area Photo = Manhole ID, A, Photo Number, jpg Example: 3965002A0001.jpg Manhole: 39650002 A=Area Photo Photo No.0001
 - 2. Internal Photo = Manhole ID, I, Photo Number, jpg Example: 396500210001.jpg Manhole: 3965002
 I=Internal Photo Photo No.0001 (Note: Photo oriented with the outgoing pipe on the bottom)
 - Manhole Defect Photo = Manhole ID, M, Photo Number, jpg Example: 3965002M0015 Manhole: 3965002 M=Manhole Defect Photo Photo No. 0015
 - 4. Pipe Photo = Manhole ID, P, Photo Number, jpg Example: 3965002P0002.jpg Manhole: 3965002 P=Pipe Photo Photo No. 0002

3.10 MANHOLE NUMBERING, INSPECTION FORMS AND DEFECT CODES

The Contractor shall use the County manhole numbering system when performing the inspections for this Project. Manhole numbers will be provided by the County.

Defect codes shall conform to those specified in the NASSCO MACP specification. Standard Orange County manhole defect codes (a subset of MACP) are included along with a standard manhole inspection form at the end of this specification.

3.11 SITE RESTORATION

After inspecting manholes in an area, the work site shall be cleaned and restored to pre-Work conditions. If manhole is buried and exposed, then restore site by placing material back over exposed manhole. No re-sodding is anticipated or included in the pricing.

3.12 DELIVERABLES

The Contractor will be required to submit the following deliverables at the completion of inspection.

- A. Scanned Field Inspection Reports to include:
 - 1. Inspection session header information (see required fields above)
 - 2. Component observations

- 3. Manhole inspection details including defects observed and photo image references
- 4. Connecting pipe details
- 5. Manhole plan view sketch
- 6. Format:
 - a. Adobe Acrobat PDF files: 1 report PDF per manhole
 - b. File name: </MH ID> </Date (year_mo_day format)>.PDF

Example: 30060002_2010_02_16.pdf

- B. Inspection digital photograph in County approved format and resolution, and assigned file names in accordance with the County standard.
- C. Electronic Inspection Data stored and exported in County approved NASSCO Manhole Assessment and Certification Program (MACP) compliant Microsoft Access database (.MDB) version 4.4, or Excel file delivered on DVD or portable hard drive.
- D. Marked up field maps detailing map corrections and/or discrepancies noted during inspection.
- E. All digital files shall be submitted on DVD or portable hard drive, labeled as follows:
 - 1. DVD/Hard drive Labels: Typed labels shall be attached to the face of each DVD. The typed index labels shall include the following information:
 - a. Content (Manhole Inspections)
 - b. Contractor name
 - c. Purpose of Survey (CIP R/R)
 - d. Tributary Pump station number
 - e. Manholes included (listing of manholes using County standard Asset Numbers)
 - f. Date of survey
 - g. Contract Number / Delivery Order Number (if applicable)
 - h. QA/QC report including listing of manhole inspections reviewed and results.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02771

CURE-IN-PLACE PIPE FOR SANITARY SEWER RENEWAL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 REQUIREMENTS

- A. The Work within this Section consists of the installation and testing cured-in-place pipe (CIPP). The CIPP shall provide a structurally sound, joint-less and water-tight new pipe within a pipe. The Contractor is responsible for proper, accurate and complete installation of the CIPP using the system selected by the Contractor.
- B. The finished liner shall extend over the installation length in a continuous, tight fitting, watertight pipe-within-a-pipe and shall be fabricated from materials which, when installed, will be chemically resistant to withstand internal exposure to domestic sewage.
- C. Neither the CIPP system, nor its installation, shall cause adverse effects to any of the County's facilities or processes. The use of the product shall not result in the formation or production of any detrimental compounds or by-products at the treatment facilities. The Contractor shall test and monitor the levels of by-products produced as a result of the installation operations. The Contractor shall conduct installation operations and schedule cleanup in a manner to cause the least possible obstruction and inconvenience to traffic, pedestrians, businesses, and property owners or tenants.

1.02 INSTALLER EXPERIENCE AND QUALIFICATIONS

- A. The Contractor's staff experience shall meet as a minimum the following requirements. The inability to document such experience may be grounds for rejecting the proposed installer's staff.
 - 1. The proposed Superintendent must have a minimum of three (3) years of CIPP lining supervisory field experience on projects totaling a minimum of 150,000 LF of 8-inch or greater CIPP liner installation using the methods and materials proposed for this Work, as documented by verifiable references. Superintendent's resume of Each reference project shall include the pipe dimensions, length of projects. installation, size/type of flow control required to perform the Work, description of the actual work performed including installation method, owner's name, telephone number and contact person, date of installation. It is required that the Superintendent(s) named are the Superintendent(s) assigned to this project and on site during construction. The Contractor is required to have at least 1 qualified Superintendent on site at all times during the construction activities. All referenced experience shall be for projects completed within the United States or Canada and shall have used the same installation method, CIPP liner and resin combination proposed for this project. References will be checked.

- 2. **Installation Crew:** At least 1 person other than the Superintendent from the CIPP installation crew shall have a <u>minimum of 1-year of CIPP experience totaling at least</u> 20,000 lineal feet of 8-inch or greater installed liner. The crewmember with listed qualifications must be on the project site during all installation activities.
- 3. **Boiler Technician**: Contractor shall provide the name and information for the boiler technician who will perform the actual Work. The boiler technician must have a minimum of 2 projects totaling at least 10,000 lineal feet of CIPP lining in which a similar position was held.
- 4. Lateral Cutter Technician: Contractor shall provide the name and information for the technician who will perform the actual Work. The lateral cutter technician must have a minimum of 2 projects totaling at least 10,000 lineal feet of CIPP lining in which a similar position was held.
- 5. Lead CCTV inspector shall be <u>NASSCO PACP</u> certified to report liner defects.
- 6. The final decision to accept or reject the product, manufacturer, and/or installer lies solely with the County. <u>The named Manufacturer, Field Superintendent, CIPP Lead</u> <u>Installer, Boiler Technician, and Lateral Cutter must be employed to perform the Work, unless changes are specifically authorized by the County.</u>

1.03 PERFORMANCE WORK STATEMENT

- A. The Contractor shall submit, before any lining WORK is performed, to the County a Performance Work Statement (PWS) which clearly defines the CIPP product delivery in conformance with the requirements of these contract documents. The PWS shall contain at a minimum the following:
 - 1. Contractor's certificate of compliance that clearly indicates that the CIPP will conform to the project requirements as outlined in Specification Section 01010 Summary of Work and as delineated in these specifications.
 - 2. A detailed installation plan describing:
 - a. All preparation work (cleaning operations, pre-CCTV inspections, by-pass pumping, and traffic control)
 - b. Installation procedure and method of curing
 - c. Service reconnection
 - d. <u>Product and installation procedure for CIPP liner termination at the manhole</u>
 - e. Quality control and testing to be performed
 - f. Post-CCTV inspection
 - g. Warrantees
 - h. Description of the proposed CIPP lining technology.
 - 3. A detailed plan for identifying all active service connections during mainline installation.
 - 4. The qualifications of the Contractor.
 - a. Name, business address and telephone number
 - b. Personnel names, experience, and certifications for Field Superintendent, CIPP lead Installer, Lateral Cutter, Boiler Technician, and Lead CCTV NASSCO PACP Certificated Inspector to be directly involved with this project. The Contractor shall sign and date the information provided and "certify that to the extent of his knowledge, the information is true and accurate, and that the supervisory personnel will be directly involved with and used on this project".

Substitutions of personnel and/or methods will not be allowed without written authorization of the County.

- c. Specialty technicians shall be certified by the equipment manufacturer and/or its authorized representative. Certifications shall be submitted to the County/Professional.
- 5. Proposed manufacturer's technology data shall be submitted for all CIPP products and all associated technologies to be furnished.
- 6. All tools and equipment required for a complete installation of the CIPP.
 - a. Clearly describe all equipment including proposed back-up equipment to be furnished for this project.
 - b. Identify redundant tools and equipment to be kept on the job site in the event of equipment breakdown.
 - c. The Contractor shall outline the mitigation procedure to be implemented in the event of key equipment failure during the installation process for the CIPP.
- 7. A detailed description of the Contractor's proposed procedures for the removal of any existing blockages in the pipeline that may be encountered during the cleaning process.
- 8. Detailed public notification plan for stage notification to residences affected by the CIPP installation.
- 9. An odor control plan that will ensure that project specific odors will be minimized at the project site and surrounding area.
- 10. Outline specific repair or replacement procedures for potential defects that may occur in the installed CIPP. Repair or replacement procedures shall be as recommended by the CIPP system manufacturer and shall be submitted prior to any Work.
 - a. Repairable defects that may occur in the installed CIPP shall be specifically defined by the Contractor based on the manufacturer's recommendations, including a detailed step-by-step repair procedure, resulting in a finished product meeting the requirements of the specifications.
 - b. Un-repairable defects that may occur to the CIPP shall be clearly defined by the Contractor based on the manufacturer's recommendations, including a recommended procedure for the removal and replacement of the CIPP.

1.04 REFERENCES

- A. Codes, Specifications, and Standards
 - 1. Codes, specifications, and standards referred to by number or title shall form a part of this specification to the extent required by the references thereto. Latest revisions shall apply, unless otherwise shown or specified.
 - 2. All American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) Standards noted below shall be to the latest revised version.
 - D543 Standard and Practice for Evaluating the Resistance of Plastics to Chemical Reagents
 - D638 Standard Test Method for Tensile Properties of Plastics
 - D790 Standard Test Methods for Flexural Properties of Un-reinforced and Reinforced Plastics and Electrical Insulating Materials
 - D792 Standard Test Methods for Density and Specific Gravity of Plastics by Displacement

- D2122 Standard Test Method for Determining Dimensions of Thermoplastic Pipe and Fittings
- D2837 Obtaining Hydrostatic Design Basis for Thermoplastic Pipe Materials
- D2990 Standard Test Methods for Tensile, Compressive, and Flexural Creep and Creep-Rupture of Plastics
- D3567 Standard Practice for Determining Dimensions of Fiberglass (Glass-Fiber-Reinforced Thermosetting Resin) Pipe and Fittings
- D3681 Standard Test Method for Chemical Resistance of "Fiberglass (Glass Fiber Reinforced Thermosetting Resin) Pipe and Fittings
- D5813 Standard Specification for Cured-in Place Thermosetting Resin Sewer Pipe
- F1216 Standard Practice for Rehabilitation of Existing Pipelines and Conduits by Inversion and Curing of a Resin-impregnated Tube
- F1743 Standard Practice for Rehabilitation of existing pipelines and conduits by pulled-in-place installation of cured-in-place thermo setting resin pipe
- F2019 Standard Practice for Rehabilitation of Existing Pipelines and Conduits by the Pulled in Place Installation of Glass Reinforced Plastic (GRP) Cured-in-Place Thermosetting Resin Pipe (CIPP)
- F2561 Standard Practice for Rehabilitation of a Sewer Service lateral and Its Connection to the Main Using a One Piece Main and Lateral Cured-in-Place Liner

1.05 PRE-TREATMENT OF REGULATED CHEMICALS TO DISCHARGE INTO SEWER

A. CIPP liner systems using resins containing styrene or other regulated chemicals that will be discharged into the wastewater system shall be required to reduce the concentration of Styrene in the cure water prior to discharge to the sanitary sewer. The discharge limits are as follows:

	Discharge Limits to South WRF Service Area		Discharge Limits to Northwest WRF Service Area		Discharge Limits to Eastern WRF Service Area	
Total	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
Gallons of	Styrene	Total Pounds	Styrene	Total Pounds	Styrene	Total Pounds
Discharge	Concentration	per Day of	Concentration	per Day of	Concentration	per Day of
Including	Limit for	Styrene to be	Limit for	Styrene to be	Limit for	Styrene to be
Water	Discharge to	Discharged to	Discharge to	Discharged to	Discharge to	Discharged to
Added for	South WRF	South WRF	Northwest	Northwest	Eastern WRF	Eastern WRF
cool down			WRF	WRF		
	(PPM)	(Pounds/Day)	(PPM)	(Pounds/Day)	(PPM)	(Pounds/Day)
< 500,000	7	29	1	4	3.5	14
< 250,000	14	29	2	4	7.0	14
< 100,000	35	29	5	4	17.5	14

- 1. A single day's or line segment water discharge in excess of 500,000 gallons per day shall require approval by the County's Environmental Compliance Section for separate concentration limit evaluation and approval."
- B. CIPP liner systems using resins containing styrene or other regulated chemicals that will be discharged into the wastewater system shall require a pre-treatment plan to remove the regulated chemicals to acceptable levels prior to discharge. The Contractor shall submit

the pre-treatment plan to the County for approval prior to discharge. The information required shall include:

- 1. MSDS for all chemicals used in the process and that will be discharged into the wastewater system
- 2. Representative analytical data that was performed in the past for the proposed process, as collected from the wastewater stream
- 3. The addresses and mapped locations of the discharge
- 4. The total duration of discharge request
- 5. The anticipated discharge temperature. Discharges in excess of 140°F are not permitted
- 6. The Contractor shall submit for approval a summary table of pre-treatment design calculations in Excel containing the following information:
 - a. Dates of discharge of each section
 - b. Lining section numbers using the OCUD numbering system
 - c. Length and diameter of each section
 - d. Volume (in gallons) of inversion water of each section
 - e. Volume (in gallons) of cool down water of each section
 - f. Total volume (in gallons) of inversion and cooling water of each section
 - g. Regulated chemical (in pounds) in discharge volume of each section
 - h. Reduction chemical (in pounds) to meet post-treatment concentration limit
 - i. Reaction time period (in hours) to achieve post-treatment concentration limit
 - j. Cool down time period (in hours)
 - k. Regulated chemical post-treatment concentration limit (in PPM)
- 7. The Contractor shall provide pre-treatment and post-treatment sampling and laboratory analysis of the process wastewater and submit the results to the County for verification.
- C. After curing, the Contractor shall obtain a post-treatment cure water sample at each site and submit for laboratory analysis.
 - 1. The following laboratory analysis is required:
 - a. One (1) sample to be collected from the treated water line segment and analyzed for "Styrene" using EPA Method 8260.
 - b. One (1) "Trip Blank" sample, analyzed for "Styrene" using EPA Method 8260.
 - 2. The Contractor shall submit the analytical report to the County for approval.
 - 3. The Contractor shall be responsible for all costs related to laboratory analytical testing of the water samples collected.
 - 4. Sampling shall continue for each successive lining segment until the laboratory results verify the Contractor's competency in determining the amount of styrene reduction tablets/material required for a given water volume. Competency will be determined by meeting the stated discharge limits.
 - 5. Once the sample results demonstrate that the discharge limits have been met the Contractor shall follow similar styrene reduction procedures for subsequent lining segments, but sampling will not be required.
 - 6. Should samples from three locations not meet the discharge limits, the County may require the Contractor to hold cure water in place until laboratory results confirm the water is below the discharge limits.
 - 7. The County reserves the right to obtain samples at any site on any line segment to

ensure compliance with the discharge limits."

- D. The service areas for each of the proposed lining subareas are as follows:
 - 1. (Subarea Name) (Subarea Number) is/are located in the Eastern WRF service area.
 - 2. (Subarea Name) (Subarea Number) is/are located in the South WRF service area
 - 3. (Subarea Name) (Subarea Number) is/are located in the Northwest WRF service area.

1.06 RESPONSIBILITY FOR OVERFLOWS AND SPILLS

- A. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to schedule and perform his work so as to result in no overflows or spills of sewage or combined sewage from the system. If sewage flows are such that they interfere with the Contractor's ability to perform work, the Contractor shall be responsible for scheduling his work during low flow periods or provide bypass pumping. Bypass pumping shall be provided only with the specific written approval of the County.
- B. In the event of overflows caused by the Contractor's work activities, the Contractor shall immediately take appropriate action to contain and stop the overflow, clean up the spillage, disinfect the area affected by the spill, and notify the County in a timely manner.
- C. Contractor will indemnify and hold harmless the County for any fines or third-party claims for personal or property damage arising out of a spill or overflow that is fully or partially the responsibility of the Contractor. Should fines subsequently be imposed as a result of any overflow for which the Contractor is fully or partially responsible, the Contractor shall pay all such fines and all of the County's legal, engineering, and administrative costs in defending such fines and claims associated with the overflow.
- D. If the Contractor is required to hold cure water due to unacceptable styrene testing results, the Contractor shall be required to provide bypass pumping or other means to insure wastewater service is not disrupted during the hold period.

1.07 SHOP DRAWINGS AND SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be submitted to the County for review and acceptance prior to construction in accordance with the General Conditions and specifications Section 01300 "Submittals." Submittals shall include the following:
 - 1. <u>Performance Work Statement</u> shall be provided with a table of contents and tabbed sections.
 - 2. <u>Product</u>:
 - a. <u>A list of projects from the Manufacturer that total a minimum of 500,000 linear</u> <u>feet of liner</u> installed in the United States. An Excel spread sheet shall be included listing as a minimum the name of projects, linear footage of main, completion date, contract amount, name of owner, address, contact person, and phone number.
 - b. Fabric tube manufacturer and description of product components
 - c. Flexible membrane (coating) material and recommended repair (patching) procedure if applicable

- d. Raw resin data manufacturer and description of product components
- e. Manufacturer's shipping, storage and handling recommendations for all components of the CIPP system
- f. All MSDS sheets for all materials to be furnished
- g. Tube wet-out and cure method including:
 - (1) A complete description of the proposed wet-out procedure for the proposed technology
 - (2) The manufacturer's recommended cure method for each diameter and thickness of CIPP liner to be installed including the curing medium and the method of application
- 3. <u>Quality Control Plan</u>
 - a. Defined responsibilities of the Contractor's personnel for assuring that all quality requirements are met. These will be assigned by the Contractor to specific personnel.
 - b. Proposed procedures for quality control, product sampling and testing shall be defined and submitted as part of the Plan.
 - c. Proposed methods for product performance controls, including the method of and frequency of product sampling and testing both in raw material form and cured product form.
 - d. Inspection forms and guidelines for quality control inspections shall be prepared in accordance with the standards specified within this specification.
 - e. The manufacturer shall furnish a check list containing key elements of the CIPP installation criteria that is important for the County to ensure that quality control and testing requirements are performed in accordance with these specifications.
- 4. <u>Engineering design calculations</u> shall be submitted in a timely fashion prior to construction, in accordance with the Appendix of ASTM F-1216, for each length of liner to be installed including the thickness of each proposed CIPP. It will not be acceptable for the Contractor to submit a design for the most severe line condition and apply that design to all of the line sections. All calculations shall include data that conforms to the requirements of these specifications.
 - a. These calculations shall be performed and certified by a Professional Engineer registered in the State of Florida.
 - b. The manufacturer shall certify as to the compliance of its materials to the values used in the calculations.
- 5. The liner manufacturer shall submit a <u>tabulation of time versus temperature</u>. This tabulation shall show the lengths of time that exposed portions of the liner will endure without self-initiated cure or other deterioration beginning. This tabulation shall be at 5°F (degrees Fahrenheit) increments ranging from 70°F to 100°F. The manufacturer shall also submit his analysis of the progressive effects of such "pre-cure" on the insertion and cured properties of the liner
- 6. <u>Certified copies of test reports of factory tests</u> required by the applicable standards and this Section.
- 7. <u>Manufacturer's installation instructions and procedures</u>.
- 8. <u>CIPP Installation Record (Shot Record) to include shot number and corresponding</u> manhole to manhole pipe reaches for each scheduled installation, design thickness, actual thickness delivered to the site, pipe diameter, reach length, total length of shot, and number of laterals.

- 9. <u>Wastewater pre-treatment</u> plan including data, measurements, assumptions, calculations and procedures for the pre-treatment of CIPP process wastewater containing regulated chemicals.
- 10. <u>Manufacturer's detailed procedures for repairing liners</u> that have been installed incorrectly or that have failed during installation.
- 11. <u>Contractor's procedures and materials for service renewal</u> including time and duration of sewer service unavailability and a complete description of the methods he intends to use to reconnect the existing laterals.
- 12. <u>Sampling procedures and locations</u> for obtaining representative samples of the finished liner.
- 13. <u>Sampling tests</u> for compliance by an independent laboratory shall be made according to the applicable ASTM specification and the manufacturer's quality control program.
- B. A <u>final certificate of compliance with this specification</u> shall be provided by the manufacturer for all lining material furnished.

1.08 WARRANTY

- A. The materials used for the project shall be certified by the manufacturer for the specified purpose. The Contractor shall warrant the liner material and installation for a period of one (1) year. During the Contractor warranty period, any defect which may materially affect the integrity, strength, function and/or operation of the pipe, shall be repaired at the Contractor's expense in accordance with procedures in these specifications and as recommended by the manufacturer.
- B. On any work completed by the Contractor that is defective and/or has been repaired, the Contractor shall warrant this work for an additional one (1) year.

1.09 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. The Contractor shall be responsible for the delivery, storage, and handling of products. No products shall be shipped to the job site without the approval of the County.
- B. Keep products safe from damage. Promptly remove damaged products from the job site. Replace damaged products with undamaged products.
- C. The wet-out facility shall write the Shot number, total wet-out length, thickness, pipe width, and resin type on each bag delivered to the project.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 GENERAL

A. The materials used shall be designed, manufactured, and intended for sanitary sewer pipe relining and the specific application in which they are used. The materials shall have a proven history of performance in sewer relining and rehabilitation.

- B. Pipe lining products pre-approved by the County include: Insituform Technologies (CIPP Liner), National Liner (CIPP Liner), LMK Enterprises (Performance Liner), Stevens Technologies (CIPP Liner 2 part 100% epoxy), Inner Cure Technologies (Reichold/Dion CIPP Liner), Lanzo Lining Services (Lanzo CIPP Lining System), and Premier Pipe (Premier Pipe CIPP Lining System), Layne Inliner (CIPP Liner), and Miller Pipeline (CIPP Liner). All products must meet the specification herein and will require approval prior to installation.
- C. All materials, shipped to the project site, shall be accompanied by test reports certifying that the material conforms to the ASTM listed herein. Materials shall be shipped, stored, and handled in a manner consistent with written recommendations of the CIPP system manufacturer to avoid damage. Damage includes, but is not limited to, gouging, abrasion, flattening, cutting, puncturing, or ultra-violet (UV) degradation. On site storage locations, shall be approved by the County. All damaged materials shall be promptly removed from the project site at the Contractor's expense and disposed of in accordance with all current applicable agency regulations.
- D. The finished pipe liner in place shall be fabricated from materials which when complete are chemically resistant to and will withstand internal exposure to domestic sewage having a pH range of 5 to 11 and temperatures up to 150°F.
- E. Take all necessary field measurements of the existing pipe (including diameter, ovality and length) prior to manufacturing liners.
- F. The minimum length shall be that deemed necessary by the Contractor to effectively span the distance from the inlet to the outlet of the respective manholes unless otherwise specified. The Contractor shall verify the lengths in the field before manufacturing.

2.02 STRUCTURAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Each CIPP shall be designed to withstand internal and/or external loads as dictated by the site and pipe conditions. The CIPP design shall assume no bonding to the original pipe wall.
- B. The Contractor must have performed long-term testing for flexural creep of the CIPP pipe material installed by his company. Such testing results are to be used to determine the long-term, time dependent flexural modulus to be utilized in the product design. The long-term modulus shall not exceed 50 percent of the short-term value for the resin system and shall be verifiable through testing. The materials utilized for the contracted project shall be of a quality equal to or better than the materials used in the long-term test with respect to the initial flexural modulus used in the CIPP design.
- C. The Contractor shall submit, prior to installation of the lining materials, certification of the compliance with these specifications and/or the requirements of the CIPP system. Certified material test results shall be included that confirm that all materials conform to these specifications. Materials not complying with these requirements will be rejected.

D. The design thickness of the CIPP shall be arrived at using standard engineering methodology as found in ASTM F1216 and the physical properties. In no case shall the finished thickness of the cured liner be less than 4.5 millimeters. The required cured structural CIPP wall thickness shall be based, as a minimum, on the physical properties described in TABLE 02771 - 1 Minimum Physical Properties and per the design of the Professional Engineer and in accordance with the design equations in ASTM F 1216 Appendix X1 and the following design parameters:

Design Considerations	Criteria		
Tube Design	ASTM F 1216 Appendix X1		
Hydrostatic Buckling	ASTM F 2561 Section 6.1 and 6.1.1		
Design Safety Factor	2.0		
Retention Factor for Long Term Flexural	50 % of the short-term value of the resin		
Modulus to be used in Design	system		
Ovality	2 %		
Groundwater Depth*	100% depth from pipe invert to surface		
Soil Depth*	As indicated on the plans		
Lining enhancement factor (K)	7		
Soil Modulus**	1,000 psi		
Soil Density**	120 pcf		
Live Load**	One (1) H20 passing truck		
Design Condition	Fully deteriorated		
Minimum Long-Term Life	50 years		

*Denotes multiple line segments may require a table of values

**Denotes information required for fully deteriorated design conditions

TABLE 02771-1 Minimum Physical Properties

Property	Standard	Cured Composite per ASTM F1216 (PSI)
Flexural Strength (short term)	ASTM D790	4,500
Flexural Modulus of Elasticity (short term)	ASTM D790	250,000

E. When multiple layers are present, the layers of the finished CIPP shall be uniformly bonded. It shall not be possible to separate any two layers with a probe or point of a knife blade so that the layers separate cleanly or such that the knife blade moves freely between the layers. If separation of the layers occurs during testing of the field samples, new samples will be cut from the work. The composite of the materials will, upon installation inside the host pipe, exceed the minimum test standards specified by the American Society for Testing Methods. Any reoccurrence may be cause for rejection of the work.

A. Fabric

- 1. The Contractor shall determine the minimum tube length necessary to effectively span the designated run between manholes. The Contractor shall verify the lengths in the field prior to ordering and prior to impregnation of the tube with resin, to ensure that the tube will have sufficient length to extend the entire length of the run. The Contractor shall also measure the inside diameter of the existing pipelines in the field prior to ordering liner so that the liner can be installed in a tight-fitted condition.
- 2. The sewn tube shall consist of one or more layers of absorbent non-woven felt fabric and meet the requirements of ASTM F-1216, ASTM F1743, or ASTM D5813. The tube shall be constructed to withstand installation pressures, have sufficient strength to bridge missing pipe, and stretch to fit irregular pipe sections.
- 3. The wet out tube shall have a relatively uniform thickness that when compressed at installation pressures will equal or exceed the calculated minimum design CIPP wall thickness.
- 4. The flexible tube shall be fabricated to a size that when installed will neatly fit (minimum 99.75%) the internal circumference of the existing sanitary sewer lines (including services). Allowance shall be made for circumferential stretching during insertion so that the final cured product is snug against the wall of the host pipe.
- 5. The outside layer of the tube shall be coated with an impermeable, flexible membrane that will contain the resin and allow the resin impregnation (wet out) procedure to be monitored.
- 6. The tube shall contain no intermediate or encapsulated elastomeric layers. No material shall be included in the tube that may cause delamination in the cured CIPP. No dry or unsaturated layers shall be evident.
- 7. The wall color of the interior pipe surface of CIPP after installation shall be a relatively light reflective color so that a clear detailed examination with closed circuit television inspection equipment may be made.
- 8. Seams in the tube shall be stronger than the non-seamed felt material.
- 9. The tube shall be marked for a distance at regular intervals along its entire length, not to exceed five feet. Such markings shall include the Manufacturers name or identifying symbol.
- Unless otherwise specified, the Contractor will use a polyester filter felt tube and a resin and catalyst system compatible with the inversion process and having the minimum physical properties for the cured pipe identified in Table 02771 - 1 Minimum Physical Properties.
- B. Resin
 - 1. The resin system shall be a corrosion resistant polyester or vinyl ester resin and catalyst system or epoxy and hardener system that when properly cured within the tube composite, meets the minimum requirements of ASTM F1216, ASTM F1743 or F2019, the physical properties given herein these specifications Section 02771 and those, which are to be utilized in the design of the CIPP for this project.
 - 2. The resin used shall not contain non-strength enhancing fillers.
 - 3. The Contractor shall submit the resin characteristics, including filler identification, to the County for approval prior to lining activities.

4. The resin shall produce a CIPP that will comply with the structural and chemical resistance requirements of the specification.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 PREPARATION

- A. Prior to any lining of a pipe so designated.
 - 1. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to remove all internal debris and clean the existing sewer line and/or lateral in accordance with the recommendations of the liner manufacturer prior to installation of the liner and in accordance with Section 02761 "Cleaning Sanitary Sewer Systems." Both mainline and lateral line shall be cleaned.
 - a. Preparation of the interior surface shall be accomplished by a thorough highpressure water-jet cleaning. The pipe shall be left free of all loose sand, rock, or other deleterious materials. Any roots in the pipe shall be either removed or cut off flush with the interior.
 - b. If conditions such as broken pipe and major blockages are found that will prevent proper cleaning or where additional damage would result if cleaning is attempted or continued, the Contractor shall notify the County immediately. The County will determine what course of action will be taken to complete the project.
 - c. Precautions shall be taken by the Contractor to ensure that no damage or flooding of public or private property is caused by the cleaning operation.
 - d. The County shall inspect the prepared pipe for cleanliness and smoothness before the Contractor is authorized to proceed with pipe lining operations.
 - 2. Certified PACP personnel trained in locating breaks, obstacles and service connections by closed circuit television shall perform inspection of existing sewer lines. The interior of the line shall be carefully inspected in accordance with Section 02762 "Televising Sanitary Sewer Systems" to determine the location of laterals in any condition that may prevent proper installation of the liner pipe into the lines. Such conditions shall be noted so they can be corrected. A digital data video and a suitable log shall be prepared by the Contractor during the Work and provided to the County a minimum of two weeks prior to liner installation.
 - 3. The Contractor shall provide for the flow of sewage around the section or sections of pipe designated for lining as specified in Section 01516 "Collection System Bypass."
 - a. Flow control shall be exercised as required to ensure that no flowing sewage comes into contact with sections of the sewer under repair.
 - b. A sewer line plug shall be inserted into the sewer upstream from the section to be repaired. The plug shall be so designed that all or any portion of the sewage flows can be released. During the review, testing and installation portion of the operation, flows shall be shut off in order to properly install the cured-in-place pipe lining. The upstream manholes shall be constantly monitored for degree of surcharging. After the installation is complete, flows shall be restored to normal level.
 - c. Wherever lines are blocked off and the possibility of backing up the sewage and causing harm to public and private property is foreseen, it shall be the Contractor's responsibility to bypass flow from manhole to manhole.

- d. Bypassing shall be accomplished using sewer plugs with pump connections, by pumping down surcharged manholes, or by other methods acceptable to the County. All bypassed flow must be discharged to a sanitary sewer. Bypassed flow shall not be allowed to enter any storm line, drainage ditch or street gutter.
- e. During a bypass operation, the pump shall be manned continuously; the Contractor shall maintain the pump and bypass equipment; and shall be responsible for any damages to public or private property due to the malfunction of same.
- 4. The Contractor shall clear the line of obstructions such as solids, dropped joints, protruding service connections or collapsed pipe that will prevent the insertion of the liner pipe. If inspection reveals an obstruction that cannot be removed by conventional sewer cleaning equipment, then the County shall be notified immediately.
- 5. Do not install liner if ground water temperatures and/or ambient temperatures are excessive for the product installation procedures.
- 6. Notification of Public or Customers: Customers shall be notified by the Contractor with door hangers at least 3 days prior to the shutdown of any lateral services. The door hanger shall be approved by the County and advise the customers of when the Work will begin, expected date of completion, the type of work, and contact person for any questions and the door hanger. When it is necessary to shut down a private sewer lateral while work is in progress and before the laterals are reconnected, the customers shall be notified by the Contractor. No sewer or water service is to remain shut down for more than a period of 8-hours unless the Contractor provides substitute services for the residents. Commercial sewer services shall be maintained at all times that the business is open. No sewage from the services or main line shall be discharged on the ground or in waterways.
- 7. Contractor shall coordinate pump stations, force main and sanitary sewer operation, bypass and shutdown control with the County
- 8. Traffic Control: The Contractor shall provide all traffic control measures required for the safety of the public, workers and equipment during the Work and in accordance with FDOT and the County.
- 9. The Contractor shall provide critical backup equipment to insure that the lining operation progresses without interruption. Required backup equipment shall include at a minimum 1 additional lateral cutter system and 1 additional CCTV camera system.

3.02 INSTALLATION OF LINER

- A. The CIPP liner shall be installed and cured in the host pipe per the manufacturer's specifications as described and submitted in the Performance Work Statement. CIPP installation shall be in accordance with the applicable ASTM Standards with the following modification:
 - 1. Prior to installation and as recommended by the manufacturer remote temperature gauges or sensors shall be placed inside the host pipe to monitor the temperatures during the cure cycle. Liner and/or host pipe interface temperature shall be monitored and logged during curing of the liner.

- 2. The heat source shall be fitted with suitable monitors to gauge the temperature of the incoming and outgoing heat source. Another such gauge shall be placed between the impregnated reconstruction tube and the pipe invert at the remote manhole to determine the temperatures during cure. The resin manufacturer shall recommend temperature in the line during the cure period.
- 3. The wet-out tube shall be positioned in the pipeline using the method specified by the manufacturer. Care should be exercised not to damage the tube as a result of installation. The tube shall be inverted through an existing manhole or approved access point and fully extend to the next designated manhole or termination point. Sufficient excess resin will be provided to insure excretion into cracked pipe and/or joints of the host pipe after curing.
- 4. After inversion is completed, the Contractor shall supply suitable heat source and recirculation equipment. The equipment shall be capable of delivering the heat source throughout the section uniformly to raise the temperature above the temperature required to affect a cure of the resin. This temperature shall be determined by the resin/catalyst system employed. Temperatures shall be monitored and recorded throughout the installation process to ensure that each phase of the process is achieved at the manufacturer's recommended temperature levels. Copies of these records shall be given to the County at the completion of each installation.
- 5. Curing shall be accomplished by utilizing the appropriate medium in accordance with the manufacturer's recommended cure schedule. The curing source input and output temperatures shall be monitored and logged during the cure cycles if applicable. The manufacturer's recommended cure method and schedule shall be used for each line segment installed, and the liner wall thickness and the existing ground conditions with regard to temperature, moisture level, and thermal conductivity of soil, per ASTM Standards as applicable, shall be taken into account by the Contractor.
- 6. For heat cured liners, if any temperature sensor or multiple sensors do not reach the temperature as specified by the manufacturer to achieve proper curing or cooling, the installer can make necessary adjustments to comply with the manufacturer's recommendations. The system computer should have an output report that specifically identifies each installed sensor station in the length of pipe, indicates the maximum temperature achieved and the sustained temperature time. Each sensor should record both the maximum temperature and the minimum cool down temperature and comply with manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. For UV cured liners, all light train sensor readings, recorded by the tamper proof computer, shall provide output documenting the cure along the entire length of the installed liner. The cure procedure shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation as included in the performance work statement.
- 8. Temperatures and curing data shall be monitored and recorded by the Contractor throughout the installation process to ensure that each phase of the process is achieved as approved in accordance with the CIPP system manufacturer's recommendations.
- 9. The Contractor shall immediately notify the County of any delays taking place during the insertion operation. Such delays shall possibly require sampling and testing by an independent laboratory of portions of the cured liner at the County's discretion. The cost of such test shall be borne by the Contractor and no extra compensation will be allowed. Any failure of sample tests or a lack of immediate notification of delay shall be automatic cause for rejection of that part of the Work at the County's discretion.

- 10. Initial cure shall be deemed to be completed when inspection of the exposed portions of cured pipe appear to be hard and sound and the remote temperature sensor indicates that the temperature is of a magnitude to realize an exotherm. The cure period shall be of a duration recommended by the resin manufacturer, as modified for the cured-in-place inversion process, during which time the recirculation of the heat source and cycling of the heat exchanger to maintain the temperature continues. Contractor shall retain a resin-impregnated sample (wick) to provide verification of the curing process taking place in the host pipe.
- 11. The Contractor shall cool the hardened pipe to a temperature below 100°F before relieving the static head in the inversion standpipe. Cool-down may be accomplished by the introduction of cool water into the inversion standpipe to replace water being drained and disposed per the approved pre-treatment plan. Care shall be taken in the release of the static head so that a vacuum will not be developed that could damage the newly installed pipe.
- 12. Seal the area where the line enters or leaves each manhole. Finish the inside of the manhole with a quick set cement grout to raise the invert to the grade of the liner pipe. Also use this grout to dress up around the end of the liner. The Contractor shall seal the liner at all manhole reconnections with an approved product, compatible with the liner, to completely seal the annular space.
- 13. If the pipe liner fails to make a <u>water</u> tight seal due to broken or misaligned pipe at the manhole wall or other reason, the Contractor shall apply a seal at that point.
- 14. The temperature of water discharged to the sewer system from processing liners shall not exceed 100°F maximum or the level allowed by State or Local standards. When draining water, care shall be exercised not to create a vacuum in the line.
- 15. After the liner has been installed, all active, existing services shall be temporarily reinstated. This shall be done without excavation in pavement areas, and in the case of non-man-entry pipes, from the interior of the pipeline by means of a 360° (degree) television camera and a cutting device that re-establishes the service connection. When a remote cutting device is used and a cleanout is available, then a mini-camera down the service may also be used to assist the operator in cutting or trimming. All coupons shall be recovered at the downstream manhole and removed.
- 16. The cost for maintaining sanitary sewer service for the property owners shall be included in the prices bid and no additional compensation will be allowed.

3.03 POST INSTALLATION

- A. Service Lateral Renewal
 - 1. The number of service connections on some sewer segments may exceed the number of buildings actually served. It is the Contractor's responsibility to determine through dye testing, or other acceptable methods, the services that are live and require reinstatement prior to commencing lining of the sewer main.
 - 2. Inactive services to vacant parcels shall be renewed, unless otherwise directed by the County.

- 3. The exact location and number of service connections or side sewers shall be verified during the initial television inspection. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to accurately field locate all existing service connections or side sewers and establish means for access for flow control. The Contractor shall reconnect all service connections or side sewers to the liner pipe as indicated in accordance with the Contract Documents.
- 4. The Contractor shall be responsible for restoring/correcting, without any delay, all missed or faulty reconnections, as well as any damage caused to property owners for not reconnecting the services soon enough or for not giving notice to the property owners.
- 5. Any lateral not initially reinstated by the Contractor that proves to be active shall be reinstated by the Contractor at no additional cost to the County and the Contractor shall be responsible for any resulting property damage of floods.
- 6. All existing service connections shall be reconnected by a remote controlled cutting device directed internally by a television camera or by internal manual cutting. Cuts shall be made by experienced operators so that no blind attempts or holes are made in the liner pipe. Locations shall be verified carefully to match earlier tapes for accurate lateral location, especially where dimples are not well defined. The County reserves the right to require service connection by excavation at the Contractor's expense at any location if the quality or workmanship of the cut is not satisfactory.
- 7. A 2-pass process of utilizing a cutter to open the lateral followed by wire brush (or similar) attachment to complete the cutting flush with the lateral walls should be utilized, or approved alternate. It shall be properly aligned, invert to invert, to the existing connection with no obstructions to the flow. Resin slugs shall be removed as necessary from reinstated service connections. Any miss-cuts shall be repaired at no cost to the County and shall be performed utilizing an additional thinner liner to prevent water from entering behind the liner to the full satisfaction of the County. All coupons cut from the liner for reopening of lateral connections shall be retrieved from the sewer, accounted for by the Contractor, and turned over to the County.
- 8. Service connections shall be reinstated to at least 95% of the original area as it enters the host pipe.
- 9. All service connections and side sewers to be reconnected to the main sewer, shall be cleaned up to a length of 1-foot from the inside face of the existing wall of the main pipe. All deposits within the first foot of the service connection or side sewer in the service connections shall be removed and laterals reinstated.
- 10. Contractor shall provide a sound, smooth transition from laterals/side sewers to the main sewer. Contractor shall submit for approval a detailed repair plan for the permanent repair of any gaps between the installed liner and the face of the lateral/side sewer connections.
- 11. For PVC laterals or laterals that have been previously lined with cured-in-place pipe the Contractor shall take care during the reinstatement to avoid damage to the lateral pipe.
- B. Each pipe lined shall be post-CCTV inspected in accordance with Section 02762 "Televising Sanitary Sewer Systems" as soon as practical after processing to assure complete curing.

- 1. The Contractor shall not reactivate any section of lined sewer pipe until authorized to do so by the County. Segments not fully conforming to these Specifications must be immediately brought to the County's attention with a proposed method of correction.
- 2. Immediately prior to conducting the post-lining CCTV, the Contractor shall thoroughly clean the newly installed liner removing all debris and build-up that may have accumulated, at no additional cost to the County.
- 3. The post-CCTV inspection documentation shall be submitted within 5 working days of the liner installation. The County may at its discretion suspend any further installation of CIPP until the post-installation documentation is submitted.
 - a. As a result of this suspension, no additional working days will be added to the contract, nor will any adjustment be made for increase in cost

C. Defects

- 1. The liner shall be continuous and free of all visual and material defects except those resulting from pre-lined conditions (such conditions shall be brought to the attention of the County prior to lining).
- 2. <u>The CIPP liner and manhole interface shall be sealed and visibly free of defects to the materials used for sealing as viewed in the post CCTV inspection.</u>
- 3. There shall be no damage, deflection, holes, delaminating, uncured resin or other visual defects in the liner.
- 4. The liner surface shall be smooth and free of waviness throughout the pipe.
- 5. No visible leakage through the liner or at manhole or service lateral connections will be allowed.
- 6. Any defects located during the inspection shall be corrected by the Contractor to conform to the requirements of the specifications and to the satisfaction of the County.
- 7. Defects in the installed CIPP shall be identified and defined as specified in Section 02762 Televising Sanitary Sewer Systems.
- 8. Repairable defects that may occur in the installed CIPP shall be specifically defined by the Contractor based on manufacturer's recommendations, including a detailed step-by-step repair procedure, resulting in a finished product meeting the requirements of these contract specifications.
- 9. Un-repairable defects that may occur to the CIPP shall be clearly defined by the Contractor based on the manufacturer's recommendations, including a recommended procedure for the removal and replacement of the CIPP.
- D. Manhole Connections
 - 1. Where liners of any type are installed in 2 or more continuous manhole segments, the liner invert through the intermediate manholes shall be left intact. Final finishing of the installation in those intermediate manholes shall require removal of the top of the exposed liner and neat trimming of the liner edge where it touches the lip of the manhole bench.
 - 2. Reinstate openings for all manhole drop assemblies after relining mainline sewer
 - a. Outside drop assemblies shall be lined with a cured-in-place liner compatible with the mainline liner, for the full length of the drop assembly and bend.
 - b. Inside drop assemblies are not required to be relined.
 - 3. A seal consisting of an epoxy coating approved in Appendix D instead of a resin

mixture or hydrophilic seal compatible with the installed CIPP shall be applied at manhole/wall interface in accordance with the CIPP system manufacturer's recommendations.

E. Portions of any piece of liner material removed during installation shall be available for inspection and retention by the County.

3.04 TESTING

- A. The physical properties of the installed CIPP shall be verified through field sampling and laboratory testing. All testing shall be furnished by the Contractor. All materials testing shall be performed at the Contractor's expense, by an independent third party laboratory selected by the County as recommended by the CIPP manufacturer. All tests shall be in accordance with applicable ASTM test methods to confirm compliance with the requirements in these documents.
- B. The Contractor shall pay for all testing included in this section
- C. The Contractor shall provide samples for testing from the actual installed CIPP liner. The Contractor shall determine sampling location and procedures to ensure representative samples are obtained from the finished liner, subject to the approval by the County. The contractor shall provide removable sizing sleeves, when possible, to collect liner samples, which accurately replicate the host pipe diameter.
 - 1. A minimum of 1 sample shall be taken of the first segment installed or as directed by the County.
 - 2. A minimum of 2 samples shall be taken for each 2,500 lineal feet of liner material installed or for each manufacturing lot, if less, or as directed by the County.
 - 3. A minimum of 6 samples per project shall be taken for each type of liner furnished or as directed by the County.
 - 4. A sample shall be cut from a section of cured liner that has been inverted or pulled through a like diameter pipe which has been held in place by a suitable heat sink such as sand bags.
 - 5. All curing, cutting, and identification of samples shall be witnessed by the County.
- D. Tests of the samples shall be conducted in accordance with ASTM standards
 - 1. <u>Short term flexural properties</u>: The initial tangent flexural modulus of elasticity and flexural strength shall be measured in accordance with test methods in ASTM D790.
 - 2. <u>Fiber reinforced flexural properties</u>: specimens should be sampled in accordance with ASTM F1743, section 8.1.2 and flexural properties shall be determined in accordance with ASTM F1743, section 8.1.3 along the longitudinal and circumferential axis of the install CIPP.
 - 3. <u>Fiber reinforced tensile properties</u>: Where the CIPP is reinforced with oriented continuous or discontinuous fibers to enhance the physical properties of the CIPP, specimens shall be sampled in accordance with ASTM F1743, section 8.1.2 and tensile properties shall be determined in accordance with ASTM D3039 and tested along the longitudinal axis and circumferential axis of the installed CIPP.

- 4. <u>CIPP wall thickness</u> shall be determined in a manner consistent with ASTM D5813, section 8.1.2. Thickness measurements shall be made in accordance with the practice in ASTM D3567 for ASTM D5813, section 8.1. Deduct from the measured values the thickness of any plastic coating or CIPP layer not included in the structural design of the CIPP. The average thickness shall be calculated using all measured values and shall meet or exceed the minimum design thickness. The minimum wall thickness at any point shall not be less than 87.5% of the approved specified thickness.
- E. The installed CIPP thickness shall be measured for each liner shipment to the job site. If the CIPP thickness does not meet that specified in the contract and submitted as the approved design by the Contractor, then the liner shall be repaired or removed. The samples shall be made by core drilling 2-inch diameter test plugs at random locations selected by the County. As an alternative the Contractor may use industry proven, nondestructive methods for confirming the thickness of the installed CIPP if it can be shown the calibrated thickness is the same as core test plugs.

3.05 ACCEPTANCE

- A. Liner
 - 1. It is the intent of these specifications that the completed liner with all appurtenances shall be essentially equivalent in final quality and appearance to new sewer installation.
 - 2. The finished liner shall be continuous over the entire segment between manholes and homogenous throughout.
 - 3. The finished liner shall be fully rounded and as free as commercially practicable from visible defects, including but not limited to damage, deflection, holes, delamination, ridges, cracks, uncured resin, foreign inclusions or other objectionable defects.
 - 4. Where a defect in the liner requires removal of a section of the liner in the County's opinion, the Contractor shall make all repairs as required by the County and shall install a segmental liner, compatible with the liner, to accomplish a continuous finished liner.
 - 5. The manhole trough shall be raised to the invert of the liner to preclude snagging and shoaling of debris.
- B. Defects: Any defect which will or could affect the structural integrity, strength of the lining, flow impairment, or leaks shall be repaired as outlined below or in accordance with the approved repair or replacement procedures as recommended by the CIPP system manufacturer. The repair or replacement of the defects will be at the Contractor's expense.
 - 1. Leaks
 - a. There shall be no visible infiltration through the liner, around the liner at manhole connections, at lined service connections or in lined services. Contractor shall repair any visible leaks and the repair method shall be approved by the County.
 - 2. Wrinkles/Fins
 - a. Wrinkles outside the flow line of the pipeline:
 - (1) Wrinkles/fins in height up to a maximum of 5% of the inside diameter of the host pipe are acceptable

- (2) Wrinkles/fins over 5%, particularly those of a longitudinal configuration, may be acceptable and should be evaluated, by the project engineer for acceptance, on a case-by-case basis.
- b. Wrinkles in the flow line:
 - (1) Wrinkles/fins projecting more than 5% into the flow that are generally longitudinal in their orientation may be deemed acceptable by the County on a case-by-case basis by considering any potential operation and maintenance issues that would result from their being left in place.
 - (2) Wrinkles/fins in the lower third or flow line of the finished CIPP (based upon the depth of flow) that are generally circumferential in their orientation should not exceed 0.5-inches, whichever is smaller. Acceptability of larger wrinkles/fins meeting this characterization shall be, on a case-by-case basis by the County with consideration given to potential operations and maintenance issues that would result from their being left in place.
- c. Repair when wrinkles/fins are removed:
 - (1) Wrinkles should be fully cured, tight and the resin should be homogeneous across the full width of the wrinkle.
 - (2) In most cases, when wrinkles/fins are removed from the installed CIPP, the resin in the liner pipe is fully cured and homogeneous and no further repair is required. If a repair is required the manufacturer should be contacted for the correct repair procedure.
- 3. Blisters should be probed and punctured to determine the existence of water behind the blister.
 - a. No action required unless the pipe is leaking at the blisters.
- 4. Lifts in Liner
 - a. Soft lifts should be re-processed by the Contractor to fully cure the CIPP.
 - b. Hard lift shall be removed and a new short liner as required being equivalent to the original installed CIPP.
- 5. A bulge in the invert caused by residual debris left in the pipe that impedes the flow characteristics of the pipeline should be cut out.
 - a. Cut out the section of the bulge and replace with a new short liner equivalent to the original product or as recommended by the manufacturer.
- 6. Pinholes: the area where the liner has pinholes should be patched with a short-liner repair or the liner removed and replaced as recommended by the manufacturer.
- 7. Soft spot in liner needs to be reheated and hardened or cut out and replaced or as recommended by the manufacturer.
- 8. Dry tube or white spots are not acceptable and shall be removed and a patch repair shall be performed or as recommended by the manufacturer.
- 9. Liner surface peeled off
 - a. Cut out a representative sample of the CIPP
 - b. Test physical properties and remaining CIPP thickness to verify that the contract design requirements are met.
 - c. Replace liner or as recommended by the manufacturer
- 10. Hole in the liner is not acceptable
 - a. Small holes can be repaired with epoxy
 - b. Short liner installed over larger holes or as recommended by the manufacturer
- 11. Cracks in liner are unacceptable and shall be repaired

- 12. Loose liner seam tape shall be removed to prevent potential hang-up of debris.
- 13. Annular space between host pipe and liner at manhole
 - a. If leaking between the host pipe and the CIPP, inject a hydrophilic type grout to stop the leakage.
 - b. If the pipe is located in groundwater, inject a hydrophilic type grout to stop possible future leakage.
 - c. If the pipe in not in groundwater, a cementitious grout can be used to fill the space.
- 14. Liner delamination
 - a. Cut out the section of delaminated liner and replace with a new short liner equivalent to the original product or as recommended by the manufacturer.
- 15. CIPP discoloration
 - a. Obtain a sample for testing the CIPP physical properties. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for repair.
 - b. Remove and replace the CIPP physical if the physical properties do not meet the contract minimum requirements.
 - c. No action required if the tested samples meet the physical properties.
- 16. Improper repair of CIPP: duct tape is not an acceptable repair for any situation.
- 17. The CIPP should fit tight inside the host pipe.
 - a. If the CIPP does not fit tightly against the original pipe at its termination point(s), the full circumference of the CIPP exiting the existing host pipe should be sealed by filling with a resin mixture compatible with the CIPP.
- 18. Overcut connection not allowed
 - a. Opening cut to match bottom of service pipe to eliminate debris build-up
 - b. If an overcut is made, grout the interface between the connection and the mainline
 - c. Install a connection hat
 - d. Install a short liner, then re-cut the service connection opening
- 19. Leakage between CIPP and host pipe at service connection
 - a. Leakage shall be stopped
 - b. Grout the interface between the connection and the mainline
 - c. Install a connection hat
- 20. Connection hat issue
 - a. Coating from mainliner not removed before installing the hat
 - b. Loose material shall be removed
 - c. Remove and replace the connection hat as recommended by the manufacturer
- 21. Undercut service connection
 - a. Finish cut with brush to create a smooth opening
- 22. Resin slug in service connection
 - a. If not blocking the flow from the service connection and slug does not impede more than 20% of the connection opening, no action required
 - b. If blocking the flow, remove slug or dig up and replace the connection
- C. Service Connections
 - 1. The CIPP lateral lining shall not inhibit the CCTV post video inspection of the mainline or service lateral pipes.
 - 2. Reinstatement of all lateral connections shall be done neatly and smoothly.

3.06 CLEAN-UP AND RESTORATION

- A. The Contractor shall not allow the site of the Work to become littered with trash and waste material, but shall maintain the site in a neat and orderly condition throughout the construction period.
- B. On or before completion, the Contractor shall clean and remove from the site of the Work all surplus and discarded materials, temporary structures, stumps and portions of trees, and debris of any kind. He shall leave the site of work in a neat and orderly condition, similar or equal to that prior to construction.
- C. All private and public property along or adjacent to the Work disturbed by construction operations shall be restored to a condition similar or equal to that existing prior to construction.
- D. Before final acceptance by the County, the Contractor shall replace and/or restore any water, sewer, drain, and gas lines and appurtenances; electrical, telephone, telegraph conduits and wires, both underground and aboveground, and appurtenances; traffic signals, fire and police alarm systems and appurtenances; sidewalks, curbs, gutter, drainage ditches and pavements and all other public utility facilities and appurtenances along or adjacent to the Work that may have been disturbed by construction operations.
- E. Conditions permitting, property cleanup and restoration shall begin and be prosecuted to completion on a timely basis as set forth herein.

3.07 PROGRESSIVE CIPP INSTALLATION RECORD (SHOT RECORD)

- A. The Contractor shall provide a progressive CIPP Installation Record (Shot Record) with monthly application for partial payments. The progressive shot record shall indicate quantities actually installed and deviations to the parameters included in the shot record (i.e. shot number and corresponding manhole to manhole pipe reaches for each scheduled installation, design thickness, actual thickness delivered to the site, pipe diameter, reach length, total length of shot, and number of laterals).
- B. Monthly partial payments will not be approved without prior approval of the progressive CIPP Installation record (Shot Record) including verification and acceptance of all quantities by the County.

3.08 WARRANTY INSPECTION

A. The County shall conduct the warranty television inspection within 1-year following completion of the project. If it is found that any of the CIPP has developed abnormalities since the completion of the project, the abnormalities shall be repaired and/or replaced by the Contractor promptly as per these specifications and as recommended by the manufacturer.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02772

CURE-IN-PLACE PIPE FOR LATERAL RENEWAL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

- A. Renewal of existing sanitary sewer laterals by installation of a resin impregnated flexible felt tube into the existing lateral line utilizing a vertical inversion standpipe and hydrostatic head, pulled in place, or other approved method and curing by circulating hot water or other approved means to produce a hard, impermeable pipe.
- B. Work shall include the installation of cleanouts to access laterals to CCTV specific laterals listed in the Drawings. Contractor shall perform a pre-CCTV inspection of the laterals per Section 02762, "Televising Sanitary Sewers". County will determine upon review of the CCTV inspection which laterals will be renewed or replaced.
- C. Post CCTV inspection after renewal as per Section 02762 "Televising Sanitary Sewers."

1.02 INSTALLER EXPERIENCE AND QUALIFICATIONS

- A. These qualifications shall include detailed descriptions of the following:
 - 1. To be acceptable, the contractor must have a minimum of 1,500 lateral liner installations in Florida.
 - 2. To be acceptable, the contractor must have had a minimum of 3-years active experience in the commercial installation of the lateral lining.

1.03 RESPONSIBILITY FOR OVERFLOWS AND SPILLS

- A. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to schedule and perform his work so as to result in no overflows or spills of sewage or combined sewage from the system. If sewage flows are such that they interfere with the Contractor's ability to perform work, the Contractor shall be responsible for scheduling his work during low flow periods or provide bypass pumping. The Contractor shall provide a bypass pumping plan to the County for approval prior to the start of bypass operations.
- B. In the event of overflows caused by the Contractor's work activities, the Contractor shall immediately take appropriate action to contain and stop the overflow, clean up the spillage, disinfect the area affected by the spill, and notify County in a timely manner.

C. Contractor will indemnify and hold harmless the County for any fines or third-party claims for personal or property damage arising out of a spill or overflow that is fully or partially the responsibility of the Contractor. Should fines subsequently be imposed as a result of any overflow for which the Contractor is fully or partially responsible, the Contractor shall pay all such fines and all of the County's legal, engineering, and administrative costs in defending such fines and claims associated with the overflow.

1.04 SUBMITTALS

A. Submittals shall be submitted to the County for review and acceptance prior to construction in accordance with the General Conditions and specifications Section 01300 "Submittals."

B. Submit the following:

- 1. The Qualifications of the installer shall be submitted 1-week prior to Pre-Construction conference.
 - a. Name: business address and telephone number of the Contractor
 - b. Name(s) of all supervisory personnel to be directly involved with this project
 - c. The Contractor shall sign and date the information provided and certify that to the extent of his knowledge, the information is true and accurate, and that the supervisory personnel will be directly involved with and used on this project. Substitutions of personnel and/or methods will not be allowed without written authorization of the County.
 - d. Specialty technicians shall be certified by the equipment manufacturer and/or its authorized representative. Certifications shall be submitted to the County/Professional.
 - e. The Contractor shall provide his references of previous project lists going back 3years including his customer's names, owner's contact name, phone number, owner's project number, County's project name and the list must include the number of laterals rehabilitated as well as the number and type of connection seals installed.
- 2. Certified copies of test reports of factory tests required by the applicable standards and this Section.
- 3. Manufacturer's installation instructions and procedures
- 4. Contractor's procedures and materials for service renewal including time and duration of sewer service unavailability
- 5. The thickness calculations, signed and sealed by a Professional Engineer registered in the State of Florida and certified by the manufacturer as to the compliance of his materials to the values used in the calculations shall be submitted to the County prior to CIPP installation.
- 6. Sampling procedures and locations for obtaining representative samples of the finished liner.
- 7. Both a pre-lining and post-lining digital data video shall be submitted for review and approval. The digital data video shall be clearly and properly labeled. A digital data video and suitable log shall be prepared by the Contractor during the Work and provided for review.

- C. A final certificate of compliance with this specification shall be provided by the manufacturer for all lining material furnished. Tests for compliance by an independent laboratory shall be made according to the applicable ASTM specification and the manufacturer's quality control program.
- D. Furnish an extended warranty for liner materials from the Contractor and liner manufacturer for a total of one (1) year from date of acceptance.
 - 1. If, at any time during the warranty period, any leakage, cracking, loss of bond, or other discontinuity is identified, the Contractor shall make repairs acceptable and at no additional cost to the County.
- E. As part of the design calculation submittal, the liner manufacturer shall submit a tabulation of time versus temperature. This tabulation shall show the lengths of time that exposed portions of the liner will endure without self-initiated cure or other deterioration beginning. This tabulation shall be at 5°F increments ranging from 70°F to 100°F. The manufacturer shall also submit his analysis of the progressive effects of such "pre-cure" on the insertion and cured properties of the liner. This information shall be submitted in a timely fashion prior to construction. The minimum liner thickness is for materials with characteristics as shown. Bidders with materials with other characteristics must supply complete information in their bids of the values as listed for ascertaining minimum thickness.

1.05 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. The Contractor shall be responsible for the delivery, storage, and handling of products. No products shall be shipped to the job site without the approval of the County.
- B. Keep products safe from damage. Promptly remove damaged products from the job site. Replace damaged products with undamaged products.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.01 GENERAL
 - A. The system proposed (materials, methods, workmanship) must be proven through previous successful installations to an extent and nature satisfactory to the County that is consistent with the size of the project being proposed. Since CIPP is intended to have a minimum 50-year design life, only products deemed to have this performance will be accepted.
 - B. All CIPP lining products shall comply with the latest versions of ASTM D5813 and ASTM F1216 or ASTM F1743, including appendices.

2.02 STRUCTURAL REQUIREMENTS

A. The liner shall be fabricated to a size that when installed will neatly fit the internal circumference of the conduit to be repaired as specified by the County.

B. The minimum required structural CIPP wall thickness shall be based on the physical properties described above and in accordance with the design equations in the appendix of ASTM F 1216, and the following design parameters:

Design Considerations	Criteria				
Tube Design	ASTM F 1216 Appendix X1				
Design Safety Factor	2.0				
Retention Factor for Long Term Flexural Modulus to be used in Design	50 %				
Ovality	2 %				
Groundwater Depth = Pipe Depth (above invert)*	100% depth from pipe to surface				
Lining enhancement factor	7 maximum				
Soil Modulus	1,000 psi				
Soil Density	120 pcf				
Live Load	One (1) H20 passing truck				
Design Condition	Fully deteriorated				

- C. Each CIPP shall be designed to withstand internal and/or external loads as dictated by the site and pipe conditions. When not specified by the County in the contract documents, the design thickness of the CIPP shall be arrived at using standard engineering methodology as found in ASTM F1216. In no case shall the finished thickness of the cured liner be less than three millimeters. The long-term modulus shall not exceed 50 percent of the short-term value for the resin system and shall be verifiable through testing. The thickness calculations, signed and sealed by a professional engineer registered in the State of Florida, shall be submitted to the County prior to CIPP installation.
- D. When multiple layers are present, the layers of the finished CIPP shall be uniformly bonded. It shall not be possible to separate any two layers with a probe or point of a knife blade so that the layers separate cleanly or such that the knife blade moves freely between the layers. If separation of the layers occurs during testing of the field samples, new samples will be cut from the work. The composite of the materials will, upon installation inside the host pipe, exceed the minimum test standards specified by the American Society for Testing Methods. The CIPP design for the lateral tube shall assume no bonding to the original pipe, in accordance with ASTM F1216. Any reoccurrence may be cause for rejection of the work. The cured liner shall meet TABLE 02772 1 Minimum Physical Properties.

Winning in Tysical Troperties								
Physical Characteristics	Test Procedure	Minimum Value						
Flexural Strength	ASTM D790	4,500-psi						
Flexural Modulus	ASTM D790	250,000-psi						
Flexural Modulus (50-year)	ASTM D790	125,000-psi						

TABLE 02772- 1 Minimum Physical Properties

- A. Lateral Liner Tube
 - 1. The sewer service lateral liner shall be a single piece liner that lines the lateral and be a contiguous part of the mainline. The tube shall consist of 1 or more layers of a flexible needled felt or an equivalent non-woven or woven material, or a combination of non-woven and woven materials, capable of carrying resin, withstanding installation pressures and curing temperatures. The tube should be compatible with the resin system to be used on this project. The material should be able to stretch to fit irregular pipe sections and negotiate bends. Projected changes in groundwater level, temperature and other loading factors shall cause no significant changes in the service characteristics or service life of the sewer pipe liner. The liner will be continuous in length and the wall thickness shall be uniform. The tube will be capable of conforming to offset joints, bells, and disfigured pipe sections. The mainline liner will be flat with one end overlapping the second end and sized accordingly to create a circular lining equal to the diameter of the mainline pipe. The resin will be polyester or vinyl ester with proper catalysts as designed for the specific The cured-in-place pipe shall provide a smooth bore interior. application. Installation will be accomplished remotely using air or water for inversion and curing. The cured pipe repair system shall be watertight and shall conform to the existing pipe and eliminate any leakage or connection to the outside of the host pipe/service.
 - 2. The liner shall be polyester fiber felt tubing saturated with an epoxy vinyl ester or polyester resin prior to insertion which when cured, will be chemically resistant to reagents as defined in ASTM F1216, ASTM F1743, and ASTM D543 as applicable.
 - 3. The system proposed (materials, methods, workmanship) must be proven through previous successful installations to an extent and nature satisfactory to the County that is consistent with the size of the project being proposed. Since CIPP is intended to have a minimum 50-year design life, only products deemed to have this performance will be accepted.
 - 4. The lateral liner shall be fabricated under controlled conditions to a size that, when installed, will tightly fit the internal circumference and the length of the original conduit. Allowances should be made for the longitudinal and circumferential stretching that occurs during placement of the tube. Maximum stretching allowances shall be as defined in ASTM F1216 or ASTM F1743. The Contractor shall verify the lengths in the field before cutting the liner to length. The finished pipe liner in place shall be fabricated from materials which when complete are chemically resistant to and will withstand internal exposure to domestic sewage having a pH range of 5 to 11 and temperatures up to 150°F.
 - 5. All CIPP lining products shall comply with the latest versions of ASTM D5813 and ASTM F1216 or ASTM F1743, including appendices.
 - 6. The tube shall be uniform in thickness and when subjected to the installation pressures shall meet or exceed the designed wall thickness
 - 7. Any plastic film applied to the tube on what will become the interior wall of the finished CIPP shall be compatible with the resin system used, translucent enough that the resin is clearly visible, and shall be firmly bonded to the felt material.

- 8. At time of manufacture, each lot of liner shall be inspected and certified to be free of defects. The tube shall be marked for distance at regular intervals along its entire length, not to exceed 5-feet. Such markings shall also include the Manufacturer's name or identifying symbol.
- 9. Liners may be made of single or multiple layer construction where any layer must not be less than 1.5-mm thick and total minimum thickness is 3.0-mm. A suitable mechanical strengthener membrane or strip may be placed in between layers where required to control longitudinal stretching.
- B. Resin Components
 - 1. The resin system shall be a corrosion resistant epoxy vinyl ester or polyester that when properly cured within the tube composite meets the minimum requirements given herein or those that are to be utilized in the design of the CIPP for this project. The catalyst system may be accelerated to promote curing.
 - 2. The resin used shall not contain non-strength enhancing fillers.
 - 3. The Contractor shall submit the resin characteristics, including filler identification, to the County for approval prior to lining activities.
- C. Interface Seal
 - 1. The interface seal shall be a polyester impregnated, corrosion resistant fiberglass insert. The seal shall be of 1-piece construction and shall be designed such that when expanded shall tightly fit both T and Y connections at the interface between the mainline and lateral sewer. The seal shall extend into the mainline a minimum of 4-inches and shall provide a minimum of a 3-inch overlap inside the mainline pipe and be of equal thickness as the lateral liner at the interface.
 - 2. An epoxy sealant rated for piping applications shall be applied to the seal to ensure that any gap between the interface of the mainline pipe and the CIPP lateral lining is air and watertight.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 DETERMINATION OF LATERALS TO BE LINED OR REPLACED

- A. Install cleanouts to access laterals for CCTV inspection for the specific laterals listed in the Drawings.
- B. Contractor shall perform a pre-CCTV inspection of the laterals per Section 02762, "Televising Sanitary Sewers". County will determine upon review of the CCTV inspection the quantity of laterals which will be renewed.
- C. After completing the video inspection, the Contractor shall provide the CCTV videos to the County for review and to determine which laterals requires renewal or replacement.

3.02 GENERAL

- A. The Contractor shall carry out his operations in strict accordance with all OSHA, State, local, and manufacturer's safety requirements. Particular attention is drawn to those safety requirements involving entering confined spaces. Curing with pressurized steam creates additional safety concerns with regard to high temperatures, quick burn times, potential blow offs, etc. Contractors shall take additional precautions to insure the safety of everyone nearby curing mechanisms.
- B. It is the intent of this specification to provide for the renewal of sewer service laterals by the installation of a resin-impregnated flexible tube and a mainline/lateral connection seal. The tube is either inverted or pulled into the original service lateral through a newly installed cleanout and then expanded to fit tightly against the lateral by the use of water or air pressure. The resin system shall then be cured by elevating the temperature of the fluid (water/air) used for the inflation to a sufficient enough level for the initiators in the resin to effect a reaction. The finished pipe shall be such that when the thermosetting resin cures, the total wall thickness shall be a homogeneous and monolithic felt and resin composite matrix that will be chemically resistant to withstand internal exposure to domestic sewage.
- C. The system shall be provided with a seal at the mainline/lateral interface. The finished seal shall be such that when the thermosetting resin cures, the seal bonds to the lateral liner forming an airtight and watertight interface and will provide chemical resistance to domestic sewage.
- D. The Contractor shall deliver the liner to the site and provide all equipment required to insert the liner into the host pipe and cure it in place. The Contractor shall designate a location where the tube will be vacuum impregnated prior to installation. The Contractor shall notify the County at least 72-hours prior to wet out to allow the County to observe the materials and wet out procedure. All procedures to prepare the liner for installation will be in strict accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Any material not properly prepared shall be rejected and replaced with acceptable materials at the Contractor's expense.
- E. The liner shall be impregnated with resin and stored according with manufacturer recommendations.

3.03 PREPARATION

- A. The Contractor shall notify all residents affected by this construction at least 24-hours prior to any service disruption affecting their service connection. The mainline sewer shall be kept in operation during the lateral lining operations. Customers shall be notified by the Contractor with door hanger advising the customers of when the Work will begin, expected date of completion, the type of work and contact person for any questions.
- B. The Contractor shall install a cleanout at the respective right-of-way line, property line or easement line prior to or immediately after the lining procedure. Cleanouts shall be installed per the County's requirements as shown on the drawings and specified herein.

- C. The Contractor shall perform cleaning of the lateral and affected areas of the existing sewer line in accordance with the liner manufacturer's recommendations, videotaping, and inspection prior to installation of the CIPP lateral. The Contractor, when required, shall remove all internal debris out of the pipeline that will interfere with the installation of the CIPP. The Contractor shall provide an appropriate dumpsite for all debris removed during the cleaning operations. Precautions shall be taken by the Contractor to ensure that no damage or flooding of public or private property is caused by the cleaning operation.
- D. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to notify the County of line obstructions, offset joints, or collapsed pipe that will prevent the insertion of the tube or significantly reduce the capacity of the lateral. The County with input from the Contractor shall determine the method of pipe repair required and shall address these concerns on a case-by-case basis.
- E. Protruding laterals or services shall be trimmed flush with the inside of the main sewer wall prior to lining. Trimming shall not cause damage to the lateral or service beyond the inside face of the main sewer.

3.04 PRETREATMENT OF REGULATED CHEMICALS TO DISCHARGE INTO SEWER

- A. CIPP liner systems using resins containing styrene or other regulated chemicals that will be discharged into the wastewater system shall require a pretreatment plan to remove the regulated chemicals to acceptable levels prior to discharge. The Contractor shall submit the pretreatment plan to the County for approval prior to discharge. The information required shall include:
 - 1. MSDS for all chemicals used in the process and that will be discharged into the wastewater system
 - 2. Representative analytical data that was performed in the past for the proposed process, as collected from the wastewater stream
 - 3. The addresses and mapped locations of the discharge
 - 4. The total duration of discharge request
 - 5. The anticipated discharge temperature. Discharges in excess of 140°F are not permitted.
 - 6. The Contractor shall submit for approval a summary table of pre-treatment design calculations in Excel containing the following information:
 - a. Dates of discharge of each section
 - b. Lining section numbers using the OCUD numbering system
 - c. Length and diameter of each section
 - d. Volume (in gallons) of inversion water of each section
 - e. Volume (in gallons) of cool down water of each section
 - f. Total volume (in gallons) of inversion and cooling water of each section
 - g. Regulated chemical (in pounds) in discharge volume of each section
 - h. Reduction chemical (in pounds) to meet post treatment concentration limit
 - i. Reaction time period (in hours) to achieve post treatment concentration limit
 - j. Cool down time period (in hours)
 - k. Regulated chemical post treatment concentration limit (in PPM)

7. The Contractor shall provide pre-treatment and post-treatment sampling and laboratory analysis of the process wastewater and submit the results to the County for verification.

3.05 BYPASS PUMPING

- A. When the flow demand on the lateral dictates that bypass pumping is required, the Contractor shall furnish all necessary pumping equipment, conduit, etc. to adequately and safely divert sewage flow around the Work in a manner approved by the County and as set forth in Section 01516 "Collection System Bypass." No flow shall be discharged on the surface, into storm sewers, in ditches, or in waterways.
- B. During a bypass operation, the pump shall be manned continuously: The Contractor shall maintain the pump and bypass equipment, and shall be responsible for any damages to public or private property due to the malfunction of same.

3.06 CLEANING SEWER LINES

- A. Prior to any lining of a pipe so designated, it shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to remove all internal debris and clean the existing sewer line and/or lateral in accordance with Section 02761 "Cleaning Sanitary Sewer Systems." Both mainline and lateral line shall be cleaned.
 - 1. Preparation of the interior surface shall be accomplished by a thorough high-pressure water-jet cleaning. The pipe shall be left free of all loose sand, rock, or other deleterious materials. Any roots in the pipe shall be either removed or cut off flush with the interior.
 - 2. If conditions such as broken pipe and major blockages are found that will prevent proper cleaning or where additional damage would result if cleaning is attempted or continued, the Contractor shall notify the County immediately. The County will determine what course of action will be taken to complete the project.
 - 3. Precautions shall be taken by the Contractor to ensure that no damage or flooding of public or private property is caused by the cleaning operation.
 - 4. The County shall inspect the prepared pipe for cleanliness and smoothness before the Contractor is authorized to proceed with pipe lining operations.
- B. Pipe Preparation: The liner method must be compatible with the existing mainline pipes interior coatings or materials that could cause a separation or a natural joint because of the lack of adhesion.

3.07 PRE AND POST TELEVISION INSPECTION

A. Television survey shall be performed in accordance with Section 02762 "Televising Sanitary Sewer Systems", including Pre-construction and Post-construction Surveys. The Contractor shall provide television equipment capable of properly documenting the conditions as found within the lateral. The camera equipment shall be capable of launching into the full length of each lateral and providing an accurate picture of the lateral to be lined. Lighting for the camera shall illuminate the entire periphery of the lateral.

- B. Both a pre-lining and post-lining digital data video shall be submitted to the County for approval. The Contractor shall launch into each lateral connection on both pre and post inspections. The digital data video shall be clearly and properly labeled. A digital data video and a suitable log shall be prepared by the Contractor during the Work and provided to the County.
- C. The liner shall be continuous and free of all visual and material defects except those resulting from pre-lined conditions (such conditions shall be brought to the attention of the County prior to lining). There shall be no damage, deflection, holes, delaminating, uncured resin or other visual defects in the liner. The liner surface shall be smooth and free of waviness throughout the pipe. No visible leakage through the liner or at manhole or service lateral connections will be allowed. Any defects located during the inspection shall be corrected by the Contractor to conform to the requirements of the specifications and to the satisfaction of the County. The Contractor shall not reactivate any section of lined sewer pipe until authorized to do so by the County.

3.08 CIPP LINER INSTALLATION

- A. The CIPP shall be installed in accordance with the practices given in ASTM F1216 (for direct inversion installations) or ASTM F1743 (for pulled-in-place installations). The quantity of resin used for the tube's impregnation shall be sufficient to fill the volume of air voids in the tube with additional allowances being made for polymerization shrinkage and the loss of any resin through cracks and irregularities in the original pipe wall. A vacuum impregnation process shall be used in conjunction with a roller system to achieve a uniform distribution of the resin throughout the tube.
- B. The resin-impregnated tube shall be installed into the host pipe by methods approved by the manufacturer and proven through previous successful installations. The insertion method shall not cause abrasion or scuffing of the tube. Hydrostatic or air pressure shall be used to inflate the tube and mold it against the walls of the host pipe. There will be no use of sewage in place of clean water for insertion of the tube, or for the curing of the liner.
- C. The tube is to be installed at a rate sufficient to cause controlled installation of the tube into the conduit. The tube shall be installed in such a manner that no damage is done to the tube.
- D. Should there be any difference between the referenced requirements, the more stringent shall govern. Prior to construction, the Contractor shall submit to the County such written information which shall include, but not be limited to, storage and handling of lateral liner before installation, preparing liner for installation, installing the liner in the sewer lateral, temperature and pressure requirements for inverting and setting the liner, curing and cool down procedures, end seals and service restore.
- E. The Contractor shall have on hand at all times, for use by his personnel and the County, a digital thermometer or other means of accurately and quickly checking the temperature of exposed portions of the liner.

3.09 CURING

- A. After inversion is completed the Contractor shall supply suitable heat source and recirculation equipment. The equipment shall be capable of delivering heat throughout the section to uniformly raise the temperature above the temperature required to affect a cure of the resin. This temperature shall be determined by the resin/catalyst system employed.
- B. The heat source shall be fitted with suitable monitors to gauge the temperature of the incoming and outgoing heat supply. Thermocouples shall be placed between the tube and the host pipe to determine the liner temperature during cure. The water or air temperature in the pipe during the cure period shall be as recommended by the resin manufacturer.
- C. Initial cure shall be deemed to be completed when inspection of the exposed portions of cured pipe appear to be hard and sound and the remote temperature sensor indicates that the temperature is of a magnitude to realize an exotherm. The cure period shall be of a duration recommended by the resin manufacturer, as modified for the installation process, during which time the recirculation and cycling of the heat exchanger to maintain the temperature continues. The heat source shall be shut down during the post cure.
- D. Temperatures shall be monitored and recorded throughout the installation process to ensure that each phase of the process is achieved at the manufacturer's recommended temperature levels. Copies of these records shall be given to the County at the completion of each installation.

3.10 COOL DOWN

A. Cool down may be accomplished by the introduction of cool water or air into the installation standpipe to replace the initial heating agent. The Contractor shall cool the hardened pipe to a temperature below 100°F before relieving the pressure in the pressure apparatus. A minimum period of post cure shall be maintained under a static head to provide a minimum hoop tension on the tube felt. Care shall be taken in the release of the static head so that a vacuum will not be developed.

3.11 INTERFACE SEAL INSTALLATION

- A. The interface seal between the mainline and the lateral shall be installed by remote device from inside of the sewer main. The seal shall be properly expanded with air pressure to tightly fit the lateral interface.
- B. Seal installation shall be installed in strict accordance with the manufacturer's written specifications, recommendations and these specifications.

- C. The finished seal shall be continuous over the entire interface and be as free as commercially practical from visual defects such as foreign inclusions, dry spots and pinholes. The seal shall be homogeneous, impervious, and free of any leakage from the surrounding ground to the inside of the lined pipe. The interface seal shall not inhibit the post video televising of the mainline or the service lateral pipes.
- D. During the warranty period, any defects which will affect the integrity or strength of the seal, collect solids, or reduce hydraulic flow capabilities of the product shall be repaired at the Contractor's expense in a manner mutually agreed upon by the County and the Contractor.

3.12 CLEANUP

A. After the installation work has been completed and all testing acceptable, the Contractor shall cleanup the entire project area. The Contractor shall dispose of all excess material and debris not incorporated into the permanent installation. The work area shall be left in a condition equal to or better than prior condition.

3.13 WARRANTY

A. The County shall conduct the warranty television inspection within 1-year after the date of acceptance. Any defective sections of liner located during the inspection shall be promptly repaired or replaced by the Contractor as directed by the County. In the event that a lateral liner or interface seal is found to be leaking during the inspection, the Contractor shall be required to promptly replace it with a new section of pipe or liner or, if approved by the County, to eliminate the leak(s) by other means of repair.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02773

SERVICE LATERAL CLEAN-OUTS FOR TELEVISING ACCESS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

- A. Scope of Work: The Contractor shall install service lateral cleanouts on gravity mains, not being replaced, to perform the CCTV inspection of the service laterals. All costs of material, equipment, labor and other costs due to the unspecified field conditions shall be borne by the Contractor.
- B. Record Information: The Contractor shall submit to the County the locations and elevations of the clean-out tops.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 GENERAL

A. All material supplied shall be one of the products specified in Appendix D "List of Approved Products" appended to these technical specifications.

2.02 MATERIALS

- A. Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe and Fittings: Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe shall meet the requirements of Section 15064 "Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe and Fittings."
- B. Concrete and Reinforcing Steel: Concrete and reinforcing steel shall conform to the requirements of Division 3 Concrete. Concrete classes for the various purposes shall be as follows:
 - 1. Manhole bottoms, Class A
 - 2. Precast manholes, Class A (4,000-psi)
 - 3. Pipe and riser encasement, Class C
 - 4. Protective slabs, Class C
- C. Cement Mortar: Cement mortar for manhole construction shall comply with ASTM Designation C 270, Type M, except that the cement shall be Portland Type II only. No mortars that have stood for more than 1-hour shall be used.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 PREPARATION

A. The interior of all pipe shall be thoroughly cleaned of all foreign material before being installed and shall be kept clean.

3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Sewer Pipe
 - 1. PVC Pipe
 - a. Handling PVC pipe: The handling of PVC pipe shall be in such a manner that the pipe is not damaged by dragging it over sharp and cutting objects. Sections of pipe with deep cuts and gouges shall be removed and discarded at no expense to the County.
 - 2. Building Laterals/Service Connections
 - a. Service lateral connections shall be constructed in accordance with the details as indicated on the Drawings.
 - b. All connections and changes of direction shall be made using standard fittings designed for that purpose.
 - c. Locator balls shall be placed under all sanitary sewer service cleanouts.
 - d. On curbed streets, the exact location for each service connection shall be marked by etching or cutting an "S" in the concrete curb. Where no curb exists or is planned, locations shall be marked by a method approved by the County.

3.03 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Workmanship: Clean-outs shall be built watertight.
- B. Closed Circuit Television Inspection
 - 1. Internal gravity sewer video inspection shall be performed by the Contractor to check for alignment and deflection. The television inspection shall also be used to check for cracked, broken, or otherwise defective pipe and overall pipe integrity.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02774

WASTEWATER GRAVITY COLLECTION SYSTEM

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

A. Scope of Work: Construction of sanitary sewers, sewer connections and appurtenances as shown on the Drawings or specified herein.

1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Storage: PVC pipe shall be stored on level ground, preferably turf or sand, free of sharp objects which could damage the pipe. Stacking of the PVC pipe shall be limited to a height that will not cause excessive deformation of the bottom layers of pipes. Where necessary, due to ground conditions, the pipe shall be stored on wooden sleepers, spaced suitably and of such width as not to allow deformation of the pipe at the point of contact with the sleeper or between supports.
- B. Tests: Certified records of tests made by the manufacturer or by a reliable commercial laboratory shall be submitted with each shipment of pipe. All pipe shall be inspected upon delivery and that which does not conform to the requirements of these specifications shall be rejected and must be immediately removed by the Contractor. The Contractor shall furnish and provide samples of pipe for the performance of such additional tests as the County may deem necessary.

1.03 SHOP DRAWINGS AND SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be submitted to the County for review and acceptance prior to construction in accordance with the General Conditions and specifications Section 01300 "Submittals."
 - 1. Precast manholes
 - 2. Manhole frames, covers, and other castings
 - 3. Manufacturer's certified test report on castings
 - 4. Certification of admix installation from pre-caster
 - 5. Certified test records for polyvinyl chloride pipe
 - 6. Mill Test Certificates on ductile iron pipe
 - 7. Manhole pipe connections
 - 8. Coal tar epoxy
 - 9. Special interior linings
- B. Record Information: The Contractor shall submit to the County the elevations of the center of the manhole covers and inverts of all pipes in the manholes.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 GENERAL

A. All material supplied shall be one of the products specified in Appendix D "List of Approved Products" appended to these technical specifications.

2.02 MATERIALS

- A. Ductile Iron Pipe and Fittings: Ductile iron pipe shall meet the requirements of Section 15062 "Ductile Iron Pipe and Fittings."
- B. Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe and Fittings: Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe shall meet the requirements of Section 15064 "Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe and Fittings."
- C. Precast Concrete Manholes
 - 1. Precast manholes shall conform to the requirements of ASTM Designation C 478.
 - a. The minimum shell thickness shall be 5-inches.
 - b. Lifting holes through the structures are not permitted.
 - c. The design of the structure shall include a precast base of not less than 8-inches in thickness poured monolithically with the bottom section of the manhole walls.
 - d. Where drop structures are required, the design of the structure shall include a precast base, for the drop structure, of not less than 8-inches in thickness poured monolithically with the bottom section of the manhole walls.
 - e. New manholes shall contain a crystalline waterproofing concrete admix. Crystalline waterproofing concrete admix shall be added to the concrete during the batching operation. Admix concentration shall be added based upon manufacturer design percent concentration of admixture to the required weight of cement. The amount of cement shall remain the same and not be reduced. A colorant shall be added to verify the admix was added to the concrete for all precast manholes. Colorant shall be added and provided at the admix manufacturing facility, not at the concrete batch plant. Contractor shall provide certification from the pre-caster that the admix was installed in accordance with the manufacturers recommendations.
 - 2. Top sections shall be eccentric, except that concrete top slab shall be used where shallow cover requires a top section less than 3-feet deep.
 - 3. New manholes shall be lined with Interior Linings where shown on the Drawings.
- D. Concrete and Reinforcing Steel: Concrete and reinforcing steel shall conform to the requirements of Division 3 Concrete. Concrete classes for the various purposes shall be as follows:
 - 1. Manhole bottoms, Class A
 - 2. Precast manholes, Class A (4,000-psi)
 - 3. Pipe and riser encasement, Class C
 - 4. Protective slabs, Class C

- E. Castings: Gray iron castings for manhole frames, covers, adjustment rings, and other items shall conform to the ASTM Designation A 48, Class 30. Castings shall be true to pattern in form and dimensions and free of pouring faults and other defects in positions which would impair their strength, or otherwise make them unfit for the service intended. No plugging or filling will be allowed. Lifting or "pick" holes shall be provided, but shall not penetrate the cover. Casting patterns shall conform to those shown or indicated on the Drawings. The words SANITARY and ORANGE COUNTY, FLORIDA shall be cast in all manhole covers as shown on the Drawings. All manhole frames and covers shall be traffic bearing to meet AASHTO H-20 loadings unless otherwise specified.
- F. Brick: Brick for manhole construction shall be dense, hard burned, shale, or clay brick conforming to ASTM Designation C 32, Grade MM or C 62, Grade MW, except that brick absorption shall be between 5 and 25-grams of water absorbed in 1-minute by dried brick, set flat face down, in 1/8-inch of water.
- G. Cement Mortar: Cement mortar for manhole construction shall comply with ASTM Designation C 270, Type M, except that the cement shall be Portland Type II only. No mortars that have stood for more than 1-hour shall be used.
- H. Pipe Adapter: Connection of PVC gravity sewer lines to precast manholes and wetwells shall be made by using a flexible boot type manhole coupling adapter.
- I. Interior Linings (existing structures): Interior surfaces of existing manholes and wetwells shall be coated or lined to resist corrosion where shown on the Drawings. Coatings and linings shall meet the requirements of Section 09901 Coatings and Linings.
- J. Interior Linings (proposed structures): Interior surfaces of new wetwells shall be lined. Interior surfaces of new manholes shall be lined where shown on the Drawings. Coatings and linings shall meet the requirements of Section 09901 Coatings and Linings.
- K. Joint Sealer: Joint sealer material for precast manhole structures shall be pre-formed flexible plastic conforming to Federal Specification SS-S-00210 (GSA-FSS). Seal all exterior joints with Portland Type II cement after setting of joint sealer and placement of manhole section to form a watertight joint.
- L. Non-Shrink Mortar: Non-shrink mortar shall be used for filling annular spaces and holes in precast manholes and wetwells.
- M. Manhole Encapsulation: Manhole cones, riser rings, iron frame, cover, and all joints shall be encapsulated with a heat shrink-wrap with a minimum thickness of 98-mils (2.5-mm).
 - 1. Wrap shall have a cross-linked polyolefin backing coated with a protective heat activated adhesive. The wrap shall effectively bond to the substrate via primer provided by the manufacturer. The wrap shall be applied with a high intensity propane torch.
 - 2. Heat shrink-wrap for all barrel section joints of manholes shall be a minimum 9-inch width. Corbel section, riser rings, and ring and cover shall have a minimum 12-inch width wrap.
 - 3. Adhesive tap materials shall not be allowed.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 PREPARATION

- A. Upon satisfactory excavation of the pipe trench, as specified in Section 02220 "Excavating, Backfilling and Compacting" a continuous trough for the pipe barrel and recesses for the pipe bells shall be excavated by hand digging so that, when the pipe is laid in the trench, true to line and grade, the pipe barrel will receive continuous uniform support and the bell will receive no pressure from the trench bottom.
- B. The interior of all pipe shall be thoroughly cleaned of all foreign material before being lowered in the trench and shall be kept clean during laying operations by means of plugs or other approved methods.

3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Sewer Pipe
 - 1. General
 - a. Laying of pipe shall proceed upgrade with spigot ends pointing in the direction of flow. Before pipe is joined, gaskets shall be cleaned of all dirt, stones, and other foreign material. The spigot ends of the pipe and/or pipe gaskets shall be lubricated lightly with a lubricant as specified by the pipe manufacturer and approved by the County. Sufficient pressure shall be applied to the pipe so as to properly seat the socket into the bell of the pipe. Any damage to the pipe due to over-exertion shall be replaced at the Contractor's expense. All pipe shall be laid straight, true to the lines and grades shown on the Drawings.
 - b. Variance from established line and grade, at any point along the length of the pipe, shall not be greater than 1/32-inch per inch of pipe diameter and not to exceed 1/2-inch, provided that any such variation does not result in a level or reverse sloping invert.
 - c. Any pipe, which is disturbed or found to be defective after installation, shall be taken up and relayed or replaced at the Contractor's expense.
 - d. Approved utility crossing signs shall be placed on the pipe alignment at each side of any waterway crossing.
 - 2. PVC Pipe
 - a. Handling PVC pipe: The handling of PVC pipe shall be in such a manner that the pipe is not damaged by dragging it over sharp and cutting objects. Sections of pipe with deep cuts and gouges shall be removed and discarded at no expense to the County.
 - b. Lowering pipe into trench: Care shall be exercised when lowering pipe into the trench to prevent damage to or twisting of the pipe.
 - 3. Building Laterals/Service Connections
 - a. Service connections shall be constructed in accordance with the details as indicated on the Drawings.
 - b. Sewer lateral pipe shall be extended to the right-of-way and plugged at the right-ofway line to avoid leakage (unless otherwise indicated on the Drawings). All connections and changes of direction shall be made using standard fittings designed for that purpose.
 - c. Locator balls shall be placed under all sanitary sewer service cleanouts.

- d. On curbed streets, the exact location for each service connection shall be marked by etching or cutting an "S" in the concrete curb. Where no curb exists or is planned, locations shall be marked by a method approved by the County.
- 4. PVC C-900 DR 14 Pipe Section: PVC C-900 DR 14 pipe shall be substituted for the specified PVC pipe where:
 - a. The sewer or service pipe is to be constructed with less than 30-inches of cover between the top of the pipe and the final top of pavement or ground line.
 - b. The PVC sewer main crosses over a water main, or is at a depth which results in less than 18-inches clear distance between pipes when crossing under a water main. The DR 14 pipe shall extend a minimum of 10-feet on each side of the point of crossing.
 - c. The lateral separation of the sewer pipe and potable water piping is less than 10-feet.
- B. Manholes:
 - 1. Manhole excavation and bedding at manhole junctions shall be performed in accordance with the provisions of Section 02220 "Excavating, Backfilling and Compacting" of these specifications.
 - 2. The invert channels shall be smooth and accurately shaped to a semicircular bottom conforming to the inside of the adjacent sewer section using 2,500-psi concrete. Steep slopes outside the invert channels shall be avoided. Changes in size and grade shall be made gradually and evenly. Changes in the direction of the sewer or entering branch shall be a smooth curve with radius as long as practicable. Invert channels shall also be formed for pipe stubouts.
 - 3. The first pipe joint outside the manhole shall be located a minimum distance of 24-inches from the outside surface of the manhole.
 - 4. Precast manhole tops shall terminate at such elevations to permit laying brick courses under the manhole frame to make allowance for future street grade adjustments.
 - 5. Frames and covers shall be set accurately to conform to the finished grade.
 - 6. Outside drop connections shall be made in accordance with the details shown on the Drawings.
 - 7. Drop connection base slab extensions on precast manholes shall be manufactured monolithically with the manhole elements at the casting yard. The manufacturer shall submit for approval the method of drop manhole construction.
 - 8. Where additional pipe connections or modifications of existing factory made openings are required on new or existing precast concrete manholes or wetwells, all cutting relative thereto shall be performed only by a power driven abrasive wheel or saw. It is specifically noted that such connections to existing manholes or wetwells shall be installed in accordance with the details for new units shown on the Drawings, and shall be caulked watertight with non-shrink grout.
 - 9. Connection of the pipe entering the manhole shall be made by using a flexible boot type manhole coupling adapter. At the entry into the manhole, no part of the horizontal pipe shall rest against the concrete.
 - 10. Manholes shall be completed as the work progresses so that testing may be conducted as prescribed in paragraph 3.03 Field Quality Control.
- C. Concrete encasement: Class C concrete encasement shall be constructed in accordance with details shown on the Drawings.

- 1. The County may order the line encased when:
 - a. The sewer main crosses over a water main, or is at a depth which results in less than 18-inches clear distance between pipes when crossing under a water main. Encasement shall extend a minimum of 10-feet on each side of the point of crossing. In lieu of encasement, the sewer line may be constructed of PVC DR 14 pipe and shall be laid such that both joints will be a distance of 10-feet from the crossing.
 - b. The maximum width for trench excavations is exceeded. The Contractor shall construct concrete encasement around the pipe for the length of the excessive excavation. No payment will be made for the concrete encasement required due to excessive trench widths.
- 2. The points of beginning and ending of pipe encasement shall be not more than 6inches from a pipe joint to protect the pipe from cracking due to uneven settlement of its foundation or the effects of superimposed live loads.
- D. Concrete protective slabs: Concrete protective slabs as shown on the Drawings shall be constructed over gravity sewers that have less than 3-feet of cover from finished grade.
- E. Connections to existing structures: Proposed sewer lines shall be connected to the existing manholes by core drilling the proper size opening and installing a flexible boot type manhole adapter as specified in paragraph 2.01.H of this Section.
- F. Invert channels (benching) shall be provided for all new manholes and existing manholes which are connected into. No brick shall be allowed in construction of the manhole invert. Inverts shall be poured using 2,500-psi concrete.

3.03 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Workmanship: Sewers and appurtenances shall be built watertight. The sewage must be pumped for disposal and special care and attention must be paid to securing watertight construction. Upon completion, the sewers, or sections thereof, will be tested and gauged and if leakage is above the allowable limits specified, the sewer will be rejected.
- B. Inspection: On completion of each block or section of sewer, or such other times as the County may direct, the block or section of sewer shall be cleaned, tested, and inspected.
 - 1. Each section of the sewer shall show, on examination from either end, a full circle of light between manholes.
 - 2. Each manhole or other appurtenance to the system shall be of the specified size and form, be watertight (no leakage allowed by visual inspection), and be constructed with the top set permanently to specified position and grade. All repairs shown necessary by the inspection shall be made; broken or cracked pipe replaced; all deposits removed and the sewer left true to line and grade, entirely clean and ready for use.
 - 3. No pipe shall exceed a deflection of 5%. After the final backfill has been in place at least 30-days, the Contractor shall perform deflection testing using a rigid ball or mandrel with a diameter of not less than 95% of the base inside diameter or average inside diameter of the pipe, depending which is specified in the ASTM standard to which the pipe is manufactured. If the mandrel does not pass the completed section of sewer, the entire section of sewer will be rejected.

- C. Closed Circuit Television Inspection:
 - 1. Internal gravity sewer video inspection shall be performed by the Contractor to check for alignment and deflection. The television inspection shall also be used to check for cracked, broken, or otherwise defective pipe and overall pipe integrity.
 - 2. The video internal inspection will be performed in 2 stages. The first inspection shall be within 30-days after the installation of the gravity sewer pipe provided the road base is in place and the manhole rings and covers are to grade. The second inspection of the gravity sewer pipe shall be before the end of the 1-year warranty period.
 - 3. If the first or second video inspection reveals cracked, broken, or defective pipe, or pipe misalignment resulting in vertical sags in excess of 1-1/2-inch or a ring defection in excess of 5%, the Contractor shall be required to repair or replace the pipeline. Successful passage of both the low-pressure air exfiltration test and video inspection is required before acceptance by the County.
 - 4. Prior to repair or replacement of failed sewer pipe, the method of repair or replacement shall be submitted to the County for approval. Pressure grouting of pipe or manholes shall not be considered as an acceptable method of repair.
- D. Low Pressure Air Exfiltration Testing:
 - 1. The Contractor shall provide all labor, equipment, and materials and shall conduct all testing required under the direction of the County
 - 2. Low pressure air testing shall conform to the requirements of UNI-B6-79 "Recommend Practice for Low-Pressure Air Testing of Installed Sewer Pipe", as published by UNI-Bell Plastic Pipe Association.
 - 3. During sewer Construction, all service laterals, stubs, and fittings into the sewer test section shall be properly capped or plugged so as not to allow for air loss that could cause an erroneous air test result. Where necessary, the Contractor shall restrain caps, plugs, or short pipe lengths such that blowouts are prevented.
 - 4. Each test section shall not exceed 400-feet in length and shall be tested between adjacent manholes.
 - 5. Before testing, Contractor shall install monitoring wells at each manhole to determine groundwater level and adjust test pressure accordingly. In no case shall the test pressure exceed 9.0-psig. All pressurizing equipment shall include a regulator or relief valve set no higher than 9.0-psig to avoid over-pressurizing.
 - 6. Low-pressure air shall be slowly introduced into the sealed line until the internal air pressure reaches 4.0-psig greater than the average backpressure of any groundwater above the invert of the pipe, but not greater than 9.0-psig.
 - 7. When temperatures have been equalized and pressure stabilized at 4.0-psig greater than the average groundwater backpressure, the air hose from the control panel to the air supply shall be shut off or disconnected. The continuous monitoring pressure gauge shall then be observed while the pressure is decreased to no less than 3.5-psig greater than the average groundwater backpressure. At a reading of 3.5-psig greater than the average groundwater backpressure, timing shall commence with a stopwatch or other timing device that is at least 99.8% accurate.
 - 8. If the time shown in the table, for the designated pipe size and length, elapses before the air pressure drops 1-psig; the section under-going test shall have passed. The test may be discontinued once the prescribed time has elapsed.

- 9. If the pressure drops 1-psig before the appropriate time shown in the table has elapsed, the air loss rate shall be considered excessive and the section of pipe has failed the test.
- 10. Should the section fail to meet test requirements, the Contractor shall determine the source or sources of leakage, and make all necessary repairs and shall repeat the test until the test section is within established limits. All corrective work shall be at the Contractor's expense.
- E. Correction of Non-Conforming work:
 - 1. All non-conforming work shall be repaired or replaced by the Contractor at no additional expense to the County. Non-conforming work shall be defined as failure to adhere to any specified or implied directive of these technical special provisions and/or the Drawings, including but not limited to pipe not laid straight, true to the lines and grades as shown on the Drawings, damaged or unacceptable materials, misalignment or diameter ring deflection in pipe due to bedding or backfilling, water standing in any pipe segment or structure, visible or detectable leakage, and failure to pass any specified test or inspection.

	TEST TIME:										
For se	For sewer diameter between 8 inches and 36 inches inclusive, the pipe shall be tested between adjacent manholes.										
	The test time for the air pressure to drop the specified one pound shall be as listed below:										
	SPECIFICATION TIME REQUIRED FOR A 1.0 PSIG PRESSURE DROP										
1	2	3	4								
Pipe	Minimum	Length for	Time for	Teat							
Dia.	Time	Minimum	Longer	Feet							
(in.)	(min:sec)	Time (ft)	Length (sec)								
				100	150	200	250	300	350	400	450
6	5:40	398	0.854 L	5:40	5:40	5:40	5:40	5:40	5:40	5:42	6:24
8	7:34	298	1.520 L	7:34	7:34	7:34	7:34	7:36	8:52	10:08	11:24
10	9:26	239	2.374 L	9:26	9:26	9:26	9:53	11:52	13:51	15:49	17:48
12	11:20	199	3.148 L	11:20	11:20	11:24	14:15	17:05	19:56	22:47	25:38
15	14:10	159	5.342 L	14:10	14:10	17:48	22:15	26:42	31:09	35:36	40:04
18	17:00	133	7.692 L	17:00	19:13	25:38	32:03	38:27	44:52	51:16	57:41
21	19:50	114	10.470 L	19:50	26:10	34:54	43:37	52:21	61:00	69:48	78:31
24	22:40	99	13.674 L	22:47	34:11	45:34	56:58	68:22	79:46	91:10	102:33
27	25:30	88	17.306 L	28:51	43:16	57:41	72:07	86:32	100:57	115:22	129:48
30	28:20	80	21.366 L	35:37	53:26	71:13	89:02	106:50	124:38	142:26	160:15
36	34:00	66	30.768 L	51:17	76:55	102:34	128:12	153:50	179:29	205:07	230:46

Table 02774-1 Test Time Table

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02775

WASTEWATER MANHOLE REHABILITATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

- A. Scope of Work: Sanitary sewer manhole rehabilitation including:
 - 1. Rehabilitation and leak proofing of manholes by lining with spray applied or centrifugally cast light-weight structural reinforced concrete, spray applied epoxy resin systems, or equal as determined by County.
 - 2. The repair and sealing of the manhole base, bench, invert, walls, corbel/cone, and chimney of brick, block, or precast manholes, including the removal of any unsound material.
 - 3. The inspection and testing of the various types of work to insure compliance.

1.02 REFERENCES

- A. Codes, Specifications, and Standards (Not Used)
- B. Testing and Materials Standards
 - 1. American Society of Testing and Materials (ASTM)
- C. Related Sections
 - 1. Section 01516 "Collection System Bypass"
 - 2. Section 02774 "Wastewater Gravity Collection Systems"
 - 3. Section 09901 "Coatings and Linings"
 - 4. Section 09910 "Prefabricated Fiberglass Liners"
- 1.03 DEFINITIONS (NOT USED)

1.04 RESPONSIBILITY FOR OVERFLOWS AND SPILLS

- A. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to schedule and perform his work so as to result in no overflows or spills of sewage from the system. If sewage flows are such that they interfere with the Contractor's ability to perform work, the Contractor shall be responsible for scheduling his work during low flow periods or provide bypass pumping. Bypass pumping shall be provided only with the specific written approval of the County.
- B. In the event of overflows caused by the Contractor's work activities, the Contractor shall immediately take appropriate action to contain and stop the overflow, clean up the spillage, disinfect the area affected by the spill, and notify County in a timely manner.

C. Contractor will indemnify and hold harmless the County for any fines or third-party claims for personal or property damage arising out of a spill or overflow that is fully or partially the responsibility of the Contractor. Should fines subsequently be imposed as a result of any overflow for which the Contractor is fully or partially responsible, the Contractor shall pay all such fines and all of the County's legal, engineering, and administrative costs in defending such fines and claims associated with the overflow.

1.05 SHOP DRAWINGS AND SUBMITTALS

- A. Shop Drawings shall be submitted to the County for review and acceptance prior to starting construction in accordance with the General Conditions and 01300 "Submittals" for the following:
 - 1. Manhole Liner
- B. Submittals shall be submitted to the County for review and acceptance at least 14-days prior to starting manhole rehabilitation in accordance with the General Conditions and Division 1 for the following:
 - 1. Manufacturers' Certificate of Compliance certifying compliance with the applicable Specifications and Standards. The certifications shall list all materials furnished under this Section.
 - 2. Certified copies of factory tests required by the applicable Standards, the Manufacturer, and this Section.
 - 3. Manufacturer's handling, storage, and installation instructions and procedures.
 - 4. Recommended lining thickness design to withstand groundwater pressure as specified in Part 3 of this Section.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 GENERAL

- A. Materials
 - 1. All materials furnished for this work shall be in accordance with the "List of Materials and Approved Manufacturers" as appended to these Specifications.
 - 2. The materials used shall be designed, manufactured, and intended for sewer manhole rehabilitation and the specific application in which they are used. The materials shall have a proven history of performance in sewer manhole rehabilitation. The materials shall be delivered to the job site in original unopened packages clearly labeled with the manufacturer's identification and printed instructions. All materials shall be stored and handled in accordance with recommendations of the manufacturer. All materials shall be mixed and applied in accordance with the manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 3. The Contractor shall warrant and hold harmless the County against all claims for patent infringement and any loss thereof.
 - 4. Handle and store all materials and dispose of all wastes in accordance with applicable regulations.

- 5. Each lining system shall be designed for application over wet surfaces (but not active running water) without degradation of the final product and/or the bond between the product and the manhole surfaces.
- B. The following shall be used for stopping active leaks in concrete and masonry manholes:
 - 1. A premixed fast-setting, volume-stable waterproof cement plug consisting of hydraulic cement, graded silica aggregates, special plasticizing, and accelerating agents. It shall not contain chlorides, gypsum's, plasters, iron particles, aluminum powder, or gas-forming agents, or promote the corrosion of steel it may come in contact with. Set time shall be approximately 1-minute. Ten (10) minute compressive strength shall be approximately 500-psi.
 - 2. A siliconate-based liquid accelerator field mixed with neat Portland cement. The set time shall be approximately 1-minute.
 - 3. The elastomeric polyurethane resin-soaked method, using dry twisted jute oakum, or resin-rod with polyurethane resin (water activated).
- C. The following shall be used for patching, repointing, filling, and repairing non-leaking holes, cracks, and spalls in concrete and masonry manholes:
 - 1. A premixed non-shrink cement-based patching material consisting of hydraulic cement, graded silica aggregates, special plasticizing and accelerating agents, which has been formulated for vertical or overhead use. It shall not contain chlorides, gypsums, plasters, iron particles, aluminum powder, or gas-forming agents or promote the corrosion of steel with which it may come into contact. Set time (ASTM C-191) shall be less than 30-minutes. One-hour compressive strength (ASTM C-109) shall be a minimum of 200-psi and the ultimate compressive strengths (ASTM C-882-Modified) shall be a minimum of 1,700-psi.
- D. Spray applied or centrifugally cast structural reinforced cement manhole lining
 - 1. The material applied to the surface of the manhole shall be a cementitious blend of calcium aluminate cement and manufactured calcium aluminate aggregates for constructing a liner that is impervious to the flow of water, is resistant to sulfide attack, and restores structural integrity to existing manhole walls.
 - 2. A monolithic liner shall be formed which covers all interior manhole surfaces and shall have the following minimum requirements at 28-days: Compressive Strength (ASTM C-579B) 3,000-psi Tensile Strength (ASTM C-496) 300-psi
 Flexural Strength (ASTM C-293) (Modified) 600-psi
 Shrinkage (ASTM C-596) 0% at 90% R.H.
 Bond (ASTM C-321) 130-psi
 Density, when applied 105± pcf
- E. Spray applied epoxy resin system manhole lining.
 - 1. The material sprayed onto the surface of the manhole shall be an epoxy resin system formulated for application within a sanitary sewer environment. The resin will exhibit suitable corrosion resistance and enhance the structural integrity of the existing manhole.

- F. Multi-component stress skin panel liner system.
 - 1. The material applied onto the surface of the manhole shall be a multi-component stress skin panel liner system designed to withstand the effects of hydrogen sulfide without any deterioration to the liner. The liner shall be a solvent free, two-component polymeric, moisture/chemical barrier specifically developed for the wastewater environment.
 - 2. The cured epoxy resin system shall conform to the following minimum Structural Standards:

ivininium Structural Standarus		
Cured Product	Test Method	Results
Tensile Stress	ASTM D-638	7,000-psi
Flexural Stress	ASTM D-790	13,000-psi
Flexural Modulus	ASTM D-790	500,000-psi
Compressive Strength	ASTM D-695	13,000-psi

Table 02775-1 Minimum Structural Standards

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 REHABILITATION OF MANHOLE STRUCTURE

A. General Procedures

- 1. Safety: The Contractor shall perform all work in strict accordance with all applicable OSHA, state, local, and manufacturer's safety standards. Each method of manhole rehabilitation in this Section requires some degree of manhole entry by workers. Particular attention is drawn to those safety requirements regarding confined space entry and respiratory protection from airborne particulate materials during cleaning, product mixing, and application.
- 2. Cleaning: All concrete and masonry surfaces to be rehabilitated shall be clean. All grease, oil, laitance, coatings, loose bricks, mortar, unsound brick or concrete, and other foreign materials shall be completely removed. Water blasting utilizing a 210°F steam unit and proper nozzles shall be the primary method of cleaning; however, other methods such as wet or dry sandblasting, acid wash, concrete cleaners, degreasers, or mechanical means may be required to properly clean the surface. All surfaces on which these methods are used shall be thoroughly rinsed, scrubbed, and neutralized to remove cleaning agents and their reactant products. Debris resulting from cleaning shall be removed from the manhole and not discharged downstream.
- 3. Stopping Infiltration: After surface preparation and prior to the application of mortars and coatings, infiltration shall be stopped either by plugging with a waterstop compound or chemical grout sealing.
- 4. Patching: All large holes or voids around joints, or pipes and all spalled areas and all holes caused by missing or cracked brick shall be patched. All missing mortar shall be repointed using a non-shrink patching mortar. All cracked or disintegrated material shall be removed from the area to be patched or repointed, exposing a sound sub base. All cracks not subject to movement and greater than 1/16-inch in width shall be routed out to a minimum width and depth of 1/2-inch and patched with non-shrink patching mortar.

- 5. Flow Control: The Contractor shall be responsible for plugging or diverting the flow of sewage as needed for repair and lining of manhole inverts and benches.
- 6. Remove all loose grout and rubble from existing channel. Rebuild channel if required by reshaping and repairing slope of shelves or benches. Work shall include aligning inflow and outflow ports in such a manner as to prevent the deposition of solids at the transition point. All inverts shall follow the grades of the pipe entering the manhole. Changes in direction of the sewer and entering branch or branches shall have a true curve with the largest possible radius and shall be shaped to allow easy entrance of maintenance equipment including buckets or T.V. camera.
- 7. Each lining system shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation to withstand groundwater pressures. For manholes greater than 12-feet in depth, the lining shall withstand the pressures associated with a groundwater depth equal to the manhole depth. Linings for all other manholes shall withstand the pressures associated with groundwater depth of 12-feet. Measure groundwater depth from manhole bench to top of ground surface.
- 8. Application of products shall be by factory certified applicators.

3.02 SPRAY APPLIED LIGHT-WEIGHT STRUCTURAL REINFORCED CEMENT

- A. The surface prior to spraying shall be damp without noticeable free water droplets or running water. Materials shall be spray-applied to a minimum uniform thickness to insure that all cracks, crevices, and voids are filled and a somewhat smooth surface remains after light troweling. The light troweling is performed to compact the material into voids and to set the bond.
- B. The first application shall have begun to take an initial set (disappearance of surface sheen, which could be 15-minutes to 1-hour depending upon ambient conditions) before the second application to assure a minimum total finished thickness of 1/2-inch. The final finished thickness may need to be greater than 1/2-inch as recommended by the manufacturer to withstand groundwater pressures. A depth gauge shall be used during application, at various locations, to verify the required thickness. The surface then shall be trowelled to smooth finish with care taken not to over trowel so as to bring additional water to the surface and weaken it. Manufacturer's recommendations shall be followed whenever more than 24-hours have elapsed between applications.
- C. The bench covers used to catch debris shall be removed and the bench and invert sprayed such that a gradual slope is produced from the walls to the invert with the thickness at the edge of the invert being no less than 1/2-inch. The wall-bench intersection shall be rounded to a uniform radius the full circumference of the intersection.
- D. No application shall be made to frozen surfaces or if freezing is expected to occur within the manhole for 24-hours after application. If ambient temperatures are in excess of 95°F, precautions shall be taken to keep the mix temperature at time of application below 90°F, using ice if necessary.
- E. The final application shall have a minimum of 4-hours cure time before being subjected to active flow.

3.03 CENTRIFUGALLY CAST STRUCTURAL REINFORCED CEMENT

- A. Application procedures shall conform to the recommendations of the manufacturer.
- B. The rotating casting applicator shall be positioned to evenly apply the material and be withdrawn at a rate to assure a final minimum thickness of 1-inch. The final finished thickness may need to be greater than 1-inch as recommended by the manufacturer to withstand groundwater pressures. A depth gauge shall be used during application, at various locations to verify the required thickness.
- C. The bench covers used to catch debris shall be removed and the bench and invert sprayed or hand applied so that a gradual slope is produced from the walls to the invert with the thickness at the edge of the invert being no less than 1/2-inch. The wall-bench intersection shall be rounded to a uniform radius the full circumference of the intersection.
- D. No application shall be made to frozen surfaces or if freezing is expected to occur within the manhole for 24-hours after application. If ambient temperatures are in excess of 95°F, precautions shall be taken to keep the mix temperature at time of application below 90°F.
- E. The final application shall have a minimum of 1-hour cure time as recommended by the manufacturer before being subjected to active flow.

3.04 SPRAYED APPLIED EPOXY RESIN SYSTEM

- A. Application procedures shall conform to the recommendations of the manufacturer.
- B. The epoxy resin shall be sprayed onto the surfaces of the manhole walls, benches, and inverts to produce a smooth coating and yield the required structural integrity and corrosion resistance. A depth gauge shall be used during application at various locations to verify the required thickness.
- C. The epoxy resin shall be applied to a minimum thickness of 0.125-inches (125-mils) at the top of the manhole and gradually thickened in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations to withstand groundwater pressures. The application shall have a minimum cure time as recommended by the manufacturer before being subjected to active flow.
- D. The sloped surface of the manhole bench shall be made non-skid by broadcasting aluminum oxide or sand into the surface prior to gelatin/set.

3.05 MULTI-COMPONENT LINER SYSTEM

A. Application procedures shall conform to the recommendations of the manufacturer.

- B. The liner system shall be sprayed onto the surfaces of the manhole walls, benches, and inverts to produce a smooth surface. The spray equipment shall be specifically designed to accurately ratio and apply the liner system.
- C. Final installation shall be a minimum of 500-mils.
- D. The application shall have a minimum cure time as recommended by the manufacturer before being subjected to active flow.

3.06 SANITARY SEWER LATERAL CONNECTIONS TO MANHOLES

- A. Sanitary sewer lateral connections to rehabilitated manholes shall be reinstated to provide a seamless, leak free, and unobstructed flow connection between the new manhole lining or coating system and the lateral connection per 3.01A.
- B. Sanitary sewer laterals requiring rehabilitation shall be renewed per Section 02772 "Cured-In-Place Pipe (CIPP) For Lateral Renewal."

3.07 MANHOLE REHABILITATION ACCEPTANCE

- A. Test all rehabilitated manholes using the vacuum test method as per ASTM C 1244 "Standard Test Method for Concrete Sewer Manholes by the Negative Air Pressure (Vacuum) Test", following the manufacturer's recommendations for proper and safe procedures. Vacuum testing of manholes and structures shall be performed after curing of linings. Any visible leakage in the manhole or structure before, during, or after the test shall be repaired regardless of the test results.
- B. All pipes for vacuum testing entering the manhole shall be installed at the top access point of the manhole. A vacuum of 10-inches of mercury (5.0-psi) shall be drawn on the manhole, and the time shall be measured for the vacuum to drop to 9-inches of mercury (4.5-psi). Manholes will be considered to have failed the air test if the time to drop 1-inch of mercury is less than what is shown in the following table:

Table 02775-2				
Vacuum Test Timetable				
Vacuum Test Timetable				
Manhole Diameter – Inches				
Depth – feet	48-inches	60-inches	72-inches	96-inches
4	30 sec.	30 sec.	30 sec.	30 sec.
8	30 sec.	30 sec.	32 sec.	38 sec.
12	30 sec.	39 sec.	48 sec.	57 sec.
16	40 sec.	52 sec.	64 sec.	76 sec.
20	50 sec.	65 sec.	80 sec.	95 sec.
24	60 sec.	78 sec.	96 sec.	114 sec.
+ Each 2'	+5 sec.	+6.5 sec.	+8.0 sec.	+9.5 sec.

- C. Manhole depths shall be rounded to the nearest foot. Intermediate values shall be interpolated. For depths above 24-feet, add the values listed in the last line of the table for each 2-feet of additional depth.
- D. If the manhole or structure fails the vacuum test, the Contractor shall perform additional repairs and repeat the test procedures until satisfactory results are obtained.
- E. After the manhole rehabilitation work has been completed, the manhole shall be inspected by the Contractor in the presence of the County and the work shall be accepted if found satisfactory to the County. No evidence of visible leaks shall be allowed. Non-uniformity, sagging, lamination, holidays or other defects will be cause for rejection of the coating. All surfaces shall be tested for the presence of holidays and pinholes via spark testing at 100-volts per millimeter. The Contractor shall provide the testing equipment and perform the testing in the presence of the County. Any holidays or pinholes found during the testing shall be repaired and the surface re-tested until the surfaces are completely free of holidays and pinholes.

3.08 CLEANUP

A. After the installation work has been completed and the testing is acceptable, the Contractor shall clean up the entire project area. The Contractor shall dispose of all excess material and debris. The work area shall be left in a condition equal to or better than the prior condition.

3.09 WARRANTY

- A. The Contractor shall guarantee his work for a warranty period of 1-year from the date of acceptance.
- B. If at anytime during the warranty period any leakage, cracking, loss of bond, or other discontinuity is identified, the Contractor shall remove and replace the manhole liner with new material at no cost to the County. No field repair shall be approved.
- C. Furnish an extended warranty for manhole rehabilitation materials from the Contractor and liner manufacturer for a total of 5-years from date of final completion.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 03100 CONCRETE FORMWORK

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

- A. Scope of Work: This Section specifies all labor, materials and equipment necessary for providing and installing formwork for concrete.
- B. Related Work Described Elsewhere:
 - 1. Section 03200 "Concrete Reinforcement"
 - 2. Section 03300 "Cast-in-Place Concrete"
- C. General Design: The Contractor shall be responsible for the design of all formwork and for safety in its construction, use and removal.

1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Qualifications: Formwork shall be constructed in accordance with the specified standards, as well as all pertinent codes and regulations. In cases where requirements of pertinent codes conflict with the requirements of these specifications, the more stringent shall govern.
- B. Standards: Unless otherwise indicated, all materials, workmanship and practices shall conform to the following standards:
 - 1. Standard Building Code
 - 2. ACI 347 "Recommended Practice for Concrete Formwork"
 - 3. Local codes and regulations

1.03 SHOP DRAWINGS AND SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be submitted to the County/Professional for review and acceptance prior to construction in accordance with the General Conditions and specifications Section 01300 "Submittals."
- B. Materials: Submit manufacturer's literature on form ties, spreaders, corner formers, form coatings and bond breakers.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.01 GENERAL
 - A. All material supplied shall be one of the products specified in Appendix D "List of Approved Products" appended to these technical specifications.

- A. Form Lumber: Use form lumber when in contact with exposed concrete, conforming to the following or acceptable equivalent.
- B. Lumber: Douglas Fir/Larch No. 2 grade, seasoned, surfaced on four sides.
- C. Plywood: "Plyform", Class I or II, bearing the label of the Douglas Plywood Association. (Minimum 3/4-inch thickness).
- D. Form Ties: Use form ties which do not leave an open hole through the concrete and which permit neat and solid patching at every hole. Use embedded rods with integral waterstops and cones to provide a 1-inch breakback. Wire ties and wood spreaders will not be permitted.
- E. Form Coatings: Form release coating shall be a paraffin base oil or mineral oil coating which effectively prevents absorption of moisture; prevents bonding with concrete; is non-staining to concrete; and leaves the concrete with a paintable surface.
- F. Chamfer Strips: Chamfer strips shall be polyvinyl strips or acceptable equal, designed to be nailed in the forms to provide a 3/4-inch chamfer (unless indicated otherwise) at exposed edges of concrete members.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION

- A. Construction of Formwork: Forms shall be sufficiently strong to withstand the pressure resulting from the placement and vibration of concrete and shall be sufficiently rigid to maintain specified tolerances. Forms shall be sufficiently tight to prevent loss of mortar, and shall be adequately braced against lateral, upward or downward movement.
- B. Coating of Forms: Apply form coating to board forms prior to placing reinforcing. Keep form coatings off steel reinforcing, items to be embedded, and previously placed concrete.
- C. Form Erection:
 - 1. Provide a means of holding adjacent edges, ends of panels, and ends of sections tightly together and in accurate alignment so as to prevent the formation of ridges, fins, offsets, or similar surface defects of the finished concrete. Insure that forms may be removed without damage to the surface of the finished concrete.
 - 2. Provide a positive means of adjustment of shores and struts. Insure that all settlement is taken up during concrete placing.
 - 3. Temporary openings shall be provided in wall forms to limit the free fall of concrete to a maximum of 6-feet unless an elephant trunk is used. Such openings shall be located to facilitate placing and consolidation and shall be spaced no more than 8-feet apart. Temporary openings shall also be provided in the bottom of the wall, column forms, and elsewhere as necessary to facilitate cleaning and observation immediately prior to placing.

- 4. Do not embed any form-tying device or part thereof other than metal in concrete.
- 5. Form surfaces of concrete members except where placement of the concrete is against the ground. The dimensions of concrete members shown on the Drawings apply to formed surfaces, except where otherwise indicated.
- D. Form Reuse: Reuse only forms which maintain a uniform surface texture on exposed concrete surfaces. Apply light sanding between uses to obtain such a uniform texture. Plug unused tie rod holes with corks, shave flush, and sand the concrete surface side of the plug.
- E. Removal of Forms
 - 1. Forms and shoring for elevated structural slabs, girders, and/or beams shall remain in place until the concrete has reached a compressive strength equal to the specified 28-day compressive strength as determined by test cylinders. Do not remove supports and re-shore. The following table indicates the minimum allowable time after the last concrete is placed before forms, shoring, and/or bracing may be removed.

Structural Item	Minimum Allowable Time
Bottom side of slabs, girders, beams	When concrete reaches specified 28-day compressive strength
Vertical sides of girders, beams	48-hours
Walls not supporting vertical or horizontal loads	48-hours
Walls supporting vertical or horizontal loads	When concrete reaches specified 28-day compressive strength
Footings, pipe encasements, pipe supports	24-hours

- 2. Do not remove forms from concrete which has been placed with outside air temperature below 50° F without first determining if the concrete has properly set regardless of the minimum times specified in the table above. Do not apply heavy loading on recently poured concrete. Immediately after forms are removed, the surface of the concrete shall be carefully examined and any irregularities in the surface shall be repaired and finished as specified.
- F. Formed Openings: Openings shall be of sufficient size to permit final equipment alignment without deflection or offsets of any kind. Where the items pass through the wall, allow space for packing to ensure watertightness. Provide openings with continuous keyways with waterstops where required. Provide a slight flare to facilitate grouting and the escape of entrained air during grouting. Provide reinforcement as indicated and specified. Reinforcing steel shall be at least 2-inches clear from the opening.

- G. Embedded Items: Set anchor bolts and other embedded items accurately and hold securely in position in the forms until the concrete is placed and set. Check all special castings, channels, or other metal parts that are to be embedded in the concrete prior to and again after concrete pour. Check all nailing, blocks, plugs, and strips necessary for the attachment of trim, finish, and similar work prior to concrete pour.
- H. Pipes and Wall Spools Cast in Concrete
 - 1. Install wall spools, wall flanges, and wall anchors before placing concrete. Do not weld, tie or otherwise connect the wall spools to the reinforcing steel.
 - 2. Support pipe and fabricated fittings to be encased in concrete on concrete piers or pedestals. Carry concrete supports to firm foundations so that no settlement will be possible during Construction.
- I. Form Tolerances
 - 1. Failure of the forms to produce the specified concrete surface tolerance shall be grounds for rejection of the concrete work. Rejected Work shall be repaired or replaced at no cost to the County.
 - 2. The following table indicates tolerances or allowable variations from dimensions or positions of structural concrete work:

	Maximum Tolerance
Sleeves and inserts	+1/4-inch to -1/4-inch
Projected ends of anchors	+1/4-inch to -0.0-inch
Anchor bolt setting	+1/4-inch to -1/4-inch
Finished concrete	+ 1/4-inch to -1/4-inch in 10 feet of length

The planes or axes from which the above tolerances are to be measured shall be as follows:

Sleeves and inserts	Centerline of sleeve or insert
Projected ends of anchors	Plane perpendicular to the end of the anchor as located on the Drawings
Anchor bolt setting Finished concrete	Centerline of anchor bolts The concrete surface as located on the Drawings

3. Where equipment is to be installed, comply with manufacturer's tolerances if more stringent than above.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 03200

CONCRETE REINFORCEMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

A. Scope of Work: This Section specifies reinforcing steel and welded wire mesh for castin-place or precast concrete structures.

B. Related Work:

- 1. Section 03100 "Concrete Formwork"
- 2. Section 03300 "Cast-in-Place Concrete"
- 3. Section 03410 "Precast Concrete Structures"

1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Standards: Unless otherwise indicated, all materials, workmanship, and practices shall meet all requirements of the current editions of the following standards:
 - 1. Standard Building Code
 - 2. ACI 318 Building Code Requirements for Reinforced Concrete
 - 3. ACI 315 Details and Detailing of Concrete Reinforcement
 - 4. CRSI Manual of Standard Practice, MSP-2

1.03 SHOP DRAWINGS AND SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be submitted to the County/Professional for review and acceptance prior to construction in accordance with the General Conditions and specifications Section 01300 "Submittals."
- B. Complete shop drawings shall be submitted for comment, including bar lists and placing drawings. Drawings shall show the type, spacing, and location of metal bar supports, the grade of the reinforcing and the name of the manufacturer. The type of coupler splice devices shall be designated.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 GENERAL

A. All material supplied shall be one of the products specified in Appendix D "List of Approved Products" appended to these technical specifications.

- A. Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A615, Grade 60, deformed billet steel bars of a USA manufacturer.
- B. Welded Wire Fabric: ASTM A185, galvanized.
- C. Metal Bar Supports: CRSI MSP-2, Chapter 3, Class 2, Type B, Stainless Steel Protected Bar Supports.
- D. Coupler Splice Devices: Cadweld tension couplers capable of developing the ultimate strength of the bar, as manufactured by Erico Products, Incorporated, Solon, Ohio, or equal where acceptable to the County.

2.03 FABRICATION

- A. Fabrication shall meet all requirements of the specified standards. Unless otherwise indicated, the following shall apply:
 - 1. Hooks shall be standard hooks.
 - 2. Bottom bars shall extend a minimum of 6-inches into supporting members.
 - 3. Minimum cover shall be measured to the outermost stirrup, tie or bar.
 - 4. Splices are permitted only where indicated on the Drawings.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION

- A. Supporting Reinforcing: Bar supports shall be provided as required by CRSI MSP-2 and AC1315. Top and bottom bars in slabs formed on earth shall be supported on precast concrete block supports except where such bars are properly supported from formwork. Precast concrete block supports are not required in slabs formed on tremie concrete but may be used at the Contractor's option.
- B. Placing Reinforcing: Placing of reinforcing steel and welded wire fabric shall conform to CRSI MSP-2, ACI 315, and the Drawings. Reinforcing shall be securely tied and supported to prevent displacement during concrete placement.
- C. Welded Wire Fabric: Splices in welded wire fabric shall be such that the overlap between outermost cross wires of each fabric sheet is not less than the spacing of the cross wires, plus 2-inches. Fabric shall not be extended through expansion joints or construction joints in slabs on grade except as otherwise indicated on the Drawings.
- D. Coupler Splice: Unless indicated on the Drawings or where conventional lap splices cannot be achieved, full positive tension connections shall be provided. Such devices shall be installed in accordance with the recommendations of the manufacturer.

- E. Dowels: Dowels shall be wired in position prior to placing concrete.
- F. Field Bending: Heat shall not be used to bend bars. Bars shall not be bent after being embedded in concrete.
- G. Welding: Welding of reinforcing will not be permitted.
- H. Place reinforcement a minimum of 2-inches clear of any metal pipe or fittings.

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 03300 CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

- A. Scope of Work: This Section specifies cast-in-place concrete including all materials, mixing and transport, and performing all labor for the proportioning, mixing, transporting, placing, consolidating, finishing, and curing of concrete.
- B. Related Work Described Elsewhere:
 - 1. Section 03100 "Concrete Formwork"
 - 2. Section 03200 "Concrete Reinforcement"

1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Standards: Unless otherwise indicated, all materials, workmanship and practices shall conform to the requirements of the following standards:
 - 1. Standard Building Code
 - 2. Local Codes and Regulations
 - 3. ACI 318-83, Building Code Requirements for Reinforced Concrete
- B. Plant Qualification: Plant equipment and facilities shall meet all requirements of the checklist for Certification of Ready Mixed Concrete Production Facilities of the National Ready Mixed Concrete Association and ASTM C 94.
- C. Evaluation and Acceptance of Concrete: Evaluation and acceptance of concrete will be in accordance with ACI-318, Chapter 4.

1.03 SHOP DRAWINGS AND SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be submitted to the County for review and acceptance prior to construction in accordance with the General Conditions and specifications Section 01300 "Submittals."
- B. Materials and Shop Drawings: The following information shall be submitted for review. No concrete shall be furnished until the County has reviewed submittal and no exceptions taken or other favorable response has been returned.
 - 1. Plant Qualification: Satisfactory evidence shall be submitted indicating that the plant and operators have sufficient experience in providing the applicable design mix.

- 2. Materials: Satisfactory evidence shall be submitted indicating those materials to be used (including cement, aggregates and admixtures) meet the specified requirements.
- 3. Design Mix: The design mix to be used shall be prepared by qualified persons and submitted for review. Submit affidavit as to design mix performance over the preceding 6-months. The design of the mix is the responsibility of the Contractor subject to the limitations of the Specifications. Acceptance of this submission will be required only as minimum requirements of the Specifications have been met. Such acceptance will in no way alter the responsibility of the Contractor to furnish concrete meeting the requirements of the Specifications relative to strength and slump.
- 4. Ready Mix Concrete: Provide delivery tickets or weigh master's certificate per ASTM C 94, including weights of cement and each size aggregate, amount of water in the aggregate, and amount of water added at the plant. The amount of water added on the job shall be written on the ticket.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 GENERAL

A. All material supplied shall be one of the products specified in Appendix D "List of Approved Products" appended to these technical specifications.

2.02 MATERIALS

A. Cement

- 1. Cement for all concrete shall be domestic Portland cement that conforms to the requirements of ASTM Designation C 150 Type I, Type II or Type III. All sanitary sewer manholes, wetwells, pumping stations, tanks and structures exposed to wastewater shall be constructed with Type II cement. Type III cement for high early strength concrete shall be used only for special locations and only with the review and acceptance of the County. Type I cement may be used for buildings and tremie concrete.
- 2. Only 1 brand of cement shall be used in any individual structure unless acceptable by the County. Cement that has become damaged, partially set, lumpy or caked shall not be used and the entire contents of the sack or container that contains such cement will be rejected. No salvaged or reclaimed cement shall be used.
- 3. Fly ash shall not be used in either Class A or Class B concrete.

B. Aggregates:

- ASTM C 33. Coarse aggregates shall be size No. 57. Block cell fill shall be size No. 89.
- 2. In addition to requirements of ASTM C 33 for structures exposed to wastewater, the following shall apply:
 - a. Soft particles: 2% (2.0 percent)
 - b. Chert as a soft impurity (defined in Table 3 of ASTM C 33): 1% (1.0 percent)
 - c. Total of soft particles and chert as a soft impurity: 2% (2.0 percent)
 - d. Flat and elongated particles (long dimension > 5 times short dimension): 15%.

- C. Water: Clean and free from injurious amounts of deleterious materials.
- D. Air Entraining Admixture: ASTM C 260.
- E. Water Reducing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494, Type D. Admixture shall not contain calcium chloride.
- F. Epoxy Bonding Agent: Sikastix 370, Sikadur Hi Mod, Concresive 1001-LPL or acceptable equal.
- G. Waterproofing Material: Concrete admixture shall be manufactured and supplied by an approved manufacturer as shown in the Appendix D "List of Approved Products."

2.03 MIXES

- A. General Requirements
 - 1. Mix Design: Proportioning shall be on the basis of field experience and/or trial mixtures as specified in ACI 318, Section 4.3. Data on consecutive compression tests and standard deviation shall be submitted. Proportioning for small structures may be by the water/cement ratio under special review and acceptance by the County. Concrete mix design shall comply with the Standard Building Code requirements.
 - 2. Air Content: 5% plus or minus (\pm) 1% (Class A and B).
 - 3. Slump: 4-inches plus or minus (±) 1-inch. 8-inches plus or minus (±) 1-inch for tremie concrete.
 - 4. Water/cement ratio = 0.45 maximum (all concrete exposed to hydrostatic loading), 0.50 maximum (all other concrete).
 - 5. Minimum Compressive Strength at 28-days
 - a. Class A, 4,000-psi: Water and wastewater structures inclusive of tanks, ditches, pumping stations, tremie concrete and other structures in contact with process water.
 - b. Class B, 3,000-psi: Building structures, curb and gutters, slabs, walks, encasements, thrust blocks, and pipe supports, etc. not in contact with process water.
 - c. Class C, 2,500-psi: Mix wherever specified in the standard drawings such as A103, A112, A303, A406 and A407-2.
- B. Production of Concrete
 - 1. General: Concrete shall be ready mixed and shall be batched, mixed and transported in accordance with ASTM C 94, except as otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Air Entraining Admixture: Air entraining admixture shall be charged into the mixture as a solution and shall be measured by means of an acceptable mechanical dispensing device. The liquid shall be considered a part of the mixing water.

- 3. Waterproofing admixture: New concrete structures shall contain a crystalline waterproofing concrete admixture. Crystalline waterproofing concrete admixture shall be added to the concrete during the batching operation. The admixture concentration shall be added based upon manufacturer design percent concentration of admixture to the required weight of cement. The amount of cement shall remain the same and not be reduced. A colorant shall be added to verify the admixture was added to the concrete for all precast structures. Colorant shall be added and provided at the admixture manufacturing facility, not at the concrete batch plant. It is recommended that the admixture be added first to the rock and sand and blended thoroughly before adding cement and water or per the manufacturer's recommendations. Concrete structures without crystalline waterproofing admixture or admixture without colorant for field verification shall be rejected. Contractor shall provide certification the admixture was installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 4. Water Reducing and Retarding Admixture: Water reducing and retarding admixture shall be added and measured as recommended by the manufacturer. The addition of the admixture shall be completed within 1-minute after addition of water to the cement has been completed, or prior to the beginning of the last 3/4 of the required mixing, whichever occurs first. Admixtures shall be stored, handled and batched in accordance with the recommendations of ACI 68.
- C. Delivery Tickets: In addition to the information required by ASTM C 94, delivery tickets shall indicate the cement content and the water/cement ratio.
- D. Temperatures: The temperature of the concrete upon delivery from the truck shall not exceed 90° F.
- E. Modifications to the Mix: No modifications to the mix shall be made in the plant or on the job which will decrease the cement content or increase the water/cement ratio beyond that specified.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 PREPARATION

- A. Preparations before Placing: No concrete shall be placed until the review and acceptance of the County has been received. Acceptance will not be granted until forms are clean and reinforcing and all other items required to be set in concrete have been placed and thoroughly secured. The County shall be notified a minimum of 24-hours before concrete is placed.
- B. Conveying:
 - 1. General: Concrete shall be handled from the truck to the place of final deposit as rapidly as practicable by methods which will prevent segregation or loss of ingredients to maintain the quality of the concrete. No concrete shall be placed more than 90-minutes after mixing has begun for that particular batch.

- 2. Buckets and Hoppers: Buckets and hoppers shall have discharge gates with a clear opening equal to no less than 1/3 of the maximum interior horizontal area, or 5 times the maximum aggregate size being used. Side slopes shall be no less than 60° (degrees). Controls on gates shall permit opening and closing during the discharge cycle.
- 3. Runways: Extreme care shall be exercised to avoid displacement of reinforcing during the placing of concrete.
- 4. Elephant Trunks: Hoppers and elephant trunks shall be used to prevent the free fall of concrete of more than 6-feet.
- 5. Chutes: Chutes shall be metal or metal lined and shall have a slope not exceeding 1 vertical to 2 horizontal and not less than 1 vertical to 3 horizontal. Chutes more than 20-feet long and chutes not meeting the slope requirements may be used only if they discharge into a hopper before distribution.
- 6. Pumping Equipment: Pumping equipment and procedures shall conform to the recommendations contained in the report of ACI Committee 304 on "Placing Concrete by Pumping Methods," ACI 304.2R-71. The specified slump shall be measured at the point of discharge. The loss of slump in pumping shall not exceed 1-1/2-inches.
- 7. Conveying equipment Construction: Aluminum or aluminum alloy pipe for tremies or pump lines and chutes, except for short lengths at the truck mixer shall not be permitted.
- 8. Cleaning: Conveying equipment shall be cleaned at the end of each concrete operation.

3.02 APPLICATION

- A. Placing:
 - 1. General: Concrete shall be deposited continuously, or in layers of such thickness (not exceeding 2-feet in depth) that no concrete will be deposited on concrete that has hardened sufficiently to cause the formation of seams or planes of weakness.
 - 2. Supported Elements: At least 2-hours shall elapse after depositing concrete in columns or walls before depositing in beams, girders, or slabs supported thereon.
 - 3. Segregation: Concrete shall be deposited as nearly as practicable in its final position to avoid segregation due to rehandling or flowing. Concrete shall not be subjected to procedures that will cause segregation.
 - 4. Concrete Underwater: All concrete, except that indicated on the Drawings as tremie concrete, shall be placed in the dry.
- B. Seals and Tremie Concrete
 - 1. General
 - a. Wherever practicable, all foundation excavations shall be dewatered and the concrete deposited in the dry. Where conditions are encountered which render it impracticable to dewater the foundation before placing concrete, a concrete foundation seal shall be placed. The foundation shall then be dewatered, and the balance of the concrete placed in the dry.

- b. When seal concrete is required to be placed, the satisfactory performance of the seal in providing a watertight excavation for placing structural concrete shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. Seal concrete placed by the Contractor, which subsequently fails to perform properly, shall be repaired as necessary to perform its required function, at the expense of the Contractor.
- 2. Method of Placing: Concrete deposited underwater shall be carefully placed in the space in which it is to remain by means of a tremie, a closed-bottom dump bucket of not less than 1-cubic yard capacity, or other approved method, and shall not be disturbed after it is deposited. All seal concrete shall be deposited in 1 continuous pour. No concrete shall be placed in running water. All formwork designed to retain concrete underwater shall be watertight, and the design of the formwork and excavation sheeting shall be by a Professional Engineer, registered in the State of Florida.
- 3. Use of Tremie: The tremie shall consist of a tube having a minimum inside diameter of 10-inches, and shall be constructed in sections having tight joints. No aluminum parts that have contact with the concrete will be permitted. The discharge end shall be entirely seated at all times, and the tremie tube kept full to the bottom of the hopper. When a batch is dumped into the hopper, the tremie shall be slightly raised (but not out of the concrete at the bottom) until the batch discharges to the bottom of the hopper, after which the flow shall be stopped by lowering the tremie. The means of supporting the tremie shall be such as to permit the free movement of the discharge end over the entire top surface of the Work, and shall permit it being lowered rapidly when necessary to choke off or retard the flow. The flow shall preferably be continuous, and in no case shall be interrupted until the Work is completed. Special care shall be exercised to maintain still water at the point of deposit.
- 4. Use of Bottom-dump Bucket: When the concrete is placed by means of a bottomdump bucket, the bucket shall be lowered gradually and carefully until it rests upon the concrete already placed. The bucket shall then be raised very slowly during the discharge travel; the intent being to maintain, as nearly as possible, still water at the point of discharge and to avoid agitating the mixture. Aluminum buckets will not be permitted.
- 5. Time of Beginning Pumping: Pumping to dewater a sealed cofferdam shall not commence until the seal has set sufficiently to withstand the hydrostatic pressure, and in no case earlier than 72-hours after placement of the concrete.
- C. Consolidating Concrete:
 - 1. General: Concrete shall be consolidated by means of internal vibrators operated by competent workmen.
 - 2. Vibrators: Vibrators shall have a minimum head diameter of at least 2-inches, a minimum centrifugal force of 700-pounds and a minimum frequency of 8,000 vibrations per second.
 - 3. Vibrators for Confined Areas: In confined areas, the specified vibrators shall be supplemented by others having a minimum head diameter of 1-1/2-inches, a minimum centrifugal force of 300-pounds and a minimum frequency of 9,000 vibrations per second.

- 4. Spare Vibrator: One (1) spare vibrator for each 3 in use shall be kept on the site during all concrete placing operations.
- 5. Use of Vibrators: Vibrators shall be inserted and withdrawn at points approximately 18-inches apart. The duration of each insertion shall be from 5 to 15-seconds. Concrete shall not be transported in the forms by means of vibrators.
- D. Protection: Rainwater shall not be allowed to increase the amount of mixing water, or to damage the surface finish. Concrete shall be protected from construction over-loads. Design loads shall not be applied until the specified strength has been attained.

3.03 CONCRETE FINISHING AND CURING

- A. All slabs exposed to view shall receive a steel trowel finish without local depressions or high points and apply a light hair-broom finish. Do not use stiff bristle brooms or brushes. Leave hair-broom lines parallel to the direction of slab drainage.
- B. All other slabs and footings shall receive a smooth steel trowel finish.
- C. All walls of structures or parts of buildings exposed to view shall receive the following:
 - 1. Repair defective concrete, remove fins, fill depressions 1/4-inch or deeper, and fill tie holes.
 - 2. Any surface not receiving a special applied finish, shall receive a slurry finish consisting of 1 part cement and 1-1/2 parts sand by damp loose volume. Dampen surfaces and then apply the slurry with clean burlap pads or sponge rubber floats. Remove any surplus by scraping and then rubbing with clean burlap.
 - 3. Surfaces that will receive a special applied finish shall be of even color, have no pits, pockets, holes, or sharp changes of surface elevation. Scrubbing with a stiff bristle fiber brush shall produce no dusting or dislodging of cement or sand.
- D. All concrete shall be wet cured a minimum of 7-days; or if not to receive special finishes, coatings or concrete toppings, an acceptable curing compound may be utilized.
- E. All surface defects shall be repaired by removing defective concrete down to sound concrete and repairing with patching mortar. Finished repair shall match adjacent concrete and be cured as specified.

3.04 TESTING

A. A testing laboratory, acceptable by the County, shall perform required testing. The Contractor shall pay for all tests indicating a failure to comply with the Specifications. The Contractor shall keep the laboratory informed of his schedule.

- B. Standard laboratory compressive test cylinders shall be obtained by the laboratory when concrete is discharged at the point of placing (i.e., discharge end of pumping equipment), and cylinders shall be made and cured in accordance with the requirements of ASTM Designation C 31. A set of 4 cylinders shall be obtained for each 50-cubic yards, or fraction thereof, placed each day for each type of concrete. The cylinders shall be cured under laboratory conditions and shall be tested at 7 and 28-days of age in accordance with the requirements of ASTM Designation C 39.
- C. The testing laboratory shall make slump tests of Class A and Class B concrete as it is discharged from the mixer at the point of placing. Slump tests shall be made for each 25-cubic yards or "pour" of concrete placed. Slump tests may be made on any batch, and failure to meet specified slump requirements shall be sufficient cause for rejection of that batch.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 03410 PRECAST CONCRETE STRUCTURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

A. Scope of Work: This Section specifies the materials, labor and equipment required to construct manholes, wetwells, valve vaults, mitered end sections, meter boxes and all other precast concrete structures, as shown on the Drawings and as specified herein.

1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Standards: Unless otherwise indicated, all materials, workmanship and practices shall conform to the following standards.
 - 1. Standard Building Code
 - 2. Local Codes and Regulations
 - 3. ACI Building Code Requirements for Reinforced Concrete
 - 4. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)
 - 5. American Concrete Institute (ACI)
- B. The forms, dimensions, concrete, and construction methods shall be acceptable to the County in advance of construction.

1.03 SHOP DRAWINGS AND SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be submitted to the County for review and acceptance prior to construction in accordance with the General Conditions and specifications Section 01300 "Submittals."
- B. The Contractor shall submit Shop Drawings to the County, showing all details of construction, reinforcing and joints.
- C. Submit manufacturer's data on certifications and testing for concrete waterproofing additive, joint mastic, gaskets and grout material to be used.

1.04 INSPECTION

- A. The quality of all materials, the process of manufacture, and the finished sections shall be subject to inspection and acceptance by the County. Such inspection may be made at the place of manufacture or at the site after delivery, or at both places, and the sections shall be subject to rejection at any time due to failure to meet any of the specification requirements; even though sample sections may have been acceptable as satisfactory at the place of manufacture. Sections rejected after delivery to the job shall be marked for identification and shall be removed from the job at once. All damaged sections will be rejected. If damaged sections have already been installed; they shall be acceptably repaired if authorized by the County, or removed and replaced at the Contractor's expense.
- B. At the time of inspection, the sections will be carefully examined for compliance with the ASTM designation specified and the acceptable manufacturer's drawings. All sections shall be inspected for general appearance, dimension, "scratch strength", blisters, cracks, roughness, and soundness. The surface shall be dense and close textured.
- C. Imperfections may be repaired subject to the review and acceptance of the County after demonstration by the manufacturer that strong and permanent repairs result. Repairs shall be carefully inspected before final review and acceptance. Cement mortar used for repairs shall have a minimum compressive strength of 4,000-psi at the end of 7-days and 5,000-psi at the end of 28-days, when tested in 3-inch by 6-inch cylinders stored in the standard manner. Epoxy mortar may be utilized for repairs subject to the review and acceptance of the County.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 GENERAL

A. All material supplied shall be one of the products specified in Appendix D "List of Approved Products" appended to these technical specifications.

2.02 PRECAST CONCRETE SECTIONS

- A. Precast concrete wetwell sections, manhole barrel and eccentric top sections shall conform to specifications for precast reinforced concrete manhole sections, ASTM Designation C478, except as otherwise specified below or as shown on the Drawings. Details of precast sections shown on the Drawings, including thickness and reinforcing, shall supersede ASTM C-478 when such details are more stringent than ASTM C-478. The method of construction shall conform to the detailed Drawings appended to these specifications and the following additional requirements:
 - 1. The minimum wall thickness for the various size barrel sections shall be 5-inches, or as indicated in the Drawings.
 - 2. Barrel sections shall have tongue and groove joints. Joints shall be sealed with cold adhesive preformed plastic gaskets set in double rows on the tongue and in the groove prior to setting the next section. Gaskets shall be K.T. Snyder "Ram-Nek", Conseal "CS-102" or acceptable equal. All extension joints shall be sealed with Portland Type II cement after setting of gasket and placement of manhole section into a watertight joint.

- 3. Type II cement shall be used except as otherwise accepted.
- 4. New concrete structures shall contain a crystalline waterproofing concrete admix for all new concrete structures including but not limited to manholes, ARV vaults, wetwells, and wetwell top slabs. Crystalline waterproofing concrete admix shall be added to the concrete during the batching operation. Admixture concentration shall be added based upon manufacturer's design percent concentration of admixture to the required weight of cement. The amount of cement shall remain the same and not be reduced. A colorant shall be added to verify the admixture was added to the concrete. Colorant shall be added and provided at the admixture manufacturing facility, not at the concrete batch plant. It is recommended that the admixture be added first to the rock and sand and blended thoroughly before adding cement and water or per the manufacturer's recommendations. Concrete structures without crystalline waterproofing admixture or admixture without colorant for field verification shall be rejected. Contractor shall provide certification from the pre-caster that the admixture was added in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Concrete admixture shall be manufactured and supplied by an approved manufacturer as shown in Appendix D "List of Approved Products."
- 5. The date of manufacture and the name or trademark of the manufacturer shall be clearly marked on the inside of each precast section. Each section must be inspected and stamped by an accredited testing laboratory.
- 6. Sections shall be cured by an acceptable method for at least 28-days.
- 7. Manhole top sections shall be eccentric except that precast concrete slabs shall be used where cover over the top of the pipe is less than 4-feet for all manholes. Lift rings or non-penetrating lift holes shall be provided for handling precast manhole sections. Non-penetrating lift holes shall be filled with non-shrink grout after installation of the manhole sections.
- 8. Precast concrete slabs over top section, where required, shall be capable of supporting the overburden plus a live load equivalent to ASHTO H 20 loading.
- 9. The tops of bases shall be suitably shaped to mate with the adjoining precast section.
- 10. Precast leveling rings for setting cast iron frames over manholes shall be 2-inch thick and have 1 (one) Number 2 continuous reinforcing steel bar.
- 11. Concrete surfaces shall have form oil, curing compounds, dust, dirt, and other interfering materials removed by brush sand blasting and shall be fully cured prior to delivery.
- 12. Interior surfaces of manholes, wetwells and valve vaults shall be lined in accordance with Appendix D "List of Approved Products."
- 13. Manholes to be installed around existing gravity sewers shall consist of a cast-inplace concrete base slab and precast concrete barrel and top sections; lined per Section 3410 – 2.01.11. The base slab shall be as shown on the Drawings and include a joint which is compatible with the bottom barrel section and acceptable to the County. The bottom barrel section shall include an inverted "U-shaped" slot to allow installation of the section over existing pipes. Flow channels shall be provided within the manholes as shown on the Drawings. Annular space between the existing pipe and slot shall be made watertight with non-shrink grout. Existing pipes shall be removed within the manhole and outlets plugged watertight with non-shrink grout as shown on the Drawings.

14. The manholes shall have an invert channel shaped to correspond with the lower half of the pipe. The top of the shelf shall be at the elevation indicated and shall be sloped to drain toward the flowing through channel. Every effort shall be made by the Contractor to construct watertight structures.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION

- A. All manholes and other precast structures shall be set in the dry.
- B. Manholes and other precast structures shall be constructed to the dimensions as shown on the Drawings and as specified herein.
- C. The base structure may be cast-in-place concrete as specified in Division 3. The concrete structure shall be placed on the required crushed stone base as shown in the Drawings over a dry sub base of structural fill that has been compacted to 95% (percent) of the maximum dry density as determined by the modified proctor test, ASTM D1557. The tops of the cast in place bases shall be shaped to mate with the precast barrel section and shall be adjusted in grade so that the top of the dome section is at the correct elevation.
- D. Precast bases conforming to all requirements of ASTM C478 and other requirements for precast sections may be used and shall be set on a sub base as described above.
- E. Precast concrete structure sections shall be set vertically with sections in true alignment with a 1/4-inch maximum tolerance per 5-feet of depth. The outside and inside joint shall be filled with a non-shrink mortar and finished flush with the adjoining surfaces. Allow joints to set for 24-hours before backfilling. Backfilling shall be accomplished bringing the fill up evenly on all sides. If leaks appear in the structures, the inside joints shall be caulked with non-shrink grout to the satisfaction of the County. The Contractor shall install the precast sections in a manner that will result in a watertight joint.
- F. Lift rings or non-penetrating lift holes shall be provided for handling pre-cast manhole sections. Non-penetrating lift holes shall be filled with non-shrink grout after installation.
- G. Where holes must be cut in the precast sections to accommodate pipes, cutting shall be done prior to setting them in place to prevent any subsequent jarring which may loosen the mortar joints.
- H. Cast iron frames shall be placed over precast concrete leveling rings, shimmed and set in cement mortar to the required grade. No more than 3 courses of leveling rings shall be used.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 03600 GROUTING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

A. Scope of Work: This Section specifies the grouting of the annular space between the host pipe and the new liner and the grouting of the space left void in the abandonment of the existing pipelines and structures. The Work consists of furnishing all labor, equipment and materials, and performing all Work connected with the placement of the cementaceous grout to fill the void.

1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Grouting shall be performed by a crew under the direct supervision of a superintendent that has experience in grouting of this nature.
- B. Storage, mixing, handling and placement shall be in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and specifications.

1.03 SHOP DRAWINGS AND SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be submitted to the County for review and acceptance prior to construction in accordance with the General Conditions and specifications Section 01300 "Submittals."
- B. In addition, the following shall be submitted to the County for review and acceptance prior to construction.
 - 1. A detailed description of equipment and operational procedures to accomplish the grouting operation.
 - 2. Grout mixture design data, grout mixer type, grout samples, and test data.
 - 3. A detailed description of the grouting time schedule.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 GENERAL

A. All material supplied shall be one of the products specified in Appendix D "List of Approved Products" appended to these technical specifications.

2.02 GROUT MATERIAL

A. The grout shall be a "flowable fill" consisting of a mixture of Type 1 Portland Cement, Type "F" Flyash (ASTM 618), sand and water.

The following is a suggested trial grout mixture for a 1-cubic yard yield:		
Cement:	500-pounds	
Fly Ash:	500-pounds	
Water:	350-pounds (42-gallons)	
Sand:	2,248-pounds	
Darex (W.R. Grace): 3-ounces (Air Entrainment Additive or equivalent)		

The actual grout mixture to be used shall meet the minimum requirements specified below.

- B. The mixture shall contain a minimum of 500-pounds cement and minimum of 400pounds flyash per cubic yard of grout.
- C. Samples of the grout mixture when set aside in a standard concrete test mold shall show less than 1% of the mixture height of free water on the surface after standing not less than 12-hours.
- D. One (1) set of 3 (three) 3-inch by 6-inch sample test cubes shall be made for each mix preparation. The minimum 28-day strength shall be no less than 1,000-psi. The minimum required slump is 5-inches. The maximum allowable slump is 9-inches. Slump should be as low as practical to maintain viscosity, proper flow, and still retain the ability to pump.

2.03 EQUIPMENT

- A. All grout shall be mixed with a high shear, high-energy colloidal type mixer to achieve the best uniform density.
- B. The grout shall be pumped with a non-pulsating centrifugal or tri-plex pump.
- C. The mixer shall be capable of continuous mixing. Batch mixing shall not be permitted.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 GROUTING OF ABANDONED PIPE

- A. Where utility pipes are to remain in place (inactive) they shall be filled with a sand/cement grout as specified herein.
- B. The grouting program shall consist of pumping sand-cement grout with suitable chemical additives at pressures necessary to fill the pipe sections in order to prevent the potential for future collapse.

- C. Grouting of pipes shall be in sections not exceeding 300 linear feet.
- D. Grout shall be placed in a maximum of 3 stages, with the initial stage volume equal to or greater than 50% of the total volume for that section of pipe being grouted. The maximum time wait between grouting stages shall be 24-hours.
- E. For each stage, mix and pump the material in one continuous process so as to avoid partial setting of some grout material during that stage; thus, eliminating voids and possible subsequent surface damage due to cave-ins.
- F. Each section shall be grouted by injecting grout from the lowest point and allowing it to flow toward the highest point to displace water from the annulus and assure complete void-free coverage. Grout shall be placed through tubes installed in the bulkheads at the insertion pits or manholes. Grout tubes shall be at least 2-inch nominal diameter.
- G. After the ends of each section of pipe are exposed, the entire space, not to exceed 300 linear feet end to end, shall be sealed by controlled pumping of grout until it flows from the pipe at the opposite end of the grouting. Grouting shall be carried out until the entire space is filled. The ends of these sections shall be capped and/or plugged.
- H. Grout pressure in the void space is not to exceed 5-psi above maximum hydrostatic groundwater level. An open ended, highpoint tap or equivalent vent must be provided and monitored at the bulkhead opposite to the bulkhead through which grout is injected. This bulkhead will be blocked closed as grout escapes to allow the pressuring of the annular space.

3.02 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. The quality of the grout, application of the equipment, and installation techniques are the responsibility of the Contractor. The review and acceptance or approval of specific mix design, equipment, or installation procedures shall in no way relieve the Contractor of his obligation to provide the final product as specified herein.
- B. The County may stop the grouting operations at any time if the operation does not comply with these Specifications.

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 09901 COATINGS AND LININGS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE OF WORK

- A. This specification pertains to the coating and lining including but not limited to manholes and lift stations as well as the coating of above ground assets including but not limited to: steel, ductile iron pipe, ductile iron fittings, valves, hydrants, hardware and all appurtenances. Brass, bronze and 316 Stainless Steel shall not be coated.
- B. Precast concrete rehabilitation and new structures: The Work shall include the furnishing and installation of an interior protective lining/coating corrosion protection system including all necessary materials, equipment and tools as required for a complete installation in accordance with the manufacturers recommendations. The completed system shall provide a waterproof, corrosion protection system to prevent any deterioration of concrete surfaces from hydrogen sulfide and other corrosive gases/acids produced by wastewater and to prevent infiltration. To ensure total unit responsibility, all materials and installation thereof shall be furnished by, and coordinated with, 1 supplier/manufacturer.

1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. All work shall be proved to be in first class condition and constructed in accordance with the Drawings and specifications. All defects disclosed by tests and inspections shall be remedied immediately by the Contractor at no expense to the County.
- B. Fiberglass liner manufacturers shall certify that the liner has been manufactured, sampled, tested, and inspected in accordance with ASTM D 3753.
- C. Polyethylene liner manufacturers shall certify that the liner has been designed and manufactured in accordance with ASTM F 1759 and these specifications.
- D. Holiday Testing: Each coat shall be holiday tested at the recommended 100-125 volts DC per mil in accordance with the latest edition of the following standards: NACE SP0188-2006, NACE Standard RP0490, ASTM G62

1.03 SHOP DRAWINGS AND SUBMITTALS

A. Submittals shall be submitted to the County for review and acceptance prior to construction in accordance with the General Conditions and specifications Section 01300 "Submittals."

1.04 COVERAGE

- A. The protective lining/coating corrosion protection shall cover all concrete surfaces within the wetwell or manhole including the adjustment ring area.
- B. Coatings and lining surfaces shall be holiday free and all defects shall be repaired in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations prior to the next coat being applied.

1.05 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)
 - 1. ASTM C1244: Standard Test Method for Concrete Sewer Manholes by the Negative Air Pressure (Vacuum) Test Prior to Backfill
 - 2. ASTM D3299: Filament-Wound Glass-Fiber Reinforced Thermoset Resin Corrosion-Resistant Tanks
 - 3. ASTM D3350: Standard Specification for Polyethylene Plastics Pipe and Fittings Materials
 - 4. ASTM D3753: Glass-Fiber-Reinforced Polyester Manholes and Wetwells
 - 5. ASTM D6365: Nondestructive Testing of Geomembrane Seams using the Spark Test.
 - 6. ASTM F1759: Design of High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE) Manholes for Subsurface Applications
 - 7. ASTM F1869: Measuring Moisture Vapor Emission Rate of Concrete Subfloor Using Anhydrous Calcium Chloride
 - 8. ASTM G62: Standard Test Methods for Holiday Detection in Pipeline Coatings.
- B. NACE INTERNATIONAL (Formerly The National Association of Corrosion Engineers)
 - 1. NACE SP0188-2006 (formerly RP0188): Discontinuity (Holiday) Testing of New Protective Coatings on Conductive Substrates.
 - 2. NACE Standard SP0490-2007 (formerly RP0490): Holiday Detection of Fusion-Bonded Epoxy External Pipeline Coating of 250 to 760 μm (10 to 30-mils).
 - 3. NACE Standard SP0178-2007 (formerly RP0178): Design, Fabrication, and Surface Finish Practices for Tanks and Vessels to Be Lined for Immersion Service

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 GENERAL

A. All material supplied shall be one of the products specified in Appendix D "List of Approved Products" appended to these technical specifications.

- A. The Work shall include the furnishing and installation of an interior protective liner system including all necessary labor, materials, equipment and tools as required for a complete installation. Liner shall be high-density polyethylene (HDPE). This liner shall provide a waterproof, corrosion resistant liner to prevent any deterioration of concrete surfaces from hydrogen sulfide and other corrosive gases/acids produced by wastewater and to prevent infiltration. To ensure total unit responsibility, all materials and installation thereof shall be furnished by, and coordinated with, 1 supplier/manufacturer.
- B. Manhole HDPE Liner shall have a minimum thickness of 2-mm (78-mil) and wetwell HDPE shall have a minimum thickness of 5-mm (195-mil). All HDPE liner sheets shall be extruded with a large number of anchoring studs, a minimum of (420/m², 39/ft²), manufactured during the extrusion process in 1-piece with the sheet so there is no welding and no mechanical finishing work to attach the studs to the sheet. The liner shall have a pull out of 112.5-lbs/anchoring stud. A manufacturer certified fabricator shall custom fit the liner to the formwork in order to protect the concrete surfaces from sewer gases.
- C. All welding shall be performed in accordance with the published directives and procedures of the manufacturer and by welders certified by the manufacturer and documentation shall be provided to the County prior to the Work. Completion of welding will provide a 1-piece monolithic HDPE protective liner system that will provide excellent resistance to hydrogen sulfide attack and will not pull off the wall in the event that infiltration occurs. Flat liner sheet, not anchored, used for overlapping joints, shall have a minimum thickness of 3-mm for manholes or 5-mm for wetwells and shall contain a co-extruded bottom surface layer of conductive polyethylene. Conductive cap strip material shall have a free path from the back side of the sheet to a portion of the concrete surface.
- D. Field welding of the liner at the riser joints shall be completed only after vacuum testing (ASTM C1244) of the new structure has been completed and any concrete joint deficiencies have been rectified. Vacuum testing is not required on rehabilitation of existing structures.
- E. Testing and supervision of the installation and welding shall be performed by qualified staff only and must be checked when completed by visually checking and by Spark Testing all welded joints per ASTM D6365. Holiday testing 20,000 to 35,000 volts. All high voltage discontinuity (spark) testing shall be performed using a Tinker & Rasor model AP/W Holiday Detector or equal.
- F. Penetrations (Forcemain, conduit, etc) shall have an internal boot comprising of minimum of 3/8-inch 316SS band clamp compressing a 2-inch wide neoprene with full circumferential welded boot around each penetration in accordance with the manufacturer's details.

2.03 PREFORMED POLYPROPYLENE (PP) LINERS

- A. The Work shall include the furnishing and installation of an interior protective liner system including all necessary labor, materials, equipment and tools as required for a complete installation. This liner shall provide a waterproof, corrosion resistant liner to prevent any deterioration of concrete surfaces from hydrogen sulfide and other corrosive gases/acids produced by wastewater and to prevent infiltration. To ensure total unit responsibility, all materials and installation thereof shall be furnished by, and coordinated with, 1 supplier/manufacturer.
- B. All joints shall be field welded by hot air extrusion welding with PP welding bead. Field welding of the PP liner at the riser joints shall be completed only after vacuum testing (ASTM C1244) of the new structure has been completed and any concrete joint deficiencies have been rectified. Vacuum testing is not required on rehabilitation of existing structures.
- C. Testing and supervision of the installation and welding shall be performed by qualified staff only and must be checked when completed by visually checking and by Spark Testing all welded joints per ASTM D6365. Holiday testing 20,000 to 35,000 volts. All high voltage discontinuity (spark) testing shall be performed using a Tinker & Rasor model AP/W Holiday Detector or equal.
- D. Penetrations (Forcemain, conduit, etc) shall be gasketed PP pipe bell connectors or PP sleeves for boot type connectors and shall be attached to the PP liner by hot air extrusion welding with PP welding bead in accordance with the manufacturer's details.

2.04 FIBERGLASS LINERS

- A. Fiberglass liners shall be used for new or existing precast manholes and wetwells. Fiberglass liners shall meet or exceed ASTM D 3753 and shall withstand ASSHTO H-20 Loading.
- B. FRP liner shall be 1-piece with no vertical or horizontal seams allowed. The FRP shall be fabricated in accordance with NBS PS 15-69, and shall consist of commercial grade polyester resin, UV inhibitor, chopped strand, woven roving, and continuous reinforcement. Minimum liner thickness shall be 1/2-inch for all diameter wells, and shall not have external ribs. Liner size shall be field verified by liner manufacturer's representative. Tolerance of the inside diameter shall be +/- 1% of the required liner diameter.
- C. Exterior Surface: The exterior surface shall be relatively smooth with no sharp projections and shall be free of blisters larger than 1/2-inch in diameter, delamination and fiber show. Hand work finish is acceptable if enough resin is present to eliminate fiber show.

- D. Interior Surface: The interior surface shall be resin rich with no exposed fibers. The surface shall be free of crazing, delamination, and blisters larger than 1/2-inch in diameter, and wrinkles of 1/8-inch or greater in depth. Surface pits shall be permitted up to 6 per square feet if they are less than 3/4-inch in diameter and less than 1/16-inch deep. Voids that cannot be broken with finger pressure and that are entirely below the resin surface shall be permitted if they are less than 1/2-inch in diameter and less than 1/16-inch deep. Voids that cannot be permitted if they are less than 1/2-inch in diameter and less than 1/16-inch thick.
- E. Physical Properties:

Property	Hoop Direction	Axial Direction
a. Tensile Strength (psi)	18,000	5,000
b. Tensile Modules (psi)	0.6 x 10e	0.7 x 10e
c. Flexural Strength (psi)	26,000	4,500
d. Flexural Modules (psi)	1.4 x 10e	0.7 x 10e
e. Compressive Strength (psi)	18,000	12,000

F. Stiffness

Liner Length in FT.	PSI
3-6.5	0.75
7 – 12.5	1.26
13 - 20.5	2.01
21 - 25.5	3.02
26 – 35	5.24

- G. Testing: All tests shall be performed as specified in ASTM D3753 latest edition, Section 8. Test method D-790 (note 5) and test method D695. Each completed liner shall be examined for dimensional requirements, hardness and workmanship. All required ASTM D3753 testing shall be completed and records of all testing provided to the County. As a basis of acceptance, the manufacturer shall provide an independent certification which shall consist of a copy of the manufacturer's test report, and be accompanied by a copy of the test results that the liner has been sampled, tested and inspected in accordance with the provisions of this specification and meets all its requirements. The independent certification and manufacturer's test report shall be provided to the County prior to delivery of the Liner.
- H. Connections: Openings for pipe connections will be core drilled in the field. Pipes shall be placed through concrete wetwell and fiberglass liner in the locations indicated on the Drawings. Pipes shall then be grouted in place with the grout filling the entire void and being as thick as the concrete wetwell. The pipe on the interior of the wetwell shall be fiberglassed to the fiberglass liner. To fiberglass the PVC or Ductile Iron pipe to the fiberglass liner, the surface to be fiberglassed must first be sanded. In the case of Ductile Iron pipe, the protective coating on the exterior of the pipe must be removed and then the pipe sanded. After sanding and cleaning the area to be fiberglassed, apply a coat of primer resin. When the resin becomes tacky, begin normal installation of the fiberglass, taking care to roll out all of the air pockets. All field fiberglassing must be accomplished by a manufacturer certified installer. Submit certification to the County.

- I. Fiberglass Reinforced Top: The fiberglass manhole liner top shall be fabricated using fiberglass material as above. Material and installation to meet all physical requirements as above. Top to be attached to wetwell liner pipe with fiberglass layup to comply with ASTM D3299. When reinforcement is necessary for strength, the reinforcement shall be fiberglass channel laminated to the inside of the liner top and shall comply with ASTM D3299. 4,000-psi concrete shall be poured around the entire manhole fiberglass cone section. Lift station top slabs shall be re-poured with HDPE interior liner. Contractor shall ensure an airtight connect between the Pump Station HDPE lined top slab and interior wetwell liner.
- J. PVC stub-outs shall be factory installed for new installations to accept approved boots for gravity lines or compression seals for force mains.

2.05 FERROUS METAL SURFACES (INCLUSIVE OF STEEL AND DIP, HYDRANTS, FITTINGS AND APPURTENANCES)

Cleaning, surface preparation, coating application, and thickness shall be as specified herein and shall meet or exceed the coating manufacturer's recommendations. When the manufacturer's minimum recommendations exceed the specified requirements, Contractor shall comply with the manufacturer's minimum recommendations. All cleaning, surface preparation, coating application, thickness, testing, and coating materials (where available) shall be in accordance with the referenced standards of AWWA, ANSI, NACE, SSPC, NSF, and ASTM. Color-coding shall be Safety Blue, Safety Green and Pantone Purple 522-C for water, wastewater and reclaimed water respectfully. Surfaces shall be holiday detected in accordance with ASTM G 62. Areas found to have holidays shall be marked and repaired in accordance with the paint manufacturer's instructions. The County shall be notified of time of testing so that he might be present to witness testing.

- A. Procedures for Coating Exterior of DIP, Hydrants, Fittings and Appurtenances
 - 1. Surface Preparation: Do not abrasive blast or prepare more surface area than can be coated in the same day; prepare surfaces and apply prime coatings within an 8-hour period.
 - a. Steel: Shall require NACE-1/SSPC-SP5 White Metal Blast Cleaning minimum angular anchor profile of 1.5-mils. White metal blast cleaning removes all of the coating, mill scale, rust, oxides, staining, corrosion products, and other foreign matter from the surface.
 - b. DIP: DIP with asphaltic seal coat, Hydrants, FBE (Valves and appurtenances), Shall require NACE-3/SSPC-SP6 Commercial Blast Cleaning minimum angular anchor profile of 1.5-mils. Commercial blast cleaning removes all visible oil, grease, dust, dirt, mill scale, rust, coating, oxides, corrosion products, and other foreign matter from all surfaces and allows stains to remain on 33% (percent) of each unit area of surface.

- c. Note: Primer Option Hydrants, FBE (Valves and appurtenances), existing factory coatings: Where specifically called out in the Coating System Table below, NACE-4/SSPC-SP7 may be substituted for the commercial blast for hydrants and factory applied FBE (Valves and appurtenances) where the coating manufacturer has specifically provided compatible coatings with existing coatings including urethane, epoxy, alkyd and water-based coatings. Under no circumstances shall DIP with asphaltic seal coat be over-coated. NACE-4/SSPC-SP7 Brush-Off Blast Cleaning shall be free of all visible oil, grease, dirt, dust, loose mill scale, loose rust, and loose coating. Tightly adherent mill scale, rust, and coating are considered tightly adherent if they cannot be removed by lifting with a dull putty knife after abrasive blast cleaning has been performed.
- 2. Contaminants: Remove dirt, dust, oil and all other contaminants that could interfere with adhesion of the coating in accordance with SSPC-SP1 for the substrate and between each coating layer.
- 3. Temperature: Surface temperature of substrate shall be a minimum of 5°F above the dew point and rising and generally between 40°F to 100°F. Temperatures shall not exceed manufacturer's recommendations.
- 4. Stripping: Edges, corners, crevices, welds, and bolts shall be given a brush coat/stripe coat for each material/layer. The stripe coat shall be applied by a brush and worked in both directions.
- 5. Coatings Systems: Two (2) options for coating systems are provided. Each coat shall be a distinctive color or shade to verify each coating in the system.
- 6. Prime coat: DIP, DIP with asphaltic seal coat, Hydrants, FBE (Valves and appurtenances) prime coat shall be zinc-rich. Zinc-rich shall only be used on bare metal. Factory applied FBE/Asphaltic/Mastic coatings on valves and appurtenances shall be completely removed per NACE 3 / SSPC-SP6.
- 7. Note: Where specifically called out in the Coating System Table for factory applied FBE (Valves and appurtenances) surface preparation may be NACE-4/SSPC-SP7 and the prime coat shall be an Inorganic water based epoxy. Asphaltic seal coats and mastics shall not be overcoated with Inorganic water based epoxy.
- 8. Intermediate coat: Varies per coating system.
- 9. Final Coat: Varies per coating system.
- 10. Holiday Testing: Each coating layer shall be holiday tested at the recommended 100-125 volts DC per mil in accordance with the latest edition of the following standards: NACE SP0188-2006, NACE Standard RP0490, ASTM G62 and per the manufacturers recommendations. All low voltage holiday testing shall be performed using a Tinker & Rasor model M-1 Holiday Detector or equal.
- 11. Coating Systems: Either System 1 or System 2 shall be used for above ground, nonimmersion ferrous metal surfaces (Inclusive of Steel, DIP, Hydrants, Fittings and Appurtenances).

Color Codes

Generic Name	Application	Tnemec	Carboline	PPG / Ameron
Safety Blue	Water Master Meters	True Blue / Safety 11SF	9122	BL Safety Blue
Safety Green	Pump Station Piping	Hunter Green 08SF	V358	GN Safety Green
Pantone Purple 522C	Reclaimed Master Meters	Purple Rain / Safety 14 SF	7528	PL Safety Purple
Safety Green	Hydrant Bonnet & Caps	Hunter Green 08SF	V358	GN Safety Green
Safety Orange	Hydrant Bonnet & Caps	Tangerine Orange / Safety 04 SF	1420	OR 2Safety Orange
Safety Red	Hydrant Bonnet & Caps	Candy Apple Red / Safety 06SF	7573	RD 2 Safety Red
Safety Silver	Hydrant Barrel	Aluminum 57GR	J766	SL Safety Silver

System 1 - Zinc / Urethane / Fluoropolymer

Description	Generic Coating Name	Tnemec	DFT mils	Carboline	DFT mils
Prime Coat all materials. Surface Prep NACE 1 or NACE 3	Zinc-Rich	Zinc Series 90- 97	2.5 - 3.5	Carbozinc 621	3.0 - 8.0
Prime Coat - option for FBE or Hydrants only. Surface Prep NACE 4	Inorganic water based epoxy – overcoat existing coatings	Typoxy Series 27WB	4.0 - 14.0	NA	NA
Intermediate Coat.	Aliphatic Acrylic Polyurethane	Endura-Shield Series 73	2.0 - 3.0	Carbothane 133 HB	3.0 - 5.0
Final Coat.	Advanced Thermoset Fluoropolymer Polyurethane	Hydroflon Series 700	2.0 - 3.0	Carboxane 950	2.0- 3.0

System 2 - Zinc / Epoxy / Urethane

Description	Generic Coating Name	Tnemec	DFT mils	Carboline	DFT mils	PPG / Ameron	DFT mils
Prime Coat all materials. Surface Prep NACE 1 or NACE 3	Aromatic Urethane, Zinc- Rich	Zinc Series 90-97	2.5 - 3.5	Carbozine 621	3.0 - 8.0	Amercoa t 68HS	3
Prime Coat option for FBE, Hydrants. Surface Prep NACE 4	Inorganic water based epoxy – overcoat existing coatings	Typoxy Series 27WB	4.0 - 14.0	NA	NA	NA	NA
Intermediate Coat.	Polyamidoamine Epoxy	Color Hi-Build Epoxoline II Series N69	4.0 - 10.0	Carboguard 60	4.0 - 6.0	Amerloc k 2/400	4.0 - 6.0
Final Coat.	Aliphatic Acrylic Polyurethane	Endura-Shield Series 73	2.0 - 3.0	Carboxane 950	2.0 - 3.0	Amercoa t 450H	2.0 - 3.0

2.06 SPECIALTY COATINGS

- A. The Specialty Coatings are for rehabilitation of existing precast concrete manholes. New precast structures shall be lined only. All specialty coatings applicators shall follow the procedure as outlined below:
 - 1. Pre-Inspection: Applicator shall take appropriate action to comply with all local, state and federal regulations including those set forth by OSHA, EPA, the County and any other applicable authorities. Prior to conducting any work, perform inspection of structure to determine need for protection against hazardous gases or oxygen-depleted atmosphere and the need for flow control or flow diversion.
 - 2. Bypass plan: Bypass plan for flow control or bypass shall be submitted to the County for approval prior to conducting the work. Any active flows shall be dammed, plugged, or diverted as required to ensure all liquids are maintained below or away from the surfaces to be coated until final applications are cured as recommended by the corrosion protection system manufacturer.
 - 3. Surface Preparation: NACE 6/SSPC-SP13 "Surface Preparation of Concrete." Dry abrasive blasting, wet abrasive blasting, vacuum-assisted abrasive blasting, and centrifugal shot blasting, high pressure water cleaning (5,000 to 10,000-psig), water jetting (10,000 to 30,000-psig) or combination of methods to remove deteriorated concrete, brick or mortar, laitance, hard contaminants, existing coatings, localized micro-organisms and gas contaminants from the concrete walls, floor, ceiling, and other concrete surfaces and shall display a surface profile suitable for application of the system. Minimum surface profile shall be ICRI CSP-5 or greater. Containment shall be provided to capture spent abrasive material and deteriorated concrete for removal by the Contractor.
 - 4. Substrate Inspection: After completion of surface preparation, the Contractor shall inspect for: Leaks, Cracks, Holes, Exposed Rebar, Ring and Cover Condition, Invert Condition, Inlet and Outlet Pipe Condition. After the defects in the structure have been identified, repair with a manufacturer approved underlayment or material to assure proper rehabilitation of the surface defect and compatibility with the specialty coating system product to be applied. Repairs to exposed rebar, defective pipe penetrations or inverts, shall be recommended by the specialty coating manufacturer and approved by the County prior to proceeding with the repair. Final preparation and cleaning of repaired surfaces is required prior to application of the coating and shall comply with the corrosion protection system manufacturer's recommendations.
 - 5. Manufacturer's certification: Applicators, installers, welders and application equipment shall be certified by the manufacturer of the corrosion protection system and documentation shall be provided to the County prior to the work.
 - 6. Area to be coated: All exposed concrete of the entire interior surface of precast structure including but not limited to benching, pipe penetrations, walls, bottom of top slab, chimney, etc. Flow channel inverts are not necessary to coat. Corrosion protection system shall interface with adjoining construction materials/components throughout the manhole structure to effectively seal and protect substrates from attack by corrosive elements and to ensure the effective elimination of infiltration into the sewer system.

- 7. Application: Application of specialty coating system shall be in strict accordance with manufacturer's recommendation. Specified surfaces should be shielded to avoid exposure of direct sunlight, other intense heat source or, where cementitious products are employed, excessive ventilation. Where varying surface temperatures do exist, coating installation should be scheduled when the temperature is falling versus rising. Verification of the corrosion protection system thickness shall be verified during application via wet gauge methods or following cure of the system using appropriate non-destructive or destructive methods.
- 8. Holiday Testing: Cure time shall be in accordance with the Manufacturers product data sheet. Final concrete structure corrosion protection system shall be completely free of holidays, pinholes or voids. High voltage Holiday testing shall be required and holidays marked and repaired with same material and to same thickness as required of original installation. All high voltage discontinuity (spark) testing shall be performed using a Tinker & Rasor model AP/W Holiday Detector or equal and at 100-125 volts DC per mil or per the manufacturers recommendations.
- 9. Destructive Testing: Destructive testing may be performed as directed by the County to verify coating adhesion and coating DFT. Repairs to areas tested by destructive means shall be repaired by the certified applicator at the Contractor's expense.
- 10. Reporting: Provide final written report to the County detailing the location, date of report, description of repair or original installation and manufacturer data and cut sheets of the corrosion protection system and applicable testing results as per sections 7, 8 and 9.
- 11. Warranty: The report shall contain a copy of the warranty.
- B. System SC-1: Sauereisen Sewergard 210 (Trowelable), 210FS (Trowelable Fast Set), 210S (Sprayable) or 210RS (Rotary Spray) shall be applied and then shall be finished with a coat of Sauereisen Sewergard Glaze 210G. The lining system to be utilized shall be an epoxy mortar or aggregate filled epoxy. Material furnished under this specification shall be a prepackaged from the manufacturer. Materials shall be trowel applied or sprayed and shall conform to the Manufactures product data sheet as supplied by the manufacturer.
 - 1. Additional Preparation: To ensure a good bond, the newly blasted surface shall be thoroughly vacuumed to remove all sand and debris and surface shall be dry prior to application.
 - 2. Surfacer for Rehabilitation/repair: Substrate in requiring repairs in excess of 1/8-inch shall be repaired with Sauereisen Underlayment No F-120, F-121 or F-209 Filler prior to application of protective lining/coating corrosion protection system.
 - 3. Thickness:
 - a. Sewergard 210 / 210FS / 210RS: The material shall be applied in 1 or more layers for a total thickness of minimum of 125-mils DFT (1/8-inch). After application, the material shall be damp rolled with excess water shaken off prior to back rolling.
 - b. Sprayable 210S: The material shall be applied in 1 or more layers for a total thickness of minimum of 60-mils shall be required for the Spray applied 210S.
 - 4. Finishing Glaze: After application, and curing of either the 210, 210FS, 210RS or 210S, the material shall be coated with a minimum of 20-mils of Sauereisen Sewergard Glaze 210G by roller or spray application in accordance with the manufacturers recommendations.

- 5. Holiday Testing: The protective lining/coating protection system shall be cured in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations prior to holiday testing at a minimum of 14,500 volts.
- C. System SC-2: Tnemec Perma-Shield Coating System.
 - 1. Additional Preparation: To ensure a good bond, the newly blasted surface shall be thoroughly vacuumed to remove all sand and debris and surface shall be dry prior to application and surface shall be minimum 5°F above the dew point. Moisture content not to exceed 3-pounds per 1,000 square feet in a 24-hour period verify dryness using a "plastic film tape-down test" ASTM D4263 and perform Anhydrous Calcium Chloride ASTM F1869.
 - 2. Surfacer for Rehabilitation/repair: Substrate in requiring repairs in excess of 1/8-inch shall be repaired Series 217 or 218 Filler prior to application of protective lining/coating corrosion protection system. Concrete surface shall be pre-wet or dampened with potable water prior to surfacer application.
 - 3. Thickness: Lining Series 434: The material shall be applied in 1 or more layers for a total thickness of minimum of 125-mils DFT (1/8-inch).
 - 4. Finishing Glaze: After application, and curing, the material shall be coated with 15-20-mils of Series 435 in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
 - 5. Holiday Testing: The protective lining/coating protection system shall be cured in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations prior to holiday testing at a minimum 14,500 volts.
- D. System SC-3: Sewercoat (PG and 2000 HS) Calcium aluminate mortar: The lining system to be utilized shall be 100% calcium aluminate cement with 100% calcium aluminate aggregate. Materials shall be spray applied by either a wet gunning (low-pressure spray) or dry gunning (shotcrete) method and shall conform to the manufacturer's product data sheet as supplied by the manufacturer. The equipment shall be clean and free of any hydrated or un-hydrated Portland Cement.
 - 1. Additional Preparation: To ensure a good bond, the newly blasted surface shall be fully saturated with water prior to application.
 - 2. Thickness: The material shall be applied in 1 or more layers to such total thickness as required. A minimum of 1-inch shall be applied.
 - 3. Finishing: After spraying, the material shall be brushed or trowel finished.
 - 4. Curing: Curing by appropriate methods (curing compound, water mist, etc.) should be implemented as the surface begins to harden and dry (as early as 1-hour after application).
- E. System SC-4: Raven 405: System shall be 100% solids epoxy. Thinning with solvents shall not be permitted. Surface preparation, mixing, pot life, ambient conditions, application, film thickness per coat, cure time, and recoat time shall be in accordance the manufacturer's recommendations.
 - 1. Applicator/installer shall be certified by the Manufacturer.
 - 2. Surfacer/Repair: Raven 710, 705CA or Raven 700 shall be spray applied or trowelled to repair/fill minor surface defects or applied as an underlayment.

- Primer: Concrete exhibiting a moisture vapor emission rate greater than 3-lbs/1,000 square feet/24-hours, when tested according to ASTM F1869, shall be primed with Raven 155. Raven 155 primer (2 component waterborne epoxy) shall be applied at a maximum of 8-mil WFT (3-mil DFT). Recoat window minimum 2-4-hours at 72°F with maximum 72-hours at 72°F.
- 4. Top Coat: Raven 405 shall be applied with an approved plural component airless spray system. Coating thickness shall be in relation to the profile of the surface to be coated as recommended by the coating product manufacturer. In all cases the coating shall be applied with minimum of 2 coats applied at 40-80-mils WFT/DFT each for minimum final film thickness at 125-mils DFT. Subsequent top coating or additional coats of the coating product(s) shall occur within the product's recoat window: minimum cure to a tacky state; maximum cure of 18-hrs at 72°F substrate temperature. Additional surface preparation procedures will be required if this recoat window is exceeded including inspection for and removal of amine blush and/or other potential contaminants.
- 5. Holiday Testing: The protective lining/coating protection system shall be cured in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations prior to holiday testing at a minimum of 12,500 volts.
- F. SC-5: Spectrashield Multicomponent Liner System. Spectrashield multi-component stress panel liner system composed of moisture barrier (modified polymer), surfaces (polyurethane/polymeric blend foam) and final barrier coat (modified polymer). The system is applied in three-steps and the applicator/installer shall be certified by the Manufacturer.
 - 1. Application
 - a. Moisture barrier: Silicone Modified Polyurea Minimum 40-mils DFT
 - b. Surfacer: Polyurethane/Polymeric blend foam
 - c. Final corrosion barrier: Silicone Modified Polyurea Minimum 60-mils DFT
 - 2. Film Thickness: Final installation shall be a minimum of 500-mils. A permanent identification and date of work performed shall be affixed to the structure in a readily visible location.
 - 3. Holiday Testing: The protective lining/coating protection system shall be cured in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations prior to holiday testing at a minimum of 50,000 volts.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. All materials shall be delivered to the job in original sealed and labeled containers of the coating manufacturer, and shall be subject to inspection by the County. Labels shall show name of manufacturer, type of coating, formulation, date, color and manufacturers recommendations. Coatings manufacturer date shall not exceed the manufacturer's recommendations for storage and useful life and Coatings manufactured in excess of 1-year prior to application shall be rejected.

- B. Oil and grease shall be completely removed in accordance with SSPC-SP1 before beginning any other surface preparation method. Surfaces of welds shall be scraped and ground as necessary to remove all slag and weld spatter.
- C. All components of equipment that can be properly prepared and coated after installation shall be installed prior to surface preparation. Components that will be inaccessible after installation shall have the surfaces prepared and coated before installation.
- D. All ferrous metal surfaces shall be free of all defects and have all sharp edges, welds, slag, defects and weld splatter ground smooth in accordance with NACE Standard RPO178.
- E. Edges, corners, crevices, welds, and bolts shall be given a brush coat (stripe coat) for each coating. The stripe coat shall be applied by a brush and worked in both directions. Special attention shall be given to filling all crevices with coating.
- F. Coating shall be applied in a neat manner that will produce an even film of uniform and proper thickness, with finished surfaces free of runs, sags, ridges, laps, and brush marks. Each coat shall be carefully examined and faulty material, poor workmanship, holidays, damaged areas and other imperfections shall be touched up prior to applying succeeding coats. Each coat shall be thoroughly dry and hard before the next coat is applied in accordance with the coating manufacturer's recommendations for drying time between coats. In no case shall coating be applied at a rate of coverage greater than the maximum rate recommended by the coating manufacturer. Each coat shall be uniform in coverage and color. Successive coats shall perceptibly vary in color.
- G. Coating failures will not be accepted and shall be entirely removed down to the substrate and the surface recoated. Failures include but are not limited to holidays, sags, checking, cracking, teardrops, fat edges, fisheyes, or delamination.
- H. Surfaces not required to be coated: Brass, Bronze, Stainless steel (Not including SS bolts and nuts)

3.02 INSPECTION FOR ACCEPTANCE

A. The quality of materials, the process of manufacture and the finished sections shall be subject to inspection and approval by the County. Such inspection may be made at the place of manufacture, at the site after delivery or at both places and the sections shall be subject to rejection at any time due to failure to meet any of the specification requirements; even though sample sections may have been accepted as satisfactory at the place of manufacture. Sections rejected after delivery to the job shall be marked for identification and shall be removed from the job at once. Sections that have been damaged after delivery will be rejected and if already installed removed and replaced, entirely at the Contractor's expense.

- B. At the time of inspection, the sections will be carefully examined for compliance with the specified ASTM designation and with the approved manufacturer's drawings. Sections shall be inspected for general appearance, dimension, "scratch-strength" blisters, cracks, roughness, soundness, etc. The surface shall be dense and close-textured.
- C. Precast concrete structures shall be inspected by the County and defective materials shall replaced by the Contractor at the Contractor's expense.
- D. Any repairs made on surfaces shall be holiday detected. Areas found to have holidays shall be marked and repaired in accordance with the coating manufacturer's instructions. The County shall be notified of time of testing so that he might be present to witness testing.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 09910

PREFABRICATED FIBERGLASS LINERS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

A. The work included under this Section consists of furnishing all labor, equipment and materials necessary for the installation of prefabricated fiberglass wetwell and manhole liners and appurtenances as described in the specifications herein.

1.02 SHOP DRAWINGS AND SUBMITTALS

A. Submit Shop Drawings, manufacturer's literature and other descriptive material in accordance with Section 01300 "Submittals."

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Contractor shall follow all applicable OSHA Standards concerning confined space entry.
- B. Warranty: Prior to its installation, the manufacturer shall provide a warranty for the fiberglass wetwell liners to be free from defects and constructed as specified herein. During and after installation, the Manufacturer shall provide a 20-year warranty on the completed installation to cover the complete cost including costs for materials, equipment, and labor. The warranty shall cover any and all damage to the liners resulting from manufacturing or installation issues such as cracking, deterioration, or leaking due to settlement or chemical attack and as specified in Section 01740 "Warranties and Bonds" herein.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 FIBERGLASS LINERS

A. General: Fiberglass reinforced polyester wetwell and manhole liners shall be manufactured from commercial grade polyester resin or other vinyl ester resin with fiberglass reinforcements. The resin system shall be suitable for atmospheres containing hydrogen sulfide and dilute sulfuric acid, as well as other gases associated with the wastewater collection systems. Fiberglass products shall be manufactured in accordance with National Bureau of Standards, Voluntary Product Standard PS 1569 and ASTM D-3753. All inserts and sleeves for piping shall be in accordance with the liner manufacturer's recommendations and shall result in complete coverage of all pre-cast sections and be capable of passing a spark test. The manufacturer shall have a minimum of 5-years experience in manufacturing products which meet the specified standards and shall provide 3 references to verify the qualifications of the manufacturer. All materials furnished for this Work shall be in accordance with the "List of Materials and Approved Manufacturers" as appended to these Specifications.

- B. Materials: Resins shall be a commercial grade unsaturated polyester resin. Reinforcing materials shall be commercial grade "E" type glass in the form of mat, chopped roving, continuous roving, roving fabric or a combination of the above, having a coupling agent that will provide a suitable bond between the glass reinforcement and resin. All materials including resins, glass reinforcement, fillers and additives shall be chemically resistant to hydrogen sulfide gas and the sanitary sewer environment. The combined thickness of the inner surface and the interior layer shall not be less than 0.10-inch. Seams shall be sealed at the factory with the same glass-resin jointing process.
- C. Fabrication: The exterior surface shall be relatively smooth with no sharp projections and no exposed fibers. The exterior surface shall have a gray Gel-coat coating. The interior surface shall be resin rich with no exposed fibers. The interior and exterior surfaces shall be free of crazing, de-laminations, blisters larger than 1/2-inch diameter, wrinkles of 1/8-inch or greater in depth, resin runs, dry areas, sharp projections, or surface pits greater than 6 per square foot if they are less than 1/4-inch diameter and less than 1/16-inch deep. To provide UV protection, the exterior surface shall have a factory applied gray pigment for a minimum thickness of 0.125-inches.
- D. Physical Properties: The fiberglass reinforced wetwell and manhole liner shall be designed for H-20 wheel loading and tested in accordance with ASTM D 3753 8.5 (note 1). The fiberglass reinforced wetwell liner and manholes shall meet the following physical requirements:

	Hoop Direction	Axial Direction
Tensile Strength (psi)	18,000	5,000
Tensile Modulus (psi)	0.6 x 106	0.7 x 106
Flexural Strength (psi)	26,000	4,500
Flexural Modulus (psi)	1.4 x 106	0.7 x 106
Compressive (psi)	18,000	12,000

- E. Soundness: Following installation, the Contractor shall determine soundness by applying air or water pressure (3-5-psi) to the wetwell liner. While holding at the established pressure, inspect the entire wetwell and manhole for leaks, based on loss of measured pressure. Any leakage through the laminate is cause for failure of the task. The Contractor shall be responsible for isolating the work of this Contract from existing work and shall be solely responsible for the method of such isolation. Refer to ASTM D-3253 8.6.
- F. Chemical Resistance: When tested in accordance with ASTM D3753 8.7 the log of percent retention of each property after immersion testing when platted against the log of immersion time and extrapolated to 100,000-hours shall assure retention of at least 50% of the initial properties.

2.02 NON-SHRINK GROUT

A. Non-shrink grout used in the bench area of manholes and fillet areas of wetwells, or on pipe penetrations shall be 100% calcium aluminate, un-thinned and un-altered, as manufactured by Sewpercoat, Strong-Seal, or an approved equal.

2.03 BENCH

A. The existing concrete bench area of manholes and fillet areas of wetwells shall be removed completely during initial preparation. Upon installation of the liner, a new bench/fillet shall be constructed with non-shrink grout and shall be field coated with resin and fiberglass in a dry environment after wastewater flows are diverted. The newly constructed bench shall sufficiently overlap the newly installed liner to prevent migration of fluids or gases between the liner and the bench. There shall be no exposed concrete between the factory manufactured fiberglass liner and the field installed fiberglass bench overlay.

2.04 PIPE PENETRATIONS

A. Piping shall extend past the liner into the fiberglass wetwell or flush with the liner. If the existing piping does not fully penetrate the fiberglass liner, the Contractor must extend similar material piping into the fiberglass wetwell. Any gaps on joints must be sealed with a non-shrink grout specified herein.

2.05 MANWAY NECK OR LIP

A. Manhole liner neck section shall extend from the ring and cover support area up to the ring and cover. The neck section shall be designed to protect the adjustment ring(s), brick and mortar used to bring the ring and cover to final grade.

2.06 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. Additional items of construction necessary for the complete installation of the fiberglass liner shall conform to specific details on the Drawings and shall be constructed of first-class materials conforming to the applicable portions of these Specifications.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION

- A. Fiberglass Liner
 - 1. The interior of the wetwell shall be pressure washed with an 800 to 1,000-psi water blast, acid washed with a 20% muratic acid solution, and pressure washed a second time. All loose materials, grease/fats, and hydrogen sulfide contamination shall be removed. The existing bench/fillet areas in the wetwell/manhole shall be removed prior to pressure washing. An inspection of the structures shall be conducted by the County prior to the fiberglass liner installation.

- 2. Exterior liner diameter shall be approximately 4-inches smaller than the inside diameter of the barrel section of the structure.
- 3. Liner depth shall be from invert to top elevation of manhole and wetwell. The top 12-inches of the manhole liner shall be a fiberglass neck that extends from the liner corbel or cone section to the bottom of the ring and cover. The neck is used to protect the concrete grade rings or brick and mortar adjustments from the sewer environment.
- 4. The wetwell top slab and manhole corbel or cone section shall be removed and discarded by the Contractor in accordance with all applicable regulations at the Contractor's expense.
- 5. Measure and cut wetwell liner to exact length and invert configuration. Measure and cut all incoming and outgoing line openings.
- 6. Lower wetwell liner into wetwell and level.
- 7. Extend all incoming and outgoing lines inside the liner with PVC or other approved pipe.
- 8. Construct new benches/fillets and tie-in and seal bottom of liner with a quick setting non-shrink grout as specified herein.
- 9. Tie-in and seal all lines extending into the wetwell liner with non-shrink grout.
- 10. Pour or pump 3,000-psi pump mix into the annular space between the liner and existing wetwell.
- 11. Use concrete grade rings on top of the liner cone section to bring ring and cover to finish grade.
- 12. A non-shrinking grout as specified herein shall be applied to areas that cannot be fiber-glassed due to water.

3.02 SHIPPING

A. Do not drop or impact the fiberglass wet well liner. Use of chains or cables in direct contact with the wet well is prohibited.

3.03 MAINTENANCE OF SERVICE

A. The Contractor shall sequence the Work so that wastewater service is maintained to existing customers at all times.

3.04 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Workmanship: It is imperative that the wetwell liner and appurtenances be built watertight and that the Contractor adhere rigidly to the specifications for materials and workmanship. Upon completion, the wetwell liner will be tested and if any damage on the liner is observed, the fiberglass liner installation will be rejected.

B. Cleaning

1. Prior to final acceptance and final inspection of the fiberglass liner installation, flush and clean all parts of the system. Remove all accumulated construction debris, rocks, gravel, sand, silt, and other foreign material from the wetwell.

- 2. Upon the County's final inspection of the fiberglass liner installation, if any foreign matter is still present in the system, flush and clean the section and portions of the wetwell as required.
- 3. Testing: Upon installation, cleaning, and visual inspection, the Contractor shall, in the presence of the County, test the entire lined surface in accordance with subsection 2.01, E of this specification section. Any repairs required shall be repaired in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations at the Contractor's expense. The cost for the performance of this test shall be borne entirely by the Contractor.

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 15062

DUCTILE IRON PIPE AND FITTINGS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

- A. Scope of Work: Furnish all labor, materials, equipment and incidentals required and install, all ductile iron piping, ductile iron fittings, and appurtenances as shown on the Drawings and as specified herein.
- B. General Design: The equipment and materials specified herein are intended to be standard types of ductile iron pipe and cast or ductile iron fittings for use in transporting wastewater, potable water, and reclaimed water.

1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Qualifications: All of the ductile iron pipe and ductile or cast iron fittings shall be furnished by manufacturers who are fully experienced, reputable, and qualified in the manufacture of the materials to be furnished. The pipe and fittings shall be designed, constructed and installed in accordance with the best practices and methods and shall comply with these specifications as applicable.
- B. Standards:
 - 1. ANSI A 21.50/AWWA C150
 - 2. ANSI A-21.51/AWWA C151
 - 3. ANSI A-21.41/AWWA C104
- C. Factory Tests: The manufacturer shall perform the factory tests described in ANSI A-21.51/AWWA C151.
- D. Quality Control
 - 1. The manufacturer shall establish the necessary quality control and inspection practice to ensure compliance with the referenced standards. All pipe on this Project shall be supplied by a single manufacturer unless otherwise accepted in writing by the County.
 - 2. In addition to the manufacturer's quality control procedures, the County may select an independent testing laboratory to inspect the material at the foundry for compliance with these specifications. The cost of foundry inspection requested by the County will be paid for by the County.

- A. Materials and Shop Drawings
 - 1. Submit Shop Drawings and piping layouts, including areas within and under buildings and structures. Shop Drawings shall include dimensioning, methods and locations of supports and all other pertinent technical specifications. Show locations of all field cuts. Shop Drawings shall be prepared by the pipe manufacturer. Shop Drawings for piping within and under buildings and structures shall be submitted within 30-days of Execution of Contract.
- B. Operating Instructions: Submit Operation and Maintenance Manuals in accordance with Section 01001 "General Work Requirements."
- C. Manufacturer's Certification
 - 1. Submit manufacturer's sworn certification of factory tests and test results.

1.04 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

The Contractor shall be responsible for all materials furnished and stored until the date of project completion. The Contractor shall replace, at his expense, all materials found to be defective or damaged in handling or storage. The Contractor shall, if requested by the County, furnish certificates, affidavits of compliance, test reports, samples or check analysis for any of the materials specified herein. All pipe delivered to project site for installation is subject to random testing for compliance with the designated specifications.

- A. Delivery and Storage: Delivery and storage of the materials shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Stored pipe shall be covered for protection against contamination and UV light. Joint gaskets shall be stored in clean, dark and dry location until immediately before use.
- B. Handling: Care shall be taken in loading, transporting and unloading to prevent damage to the pipe and fittings and their respective coatings. Pipe or fittings shall not be rolled off the carrier or dropped. Pipe shall be unloaded by lifting with a forklift or crane. All pipe or fittings shall be examined before installation and no piece shall be installed which is found to be defective. Pipe shall be handled to prevent damage to the pipe or coating. Accidental damage to pipe or coating shall be repaired to the satisfaction of the County or be removed from the job. When not being handled, the pipe shall be supported on timber cradles or on level ground, graded to eliminate all rock points and to provide uniform support along the full pipe length. When being transported, the pipe shall be supported at all times in a manner which will not permit distortion or damage to the lining or coating. Any unit of pipe that, in the opinion of the County, is damaged beyond repair by the Contractor shall be removed from the site.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

- A. Ductile Iron Pipe
 - 1. Standards: ANSI A-21.50, AWWA C150 and ANSI A-21.51, AWWA C151
 - 2. Thickness/Pressure Class:
 - a. Below ground piping: Class 350 (4-inch to12-inch), Class 250 (16-inch to 24-inch) and Class 200 (30-inch to 64-inch) unless otherwise noted or specified.
 - b. Above ground piping: Flanged, Class 350 (minimum) unless otherwise noted or specified.
 - 3. Joints
 - a. Push-on or Mechanical Joints (below ground piping)
 - (1) Standards: ANSI A21.11, AWWA C111
 - (2) Class: 350-psi working pressure rating
 - (3) Gaskets
 - (a) Potable and Reclaimed Water Service: Styrene Butadiene Rubber (SBR) ring type.
 - (b) Wastewater Service: Neoprene rubber ring type.
 - b. Flanged (above ground or inside below ground vaults)
 - (1) Standards: ANSI A21.15, ANSI B16.1
 - (2) Class: 125-pound factory applied screwed long hub flanges, plain faced without projection.
 - (3) Gaskets
 - (a) Spans less than 10-feet: full-face 1/8-inch thick neoprene rubber
 - (b) Spans greater than 10-feet: Toruseal gaskets as manufactured by American Cast Iron Pipe or acceptable equal.
 - c. Restrained Joints
 - (1) Manufacturers: Lok-Ring system (all sizes) or locking type gasket systems (for 16-inch diameter and smaller) as manufactured by American Ductile Iron Pipe; MEGALUG System as manufactured by EBBA Iron; or acceptable equal.
 - (2) Class: 250-psi minimum design pressure rating.
 - (3) Standard mechanical joint retainer glands shall not be acceptable.
 - d. Joint Accessories
 - (1) Mechanical joint bolts, washers and nuts: Ductile iron or Corten steel.
 - (2) Flanged joint bolts, washers and nuts: 316 stainless steel with bolts and nuts conforming to ASTM A193 Grade B8M.
 - e. Pipe Length (below ground installation): 20-feet maximum nominal length.
 - 4. Pipe Identification
 - a. Each length of pipe shall bear the name or trademark of the manufacturer, the location of the manufacturing plant, and the class or strength classification of the pipe. The markings shall be plainly visible on the pipe barrel. Pipe which is not clearly marked is subject to rejection. The Contractor shall remove all rejected pipe from the project site within five NORMAL WORKING DAYS.

B. Fittings

- Ductile iron fittings 4-inch through 24-inch shall be pressure rated at 350-psi minimum, except flanged joint type fittings which shall be rated at 250-psi minimum. All 30-inch and larger fittings shall be pressure rated to 250-psi minimum. All fittings shall conform to either ANSI/AWWA C110/A21.10 and/or C153/A21.53, latest revision, and shall be ductile iron only. All fittings shall be cast and machined allowing the bolt holes to straddle the vertical centerline. All fittings shall be designed to be capable to withstand, without bursting, hydrostatic tests of three times the rated water working pressure. All fittings shall have a date code cast (not printed or labeled) with identification of date, factory, and the factory unit from which it was cast and machined. Fittings shall have the pressure rating, nominal diameter of openings, manufacturer's name, and the country where cast and number of degrees or fraction of the circle distinctly cast on them. Ductile iron fittings shall have the letter "DI" or "Ductile" cast on them.
- 2. Joints shall be as described for ductile iron pipe for above ground/exposed and buried service.
- 3. All potable water main fittings shall have NSF 61 certification, and ISO 9001 certification for both the foundry and manufacturer. The NSF 61 certification shall be issued on all coatings and linings, from the said manufacturers that are used for potable water applications.

2.02 COATINGS, LININGS AND IDENTIFICATION MARKINGS

- A. Exterior Coatings
 - 1. Below ground/buried or in a casing pipe:
 - a. Type: Asphaltic coating, 1.0-mil DFT in accordance with ANSI/AWWA A21.51/C151.
 - b. Markings: (continuous 3-inch wide strip within top 90 degrees of pipe min. drying time 30-minutes before backfill).
 - c. Color:
 - (1) Raw Wastewater: Safety Green
 - (2) Reclaimed Water: Purple (Pantone 522C)
 - (3) Potable Water: Safety Blue
 - 2. Above ground/Exposed/In vaults
 - a. Coatings and coating testing for ductile iron pipe and fittings for above ground/exposed applications shall be accordance with Division 9. Primer, intermediate and final coats whether shop or field applied shall be compatible and applied in ac cordance with the coating system manufacturer's recommendations. Refer to Appendix D "List of Approved Products" for approved coating system suppliers. Asphaltic seal coat applied to the exterior of above ground piping and fittings shall be blasted and completely removed prior to coating per NACE-3/SSPC-SP6 commercial blast cleaning minimum angular anchor profile of 1.5-mils.

- b. Color
 - (1) Raw Wastewater: Safety Green
 - (2) Reclaimed Water: Purple (Pantone 522C)
 - (3) Potable Water: Safety Blue
- 3. Inside Wetwell
 - a. All piping inside of wastewater wetwell shall be 316 stainless steel.
- B. Interior Lining (Applied by pipe manufacturer)
 - 1. Wastewater: Interior coating shall be Protecto 401 (amine cured novalac epoxy containing at least 20% by volume of ceramic quartz pigment) for all pipe and fittings. All ductile iron pipe and fittings shall be delivered to the manufacturer certified applicator without asphalt, cement lining, or any other lining on the interior surface and no coating shall have been applied to the first 6-inches of the exterior of the DIP spigot ends. Minimum surface preparation shall be SSPC-SP 1 Solvent Cleaning method to remove oil and grease followed by NACE-4 / SSPC-SP7 Brush-Off Blast Cleaning. Protecto 401 shall be applied within 12-hours of surface preparation to the interior of the pipe and fittings so as to obtain a continuous and relatively uniform and smooth integral lining with a total minimum dry film thickness of 40-mils for the complete system. No lining shall not be used on the face of the flange of fittings or flanged pipe. The system shall be holiday free and holiday testing (minimum 2000 volts) shall be conducted and pinholes shall be repaired prior to shipping.
 - 2. Potable Water and Reclaimed Water: Interior coating shall be fusion-bonded epoxy (FBE) or Cement Mortar lined with asphaltic seal coat.
 - a. FBE for Fittings: Fittings shall be supplied with a FBE coating, both inside and outside for total protection including flanged and buried fittings. The exterior of flanged fittings for above ground assemblies shall adhere to final exterior coating requirements per 3119 2.04 A. The FBE coating system shall meet or exceed ANSI/AWWA C-550 and C116/A21.116 requirements and shall have NSF 61 certification. FBE coating thickness shall be 6 to 8-mils dry film thickness, shall be applied for secure adhesion, shall have a smooth surface and shall be holiday free.
 - b. Cement mortar lining with a seal coat of asphaltic material shall be in accordance with ANSI/AWWA A21.4/C104.
- C. Polyethylene Encasement is required when pipe is within 10-feet of a gas main or as indicated on the Drawings:
 - 1. Standard: ANSI A 21.5/AWWA C105, 8-mil minimum thickness.

2.03 LOCATION MARKERS AND LOCATION WIRE

- A. Electronic Markers and Locator System (for reclaimed water and wastewater ONLY)
 - 1. Markers: Markers shall consist of a passive device capable of reflecting a specifically designated repulse frequency tuned to the utility (service) being installed. Markers shall be color coded in accordance with American Public Works Association's "Utility Locating and Coordinating Council Standards." Colors shall be: Wastewater and Reclaimed Water #1404 Green. Markers shall be full range. Markers shall be installed directly above the centerline of the respective pipeline at intervals not to exceed 100-feet, at each fitting (tees, wyes, crosses, reducers, plugs, caps and bends) or change in horizontal direction and at each valve along the pipeline. Markers shall be hand backfilled to 1-foot above the pad and have a finished depth of burial of not less than 2-feet or more than 6-feet. No separate payment shall be made for furnishing and installing the respective frequency and color-coded electronic pad type marker.
 - 2. Locator System: Marker locator set shall be the Scotch Mark EM II Electronic Marker Locator Path Tracing Receiver, or acceptable equal. The Contractor shall furnish 1-locator set for each type of service piping installed on the project (i.e.: reclaimed water, wastewater) to the County. Each unit shall incorporate the following features and accessories:
 - a. Unit(s) shall be tuned to the proper frequency for each type (service) of piping.
 - b. Field strength meter that provides visual indication of the return signal.
 - c. Function switch for selection of operation mode.
 - d. Sensitivity control to adjust the receiver gain.
 - e. Audio speaker for signal response.
 - f. Battery access panel containing condensed operating instructions.
 - g. Auxiliary headset and heads set jack.
 - h. Permanently attached shoulder straps.
 - i. Rugged shockproof and weatherproof storage/carrying case.
 - 3. Manufacturer: System shall be Scotch Mark Locator System, or acceptable equal.
- B. Location Detection Wire
 - 1. Materials: Continuous, insulated 10-gauge copper wire (color to match pipe identification).
 - 2. Installation: Directly above (1-inch maximum) centerline of pipe terminating at top of each valve box collar and be capable of extending 12-inches above top of box (stored inside the 2-inch brass pipe through the valve box collar) in a manner so as not to interfere with valve operation. For direction drilling installations, a minimum of 2 (two) 10-gauge wires shall be pulled along with the pipe.
 - 3. Continuity: Continuity of wire to be tested using Metrotech 810/9860 or acceptable equal.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION

- A. Ductile iron pipes shall be installed in accordance with AWWA C600 and AWWA Manual M-42. When a restraining type gasket is used, the bell shall be painted red.
- B. Underground Ductile Iron Pipe and Fittings.
 - 1. Bedding firm, dry and even bearing of suitable material. Blocking under the pipe will not be permitted.
 - 2. Placement
 - a. Alignment: In accordance with lines and grades shown on the Drawings. Deflection of joints shall not exceed 75% of the values recommended by the pipe manufacturer.
 - b. The Contractor shall provide line and grade stakes at a 100-foot maximum spacing and at all line and/or grade change locations. The Contractor shall provide temporary benchmarks at a maximum of 1,000-foot intervals. The minimum pipe cover shall be 30-inches below the finished grade surface or 30-inches below the elevation of the edge of pavement of the road surface whichever is greater.
 - c. All pipe and fittings shall be inspected prior to lowering into trench to insure no cracked, broken or otherwise defective materials are being used. All homing marks shall be checked for the proper length so as to not allow a separation or over homing of connected pipe. Homing marks incorrectly marked greater than 1-inch shall result in rejection of pipe and removal from site. The Contractor shall clean ends of pipe thoroughly and remove foreign matter and dirt from inside of pipe and keep clean during and after installation.
 - d. Proper implements, tools and facilities shall be used for the safe and proper protection of the Work. Pipe shall be lowered into the trench in such a manner as to avoid any physical damage to the pipe. Pipe shall not be dropped or dumped into trenches under any circumstances.
 - e. Trench Dewatering and Drainage Control: Contractor shall prevent water from entering trench during excavation and pipe-laying operations to the extent required to properly grade the bottom of the trench and allow for proper compaction of the backfill. Pipe shall not be laid in water.
 - f. Pipe Laying in Trench: Dirt or other foreign material shall be prevented from entering the pipe or pipe joint during handling or laying operations and any pipe or fitting that has been installed with dirt or foreign material in it shall be removed, cleaned and re-laid. Pigging of pipe may be used to remove foreign materials in lieu of flushing. At times when pipe installation is not in progress, the open ends of the pipe shall be closed by a watertight plug or by other means approved by the County to ensure absolute cleanliness inside the pipe. The pipe shall be installed with the color stripe and pipe text on the top of pipe.

- 3. Cutting: When required, cutting shall be done by machine, leaving a smooth cut at right angles to the axis of the pipe. Cut ends of the pipe to be used with a push-on bell shall be beveled. Bare metal exposed at ends of the pipe shall be field coated in accordance with pipe manufacturer's recommendations. Cut pipe for wastewater service shall have exposed bare metal ends repaired with Protecto 401 using the coating system manufacturer's field repair kit.
- 4. Joints
 - a. Joint Placement
 - (1) Push on joints: Pipe shall be laid with the bell facing upstream. The gasket shall be inserted and the joint surfaces cleaned and lubricated prior to placement of the pipe. After joining the pipe, a metal feeler shall be used to verify that the gasket is correctly located.
 - (2) Mechanical Joints: Pipe and fittings shall be installed in accordance with the "Notes on Method of Installation" under ANSI A21.11/AWWA C111. The gasket shall be inserted and the joint surfaces cleaned and lubricated with soapy water before tightening the bolts to the specified torque.
- C. Thrust Restraint
 - 1. General: Thrust restraint shall be accomplished by the use of mechanical restraining devices unless specifically identified otherwise on the Drawings or herein.
 - 2. Length of Restrained Joints: In accordance with the lengths listed in the table as shown on the Drawings.
- D. Installation of Pipes on Curves
 - 1. Maximum deflections at pipe joints, fittings and laying radius for the various pipe lengths shall not exceed 75% (percent) of the pipe manufacturer's recommendation.

3.02 CLEANING AND FIELD TESTING

A. General: At the conclusion of the Work, the Contractor shall provide all associated cleaning and field testing as specified in other related sections of these specifications.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 15064

POLYVINYL CHLORIDE (PVC) PIPE AND FITTINGS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

- A. Scope of Work: Furnish all labor, materials, equipment and incidentals required and install and test all polyvinyl chloride (PVC) piping, fittings and appurtenances as shown on the Drawings and specified herein.
- B. General Design: The equipment and materials specified herein are intended to be standard types of PVC pipe and ductile iron fittings for use in transporting wastewater, reclaimed water, and water.

1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Qualifications: All of the PVC pipe and ductile iron fittings shall be furnished by manufacturers who are fully experienced, reputable, and qualified in the manufacture of the materials to be furnished. The pipe and fittings shall be designed, constructed, installed in accordance with the best practices and methods and shall comply with these specifications as applicable.
- B. Standards:
 - 1. AWWA C900/C905
 - 2. ASTM D1784 / D1785 / D2241 / D2466 / D2564 / D2729 / D2774 / D3034 / D3139 / D3212
 - 3. NSF 14
 - 4. UNI-B-1 through 5
- C. Factory Tests: The manufacturer shall perform the factory tests described in Section 3 AWWA C900/C905.
- D. Quality Control:
 - 1. The manufacturer shall establish the necessary quality control and inspection practice to ensure compliance with the referenced standards.
 - 2. In addition to the manufacturer's quality control procedures, the County may select an independent testing laboratory to inspect the material at the production facility for compliance with these specifications. The County will pay for the cost of facility inspection requested by the County.

1.03 SHOP DRAWINGS AND SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be submitted to the County/Professional for review and acceptance prior to construction in accordance with the General Conditions and specifications Section 01300 "Submittals."
- B. Materials and Shop Drawings
- C. Manufacturer's Certification
 - 1. Submit sworn certification of factory tests and their results.

1.04 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Delivery and Storage: Delivery and storage of the materials shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. PVC pipe shall be covered with black plastic with a minimum thickness of 15-mil. Joint gaskets shall be stored in a clean, dark and dry location until use.
- B. Handling: Care shall be taken in loading, transporting and unloading to prevent damage to the pipe or fittings and their respective coatings. Pipe or fittings shall not be rolled off the carrier or dropped. Pipe shall be unloaded by lifting with a forklift or crane. All pipe or fittings shall be examined before installation and no piece shall be installed which is found to be defective. Pipe shall be handled to prevent damage to the pipe or coating. Accidental damage to pipe or coating shall be repaired to the satisfaction of County or it shall be removed from the job. When not being handled, the pipe shall be supported on timber cradles or on level ground, graded to eliminate all rock points and to provide uniform support along the full pipe length. When being transported, the pipe shall be supported at all times in a manner to prevent distortion or damage to the lining or coating. Any unit of pipe that, in the opinion of the County, is damaged beyond repair by the Contractor shall be removed from the site.
- C. The Contractor shall be responsible for all materials furnished and stored until the date of project completion. The Contractor shall replace, at his expense, all materials found to be defective or damaged in handling or storage. The Contractor shall, if requested by the County, furnish certificates, affidavits of compliance, test reports, samples or check analysis for any of the materials specified herein. All pipe delivered to project site for installation is subject to random testing for compliance with the designated specifications.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 GENERAL

A. All material supplied shall be one of the products specified in Appendix D "List of Approved Products" appended to these technical specifications.

A. Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe

- 1. Standards: AWWA C900/C905 and ASTM D1784/D3034/F679 (Gravity Sewer)
- 2. Compounds: Class 12454-A or Class 12454-B
- 3. PVC Gravity Pipe and Fittings: PVC gravity pipe (6-inch to 15-inch), shall conform to ASTM D3034, maximum SDR 35. PVC gravity pipe (18-inch to 36-inch), shall conform to ASTM F679 and uniform minimum "pipe stiffness" at 5% (percent) deflection shall be 46-psi. The joints shall be integral bell elastomeric gasket joints manufactured in accordance with ASTM D3212 and ASTM F477. Applicable UNI Bell Plastic Pipe Association standard is UNI B.
- 4. PVC Pressure Pipe and Fittings: All PVC pipe of nominal diameter 4 to 12-inches shall be manufactured in accordance with AWWA Standard C900 and greater than 12-inches shall be manufactured in accordance with AWWA Standard C905. The PVC pipe shall have a minimum working pressure rating of 100-psi and shall have a maximum dimension ratio of 18. Pipe shall be the same outside diameter as ductile iron pipe.
- 5. Dimension Ratio/Thickness: (unless otherwise shown on the Drawings)
 - a. Raw Wastewater:
 - (1) Pressure Systems: DR 18
 - (2) Gravity Systems: DR 35 (ASTM D3034) or PS 46 (ASTM F679)
 - b. Treated Wastewater: DR 18
 - c. Reclaimed Water: DR 18
 - d. Raw Water: DR 18
 - e. Potable Water: DR 18
 - f. Irrigation Piping: Schedule 40 or SDR 21
- 6. Joints:
 - a. Push-on integral bell elastomeric gasket joints:
 - (1) Standards: ASTM D3212/D3139/F477 and UNI-B-1
 - (2) Gaskets:
 - (a) Potable and Reclaimed Water Service: Styrene Butadiene Rubber (SBR) rieber type.
 - (b) Wastewater Service: Styrene Butadiene Rubber (SBR) rieber type for C900 / C905 pipe. Styrene Butadiene Rubber (SBR) ring type for gravity systems.
 - (3) Pipe Markings: Pipes shall have a manufacturer's home-mark on the spigot. On field cut pipe, the Contractor shall provide home-mark on the spigot in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
 - b. Solvent weld (nominal diameter less than 4-inches):
 - (1) Standards: ASTM D2466/D2564
 - (2) Type: Slip Fitting Socket (tapered)
 - (3) Exclusions: Plastic saddle and flange joints will not be used.

- c. Restrained Joints:
 - (1) Restrained joint devices shall be made specifically for PVC pipe and meet or exceed the requirements in ASTM F-1674.
 - (2) Manufacturers: Uni-flange mechanical joint restraints and bell restraints (for all sizes); Meg-a-lug system as manufactured by EBBA Iron (sizes 12-inches or less), or acceptable equal.
 - (3) Design pressure rating equal to or above test pressure as specified herein.
- d. Pipe Length:
 - (1) Pressure systems: 20-feet maximum nominal length
 - (2) Gravity systems: 13-feet minimum nominal length
- B. Fittings Pressure Systems (nominal diameter 4-inches and greater):
 - 1. Materials: Ductile iron
 - 2. Joints: Mechanical Joint, Minimum 350-psi pressure rating
 - 3. Gaskets:
 - a. Water and Reclaimed Water Service: Styrene Butadiene Rubber (SBR) ring type
 - b. Wastewater Service: Neoprene rubber ring type
 - 4. Exclusions: Standard double bell couplings will not be acceptable where the pipe will slip completely through the coupling.
 - 5. All fittings shall conform to either ANSI/AWWA C110/A21.10 and/or C153/A21.53, latest revision, and shall be ductile iron.
 - 6. All fittings shall have a date code cast (not printed or labeled), with identification of the date, factory and unit at which it was cast and machined. Fittings shall have distinctly cast on them the pressure rating, nominal diameter of openings, manufacturer's name, the country where cast, and deflection angle. Ductile iron fittings shall have the letters "DI" or "Ductile" cast on them.
 - 7. All potable water main fittings shall have NSF certification and ISO 9001 certification for both the foundry and manufacturer. The NSF 61 certification shall be issued on all coatings and linings, from the said manufacturers that are used for potable water applications.
 - 8. All ductile iron fittings shall have exterior coatings, including markings and colors, and interior linings in conformance with Section 15062 "Ductile Iron Pipe and Fittings."
- C. Fittings Pressure Systems (nominal diameter less than 4-inches)
 - 1. Material: Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC)
 - 2. Joints: Slip fitting tapered socket with solvent weld
 - 3. Solvent: Sure Guard 12 or acceptable equal
 - 4. Exclusions: Plastic saddle and flange joint fittings shall not be used

2.03 LOCATION MARKERS, LOCATION WIRE AND IDENTIFICATION MARKINGS

- A. Electronic Markers and Locator System (for reclaimed water and wastewater ONLY)
 - 1. Markers: Markers shall consist of a passive device capable of reflecting a specifically designated repulse frequency tuned to the utility (service) being installed. Markers shall be color coded in accordance with the American Public Works Association's "Utility Locating and Coordinating Council Standards." Colors shall be: Wastewater and Reclaimed Water #1404 Green. Markers shall be full range. Markers shall be installed directly above the centerline of the respective pipeline at intervals not to exceed 100-feet, at each fitting (tees, wyes, crosses, reducers, plugs, caps and bends) or change in horizontal direction and at each valve along the pipeline. Markers shall be hand backfilled to 1-foot above the pad and have a finished depth of burial of not less than 2-feet or more than 6-feet. No separate payment shall be made for furnishing and installing the respective frequency and color-coded electronic pad type marker.
 - 2. Locator System: Marker locator set shall be the 3M Dynatel 1420 or 3M Dynatel 1420E Electronic Marker System Marker Locator, or acceptable equal. The Contractor shall furnish 1 locator set for each type of service piping installed on the Project (i.e.: reclaimed water, wastewater.) to the County. Each unit shall incorporate the following features and accessories:
 - a. Unit(s) shall be tuned to the proper frequency for each type (service) of piping.
 - b. Field strength meter that provides visual indication of the return signal
 - c. Function switch for selection of operation mode
 - d. Sensitivity control to adjust the receiver gain
 - e. Audio speaker for signal response
 - f. Battery access panel containing condensed operating instructions
 - g. Auxiliary headset and heads set jack
 - h. Permanently attached shoulder straps
 - i. Rugged shockproof and weatherproof storage/carrying case
 - 3. Manufacturer: System shall be Scotch Mark Locator System, or acceptable equal.
- B. Location Detection Wire
 - 1. Materials: Continuous, insulated 10-gauge copper wire (color to match pipe identification).
 - 2. Installation: Directly above (1-inch maximum) centerline of pipe terminating at top of each valve box collar and be capable of extending 18-inches above top of box (stored inside the 2-inch brass pipe through the valve box collar) in a manner so as not to interfere with valve operation. For direction drilling installations, a minimum of 2 (two) 10-gauge wires shall be pulled along with the pipe.
- C. Identification Markings:
 - 1. Pipe furnished in solid color or white with color lettering as indicated below.
 - a. Lettering along top 90° (degrees) of pipe, minimum 3/4-inch in height with appropriate wording appearing 1 or more times every 21-inches along the entire length of the pipeline.

- (1) Raw Wastewater: Safety Green
- (2) Reclaimed Water: Purple (Pantone 522C)
- (3) Potable Water: Safety Blue

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION

- A. Standards: AWWA C900/C905/UNI-B 3 and 4
- B. Underground Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe and Fittings
 - 1. Bedding: Firm, dry and even bearing of suitable material. Blocking under the pipe will not be permitted.
 - 2. Placement/Alignment:
 - a. Installation shall be in accordance with lines and grades shown on the Drawings. For pressure systems, deflection of joints shall not exceed 75% of that recommended by the manufacturer.
 - b. All pipe and fittings shall be inspected prior to lowering into trench to insure no cracked, broken or otherwise defective materials are being used. All homing marks shall be checked for the proper length so as to not allow a separation or over homing of connected pipe. Homing marks incorrectly marked on pipe shall result in rejection of pipe and removal from site. The Contractor shall clean ends of pipe thoroughly and remove foreign matter and dirt from inside of pipe and keep clean during and after installation.
 - c. Proper implements, tools and facilities shall be used for the safe and proper protection of the Work. Pipe shall be lowered into the trench in such a manner as to avoid any physical damage to the pipe. Pipe shall not be dropped or dumped into trenches under any circumstances.
 - d. Trench Dewatering and Drainage Control: Contractor shall prevent water from entering trench during excavation and pipe laying operations to the extent required to properly grade the bottom of the trench and allow for proper compaction of the backfill. Pipe shall not be laid in water.
 - e. Pipe Laying in Trench: Dirt or other foreign material shall be prevented from entering the pipe or pipe joint during handling or laying operations and any pipe or fitting that has been installed with dirt or foreign material in it shall be removed, cleaned and re-laid. Pigging of pipe may be used to remove foreign materials in lieu of flushing. At times when pipe installation is not in progress, the open ends of the pipe shall be closed by a watertight plug or by other means approved by the County to ensure absolute cleanliness inside the pipe. The color stripe and pipe text shall be viewed from the top of pipe when installed. When installing PVC pipe, no additional joints will be installed until the preceding pipe joint has been completed and the pipe carefully embedded and secured in place.

- f. Locating Wire: Locating wire, for electronically locating pipe after it is buried, or installed by trenchless technology shall be attached along the length of and installed with the pipe. This is applicable to all sizes and types of pressure mains. At a minimum, the tracing wire is to be attached to the pipe with nylon wire ties. The wire itself shall be 10-gauge single strand solid core copper wire with non-metallic insulation. The insulation shall be color coded for the type of pipe being installed. Continuous continuity must be maintained in the wire along the entire length of the pipe run. Permanent splices must be made in the length of the wire using wire connectors approved for underground applications as listed in the uniform electric code handbook. The coiled wire shall extend to a minimum of 12-inches above the surface and be connected to a test station box at valve locations.
- g. PVC Pressure Pipe Installation and Training: PVC pipe shall be installed in accordance with standards set forth in the UNI-BELL "Handbook of PVC Pipe", AWWA C605, and AWWA Manual M-23. The pipe shall be laid by inserting the spigot end into the bell flush with the insertion line or as recommended by the manufacturer. At no time shall the bell spigot end be allowed to go past the "insertion line" or "homing mark" for pressure pipe applications and homing mark shall be visible.
- h. Field Cutting: PVC pipe can be cut with a handsaw or power driven abrasive disc making a square cut. The end shall be beveled with a beveling tool, wood rasp or power sander to the same angle as provided on the factory-finished pipe. The insertion line on the spigot shall be remarked to the same dimensions as the factory-marked spigot.
- i. All Contractor pipe crews utilizing PVC pressure pipe shall be trained on an annual basis by Uni-Bell in coordination with the County and attended by the manufacturer's representative of the respective approved Manufacturers in Appendix D "List of Approved Products." The Uni-Bell PVC training session will consist of proper handling, storage, installation, and compaction as well as County requirements regarding PVC pipe and deflection. Every person handling, installing or backfilling PVC pipe shall not be permitted to install County owned and / or maintained pipe without training.
- j. Approved manufacturers representatives (Appendix D "List of Approved Products"), not present at the hosted Uni-Bell training session or individuals of pipe crews not in attendance shall be trained on every project site. On-site project training shall be for each manufacturer of pipe utilized on-site, per crew and per project. Specifically each crewmember shall be trained on every project by every pipe manufactures representative regardless of previous on-site training. Every person handling, installing or backfilling PVC pipe shall not be permitted to install County owned and / or maintained pipe without training.
- k. PVC Gravity Pipe Installation: Gravity sewer pipe shall be installed to the homing mark, no tolerance. Any noticeable separation shall be removed and reinstalled. The homing mark may be disregarded to meet the maximum of 1-inch separation between bell and spigot requirement. Joints:

- 1. Joint Placement:
 - (1) Push on joints: Pipe shall be laid with the bell ends facing upstream. The gasket shall be inserted and the joint surfaces cleaned and lubricated prior to placement of the pipe. After joining the pipe, a metal feeler shall be used to verify that the gasket is correctly located.
 - (2) Mechanical Joints: Pipe and fittings shall be installed in accordance with the "Notes on Method of Installation" under ANSI A21.11/AWWA C111. The gasket shall be inserted and the joint surfaces cleaned and lubricated with soapy water before tightening the bolts to the specified torque.
- C. Thrust Restraint
 - 1. Thrust restraint shall be accomplished by the use of mechanical restraining devices unless specifically identified otherwise on the Drawings or herein.
 - 2. Length of restrained joints shall be in accordance with the lengths listed in the table as shown on the Drawings.
- D. Installation of Pipes on Curves:
 - 1. No joint deflection or pipe bending is allowed in PVC pipe. The maximum allowable tolerance in the joint due to variances in installation is 0.75° (degrees) (3-inches per joint per 20-foot stick of pipe). No bending tolerance in the pipe barrel shall be acceptable. Alignment change shall be made only with sleeves and fittings.

3.02 CLEANING AND FIELD TESTING

A. At the conclusion of the Work, the Contractor shall provide all associated cleaning and field testing as specified in associated sections of these specifications.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 15100 ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

A. Scope of Work: Provide all valves and appurtenances, ready for operation, as shown on the Drawings and as specified herein.

1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. All valves, appurtenances, and ancillary equipment shall be products of well-established reputable firms who are fully experienced, reputable and qualified in the manufacture of the particular equipment to be furnished. The equipment shall be designed, constructed, and installed in accordance with the best practices and methods and shall comply with these Specifications.

1.03 SHOP DRAWINGS AND SUBMITTALS

A. Submittals shall be submitted to the County for review and acceptance prior to construction in accordance with the General Conditions and specifications Section 01300 "Submittals."

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 GENERAL

- A. All valves, appurtenances, and ancillary equipment shall be of the sizes shown on the Drawings and specified herein.
- B. All valves and appurtenances shall have the name of the maker and the working pressure for which they are designed cast in raised letters upon some appropriate part of the body.
- C. All valves, appurtenances, and ancillary equipment shall be as specified in Appendix D "List of Approved Products" appended to these technical specifications.

2.02 AIR RELEASE VALVES

- A. For Water Service and Reclaimed Water Service
 - 1. General: Water mains shall be equipped with combination air release valves located as shown on the Drawings. Valves shall be made to remove air at high points where elevation changes exceed 5-feet. Automatic air release valves shall be located at high points for pipe systems greater than 12-inches in diameter.

- 2. Water and Reclaimed Water Combination Air Release Valves: The valve body shall be 316 stainless steel, 316 stainless steel float, bronze water diffuser Buna-N or Viton seat and stainless steel trim.
- 3. Fittings from the main to the air release valve shall be threaded and made of brass.
- B. For Wastewater Service
 - 1. General: Wastewater force mains shall be equipped with combination air release valves located as shown on the Drawings. Valves shall be made to remove air at high points where elevation change is 2-feet or greater, located in an enclosure as detailed on the Drawings.
 - 2. Wastewater Combination Air Release Valves: The valve body shall be conical in shape and shall be 316 stainless steel with a funnel shape lower body to automatically drain sewage back into the system. All internal parts shall be corrosion resistant 316 stainless steel or non-metallic plastic materials.
 - 3. On flanged connections 316 stainless steel bolts, nuts and washers are to be used along with the proper sized gasket.
- C. Air release valves shall be installed in an enclosure.

2.03 TAPPING SLEEVES AND VALVES

- A. General: Tapping sleeves shall be mechanical joint sleeves.
- B. Mechanical Joint Sleeves: Sleeves shall be cast of gray-iron or ductile-iron and have an outlet flange with the dimensions of the Class 125 flanges shown in ANSI B16.1 and properly recessed for tapping valve. Glands shall be gray-iron or ductile iron. Gaskets shall be vulcanized natural or synthetic rubber. Bolts and nuts shall comply with ANSI/AWWA C111/ANSI A21.11. Sleeves shall be capable of withstanding a 200-psi working pressure.
- C. Fabricated Mechanical Joint Tapping Sleeves: Sleeves shall be of split mechanical joint design with separate end and side gaskets. Sleeves shall be fabricated of high strength steel, meeting ASTM A283 Grade C or ASTM A-36. Outlet flange shall meet AWWA C-207, Class "D" ANSI 150-pound drilling and be properly recessed for the tapping valve. Bolts and nuts shall be high strength low alloy steel to AWWA C111 (ANSI A21.11). Gasket shall be vulcanized natural or synthetic rubber. Sleeve shall have manufacturer applied fusion-bonded epoxy coating, minimum l2-mil thickness.
- D. Tapping Valves: Tapping valves shall be resilient seated gate valves flange by mechanical joint ends. Valves shall be compatible with tapping sleeves as specified above and specifically designed for pressure connection operations.
 - 1. Tapping valves with alignment lip shall be placed vertical where possible for Water and Reclaimed Water.

2. Tapping Valves 16-inch and larger shall be AWWA C515 resilient seated only (16inch and 24-inch no gearing required) above 24-inch shall be installed vertically with a spur gear actuator. When tapping existing mains, valves 24-inch and above shall be furnished with NPT pipe plugs for flushing the tracks.

2.04 VALVE BOXES FOR BURIED VALVES

- A. Standard 2-piece Cast Iron Valve Box: Required for mains less than 6-feet below finished grade and less than or equal to 12-inches in diameter.
 - 1. Valve boxes shall be provided with suitable heavy bonnets and shall extend to such elevation at or slightly above the finished grade surface as directed by the County's Representative.
 - 2. The barrel shall be 2-piece, screw type only, having 5-1/4-inch shaft. The upper section shall have a flange at the bottom having sufficient bearing area to prevent settling and shall be complete with locking cast iron covers. Coat buried cast iron pieces with coal tar epoxy.
- B. Valve Box Assembly: Valve box assemblies with operating nut extension is required for any size main that is 6-feet or greater below finished grade or if mains are greater than 12-inches in diameter.
 - 1. Valve boxes shall be 1 complete assembled unit composed of the valve box and extension stem that attaches and locks to the 2-inch wrench nut. The extension shall be high strength, corrosion resistant steel construction, and permanently attached to the operating nut.
 - 2. The operating nut extension insert shall be 1 complete assembled unit with a selfadjusting extension stem system that fits inside a standard valve box that will accommodate variable trench depths 6-feet and greater as shown in the Drawings. All moving parts of the extension stem shall be enclosed in a housing to prevent contact with the soil.
 - 3. A valve box-centering device designed to eliminate the shifting of the valve box against the operating nut of the valve shall be used. Valve box assembly shall be adjustable to accommodate variable trench depths 6-foot and greater as shown in the Drawings.
- C. The stem assembly shall be of a telescoping design that allows for variable adjustment length. The material shall be at minimum galvanized square steel tubing. The stem assembly shall have a built-in device that prevents the stem assembly from disengaging at its fully extended length. The extension stem must be capable of surviving a torque test to 1,000-foot-pounds without failure.
- D. Valve boxes shall have locking cast iron covers utilizing a 5-sided nut with a special wrench needed to open. Covers shall have "WATER", "SEWER", or "RECLAIMED WATER" cast into the top, as applicable
- E. Concrete Collar: Each valve installed in an unimproved area (outside of pavement, driveways or sidewalks) shall require a 24-inch by 24-inch by 6-inch concrete pad or collar as shown in the Drawings.

- F. Identification Disc: Each 16-inch or larger valve (unless otherwise shown on the Drawings) installed shall be identified by a 3-inch diameter bronze disc anchored in the concrete pad or collar in unimproved areas and/or anchored on a 4-inch by 4-inch by 18-inch long concrete post set flush with the pavement surface in improved areas. The disc shall be stamped with the following information as shown on the Drawings:
 - 1. Size of the valve
 - 2. Type of valve
 - 3. Service
 - 4. Direction and number of turns to open
- G. Valve markers are to be made of schedule 80 PVC and have decal applied containing information as shown on the Drawings. The marker shall be the same color as the pipe being marked.

2.05 LINE STOPPING ASSEMBLIES

- A. Sleeves used to line-stop existing mains shall be provided and installed at locations as shown on the Drawings. Line-stopping sleeve shall be steel fusion epoxy coated body with stainless steel straps, bolts, nuts, and washers. Contractor shall determine the outside diameter of the existing main prior to ordering sleeve.
- B. The line-stopping equipment shall consist of a resilient sealing element, which shall be attached to and transported by a plug inserter perpendicularly into the pipe. The linear actuator shall extend and retract the Line-Stopper into and out of the pipe. When retracted from the pipe, the element and inserter shall be contained within the stopper housing.
- C. The hollow cylindrical sealing element shall be molded of natural rubber. The lower interior chamber of the element shall be enlarged into a hemispherical cavity to allow symmetrical deformation into sealing conformity with the bore of the pipe.
- D. The linear actuator shall be hydraulic and shall have a self-contained hand operated pump. The actuator shall exert a force sufficient to perpendicularly deform the cylindrical element into axially symmetrical sealing contact with the bore of the pipe. Design of actuator shall provide adequate stroke and means to continually align the linestop bullet stopping assemblies in sizes 14-inch through 20-inch with pressure rating to 250-psig.
- E. Equalization of pressure across the sealed element shall not be required to retract the element from the pipe. No equalization fittings shall be required downstream of the line-stopper.
- F. The line-stopping equipment shall be accurately aligned on the 4-inch through 8-inch fittings by locating in the external threads of the fitting nozzle. With sizes 10-inch and 12-inch the location shall be made on the centering groove of the fitting flange.
- G. Line-stopping equipment must be capable of function and acceptance of multiple stopper heads and shall be compatible with existing system fittings.

2.06 FIRE HYDRANTS AND VALVE ASSEMBLIES

- A. Fire hydrants shall be 5-1/4-inch minimum valve opening and shall comply with the current AWWA Standard Specifications C502-54 for 150-psi working pressure. Fire hydrants shall be of ample length for 3-1/2-foot depth of bury with necessary extensions to place safety flange the required 3-inches above finished grade. Each hydrant shall be made in at least 2 sections bolted together. All interior working parts of the hydrant shall be removable form the top of the hydrant to allow repairs without removing the hydrant barrel after it has been installed. It shall be provided with 2 (two) 2-1/2-inch hose nozzles and 1 (one) 4-1/2-inch pumper nozzle, all having its specific Fire District Standard hose threads. All nozzles shall have caps attached by chains. Operating nuts shall be AWWA Standard. Drain or weep holes shall be permanently plugged by the manufacturer.
- B. Fire hydrant painting and coating shall meet the requirements of Section 09900 "Painting." Fire hydrants shall be painted silver in accordance with the present Orange County standards. Three (3) operating wrenches shall be furnished for every 10 hydrants installed or relocated.
- C. All hydrant assemblies shall incorporate anchoring hydrant fittings, including M.J. Locked Hydrant Tee with split gland to provide the locking together of the entire assembly. Gate valve shall be as specified in Specification Section 15111 "Plug Valves."
- D. All hydrants shall have a 24-inch to 48-inch square by 6-inch thick reinforced concrete shear paid as shown in the Drawings.
- E. Fire hydrants shall be located in the general location as shown on the Drawings. Final field location of all hydrants shall be as approved by the County. All hydrants shall be located no less than 5 and no more than 10-feet from the edge of pavement of the adjacent roadway and no less than 5-feet from any physical feature which may obstruct access or view of any hydrant unless otherwise approved by the County.

2.07 SERVICE SADDLES

- A. Stainless Steel Service Saddles: Shall be epoxy or nylon coated ductile iron body with stainless steel, 18-8 type 304 straps, AWWA tapered threads for 1-inch and 2-inch to be iron pipe threads. Controlled OD saddles to be used on C905 PVC pipe, double straps to be 2-inch minimum width each, single strap to be minimum of 3-inches wide.
- B. PVC Pipe Service Saddle
 - 1. One-inch and 2-inch services utilize brass body saddle with controlled OD for 12-inches and smaller pipe.
 - 2. One-inch and 2-inch taps on existing pipes larger than 12-inches shall use controlled OD epoxy or nylon coated ductile iron body with stainless steel 18-8 type 304 straps.
 - 3. Four-inch or larger services shall be mechanical tapping sleeves.
- C. Ductile Iron Pipe Service Saddle
 - 1. One-inch services shall be direct tapped.

- 2. Two-inch service shall use a controlled OD service tapping saddle with stainless steel straps and a ductile iron body that is either nylon or epoxy coated
- 3. Four-inch or larger services shall be mechanical tapping sleeves.
- D. HDPE Pipe Service Saddle
 - 1. One-inch and 2-inch shall utilize controlled O.D. tapping saddle with epoxy or nylon coated stainless steel 18-8 type 304 double straps.
 - 2. Four-inch or larger, shall use wide body tapping sleeves with a broad cross section gasket set in a retaining groove that increases sealing capability as pressure increases.
- E. Concrete Pressure Pipe Service Saddle
 - 1. Tapped concrete pressure pipe shall be in accordance with AWWA M-9, using a strap-type saddle made specifically for concrete cylinder pressure pipe.
- F. Steel Pipe Service Saddle
 - 1. Welded-on steel sleeves shall be used for all sizes and applications.

2.08 CORPORATION STOPS AND CURB STOPS

- A. Corporation Stops: Shall be brass body reduced port type compatible with the polyethylene tubing and threaded in accordance with AWWA C800, AWWA C901, and shall comply with NSF-61.
- B. Curb Stops: Shall be brass body reduced port type compatible with the polyethylene tubing and threaded in accordance with AWWA C800, AWWA C901, and shall comply with NSF-61.

2.09 WATER MAIN AND RECLAIMED WATER MAIN SERVICE PIPE

- A. Polyethylene Service Pipe: One-inch and 2-inch service lines shall be polyethylene tubing conforming to AWWA C901 and AWWA C800. Tubing shall be approved for potable water use and bear the seal of the National Sanitation Foundation (NSF). The product shall be rated for a minimum working pressure of 150-psi and a (Dimension Ratio) DR-9 size. The tubing shall be designated copper tube size and the material PE-2406 cell classification minimum PE213323C in accordance with ASTM 3350.
- B. Ductile Iron Service Pipe: Services 4-inch and larger shall be DIP. If the existing main is on the same side of the street as the property to be serviced, the service pipe shall be DIP from the point of connection to the existing main to the meter assembly. If the existing main is on the opposite side of the street as the property to be serviced, at a minimum, the segment of pipe immediately upstream from the meter assembly shall be DIP.
- C. No service pipe shall terminate under a driveway.

- A. Pressure gauges shall be installed on each pump station discharge pipe as indicated on the Drawings.
- B. Pressure gauge shall be direct mounted, diaphragm (type) gauge, stainless steel case, stainless steel sensing element, liquid filled, with a 4-1/2-inch diameter dial and furnished with a clear glass crystal window and 1/4-inch shut-off (isolation) valve. Gauges shall be weatherproof.
- C. The pressure gauge face dial shall be white finished aluminum with jet-black graduations and figures and shall indicate the units of pressure measured in psi. Gauges shall be provided with pressure at normal operation at the mid range of the gauge.
- D. As wastewater flows through the housing, the cylinder shall transmit pressure through the sensing liquid. Gauge outlet in the spool or ring shall be threaded, 1/4-inch, per ANSI B2.1.
- E. Nipples for connecting gauges to piping shall be Schedule 80S, Grade TP 316 seamless stainless steel, conforming to ASTM A 312. Fittings shall conform to ASTM A 403, Class WP316. Threads shall conform to ANSI B2.1. Size of pipe nipple shall match the gauge connection size.

2.11 TIE RODS

A. Steel for tie rods and tie bolts shall conform to the requirements of ASTM Designation A 242, and rods shall be galvanized in conformance with requirements of ASTM Designation A 123.

2.12 BACK FLOW PREVENTION

- A. Reduced Pressure Backflow Preventer shall conform to the requirements of ASSE 1013, rated to 180°F and supplied with full port ball valves. The main body and access covers shall be bronze and meet ASTM B 584, the seat ring and all internal polymers shall be NSF Noryl and the seat disc elastomers shall be silicone.
- B. Dual check valves shall be required and shall be accessible for maintenance without removing the relief valve or the entire device from the line.
- C. The bottom of the preventer shall be installed a minimum of 12-inches above grade and not more than 30-inches above grade.

2.13 FLANGED COUPLING ADAPTERS

A. All adapters shall be harnessed with the bolts across the joint (flange to flange or flange to lug) designed for the pipe test pressure.

- B. Adapter Size: Conform in size and bolt hole placement to ANSI standards for steel and/or cast iron flanges 125 or 150-pound standard unless otherwise required for connections.
- C. Exposed Sleeve Type
 - 1. Material: Steel
 - 2. Coating: Enamel
 - 3. Bolting: Carbon steel
 - 4. Acceptable Manufacturers: Dresser Manufacturing Co. Style 128 for cast iron ductile iron and steel pipes with diameters of 2-inches through 96-inches, or equal.
- D. Buried Sleeve Type
 - 1. Material: Cast iron
 - 2. Bolting: Type 304 stainless steel conforming to ASTM A 193, Grade B8 for bolts, and ATM A 194, Grade 8 for nuts and washers. Bolts and nuts greater than 1-1/8-inches shall be carbon steel, ASTM A 307, Grade B, with cadmium plating, ASTM A 165, Type NS.
 - 3. Acceptable manufacturers: Dresser Manufacturing Co. Style 127 locking type for cast iron, ductile, iron, asbestos cement and steel pipes with diameters of 3-inches through 12-inches, or equal.
- E. Split Type
 - 1. Material: Malleable or ductile iron.
 - 2. Design: For use with grooved or shouldered end pipe.
 - 3. Coating: Enamel
 - 4. Acceptable Manufacturers: Victaulic Company of America Style 741 for pipe diameters of 2-inches through 12-inches, Victaulic Company of America Style 742 for pipe diameters of 14-inches through 16-inches, or equal.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION

- A. All ancillary equipment shall be installed in the locations shown, true to alignment and rigidly supported. Any damage to the above items shall be repaired to the satisfaction of the County before installation.
- B. After installation, all ancillary equipment shall be tested as specified for adjacent piping. If any joint or equipment proves to be defective, it shall be repaired and retested to the satisfaction of the County.
- C. Install all floor boxes, brackets, extension rods, guides, the various types of operators and appurtenances as shown on the Drawings that are in masonry floors or walls, and install concrete inserts for hangers and supports as soon as forms are erected and before concrete is poured. Before setting these items, the Contractor shall check all plans and figures, which have a direct bearing on the location and shall be responsible for the proper location of these valves and appurtenances during the Construction of the structures.

- D. Notification and Connections to Existing Mains
 - 1. The Contractor shall submit a completed "System Connection" form to the County to schedule the connection. The request shall be made a minimum of 5-working days prior to the proposed tie-in to the existing main for pressure connections and 10-working days prior to the proposed tie-in to the existing main for non-pressure connections. In this request, the Contractor shall provide the following information:
 - a. Points of connection, fittings to be used and method of flushing and disinfection if applicable
 - b. Estimated construction time for said connections
 - c. Identify pressure and non-pressure connections
 - 2. Connections shall only be made on the agreed upon date and time. If the Contractor does not perform the Work in the agreed upon manner or schedule, the Contractor shall be required to reschedule the connection by following the procedure outlined above.
- E. Pressure Connections: Sufficient length of main shall be exposed to allow for installation of the tapping sleeve and valve and the operation of the tapping machinery. The main shall be supported on concrete pedestals or bedding rock at sufficient intervals to properly carry its own weight, plus the weight of the tapping sleeve, valve and machinery. Any damage to the main due to improper or insufficient supports will be repaired at the Contractor's expense.
 - 1. Prior to the tap, the Contractor shall assemble all materials, tools, equipment, labor, and supervision necessary to make the connection.
 - 2. The Contractor shall excavate a dry and safe working area pit of sufficient size to enable the necessary Work.
 - 3. The inside of the tapping sleeve and valve, the outside of the main and the tapping machine shall be cleaned and swabbed or sprayed with 1% liquid chlorine solution prior to beginning installation for water system pressure connections and must comply with AWWA C-651-99 or most current version.
 - 4. After the tapping sleeve has been mounted on the main, the tapping valve shall be bolted to the outlet flange, making a pressure tight connection. Prior to beginning the tapping operation, the sleeve and valve shall be pressure tested under the observation of County personnel to 150-psi for 30-minute duration to ensure that no leakage will occur.
 - 5. For pressure connections 4-inch through 20-inch installation, the minimum diameter cut shall be 1/2-inch less than the nominal diameter of the pipe to be attached. For larger taps, the allowable minimum diameter shall be 2 to 3-inches less than the nominal diameter of the pipe being attached. After the tapping procedure is complete, the Contractor shall submit the coupon to the County.
 - 6. The tapping valve shall be placed horizontally for pressure connections to wastewater force mains. A plug valve shall be attached to the tapping valve after the tapping procedure is complete. The tapping valve shall be left in the open position prior to backfilling.
 - 7. Adequate restrained joint fittings shall be provided to prevent movement of the installation when test pressure is applied.
 - 8. The Contractor shall be responsible for properly backfilling the work area pit after the Work is completed.

- F. Non-Pressure Dry Connections
 - For water service connections, no customer shall be without service for more than 6hours. For wastewater connections, provide bypass operations per Section 01516 "Collection System Bypass." This accommodation to customers may include scheduling after Normal Working Hours.
 - 2. The Contractor shall be ready to proceed by pre-assembling as much material as possible at the site to minimize the length of service interruption.
 - 3. Needed pipe restraints must be installed prior to the initiation of the shutdown.
 - 4. The excavation shall be opened and needed site preparations must be completed before the initiation of the connection work.
 - 5. County shall postpone a service cut-off if the Contractor is not ready to proceed at the scheduled time.
 - 6. Only County personnel shall operate the valves needed to perform the shutdown on the existing system.

3.02 PAINTING

- A. All exterior surfaces of iron body valves shall be clean, dry, and free from rust and grease before coating.
- B. For valves installed underground or in valve vaults, all exterior ferrous parts of valve and actuator shall be coated at the factory with a thermally bonded epoxy coating in accordance with AWWA C550, latest revision.
- C. For aboveground service, the exterior ferrous parts of all valves shall be coated in weatherproof paint. The color of the finish coats shall be in accordance with the Orange County Utilities Standards.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 15111 GATE VALVES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

- A. Scope of Work: Furnish and install gate valves of the type and size and in the locations as shown on the Drawings and/or specified herein.
- B. General Design
 - 1. Resilient seat non-rising stem (NRS) gates valves shall be used for underground service and for aboveground service where shown on the Drawings.
 - 2. Resilient seat Outside Stem and Yoke (OS&Y) gate valves shall be used for aboveground service only where shown on the Drawings.

1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. All gate valves of same type and style shall be manufactured by one (1) manufacturer.

1.03 SHOP DRAWINGS AND SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be submitted to the County/Professional for review and acceptance prior to construction in accordance with the General Conditions and specifications Section 01300 "Submittals."
- B. Shop Drawings and submittals shall be submitted to the County/Professional Engineer for review and acceptance prior to construction for the following:
 - 1. Certified Shop Drawings showing details of construction, dimensions (including laying length), and weight.
 - 2. Descriptive literature, bulletins, and/or catalogs showing all valve parts and describing material of construction by material and specification, e.g., AISI.
 - 3. Valve coatings and linings, if any.
 - 4. A complete bill of materials for all equipment.
 - 5. See individual sections for additional requirements.

1.04 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Shipping
 - 1. All parts shall be properly protected so that no damage or deterioration will occur during a prolonged delay from the time of shipment until installation is completed.
 - 2. Factory assembled parts and components shall be dismantled for shipment unless permission is received in writing from the County/Professional Engineer.

- 3. Finished surfaces of all exposed openings shall be protected by wooden blanks, strongly built and securely bolted thereto.
- 4. Finished iron or steel surfaces not painted shall be properly protected to prevent rust and corrosion.
- 5. After hydrostatic or other tests, all entrapped water shall be drained prior to shipment, and proper care shall be taken to protect parts from the entrance of water during shipment, storage, and handling.
- 6. Each box or package shall be properly marked to show its net weight in addition to its contents.

B. Storage

- 1. Store valves and accessories in an area on the construction site protected from weather, moisture, or possible damage.
- 2. Do not store valves or accessories directly on the ground.

C. Handling

- 1. Handle valves and accessories to prevent damage of any nature.
- 2. Carefully inspect all materials for:
 - a. Defects in workmanship and materials.
 - b. Removal of debris and foreign material in valve openings and seats.
 - c. Proper functioning of all operating mechanisms.
 - d. Tightness of all nuts and bolts.

1.05 WARRANTY AND GUARANTEES

- A. The manufacturer's warranty period shall be concurrent with the Contractor's for 1-year, unless otherwise specified, commencing at the time of final acceptance by the County.
- B. The Contractor shall be responsible for obtaining certificates for equipment warranty for all equipment which lists for more than \$500.00 (major equipment). The County reserves the right to request warranties for equipment not classified as "major". The Contractor shall still warrant equipment not considered to be "major" in the Contractor's 1-year warranty period even though certificates of warranty may not be required.
- C. In the event that the equipment manufacturer or supplier is unwilling to provide a 1-year warranty commencing at the date of substantial completion, the Contractor shall obtain from the manufacturer a 2-year warranty commencing at the time of equipment delivery to the job site. This 2-year warranty from the manufacturer shall not relieve the Contractor of the 1-year warranty starting at the time of County acceptance of the equipment.
- D. The County shall incur no labor or equipment cost during the guarantee period.
- E. Guarantee shall cover all necessary labor, equipment, and replacement parts resulting from faulty or inadequate design, improper assembly or erection, defective workmanship and materials, leakage, breakage, or other failure of equipment or components furnished by the manufacturer.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 GENERAL

A. All material supplied shall be one of the products specified in Appendix D "List of Approved Products" appended to these technical specifications.

2.02 MATERIALS

- A. Gate valves shall be resilient seat gate valves, manufactured to meet or exceed the requirements of AWWA C509/C515, latest revision, and these Specifications. All valves are to be tested in strict accordance with AWWA C509/C515.
- B. Valves shall have an unobstructed waterway equal to or greater than the full nominal diameter of the valve.
- C. The minimum design working water pressure shall be minimum 250-psig.
- D. Gate valves shall be installed vertically per the Drawings and with minimum depth of cover per Table 15111-1.

Pipe Diameter (Inches)	Vertical Gate Valve Cover		
	LOCAL Roadway	Non-LOCAL Roadway*	
4-inch – 8-inch	30-inch	36-inch	
12-inch	36-inch	36-inch	
16-inch	44-inch	48-inch	
20-inch	-	50-inch	
24-inch	-	54-inch	
* Additional 12-inches of cover is required for all vertical valves 16-inches and greater located in the			
pavement			

Table 15111-1Minimum Pipe Cover Required for Valves

- E. Valves 16-inches and larger shall be AWWA C515 resilient seated only (16-inches through 24-inches no gearing required).
- F. The valve body, bonnet, and bonnet cover shall be cast iron ASTM A126, Class B for C509 valves and ductile iron ASTM A536 for C515 valves. All ferrous surfaces inside and outside shall have a fusion-bonded epoxy coating in accordance with AWWA C 550.
- G. A 2-inch wrench nut shall be provided for operating the valve. Valves 30-inches and larger shall be provide with spur gear actuators. Side actuated gate valves are not acceptable. All valves shall open left or counter clockwise.
- H. The valves shall have non-rising stems with the stem made of cast, forged, or rolled bronze as specified in AWWA C509. Two (2) stem seals shall be provided and shall be of the O-ring type. The stem nut must be independent of the gate.

- I. The resilient sealing mechanism shall provide zero leakage at test and normal working pressure when installed with the flow from either direction.
- J. Tapping valves shall be placed vertical where possible for Water and Reclaimed Water. When tapping existing mains, valves 24-inches and above shall be furnished with NPT pipe plugs for flushing the tracks.
- K. All materials shall be in accordance with Appendix D "List of Approved Products."

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 PREPARATION

A. All valves shall be inspected upon delivery in the field to insure proper working order before installation. Valves shall be set and jointed to the pipe in the manner as set forth in the AWWA Standards for the type of connection ends furnished. All buried gate valves shall be connected using restrained joints. All valves and appurtenances shall be installed true to alignment and rigidly supported. Any damage to the above items shall be repaired to the satisfaction of the County before installation.

3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Install valves and accessories in strict accordance with manufacturer's instruction and recommendations as shown on the Drawings and as directed by the County.
- B. Carefully erect all valves and support them in their respective positions free from distortion and strain.
- C. Bolt holes of flanged valves shall straddle the horizontal and vertical centerlines of the pipe run to which the valves are attached. Clean flanges by wire brushing before installing flanged valves. Clean flange bolts and nuts by wire brushing, lubricate threads with oil and graphite, and tighten nuts uniformly and progressively. Clean threaded joints by wire brushing or swabbing. Apply Teflon joint compound or Teflon tape to pipe threads before installing threaded valves. Joints shall be watertight.
- D. Support all valves connected to pumps and equipment and in piping systems that cannot support valves.
- E. Repair any scratches, marks and other types of surface damage with original coating as supplied by the factory.
- F. Valves shall be carefully inspected, opened wide and then tightly closed and the nuts and bolts shall be tested for tightness. Special care shall be taken to prevent any foreign matter from becoming lodged in the valve seat. Any valve that does not operate correctly shall be removed and replaced.

3.03 INSPECTION AND TESTING

- A. Check and adjust all valves and accessories for smooth operation.
- B. Test valves for leakage at the same time that connecting pipelines are tested. See Section 02660 "Potable Water Distribution Piping" for pressure testing requirements. Protect or isolate any parts of valves, operators, or control and instrument systems whose pressure rating is less than the pressure tests.

END OF SECTION

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APPENDIX A

GEOTECHNICAL REPORT

Dated October 21, 2008

The attached Geotechnical Engineering Investigation and dewatering ground water sampling was accomplished for the utilization of the Design Engineer during the design phases of this project. The criteria and recommendations stated herein are not to be construed as direction from the Design Engineer to the Contractor and are hereby provided only as general information, furnished as a courtesy to the Contractor. THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

Report of Subsurface Exploration and Geotechnical Engineering Evaluation Tealwood Cove/Lakewood Forest/Tuckaway Terrace Water and Wastewater System Improvements Orange County, Florida October 21, 2008 Project No. 01-07-0828-101A

Mr. Ken Sanders, P.E. **Woolpert, Inc.** 3504 Lake Lynda Drive, Suite 400 Orlando, Florida 32817-1484

Report of Subsurface Exploration and Geotechnical Engineering Evaluation **Tealwood Cove/ Lakewood Forest/Tuckaway Terrace Water and Wastewater System Improvements** Orange County, Florida

Dear Mr. Sanders:

Nodarse & Associates, Inc. (N&A) is pleased to present this report of our subsurface exploration and geotechnical engineering evaluation for the referenced project. This evaluation was performed in general accordance with our revised proposal for geotechnical services dated March 7, 2008. The purpose of the exploration was to obtain geotechnical engineering data to assist in the design/construction of water and wastewater improvements at the above-referenced site. The report describes our exploration procedures, exhibits the data obtained and presents our geotechnical evaluation.

PROJECT AND SITE DESCRIPTION

The project site is located in Section 29, Township 21 South, and Range 29 East in northern Orange County, Florida. The project concerns water and wastewater infrastructure improvements within the existing Tealwood Cove, Lakewood Forest, and Tuckaway Terrace residential subdivisions.

According to information provided by you, proposed improvements are to include the following:

• Installation of approximately 17,250 linear feet of new PVC water mains within rightsof-way alongside existing streets throughout the subdivisions, to be installed at a depth of 3 to 5 feet.

- Excavation and replacement of seven (7) manholes located along Contoura Drive, to be installed at a depth of 6 to 10 feet.
- Installation of approximately 2,100 linear feet of new gravity sewer mains along Contoura Drive, to be installed at a depth of about 7 feet.
- Replacement of an existing pump station. The new pump station is to be installed at a depth of about 20 feet.
- Expansion of an existing wet-bottom stormwater pond.

Review of the USGS Quadrangle Map (**Figure 1** in the **Appendix**) indicates Lake Hill, located northeast of the subdivision, as having a recorded water elevation of +61 feet NGVD. Ground surface elevations within the subdivision generally slope downwards to the east and north towards Lake Hill, and range from +110 feet NGVD to the lake level. In addition, the quadrangle map indicates the presence of a very small low-lying area in the southeastern portion of the project area, prior to the development of that section.

Review of the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA)/Soil Conservation Service (SCS) Map of Orange County, Florida for the vicinity of the project site (**Figure 2** in the **Appendix**) indicates that the near surface soil types present on the site are:

Soil Type	Description	Depth to Seasonal High Groundwater Table Under Natural Conditions
7	Candler-Urban land complex, 0 to 5 percent slopes	Greater than 80 inches
45	Smyrna-Urban land	Less than 10 inches (in undrained areas)
47	Tavares-Millhopper fine sands, 0 to 5 percent slopes	40 to 72 inches
48	Tavares-Urban land complex, 0 to 5 percent slopes	40 to 80 inches (in undrained areas)

In addition, areas of Samsula-Hontoon-Basinger association soils, associated with seasonal high groundwater levels at or above existing grade and with surface organic soils, were mapped around the perimeter of Lake Hill. However, this soil type is not mapped in areas where construction is anticipated.

SOIL AND GROUNDWATER CONDITIONS

Subsurface Soil Conditions: The general subsurface soil conditions within the site were explored and evaluated from the following:

- Nine (9) Standard Penetration Test (SPT) borings (TB-1 through TB-7, TB-9, TB-10) to depths of 20 to 30 feet performed in proposed manhole locations and along the proposed gravity sewer main alignment along Contoura Drive.
- One (1) SPT boring (TB-8) to a depth of 30 feet, performed near the proposed pump station location and near the proposed pond expansion area. One (1) relatively undisturbed soil sample was also obtained from this boring at a depth of about 5 feet for laboratory permeability testing.
- Twenty-five (25) hand auger borings (HA-1 through HA-25) to depths of up to 10 feet, performed along the proposed water main alignment throughout the subdivision.
- Visual classification of recovered soil samples with soil classification.

Borings were located in the field by referencing existing site features and measuring from selected features. The locations should be considered approximate. The approximate locations of the soil borings are presented on **Figure 3** in the **Appendix**.

With the exception of Borings TB-9 and TB-10, the SPT borings were initially augered to a depth of up to 2 feet to clear the existing pavement section (borings TB-1 through TB-7) or to a depth of 6 feet due to the presence of nearby buried utilities. Standard Penetration Tests (SPT) were then performed continuously in the SPT borings to a depth of 10 feet and at 5 foot depth intervals thereafter. Each sample was removed from the sampler in the field and was examined and visually classified by an engineering technician. Representative portions of each sample were packaged and sealed for transportation to our laboratory for further examination and visual classification. Water levels were measured in the boreholes at the time of our field exploration to evaluate the depth to groundwater.

The hand auger borings consisted of manually turning a 3-inch diameter, 6-inch long sampler into the soil until it was full. The sampler was then retrieved and the soils in the sampler were visually examined and classified. The procedure was repeated until the desired termination depth was achieved.

The following soil strata were encountered in the borings:

Stratum No.	Material Description	Unified Soil Classification Symbol
1	Gray to brown fine sand to fine sand with silt	SP, SP-SM
2	Dark brown and dark reddish-brown fine sand with silt to silty fine sand	SP-SM, SM
3	Reddish-brown to orange-brown fine sand with silt to silty fine sand, with cementation (hardpan)	SP-SM, SM
4	Brown silty fine sand	SM
5	Gray clay	СН
6	Light brown clayey sand	SC

In general, the hand auger borings encountered Stratum 1 soils from existing grade to the boring termination depths of 10 feet. Stratum 3 soils (hardpan) were encountered in two of the hand auger borings (HA-13 and HA-14) at depths of about 3 to 8 feet. The SPT borings generally encountered soils from Strata 1, 2, and 4 from existing grade to the boring termination depths of 20 to 30 feet. Borings TB-1 and TB-2 encountered very dense layers of Stratum 3 soils at depths of about 3 to 10 feet. For details at the individual boring locations, refer to the boring profiles on **Figures 4 and 5** in the **Appendix**.

Groundwater Table: Groundwater levels were measured in the open boreholes at the time of drilling (September 2008).

Groundwater was measured at depths of 2 feet below existing grade to not encountered below a depth of 10 feet in the hand auger borings. In the SPT borings performed along Contura Drive, groundwater generally was encountered from 6 to 12 feet below existing grade. Groundwater was not encountered to a depth of 10 feet in Boring TB-6. A perched groundwater condition

resulting from near-surface very dense soils was encountered at a depth of about 4.5 feet in Boring TB-2.

Groundwater levels regularly fluctuate throughout the year, and therefore, may be different at other times. Groundwater levels at the site will also vary due to fluctuations in the amount of local rainfall or due to irrigation. In addition, groundwater may temporarily perch on top of layers of very dense/hardpan soils (Stratum 3) or clayey sands (Stratum 6).

Encountered and estimated seasonal high groundwater levels are shown adjacent to the individual boring profiles on **Figures 4 and 5** in the **Appendix**.

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The following conclusions and recommendations are based on the project characteristics previously described, the data obtained in our field exploration and our experience with similar subsurface conditions and construction types. If the proposed pipe alignment or installation depth are significantly different from those previously described, or if subsurface conditions different from those disclosed by the borings are encountered during construction, we should be notified immediately so that we might review and modify, if necessary, the following recommendations in regards to such changes. The general guidelines included in this report are not intended to supersede any more stringent requirements mandated by Orange County specifications.

General Site Preparation: Based on the information provided, the proposed water mains will be installed at depths of 3 to 5 feet below existing grade, and the gravity sewer mains will be installed at depths of about 7 feet. The following general procedures are recommended for site preparation:

- All excavations required for pipe installation should be performed in accordance with appropriate Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) standards. These standards typically include side slopes for temporary excavations not steeper than 1.5 Horizontal to 1 Vertical (1.5H:1V) to provide for adequate worker safety.
- If these side slopes cannot be maintained or are not desired due to other considerations, a properly designed braced excavation, trench shield, sheet piling, or chemically grouted wall would be required for stable excavations. All shields, shoring and bracing systems, or sheet piling should be designed and reviewed by an experienced Professional Engineer registered in the State of Florida. Adjacent traffic loads, and induced vibrations among other factors should be included in the design of these stabilization systems.

• Difficult excavation may be encountered in areas of the proposed pipe locations. Very dense soils/hardpan (Stratum 3) were encountered in several borings at depths ranging from 3 to 8 feet. Specialized equipment may be required at these locations to penetrate the dense soil conditions encountered.

Pipe Subgrade Soils: Soils encountered in the borings appear suitable to support the proposed reclaimed water line. Regarding the pipe subgrade soils, we offer the following recommendations:

- The bedding soil beneath the pipe should be properly shaped to completely support the pipe section and areas should be excavated to accommodate any bells or other raised portions of the pipe to help avoid point loading conditions.
- If silty sands, clayey sands, or very dense (hardpan) materials are encountered within 2 feet below the pipe bottom, it is recommended that these soils be removed to a depth of 2 feet below the pipe bottom and replaced with well draining granular sands with a fines content of 12% or less passing the No. 200 U.S. Standard sieve by weight. Very dense soils encountered in pipe bedding locations should be undercut and backfilled with clean granular fill material to avoid uneven loading (point loads) of pipes and fittings.
- Compaction of the subgrade soils at the base of the pipe to at least 95 percent of the soil's modified Proctor maximum dry density (ASTM D-1557) is recommended. At least one (1) in-place density test per 300 lineal feet of pipe should be performed at this depth to verify that the soils have been properly compacted.
- A minimum separation of 2 feet between the bottom of the compacted subgrade level and the groundwater level is recommended during construction and backfilling operations. A properly designed dewatering system may be required to maintain this minimum separation.
- After the subgrade soils have been prepared as recommended above, the pipe may be installed.

Pipe Backfill Soils: Regarding the pipe subgrade soils we offer the following recommendations:

- Compaction of backfilled soils around the pipe should be accomplished in lift thicknesses no thicker than 8 inches.
- All fill should be inorganic, non-plastic, granular soils (clean sands). The excavated clean granular soils should be suitable for use as pipe backfill. Strata 1 and 2 soils are acceptable for this use. Stratum 3 soils may also be used as backfill, but these soils should be pulverized prior to placement due to their cementation.

- From 1 foot above the pipe to the finished grade elevation, compaction should be accomplished with a small plate or hand-guided drum type vibratory compactor. Extreme caution should be exercised when operating vibratory equipment near existing structures. Smaller hand compactors should be utilized in all restricted areas, such as beneath pipe haunches and to 1 foot above the pipe to help provide uniform compaction around the pipe.
- At least one (1) density test per 300 lineal feet of pipe length per lift should be performed to verify that the soil has been compacted to at least 95 percent of its modified Proctor maximum dry density (ASTM D-1557). Care should be taken to also test the haunch area and to 1 foot above the pipe on this same frequency of one (1) test per 300 lineal feet of pipe installed.
- If compaction difficulties arise during construction, the Geotechnical Engineer should be consulted to provide further recommendations.

Very Dense (Hardpan) Soils: As previously mentioned, very dense soils/hardpan (Stratum 3) was encountered in several borings at depths of about 3 to 8 feet. Regarding difficult excavation, we offer the following recommendations:

- A note should be added to the plan that indicates difficult excavation of very dense soils should be anticipated.
- The Contractor should be made aware that very dense soil layers were encountered in the borings during our field exploration and may be encountered in other locations along the proposed alignment.
- The Contractor shall anticipate the need for special equipment and/ or procedures to facilitate excavations, dewatering, and penetration along the alignment.
- Very dense soils encountered in pipe bedding locations will have to be undercut and backfilled to avoid uneven loading (point loads) of pipes and fittings.

Temporary Dewatering: Groundwater was observed between 2 to 12 feet below existing grade. Seasonal high groundwater levels are anticipated to range from 1 to 5 feet below existing grades throughout the site. Based on this information and the proposed embedment depths of the pipe, dewatering will be required to facilitate construction, backfilling, and compaction in the dry. Regarding dewatering, we offer the following recommendations:

• Dewatering operations at this site for pipe installation should be accomplished with a properly designed dewatering system operating outside the excavation limits.

- The dewatering system should be adequate to lower groundwater levels to at least 2 feet below the lowest compaction surface and keep it there during backfilling to facilitate excavations in the dry and proper compaction of bedding and backfill soils.
- Special dewatering recommendations should be anticipated in these areas where very dense soil/hardpan layers are encountered. The Contractor should review the boring profiles prior to implementing the dewatering system to be aware of the encountered locations of very dense/hardpan soils. Very dense/hardpan soils may also be encountered in other locations along the alignment. These soils may cause difficulty for the installation of well points, and specialized equipment may be necessary to penetrate these soils. Additionally, these soils may act as a relatively impermeable confining layer, requiring well point screening both above and below these layers.
- The construction should be sequenced so that the dewatering system is not turned off until the pipe has enough weight placed over it to counteract an uplift force equivalent to the height of standing water above the base of the pipe. The resisting weight of soil over the pipe should be calculated using a buoyant unit weight of the soil of 50 pounds per cubic foot.

Stormwater Pond: As previously mentioned, the existing wet-bottom stormwater pond at the site is planned to be expanded to the south. One (1) SPT boring to a depth of 30 feet was performed near this pond expansion area. One (1) relatively undisturbed soil sample was obtained from this boring at a depth of about 5 feet for laboratory permeability testing.

Generally, soil conditions encountered in the proposed pond expansion location consisted of Stratum 1 soils (fine sand to fine sand with silt) at the existing ground surface a depth of about 13 feet, underlain by Stratum 4 soils (silty fine sand) and Stratum 5 soils (clay) to the boring termination depth of 30 feet. Groundwater was encountered in this boring at a depth of about 6 feet below existing grade.

Laboratory permeability testing indicates vertical permeability rates of 27 feet per day for Stratum 1 soils. For purposes of pond design, we recommend the following parameters:

- Horizontal permeability rate: 30 feet per day
- Vertical permeability rate: 15 feet per day
- Bottom of aquifer: 13.5 feet
- Fillable porosity: 25 percent

We recommend limiting the pond's design permeability rates to the values presented above in order to account for the potential siltation and hydrocompaction of the pond bottom over time.

Pump Station: A pump station is proposed for the sewer system on the site. Boring TB-8 was performed near the approximate location of the pump station as indicated by provided site plans. Groundwater was encountered in the boring at a depth of 6 feet below existing grade. At this time, the anticipated depth of the pump station is approximately 20 feet below existing grade.

- Dewatering will be required for construction of the pump station. Dewatering the pump station area will require the use of a properly designed well point system. Other dewatering systems utilizing sumps within shored or braced excavations may also be feasible. However, design of shoring/sump systems should be carefully evaluated with regard to blow outs of the excavation bottom due to unbalanced hydrostatic conditions. The Contractor should be allowed to review the soil stratification to determine the most feasible dewatering system for the pump station areas.
- All excavation should be performed in accordance with appropriate Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) standards. These standards typically include side slopes for temporary excavation no steeper than 1.5 horizontal to 1 vertical (1.5H: 1V) to provide adequate worker safety.
- If these side slopes cannot be maintained or are not desired due to other considerations, a properly designed and braced excavation or sheet piling would be required. All shoring and bracing systems or sheet piling should be designed and reviewed by an experienced professional engineer registered in the State of Florida.
- We recommend compaction of the subgrade soils at the base of the wet well to at least 95 percent of the soil's modified Proctor maximum dry density (ASTM D-1557). We recommend at least two (2) in-place density tests be performed at the proposed foundation depth to verify that the soils have been properly compacted.
- After the subgrade soils have been prepared as recommended above, the pump station may be supported on a monolithic slab foundation or spread footing. The foundation can utilize a maximum net soil bearing pressure of 2,000 pounds per square foot.
- Compaction of backfilled soils around the wet well should be accomplished in lift thicknesses no greater than 8 inches. The fill material should consist of relatively clean granular sands with no more than 12 percent passing the No. 200 U.S. standard sieve by weight.
- Compaction can likely be accomplished in these areas with a small plate or hand guided drum type vibratory compactor and loose lift thicknesses should be limited to 8 inches. At least one (1) density test should be performed on each lift to verify that the soil has been compacted to at least 95 percent of its modified Proctor maximum dry density (ASTM D-1557).

- If compaction difficulties arise during construction, the geotechnical engineer should be consulted to provide further recommendations.
- The construction should also be sequenced so that a dewatering system, if necessary, is not turned off until the wet well pump station has enough weight to counteract an uplift force equivalent to the amount of water displaced. It may also be prudent to place additional concrete in the structure foundation to provide ballast against such an uplift force. This uplift force should account for the head difference from the bottom elevation of the foundation to the seasonal high groundwater level or the groundwater level at the time of construction, whichever is most shallow, plus any possible flooding conditions that may occur at the project site.
- For calculations of resistance to the uplift force, 50 pounds per cubic foot may be used for the buoyant unit weight of the soil. The buoyant weight of the concrete and overlying soils should be used in calculating the necessary amount of ballast required.

CLOSURE

The recommendations provided above are based on widely spaced borings. This report does not reflect variations in soil conditions between or away from the boring locations. The nature and extent of the variations between the borings may not become evident until during construction. If such variations are encountered during construction, N&A should be informed and given an opportunity to re-evaluate the recommendations above after performing on-site observations during the construction period and noting the characteristics of the variations.

N&A appreciates the opportunity to be of service to you on this project. If you should have questions concerning the contents of this report, or if we may be of further assistance, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Sincerely,

NODARSE & ASSOCIATES, INC.

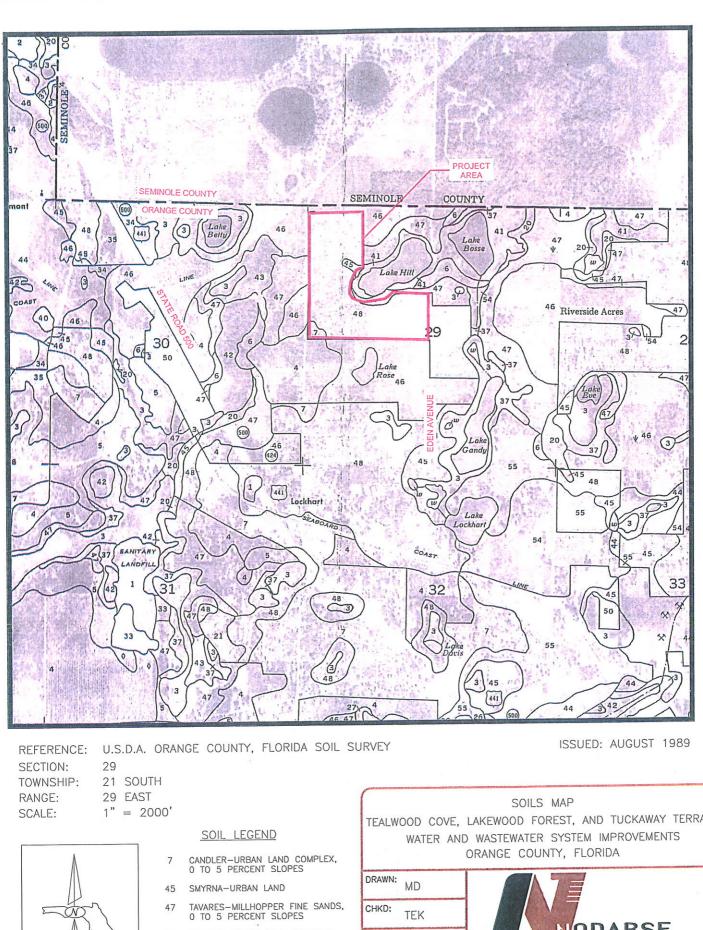
Tom Kunzen, E.I. Project Engineer Richard G. Acree, P.E. Geotechnical Department Manager, VP FL Registration No. 53962

Attachment: Appendix

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APPENDIX



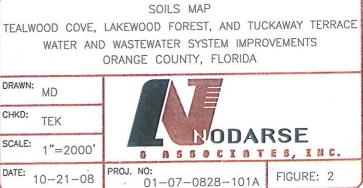


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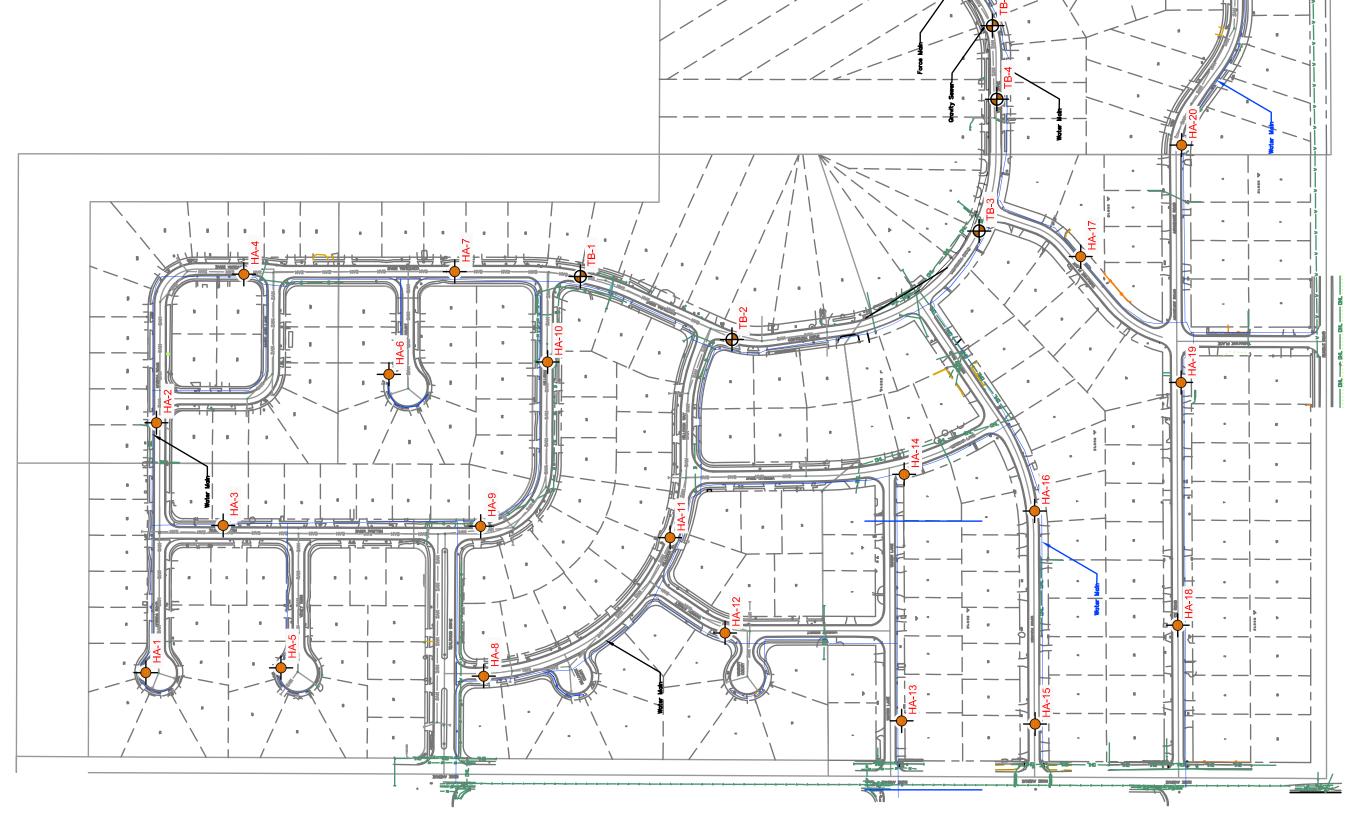
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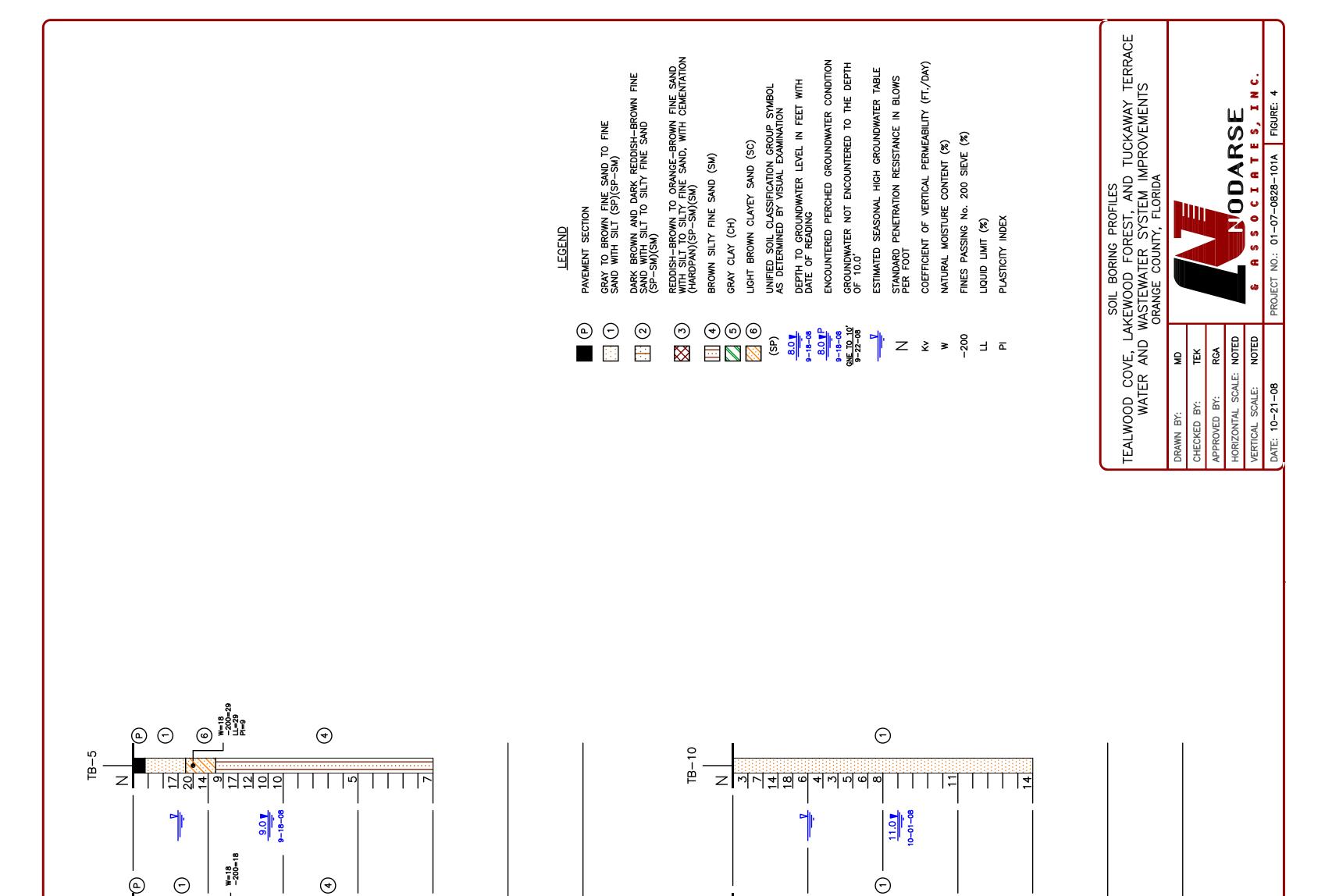
TAVARES-URBAN LAND COMPLEX, 0 TO 5 PERCENT SLOPES

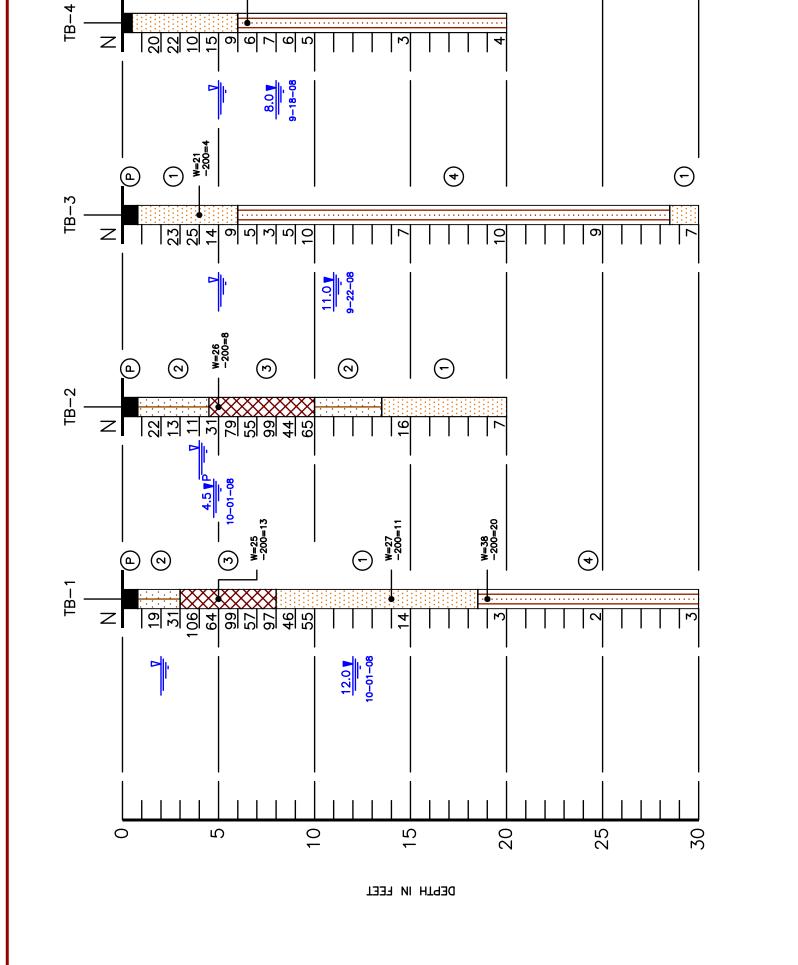


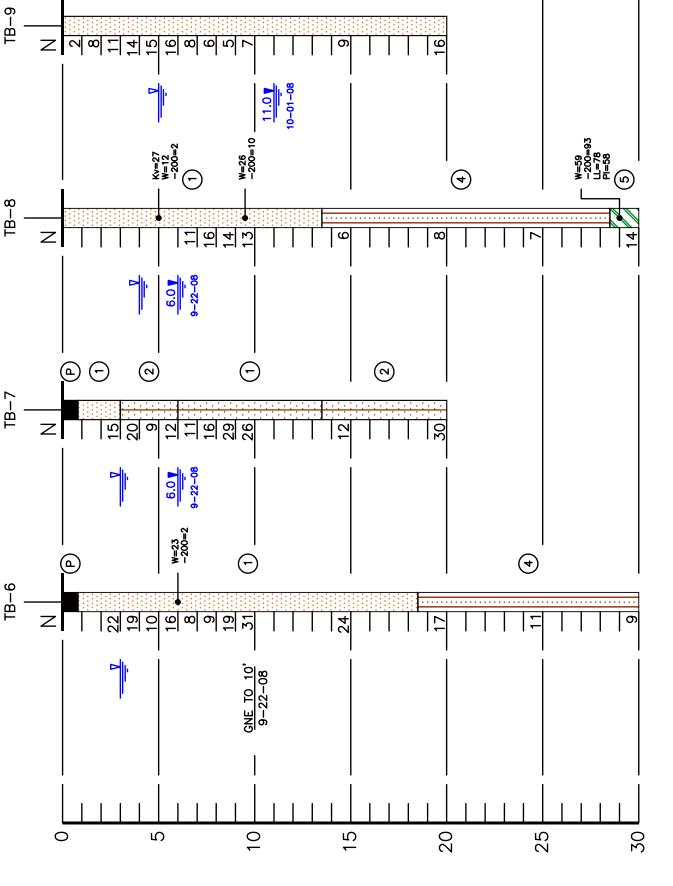
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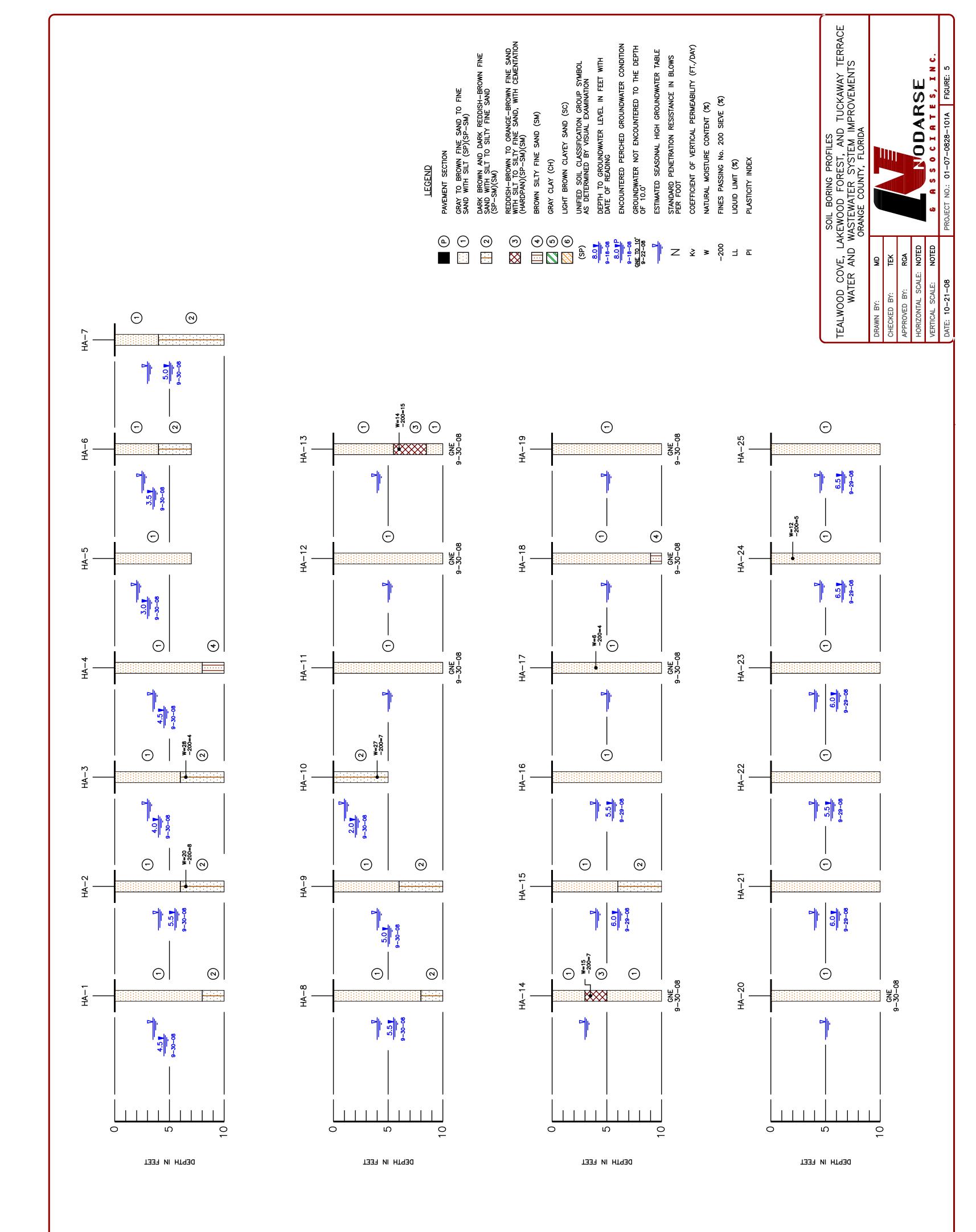






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APPENDIX B

ORANGE COUNTY UTILITIES

FORMS

Digital Data Submission Pressure Test Right of Entry Form for work on private property Risk Management (June 02) Water Main Disinfection Certification THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

APPENDIX B

Digital Data Submission

This form is to be utilized for the submittal of digital data in accordance with the requirements outlined in Chapter 2111, "Project Documents and Submittals".

Date of Submittal:		
Project Number:		
Project Name:		
Project Manager:		
Consulting Firm:		
Address:		
City:	State:	Zip:
Phone:	Email:	
Type of Submittal:	Construction Plans	Record Drawings
File Format:		

February 11, 2011

FORMS

APPENDIX B

Digital Data Submission

FORMS

February 11, 2011

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Orange County Utilities STANDARDS AND CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS MANUAL

APPENDIX B	FORMS	
Pressure Main Sample Collec	tion Submittal Form	Proposed
Project:		
Contractor:		
LOCATION OF SAMPLE		
Address:	Date:	Submitted by:
PIPE SAMPLE ID NUMBER		
GPS NORTHING	EASTING	
REASON FOR SAMPLE COLLEC	CTION (e.g. Line Tap, Tie in, Abandonment, e	tc):
	Pipe Section Other (description)	
SAMPLE SIZE:x	_	
PIPE MATERIAL: Ductile Iron	Cast Iron PCCP Asbestos Cement	
PIPE DIAMETER:		
SAMPLE LOCATION ON PIPE (C	lock position):	
SITE OBSERVATIONS (Describe a pipe", etc.)	any relevant observations (e.g. "Plastic wrap", "gas m	ain in proximity", "areas of softness in AC
DIGITIAL PHOTOGRAPHS: (Ins	ert file name)	
Overall Work Site		
Eveneed Dine		
Exterior of Sample		
Edge of Pipe		

Proposed

Orange County Utilities STANDARDS AND CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS MANUAL

APPENDIX B

FORMS

Pressure Main Sample Collection Submittal Form

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Orange County Utilities STANDARDS AND CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS MANUAL

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FORMS

Test	
Pressure	

February 11, 2011

Pass /Fail	Below Actual ate: Date:	-2 Hour See Not Allow	Allowable Loss - 2 Hours $L = \underline{SD (P) 1/2}$ $148,000$ See Note Below \overline{Time} PSI $Allow$ \overline{Allow} $Actual\overline{Artual}$	$\frac{Allowa}{E}$	Main imed Main <u>r Main</u> e PSI	Orce tecla	Signature:		TENGTH	STATION To To	From	Project Name:	Project Name: Constructed by: DATE LI DATE LI COUNTY Inspec Tester ³ s Name:
													Comments:
	Date:						lature:	Sign					ster's Name:
	Date:						lature:	Sign				ector's Name:	odsul YTNUC
Pass /Fail STATUS		LOS	ND PSI	ETime	ART PSI	STA Time	D		LENGTH	rion T ₀	STA ^T From	INE SEGMENT	
	te Below	See Not	148,000	L = <u>SU</u>	d Maın ain	keclaime Vater M			-				instructed by
	ş	- 2 Hour	ble Loss -	Allowa	in	Force Ma							oject Name: _

Note:

L - Allowable leakage in gallons per hour.S - Length of pipe tested, in feet.D - Nominal diameter of the pipe in inches.P - Average test pressure during leakage test in pounds per square inch gauge.

Orange County Utilities STANDARDS AND CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS MANUAL

APPENDIX B Pressure Test

FORMS

February 11, 2011

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LICENSE AGREEMENT FOR CONTRACTOR TO ENTER UPON LANDS TO CONNECT RESIDENCES TO PUBLIC WATER AND/OR SEWER SYSTEM

______, (Licensor/Property Owner) hereby grants to ______, (Contractor/Contractor's Plumbing Subcontractor), a licensed plumbing contractor (hereinafter called Plumbing Contractor), the license and privilege to enter on the property described below, for the purposes of connecting the residential or commercial unit to the public water and/or wastewater system being installed by the Orange County Utilities Department (County) in public rights-of-way pursuant to the Tealwood Cove, Lakewood Forest and Tuckaway Terrace Water and Wastewater System Improvements (Package 7) Project.

- A. Licensor grants said License to Plumbing Contractor in consideration of the sum of \$1.00, the sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged. Licensor and Plumbing Contractor acknowledge and agree the Plumbing Contractor may utilize the services of a subcontractor to connect the residence to the public wastewater system authorized and permitted by this License Agreement.
- B. The purpose of this License Agreement is to allow Plumbing Contractor, its officers, employees, agents, and assigns to enter upon the described property for the purposes set forth in paragraph "A" above.
- C. This license shall be a term of two hundred and ten (210) days from the date hereof. Licensor, and Plumbing Contractor agree that this License Agreement may be renewed one time for up to an additional sixty (60) days upon further written notice to Licensor from Plumbing Contractor at least fifteen (15) days prior to the expiration of the initial terms of this License Agreement. Notice to Licensor shall be sent to:

- E. The Property Owner granting this License acknowledges and agrees that the services of the Plumbing Contractor will be paid for by the County.
- F. The Property Owner granting this License acknowledges and agrees that the services of the Plumbing Contractor will include installation of new gravity sewer piping from a connection to the house to a point of connection with the County defined as the sewer lateral connection with a clean out connection located in the right of way.

- G. The Property Owner granting the License acknowledges that the utilities constructed by the Plumbing Contractor on private property beyond the County point of connection are owned and shall be maintained by the Property Owner.
- H. Utilities constructed by the Plumbing Contractor and owned by the Property Owner will have a warranty period of three hundred and sixty five (365) days from the date of Project final completion.

DONE AND EXECUTED AND EFFECTIVE	E this, 2016.
LICENSOR:	WITNESSES:
By:	By:
Print Name:	Print Name:
Title:	Title:
	By:
	Print Name:
	Title:
AS TO LICENSOR:	
STATE OF:	
COUNTY OF:	
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged	before me this, 2016
	(date)
by	as (owner, partner, corporate officer, trustee)
(name)	(owner, partner, corporate officer, trustee)
He/She is personally known to me () or has p as identification.	roduced
-	Signature – Notary Public – State of

Type or Print Name

Risk Management Division Informat	ion Sheet
Date:	
To:	
From: Susan Martin, Sr. Risk Management Analyst	
Re: Project Builders' Risk/Property Insurance	
In order to arrange the builders' risk insurance as required the following information on the above referenced facility as s	, , ,
fire alarm? Ya burglar alarm? Ya Security (describe)?	andscaping.) esNo esNo esNo es / No
For your convenience, you may jot down the answers on the 836-8350. Thanks very much.	nis form and fax it to me at
Completed by: D Phone:	late:

APPENDIX B

FORMS

Water Main Disinfection Certification

This form is required to schedule and document the disinfection of newly installed water mains to AWWA C-651 – latest revision. The CONTRACTOR shall complete the top portion of this form to document the subject water main, disinfection method and amount of chlorine applied. The UTILITIES inspector will document the residuals at each sample point on the bottom portion of this form.

Date Requested:			
CONTRACTOR's Name:			
Designet Manual			
Project Number:			
		n Sheet No.(s):	
		ding Lagotian	
		ne Size:	
		pe of Joint(s):	
Gallons to Fill Pipe:	Po	unds of Chlorine Applied:	
Method of Disinfection Use			
CONTRACTOR's Signatur		Date:	
		TV Use Only	
Certification Information	<u>For COUNT</u>	<u>II Use Only</u>	
Start Time:	Start PSI:		
Stop Time:	Stop PSI:		
Sample Point Number	Sample Point Location	Initial Chlorine Reading, Minimum 25 ppm Required	24 Hr Chlorine Reading, Minimum 10 ppm Required
Lab Test Results Passed:	Failed:	Inco	mplete:
Comments:			
Inspector's Signature:		Date:	

February 11, 2011

APPENDIX B

FORMS

Water Main Disinfection Certification

February 11, 2011

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APPENDIX C

ORANGE COUNTY UTILITIES

PERMITS OBTAINED BY COUNTY

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Florida Department of Environmental Protection

Central District 3319 Maguire Boulevard, Suite 232 Orlando, Florida 32803-3767 Rick Scott Governor

Carlos Lopez-Cantera Lt. Governor

Jonathan P. Steverson Secretary

Notification of Acceptance of Use of a General Permit

Permittee:	Permit Number: 0080772-DSGP
Brandon C. Bryant, P.E., Chief Engineer	r Issue date: November 3, 2016
Orange County Utilities Department	Expiration Date: November 2, 2021
9150 Curry Ford Road	County: Orange
Orlando, FL 32825	Project Name: Tealwood Cove, Lakewood Forest
Brandon.bryant@ocfl.net	and Tuckaway Terrace
	Water Supplier: OCUD-Western
	PWS ID: 3481546
	PWS Type: Community

Dear Mr. Bryant:

On November 1, 2016, the Florida Department of Environmental Protection received a "*Notice of Intent to Use the General Permit for Construction of Water Main Extensions for PWSs*" [DEP Form No. <u>62-555.900(7)</u>], under the provisions of Rule <u>62-4.530</u> and Chapter <u>62-555</u>, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.). The proposed project includes the construction of 290 linear feet (LF) of 4-inch water main, 950 LF of 6-invh water main and 4,096 LF of 8-inch water main, 8 tapping sleeves and valves, 15 gate valves, 6 fire hydrants and approximately 115 water service connections to existing Orange County customers. This project will replace existing water mains that are not sized to handle the required fire flow and do not meet current Orange County standards. The project is located Tealwood Cove, Lakewood Forest and Tuckaway subdivisions and surrounding areas located in North Orange County at the intersection of Maitland Boulevard and Rose Avenue.

Based upon the submitted Notice and accompanying documentation, this correspondence is being sent to advise that the Department does not object to the use of such general permit at this time. Please be advised that the permittee is required to abide by Rule <u>62-555.405, F.A.C.</u>, all applicable rules in Chapters <u>62-4</u>, <u>62-550</u>, <u>62-555</u>, F.A.C., and the General Conditions for All General Drinking Water Permits (found in <u>62-4.540, F.A.C.</u>).

The permittee shall comply with all sampling requirements specific to this project. These requirements are attached for review and implementation.

Pursuant to Rule <u>62-555.345, F.A.C.</u>, the permittee shall submit a certification of construction completion [DEP Form No. <u>62-555.900(9)</u>] to the Department and obtain approval, or clearance,

Permittee: Orange County Utilities Department Brandon C. Bryant, P.E., Chief Engineer Page 2 DEP File No.: 0080772-DSGP

from the Department before placing any water main extension constructed under this general permit into operation for any purpose other than disinfection or testing for leaks.

Within 30 days after the sale or legal transfer of ownership of the permitted project that has not been cleared for service in total by the Department, both the permittee and the proposed permittee shall sign and submit an application for transfer of the permit using Form <u>62-555.900(8), F.A.C.</u>, with the appropriate fee. The permitted construction is not authorized past the 30-day period unless the permit has been transferred.

If any existing asbestos cement (AC) pipes are replaced under this permit, the permittee shall do so in accordance with the applicable rules of Federal Asbestos Regulation and Florida DEP requirements. For specific requirements applicable to AC pipes, the permittee should contact the Central District Office prior to commencing any such activities at (407) 897-4100. Please be aware that a notification is required to be submitted to the Department at least 10 days prior to the start of a regulated project.

This permit will expire five years from the date of issuance. If the project has been started and not completed by that time, a new permit must be obtained before the expiration date in order to continue work on the project, per Rule 62-4.030, F.A.C.

Sincerely,

ha Th

Nathan Hess, Environmental Administrator Drinking Water/Environmental Resource Permitting Permitting and Waste Cleanup Program FDEP, Central District (407) 897-4140

cc: R. Kent Veech, P.E., Woolpert [<u>kent.veech@woolpert.com</u>] Daissan A. Villareal, FDEP Permittee: Orange County Utilities Department Brandon C. Bryant, P.E., Chief Engineer Page 3

CLEARANCE REQUIREMENTS

Requirements for clearance upon completion of projects are as follows:

1) Clearance Form

Submission of a fully completed Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) Form <u>62-555.900(9)</u> *Certification of Construction Completion and Request for Clearance to Place Permitted PWS Components into Operation* and a copy of this general permit notification.

2) Record Drawings, if deviations were made

Submission of the portion of record drawings showing deviations from the DEP construction permit, including preliminary design report or drawings and specifications, if there are any deviations from said permit (Note that it is necessary to submit a copy of only the portion of record drawings showing deviations and not a complete set of record drawings.).

3) Bacteriological Results

Copies of satisfactory bacteriological analysis (a.k.a. Main Clearance), taken within sixty (60) days of completion of construction, from locations within the distribution system or water main extension to be cleared, in accordance with Rules <u>62-555.315(6)</u>, <u>62-555.340</u>, and <u>62-555.330</u>, F.A.C. and American Water Works Association (AWWA) Standard C 651-92, as follows:

- The proposed main at all points of connection to the existing main
- At all terminal ends of the proposed water mains.
- On straight run of pipes between two isolation valves. The maximum interval between two sampling locations shall be 1,200 ft. Per AWWA C651, no hydrants shall be used for sampling.
- Beginning and end of lines for each segment to be partially completed.

Each location shall be sampled on two consecutive days, with sample points and chlorine residual readings clearly indicated on the report. <u>A sketch or description of all bacteriological sampling</u> <u>locations must also be provided.</u>

Please submit the entire clearance document package in electronic format to <u>DEP_CD@dep.state.fl.us</u>, with a copy to Daissan.A.Villareal@dep.state.fl.us, and <u>Nathan.Hess@dep.state.fl.us</u>. If the file is very large, you may post it to the Water Electronic Submittal folder on the Central District's ftp site at:

ftp://ftp.dep.state.fl.us/pub/incoming/Central_District/Water%20Electronic%20Applications.

After posting the document, send an e-mail to <u>DEP_CD@dep.state.fl.us</u>, with a copy to Daissan.A.Villareal@dep.state.fl.us, and <u>Nathan.Hess@dep.state.fl.us</u>, alerting us that it has been posted.

Any submitted drawings (should be sized 11" x 17") and the engineer of record's signed seal and dates on the required document must be legible for acceptance. Forms: <u>http://www.dep.state.fl.us/water/drinkingwater/forms.htm</u>

For further clarification contact: Daissan A. Villareal, 3319 Maguire Blvd, Suite 232 Orlando, Florida 32803-3767 (407) 897-4129



October 26, 2016

Florida Department of Environmental Protection Domestic Wastewater Collection/Transmission Permitting 3319 Maguire Boulevard, Suite 232 Orlando, FL 32803-3767

RE: Permit Determination: Tealwood Cove, Lakewood Forrest and Tuckaway Terrace

Orange County Utilities (OCU) is requesting a permit determination for the sanitary sewer rehabilitation project described below and shown in the attached schematic drawing.

Location: The work will be located within the Tealwood Cove, Lakewood Forrest and Tuckaway Terrace neighborhoods in north Orange County.

Description: OCU will be rehabilitating approximately 5,631 lf of existing 8" sanitary sewer. This work consists of CIPP lining approximately 5,379 lf of sanitary sewer, removal and replacement of approximately 252 lf of 8" sanitary sewer, 19 point repairs on the existing sanitary sewer and the replacement of 2 sanitary sewer manholes. The purpose of the work is to renew aging sanitary sewer system infrastructure in conjunction with potable water system improvements within the same area (separate permit will be submitted). The sanitary sewer main that is being replaced is size for size and will be located in the same location as the existing sewer main. All work will be within the existing right-of-way where the existing pipe is located.

Standards: All work will comply with the requirements of Chapter 62-604, F.A.C., and the applicable requirements in the engineering references listed in Rule 62-604.400.

All work will be done to the satisfaction of OCU and no clearance letter will be applied for or expected from DEP.

Sincerely,

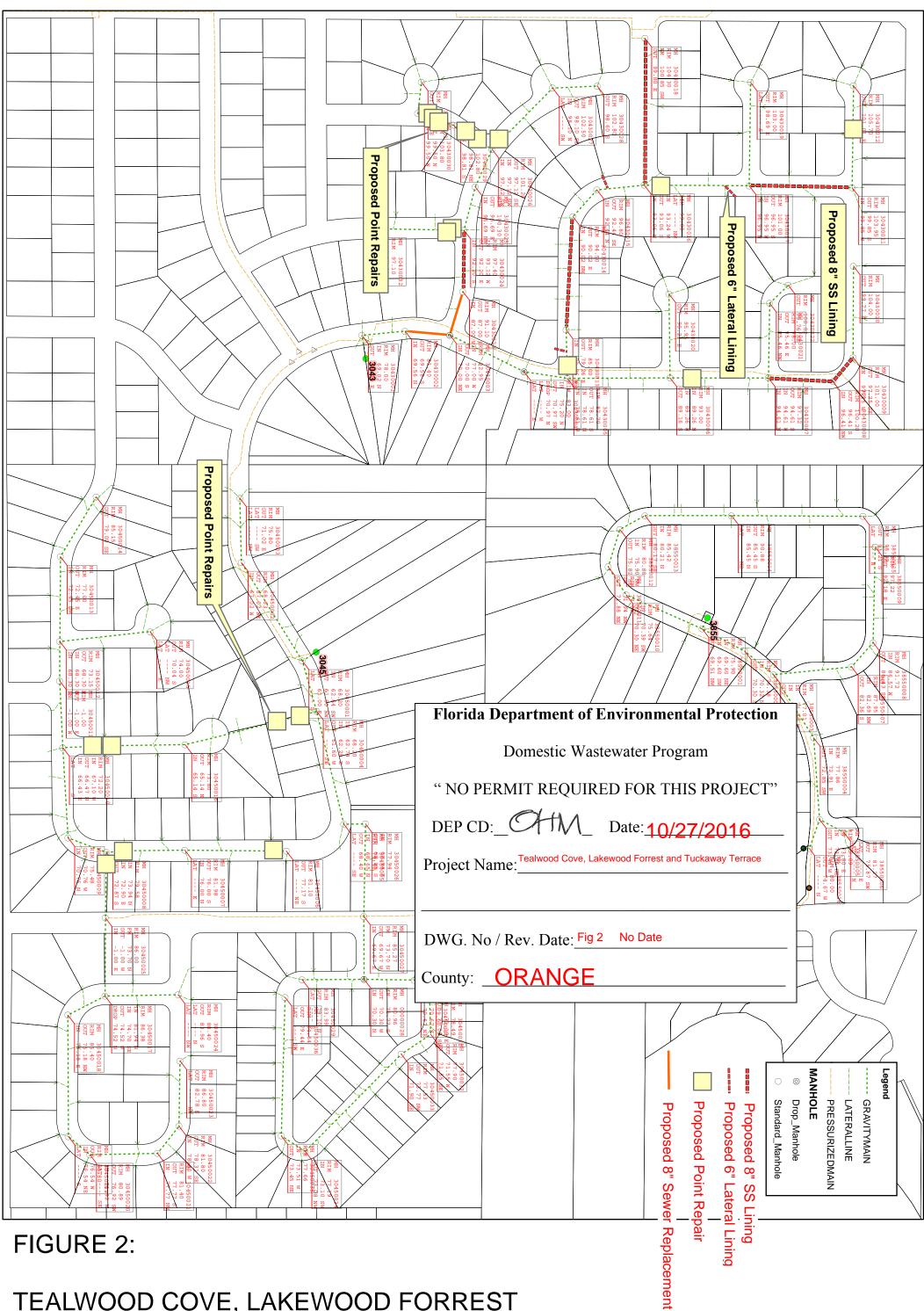
Woolpert, Inc.

ut That

R. Kent Veech, P.E. Project Manager

Attachments: Proposed Gravity Sewer Improvements

Woolpert, Inc. One Purlieu Place, Suite 122 Winter Park, FL 32792 407.381.2192



TEALWOOD COVE, LAKEWOOD FORREST AND TUCKAWAY TERRACE **PROPOSED GRAVITY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS**

ORANGE COUNTY UTILITIES Standards and Construction Specification Manual

LIST OF APPROVED PRODUCTS

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LIST OF APPROVED PRODUCTS - TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS

FEBRUARY 11, 2011

iter	Comments		Green 44" Tall	Green 30" Tall	Green 36" Tall		Green 41" Tall		Green 34" Tall		Combination	Combination					NA		NA	NA								
Wastewater	Model #		131632 H30-G	171730 H40-G	AVG2036 Encl	GP3232 Base	AVG2041 Encl	GP3232 Base	15100 Encl		D-020 (SS)	986 (316SS)	RGX series		USF 7665-HH-HJ		NA		NA	NA		ends.	Model AC and AW	Model WR and PO	Model CCES	Model ESW and ESC	Model C and W	Model 4810ES
Reclaimed Water	Comments		Pantone 44"	Pantone 30"	Pantone 36" Tall		Pantone 41" Tall		Pantone 34" Tall		Combination	NA	2"		NA		NA			ies		teel casing shall be brick and mortar with end seals to secure ends.						
Reclaim	Model #	cking device	131632 H30-P	171730 H40-P	AVG2036 Encl	GP3232 Base	AVG2041 Encl	GP3232 Base	15100 Encl		D-040SS	NA	Series RBX DN50		NA		NA		Truflo Series TF #550	The Hydrant Plus Series	VB 2000B	e brick and mortar wi	Model AC and AW	Model WR and PO	Model CCES	Model ESW and ESC	Model C and W	Model 4810ES
Water	Comments	with tamper proof locking device	Blue 44" Tall	Blue 30" Tall	Blue 36" Tall		Blue 41" Tall		Blue 34" Tall	16 SS	Combination	NA	2"		NA		Automatic			es		nd steel casing shall b						
Wa	Model #	osures shall be vented	131632 H30-B	171730 H40-B	AVG2036 Encl	GP3232 Base	AVG2041 Encl	GP3232 Base	15100 Encl	Combination Type, 31	D-040SS	NA	Series RBX DN50	nd Cover	NA		HG-1 Standard Unit	rd 5-1/4 inch Valve B	Truflo Series TF #550	The Hydrant Plus Series	VB 2000B	Annular space between pipe and s	Model AC and AW	Model WR and PO	Model CCES	Model ESW and ESC	Model C and W	Model 4810ES
Manufacturer		All ARV above ground enclosures shall be vented wit	Water Plus Polyethylene	Enclosure		Hot Box Vent Guard	Fiberglass Enclosure		Safety-Guard/Hydro Guard	Air Release Valves shall be Combination Type, 316 SS	RI	H-TEC	Vent-O-Mat	Air Release Valve Frame and Cover	US Foundry	Automatic Blow Off Valve	Hydro Guard	Blow Off Valve - Fits standard 5-1/4 inch Valve Box	Kupferle Foundry Co	Water Plus Corp		Casing End Seals. Annular	Advance Products	BWM Company	Cascade Water Works	CCI Pipeline	Pipeline Seal & Insulator, Inc (PSI)	Power Seal
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APP	APPENDIX D		LIST OF APPR	ROVED PRODUCT	LIST OF APPROVED PRODUCTS - TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS	VSTEMS	FB	FEBRUARY 11, 2011
.ts	Desc	Manufacturer	Water		Reclaimed Water	Water	Wastewater	ater
С			Model #	Comments	Model #	Comments	Model #	Comments
			9 F. 1 . 0 .		9 []	10		100
S.		Casing spacers shall be a min. 8-incres wide for pipe 1	iin. 8-incnes wiae for pip iiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiii	e 12" Dia or less or	min. 12-incnes wide for immediates of 0.00	pipe 10 or greater ,	27 Dia or less or min. 12-incnes wide for pipe 10 or greater , snall nave a minimum 14 gauge 304	4 gauge 304
iədr	J	stauness steet sucu/banu, mumuun 10 gauge 304 fenn ultra high molecular weight nolvethylene and 304 stair	t nolvethylene and 304 re	tainlos ceu risers; munumum uncki tainloss holts	unuun unckness of v.v.y and washers		orcen risers, iniminum unckness or 0.020 EFDM OFFVC interior inters, glass remitorces polymer or dose holts inits and washars	ces porymer or
ed S	190		t pury curry retue and JUT a	Lauress Duits, mus d	ulu washels.			
5/5	eds	Advance Products	SSI8 / SSI12		SSI8 / SSI12		<u>SSI8 / SSI12</u>	
slag	ຣ ສີເ	BWM Company	BWM-SS-8 / SS-12		BWM-SS-8 / SS-12		BWM-SS-8 / SS-12	
os a	iise	Cascade Water Works	Series CCS 8" / 12"		Series CCS 8" / 12"		Series CCS 8" / 12"	
Buis	C	CCI Pipeline	Model CCS8 / CSS12		Model CCS8 / CSS12		Model CCS8 / CSS12	
er. Br		Pipeline Seal & Insulator, Inc (PSI)	Series S8G-2 / S12G-2		Series S8G-2 / S12G-2		Series S8G-2 / S12G-2	
		Coatings: Aerial pipe, hydrants, above ground piping.	ants, above ground pipi		nd Appurtenances - Sys	tem 1 Zinc / Ureth:	fittings, valves and Appurtenances - System 1 Zinc / Urethane / Fluoropolymer application and color	dication and color
		code per Section 3119 Coatings & Linings.	ings & Linings. Coating sh		all not be in contact with Potable water unless NSF 61 approved.	unless NSF 61 appro	ved.	
	t sg ssA		Carbozinc 621	3.0 - 8.0 mils	Carbozinc 621	3.0 - 8.0 mils	Carbozinc 621	3.0 - 8.0 mils
		Carboline	Carbothane 133 HB	3.0 -5.0 mils	Carbothane 133 HB	3.0 -5.0 mils	Carbothane 133 HB	3.0 -5.0 mils
			Carboxane 950	2.0 - 3.0 mils	Carboxane 950	2.0 - 3.0 mils	Carboxane 950	2.0 - 3.0 mils
			Zinc Series 90-97	2.5 - 3.5 mils	Zinc Series 90-97	2.5 - 3.5 mils	Zinc Series 90-97	2.5 - 3.5 mils
			Typoxy Series 27WB	4.0 -14.0 mils	Typoxy Series 27WB	4.0 -14.0 mils	Typoxy Series 27WB	4.0 -14.0 mils
			EnduraShield Series73	2.0 - 3.0 mils	EnduraShield Series73	2.0 - 3.0 mils	EnduraShield Series73	2.0 - 3.0 mils
			Hydroflon Series 700	2.0 - 3.0 mils	Hydroflon Series 700	2.0 - 3.0 mils	Hydroflon Series 700	2.0 - 3.0 mils
sā	I	Coatings: Aerial pipe, hydrants, above ground piping,	ants, above ground pipi		nd Appurtenances - Sys	tem 2 Zinc / Epoxy /	fittings, valves and Appurtenances - System 2 Zinc / Epoxy / Urethane application and color code per	nd color code per
ini)	eta	Section 3119 Coatings & Linings. Coating shall not be	inings. Coating shall not	be in contact with	in contact with Potable water unless NSF 61 approved.	F 61 approved.		
BO Ľ	MI		Carbozinc 621	3.0 - 8.0 mils	Carbozinc 621	3.0 - 8.0 mils	Carbozinc 621	3.0 - 8.0 mils
)	oəsc	Carboline	Carboguard 60	4.0 -6.0 mils	Carboguard 60	4.0 -6.0 mils	Carboguard 60	4.0 -6.0 mils
	odx		Carboxane 950	2.0 - 3.0 mils	Carboxane 950	2.0 - 3.0 mils	Carboxane 950	2.0 - 3.0 mils
			Zinc Series 90-97	2.5 - 3.5 mils	Zinc Series 90-97	2.5 - 3.5 mils	Zinc Series 90-97	2.5 - 3.5 mils
	of e; 9884		Typoxy Series 27WB	4.0 -14.0 mils	Typoxy Series 27WB	4.0 -14.0 mils	Typoxy Series 27WB	4.0 -14.0 mils
		Tnemec	Hi-Build Epoxoline II	4.0 - 10.0 mils	Hi-Build Epoxoline II	4.0 - 10.0 mils	Hi-Build Epoxoline II	4.0 - 10.0 mils
	isoľ		Series N69		Series N69		Series N69	
) 10		EnduraShield Series73	2.0 - 3.0 mils	EnduraShield Series73	2.0 - 3.0 mils	EnduraShield Series73	2.0 - 3.0 mils
	iriə		Amercoat 68HS	Min 3.0 mils	Amercoat 68HS	Min 3.0 mils	Amercoat 68HS	Min 3.0 mils
	ĿхЭ	PPG / Ameron	Amercoat 385	4.0 - 6.0 mils	Amercoat 385	4.0 - 6.0 mils	Amercoat 385	4.0 - 6.0 mils
			Amercoat 450H	2.0 - 3.0 mils	Amercoat 450H	2.0 - 3.0 mils	Amercoat 450H	2.0 - 3.0 mils

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FEBRUARY 11, 2011	Wastewater	Comments	xy lined) (Wastewater	Protecto 401	Protecto 401	Protecto 401	Protecto 401			in & out and 304 SS		NA	NA	NA	purtenances.	00		D/SLDE	1	00	D	nd greater shall have)	00TD	1390C	P-C	65	S00)C	l and a serrated or	cets or locking bells.	Existing Only	Existing Only	Existing Only
	3W	Model #	e fusion bonded epo	30" & up					Unimag 4411E	ains, epoxy on shoe		NA	NA	NA	fittings, pipe and ap	Megalug Series 1100	UFR-1400	OneLok Series SLD/SLDE	Cam Lok Series 111	Star Grip Series 3000	TufGrip Series TLD	got ends. Pipe 16" a	•	Tru-Dual Series 1500TD	Uni-Flange Series 1390C	PV-Lok Series PWP-C	Bell-Lock Series 165	StarGrip Series 3100S	TufGrip-Series 300C	ƙ-up ring for the bel	have restraint gask	Series 1100HD	Series SSLDH	Series 3100S
N SYSTEMS	Reclaimed Water	Comments	ent lined or holiday free	FBE / Cement	FBE / Cement	FBE / Cement	FBE / Cement		NA	t, NST hose & pumper thread, rotate 360 degrees, closed drains, epoxy on shoe in & out and 304 SS		NA	NA	NA	Restrain ductile iron pipe to mechanical joint fittings, pipe and appurtenances.	0		//SLDE		00		ew & Existing) - All restraints split serrated on bell and spigot ends. Pipe 16" and greater shall have	4	0TD	390C	D-C	5	OS OS	U	Pipe (16" & Greater) - All restraints shall have a split back-up ring for the bell and a serrated or	ig 16" and greater shall	Existing Only	Existing Only	Existing Only
VED PRODUCTS - TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS	Reclair	Model #	tter fittings shall ceme	30" & up					NA	oumper thread, rotate		NA	NA	NA	estrain ductile iron pi	Megalug Series 1100	UFR-1400	OneLok Series SLD/SLDE	Cam Lok Series 111	Star Grip Series 3000	TufGrip Series TLD	- All restraints split se	visting DIP FM)	Tru-Dual Series 1500TD	Uni-Flange Series 1390C	PV-Lok Series PWP-C	Bell-Lock Series 165	StarGrip Series 3100S	TufGrip-Series 300C	reater) - All restraint	eclaimed water pipin.	Series 1100HD	Series SSLDH	Series 3100S
	Water	Comments	ter & Reclaimed Wa free)	FBE / Cement	FBE / Cement	FBE / Cement	FBE / Cement		NA	ng nut, NST hose & p					poxy Coated			ILDE					nly for restraint of ex	TD	90C					e Iron Pipe (16" & G	allation for water & r	Existing Only	Existing Only	Existing Only
LIST OF APPRO	W ₅	Model #	SB / C110 FLG: (Wa tecto 401 and holiday	30" & up				ble Sensors	NA	1/2 Pentagon operati		B-84-B (6 inch)	Medallion 2545	Super Centurion 250	tion Restraining Glar	Megalug Series 1100	UFR-1400	OneLok Series SLD/SLDE	Cam Lok Series 111	Star Grip Series 3000	TufGrip Series TLD	ctile Iron Pipe (4"-12	bells. (Wastewater o	Tru-Dual Series 1500TD	Uni-Flange Series 1390C	PV-Lok Series PWP-C	Bell-Lock Series 165	StarGrip Series 3100S	TufGrip-Series 300C	Restraints for Ductil	pigot end. New insta	Series 1100HD	Series SSLDH	Series 3100S
	Manufacturer		Ductile Iron Fittings C153 SSB / C110 FLG: (Water & Reclaimed Water fittings shall cement lined or holiday free fusion bonded epoxy lined) (Wastewater fittings interior shall be Protecto 401 and holiday free)	American	Sigma	Star	Tyler Union & Clow	Flow Meters With Replaceable Sensors	EMCO	Hydrants Shall open left, 1-1/2 Pentagon operating nut	nuts & bolts below ground.	American Flow Control	Clow	Mueller	Mechanical Joint Wedge-action Restraining Gland, E	EBAA Iron Inc	Ford / Uni-Flange	Sigma	Smith Blair	Star	Tyler Union	Bell Joint Restraints for Ductile Iron Pipe (4"-12") (N	restraint gaskets or locking bells. (Wastewater only for restraint of existing DIP FM)	EBAA Iron Inc	Ford / Uni-Flange	Sigma	Smith Blair	Star	Tyler Union	Ductile Iron Pipe Bell Joint Restraints for Ductile Iron	wedge action gland for the spigot end. New installation for water & reclaimed water piping 16" and greater shall have restraint gaskets or locking bells.	EBAA Iron Inc	Sigma	Star
APPENDIX D	Desc				itti F		<u>.</u>	: ete	I Me I He		stu						stu	iens	зәЯ					r) Mə	Buit N)	("2 2")	I-"4)		5	ints & er)	.691 .6"	ני נ)	
APPE	.te	SJ	-	szai	i))i	I		MO	Ы		sjut	gra	٨H									S	nis	nts	BR	nio	ր				-			Ĩ

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Manutacturer Model # Comments Rectained Wate Joint Restraint Gaskets and Locking Bell (4" & Above) Stainless Steel locking wedges built into dated for Rubber-Gasket Joint for Ductile Iron Pressure Pipe. Ductile Iron Bell Joint Kestrain entels joint separation and allows for joint deflection. Bells shall be painted fred to verify restrain- tents joint separation and allows for joint deflection. Bells shall be painted fred to verify restrain- tents joint separation and allows for joint deflection. Bells shall be painted fred to verify restrain- tents joint separation and allows for joint deflection. Bells Lock Recting Gasket Gask fin Ranp-Lock Bell Lock Sup-Lock Bell Lock Bell fin Sup-Lock Bell Lock Super-Lock Bell Lock Bell field Lot 350 Gasket Gasket Gasket Gasket Gasket Gasket field Lok 350 Gasket Bell Lock Bell Lock Bell Lock Bell Lock Bell field Lok 350 Gasket Gasket Gasket Gasket Ma Ma field Lok 350 Gasket Gasket Gasket Gasket Gasket Gasket field Lok 350 Gasket Gasket Gasket Ma Ma Ma Ma	ned Water Nater Comments Comments villt into the gasket-rubber. AN vestraint for Push-On Pipe- Loc restrained gasket. Gasket Bell Lock Bell Lock Bell Lock Bell Lock NA Bell Lock Bell Lock NA	Wastewater Model # Comments ber. ANSI/AWWA C111/A21.11 ipe- Locking bell joint system that NA NA NA
Restraints PVC Pipe MJ Restraints Transition Locking Bell (4" & Above) - 12") (New & Restraints Transition	vuilt into the gasket-rubber. AN vestrainet for Push-On Pipe- Loc restrained gasket. Gasket Bell Lock NA Bell Lock NA Ar Bell Lock NA Bell Lock NA Ar Bell Lock NA Ar Bell Lock NA Ar Bell Lock NA Ar Bell Lock NA Ar Bell Lock NA Ar Ar Ar Ar Ar Ar Ar Ar Ar Ar Ar Ar Ar	er. ANSI/AWWA C111/A21.11 De-Locking bell joint system that VA NA VA NA
Restraints PVC Pipe MJ Restraints SS (0 DH Locking Bell (4" & Above) - 12") (New & Restraints Transition - 12") (New & Restraints Existing	reconcilent of a set	VA NA VA NA
Restraints PVC Pipe MJ Restraints Transition Locking Bell (4" & Above Existing) - 12") (New & Existing) Existing) Locking Bell (4" & Above Existence	Bell LockNABell LockNAIn <bell lock<="" td="">NAIn<bell lock<="" td=""><t< td=""><td>vANA<!--</td--></td></t<></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell></bell>	vANA </td
Restraints - 12") (New & Existing) PVC Pipe MJ Restraints PVC Pipe MJ Restraints Restraint Restraint	Bell LockNAGasketNABell LockNABell LockNABell LockNABell LockNABell LockNABell LockNABell LockNABell LockNABell LockNAIn Bell LockNAIn MANAIn Bell LockNAIn Bell Joint transitionEpoxy coIn NANAIn Bell Joint transitionEpoxy co	VANA </td
Restraints PVC Pipe MJ Restraints Transition Locking Bell (4" & Existing) - 12") (New & Existing) Restraints Transition	GasketNABell LockNAtGasketNABell LockNABell LockNABell LockNATGasketNAtGasketNAmtBell LockNAtGasketNAtGasketNAmtBell LockNAantBell LockNAmtBell LockNAmtBell LockNAmtBell LockNAmtBell LockNAmtBell LockNAmtBell LockNAmtBell LockNAmtBell LockNAmtBell LockNAmtNANAmtNAMegaffMaMagaffMegaff	VA NA VA Shardware) Flg x PE RJ. Megaflange 2100 SigmaFlange with One Lock SLDE
Restraints PVC Pipe MJ Restraints Transition - 12") (New & Existing) PVC Pipe MJ Restraints Restraint	Bell LockNAtGasketNABell LockNABell LockNABell LockNABell LockNATGasketNAMGasketNABell LockNAIn <bell lock<="" td="">NABell LockNATGasketNANANANANANANNANNANANANANANAMagaffa</bell>	VA NA VA Shardware) Flg x PE RJ. Megaflange 2100
Restraints PVC Pipe MJ Restraints Transition Locking Bell - 12") (New & Existing)	t Gasket NA Bell Lock NA Bell Lock NA Bell Lock NA t Gasket NA Gasket NA Bell Lock NA nt Bell Lock NA ant Bell Lock NA nt NA NA	VA NA VA Shardware) Flg x PE RJ. Megaflange 2100 SigmaFlange with One Lock SLDE
Restraints PVC Pipe MJ Restraints Transition Locking Be - 12") (New & Restraints Restraint	Bell LockNABell LockNABell LockNAtGasketNAtGasketNABell LockNAntBell LockNAntBell LockNAntBell LockNAntBell LockNAntBell LockNAntNANAntNANANANAMegaff	VA NA VA Shardware) Flg x PE RJ. Megaflange 2100 SigmaFlange with One Lock SLDE
Restraints PVC Pipe MJ Restraints Transition - 12") (New & Existing) BVC Pipe MJ Restraints Sectaints	Bell LockNABell LockNAtGasketNACasketNABell LockNAmtBell LockNAained joint transition(epoxy coNANA	VA NA VA NA VA NA VA NA VA NA VA NA VA NA VA NA MA MA MA MA SigmaFlange 2100 SigmaFlange with One Lock SLDE
Restraints - 12") (New & PVC Pipe MJ Restraints - 12") (New & Existing)	Bell LockNAtGasketNAGasketNABell LockNAntBell LockNAained joint transitionepoxy coNANA	VA NA VA NA VA NA VA NA VA NA VA NA VA NA VA NA VA Shardware) Flg x PE RJ. Megaflange 2100 SigmaFlange with One Lock SLDE
Restraints - 12") (New & PVC Pipe MJ Restraints Existing)	t Gasket NA Gasket NA Bell Lock NA nt Bell Lock NA ained joint transition (epoxy co NA Megafia	VA NA VA NA VA NA VA NA VA NA VA NA Poxy coated, SS hardware) Flg x PE RJ. Megaflange 2100 SigmaFlange with One Lock SLDE
Restraints - 12") (New & PVC Pipe MJ Restraints Transition Existing)	GasketNABell LockNAntBell LockntBell Lockrained joint transition(epoxy coNAMegafft	VA NA VA NA NA NA poxy coated, SS hardware) Flg x PE RJ. Megaflange 2100 SigmaFlange with One Lock SLDE
Restraints - 12") (New & PVC Pipe MJ Restraints - 12") (New & Restraints Existing)	Bell LockNAntBell LockNAained joint transition (epoxy ccNAMegafit	VA NA VA NA poxy coated, SS hardware) Flg x PE RJ. Megaflange 2100 SigmaFlange with One Lock SLDE
Restraints PVC Pipe MJ Restraints Transition - 12") (New & PVC Pipe MJ Restraints Transition Existing)	nt Bell Lock NA ained joint transition (epoxy co NA Megafia	VA NA poxy coated, SS hardware) Flg x PE RJ. Megaflange 2100 SigmaFlange with One Lock SLDE
Restraints Existing) PVC Pipe MJ Restraints Fransition Restraint	ained joint transition (epoxy co NA	joxy coated, SS hardware) Flg x PE RJ. Megaflange 2100 SigmaFlange with One Lock SLDE
Restraints NA NA Sigma NA NA Sigma NA NA Sigma NA NA Mechanical Joint Wedge-action Restraining Gland, Epoxy Coated NA Ford / Uni-Flange Mega-lug Series 2000PV NA Ford / Uni-Flange UFR 1500 Series NA Sigma One Lok Series SLC/SLCE NA Sigma One Lok Series SLC/SLCE Star Grip Series 120 Star Star Grip Series 120 Star Grip Series 120 PVC Bell Joint Restraints: PVC pipe Split Serrated on Bell End an Ford / Uni-Flange Uni-Flange Series 120 Star Grip Series 71.P		degaflange 2100 SigmaFlange with One Lock SLDE
Signa NA NA Signa NA NA Smith Blair NA NA Mechanical Joint Wedge-action Restraining Gland, Epoxy Coated NA EBAA Iron Inc Mega-lug Series 2000PV NA Ford / Uni-Flange UFR 1500 Series 2000PV NA Sigma NA NA Ford / Uni-Flange UFR 1500 Series 2000PV NA Sigma NA NA Ford / Uni-Flange UFR 1500 Series 2000PV NA Sigma NA NA Ford / Uni-Flange UFR 1500 Series 2000PV NA Sigma One Lok Series SLC/SLCE NA Sigma One Lok Series SLC/SLCE Star Grip Series 120 Star One Lok Series SLC/SLCE NA Tyler Union TufGrip Series TLP PVC Bell Joint Restraints: PVC pipe Split Serrated on Bell End an EBAA Iron Inc TufGrip Series TLP PV-Lok Series 1300 Ford / Uni-Flange Uni-Flange Series 1300 NA Ford / Uni-Flange Uni-Flange Series 1300 NA Sigma PV-Lok Series PWP PV-Lok Series PWP <td></td> <td>SigmaFlange with One Lock SLDE</td>		SigmaFlange with One Lock SLDE
T B NA T F NA NA Mechanical Joint Wedge-action Restraining Gland, Epoxy Coated Mechanical Joint Wedge-action Restraining Gland, Epoxy Coated NA EBAA Iron Inc Mega-lug Series 2000PV NA NA Ford / Uni-Flange UFR 1500 Series NA NA Sigma One Lok Series SLC/SLCE One Lok Series SLC/SLCE NA Sigma One Lok Series 120 Star One Lok Series 120 Information Star Tyler Union TufGrip Series 4000 Information Information Information PVC Bell Joint Restraints: PVC pipe Split Serrated on Bell End an End / Uni-Flange Uni-Flange Series 1500TD Information ESSmith Blair PV-Lok Series 1500TD Uni-Flange Series 1500TD Information Information ESSmith Blair PV-Lok Series 1500TD Information Information Information Sigma PV-Lok Series 165 PV-Lok Series 165 PV-Lok Series 165 PV		
Mechanical Joint Wedge-action Restraining Gland, Epoxy CoatedEBAA Iron IncMega-lug Series 2000PVEBAA Iron IncMega-lug Series 2000PVFord / Uni-FlangeUFR 1500 SeriesSigmaUFR 1500 SeriesSigmaOne Lok Series SLC/SLCESigmaCam Lok Series 120StarStar Grip Series 4000Tyler UnionTufGrip Series 120PVC Bell Joint Restraints:PVC pipe Split Serrated on Bell End anFord / Uni-FlangeUni-Flange Series 1390StarPVL k Series 1300Bell-Lock Series PWPDini-Flange Series 1300		911 Flange - Lock Restrained FCA
EBAA Iron Inc Mega-lug Series 2000PV Ford / Uni-Flange UFR 1500 Series Sigma One Lok Series SLC/SLC Sigma One Lok Series SLC/SLC Sigma Star Sigma Star Grip Series 4000 Tyler Union Star Grip Series 4000 Tyler Union TufGrip Series 4000 EBAA Iron Inc TufGrip Series 4000 Ford / Uni-Flange TufGrip Series 120 Star One Lok Series 120 Star Druck Series 1300 Ford / Uni-Flange Uni-Flange Series 1500TD Sigma Pro-Lok Series PWP Pro-Lok Series PWP Pro-Lok Series 165	echanical joint fittings, and app	nd appurtenances.
Ford / Uni-Flange NA Ford / Uni-Flange UFR 1500 Series Sigma Dne Lok Series SLC/SLC Smith Blair Cam Lok Series SLC/SLC Star Star Tyler Union Star Grip Series 120 Tyler Union TufGrip Series 4000 Tyler Union TufGrip Series 120 PVC Bell Joint Restraints: PVC pipe Split Serres 1300 Tru-Dual Series 1500TD Ford / Uni-Flange Uni-Flange Series 1300 Ford / Uni-Flange Uni-Flange Series 1300 Sigma PV-Lok Series PWP Sigma PV-Lok Series 165		Mega-lug Series 2000PV
Ford / Uni-FlangeUFR 1500 SeriesSigmaOne Lok Series SLC/SLCSigmaOne Lok Series SLC/SLCStarStarStarStar Grip Series 120StarStar Grip Series 120Tyler UnionTufGrip Series 120Tyler UnionTufGrip Series 120PVC Bell Joint Restraints: PVC pipe Split SerratedFord / Uni-FlangeUni-Flange Series 1300Ford / Uni-FlangeUni-Flange Series 1300Smith BlairPV-Lok Series PWPSmith BlairBell-Lock Series 165		Megalug Series 2200 (42"-48")
SigmaOne Lok Series SLC/SLGSmith BlairCam Lok Series 120Smith BlairCam Lok Series 120StarStar Grip Series 4000Tyler UnionTufGrip Series 4000Tyler UnionTufGrip Series 4000PVC Bell Joint Restraints:PVC pipe Split SerratedFord / Uni-FlangeUni-Flange Series 1500TDSigmaPV-Lok Series 1390SigmaPV-Lok Series PWPSigmaPV-Lok Series PWP	UFR 15	UFR 1500 Series
Smith BlairCam Lok Series 120StarStar Grip Series 4000Tyler UnionTufGrip Series 4000Tyler UnionTufGrip Series 4000PVC Bell Joint Restraints:PVC pipe Split SerratedFord / Uni-FlangeTru-Dual Series 1500TDFord / Uni-FlangeUni-Flange Series 1390SigmaPV-Lok Series PWPSmith BlairBell-Lock Series 165		One Lok Series SLC/SLCE
PVCStar Grip Series 4000Tyler UnionTufGrip Series 4000Tyler UnionTufGrip Series 100PVC Bell Joint Restraints:PVC pipe Split Series 120PVC Bell Joint Restraints:Tru-Dual Series 1300Pord / Uni-FlangeUni-Flange Series 1300PV-Lok Series PWPPV-Lok Series PWPSmith BlairBell-Lock Series 165	Cam Lo	Cam Lok Series 120
PTyler UnionTufGrip Series TLPPVC Bell Joint Restraints:PVC pipe Split SerratedEBAA Iron IncTru-Dual Series 1500TDFord / Uni-FlangeUni-Flange Series 1390SigmaPV-Lok Series PWPSmith BlairBell-Lock Series 165		Star Grip Series 4000
PVC Bell Joint Restraints: PVC pipe Split Serrated EBAA Iron Inc Tru-Dual Series 1500TD Row Uni-Flange Row PV-Lok Series 1390 Prod / Uni-Flange PV-Lok Series 1390 Row PV-Lok Series 1390 Row PV-Lok Series 1300	TufGrip	TufGrip Series TLP
EBAA Iron IncTru-Dual Series 1500TDRestraintsNew NFord / Uni-FlangeUni-Flange Series 1390PV-Lok Series PWPPV-Lok Series PWPSmith BlairBell-Lock Series 165	(New & Existing)	
Restrict No. 2017 Restrict No.		Tru-Dual Series 1500TD
Restrance PV-Lok Series PWP - Existence Bell-Lock Series 165 Bell-Lock Series 165		Uni-Flange Series 1390
요 다 프 Smith Blair Bell-Lock Series 165	PV-Lok	PV-Lok Series PWP
		Bell-Lock Series 165
A Star Series 1100C	Series 1	Series 1100C
Tyler Union TufGrip 300C TufGrip 300C	TufGrip	TufGrip 300C

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FEBRUARY 11, 2011	Wastewater	Model # Comments	sr Existing pipe only.	0	Series 621	WP	Series 165	10C	-900, Minimum DR18 for Water, Reclaimed and Wastewater. DR14 for Fire Lines. Manufacturers		C900/RJ Green	C900 Green	e Brute Green	Green	pe Green	Green		Green	Minimum DR21/DR25 for 30" and greater.	: C905/RJ NA	DR18 Green	turion Green	Blue Green	Green	Blue Green	VSTM F-714 and listed with	AWWA C901,AWWA C906. Compression type connections are not acceptable in new installations. and or adouter All HDPF shall be color coded to the Utility. Color identifications are in accordance	val status.	DR11Green		x 4300 DK11 Green
STEMS	_	Comments	Split Serrated on Bell End and Spigot End. Water & Reclaimed Water Existing pipe only.	Existing Only Series 1390	Existing Only Sur-Grip Series	Existing Only PV-Lok PWP	Existing Only Bell-Lock Series	Existing Only Series 1100C	med and Wastewater. DR14f		Pantone Purple Certa-Lok C900/RJ	Pantone Purple Diamond C900	Pantone Purple C900 Blue Brute	Pantone Purple C-900	Pantone Purple C-900 Pipe	Pantone Purple C-900		Pantone Purple C-900		NA Certa-Lok C905/RJ	NA Trans-21 DR18	NA IPEX Centurion	NA C905 Big Blue	NA C905	NA C905 Big Blue	Pipe Size, PE 3408/3608/4710 DIPS manufactured in accordance with ASTM F-714 and listed with	AWWA C901,AWWA C906. Compression type connections are not acceptable in new installations. James or adapter – All HDPF shall be color coded to the Htility. Color identifications are in accorde	Manufacturers shall be members in good standing with PPI to maintain approval status.	DR11 Pantone HDPE	DR11 Pantone Drisconlex 4300	
/ED PRODUCTS - TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS	Reclaimed Water	Model #	on Bell End and Spigot En	Series 1390	Sur-Grip Series 621	PV-Lok PWP	Bell-Lock Series 165	Series 1100C	m DR18 for Water, Reclain	al status.	Certa-Lok C900/RJ	C-900	C-900	C-900	C-900	C-900		C-900	A C-905, Minimum DR18 for all Force Mains up to 24". 1 Uni-Bell to maintain approval status.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3408/3608/4710 DIPS manu	AWWA C906. Compression or All HDPF shall he color	e members in good standin	HDPE	Drisconlex 4000	
APPROVED PRODUC	Water	Comments		Existing Only		Existing Only	165 Existing Only	Existing Only	WWA C-900, Minimu	ell to maintain approva	J Blue	Blue	Blue	Blue	Blue	Blue		Blue		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		1 either AWWA C901,4 n with flance or adants	Manufacturers shall be	DR11 Blue	DR11 Blue	
LIST OF APPROV		Model #	: (16" & Greater) P ¹ and existing pipe.	Series 1390	Sur-Grip Series 62	PV-Lok PWP	Bell-Lock Series 1	Series 1100C	Pipe: 4 to 12-inch - A	standing with Uni-B	Certa-Lok C900/R.	C-900	C-900 Blue Brute	C-900	c C-900 Dura- Blue	C-900		C-900	Pipe 16" and Larger embers in good stan	NA	NA	NA	NA	c NA	NA	C906 shall be Duct	id in accordance with	niform Color Code.	HDPE) Driscoplex 4000	
	Manufacturer		PVC Bell Joint Restraints: (16" & Greater) PVC pipe Wastewater shall be new and existing pipe.	Ford / Uni-Flange	JCM	Sigma	Smith Blair	Star	C900 Bell & Spigot PVC Pipe: 4 to 12-inch - AWWA C	shall be members in good standing with Uni-Bell to maintain approval status.	Certainteed 4" to 12"	Diamond Plastics Corp	Ipex Inc	JM Eagle	National Pipe & Plastics Inc	North American Pipe Corp	(NAPCO)	Sanderson Pipe Corp	C905 Bell & Spigot PVC Pipe 16" and Larger: AWWA C-905, Minimum DR18 for all Force Manufacturers shall be members in good standing with Uni-Bell to maintain approval status	Certainteed 16"	Diamond Plastics Corp	Ipex Inc	JM Eagle	National Pipe & Plastics Inc	North American Pipe Corp (NAPCO)	HDPE Pipe DR11 AWWA C906 shall be Ductile Iron	NSF. Pipe shall be marked in accordance with either I . Dire ioints shall be butt fusion or electro-fusion with fl	with the APWA/ULCC Uniform Color Code.	JM Eagle	Performance Pipe(Chevron)	
APPENDIX D	Desc			iol nts eate	ieni	səЯ						ЯС igoi		\$ I	Bel				1		ID giq gra	S 38	llə	В	[I	נאם	906	E Ci	Db]
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APP	APPENDIX D		LIST OF APPRO		VED PRODUCTS - TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS	SYSTEMS	H	FEBRUARY 11, 2011
.te	Desc	Manufacturer	Water		Reclaim	Reclaimed Water	Waste	Wastewater
С			Model #	Comments	Model #	Comments	Model #	Comments
		Ductile iron/Cast iron: $(4^{"}$ to $12^{"} = Class 350.16^{"}$ to	to 12'' = Class 350, 16''	to 24" - Class 250, 30" to 64"	0'' to 64'' = Class 200).). Water and Reclaim	Water and Reclaimed water shall be cement lined.	ent lined.
	ədi	Wastewater Piping shall be Protecto 401 and Holiday	Protecto 401 and Holid		atings as specified. W	Free. Exterior coatings as specified. Wastewater DIP piping shall be for pump station piping only.	shall be for pump sta	tion piping only.
8	d uo	Manufacturers shall be members in good standing with DIPRA to maintain approval status.	mbers in good standing	with DIPRA to main	tain approval status.			1
odig	ou e	American	Cement Lined	Blue	Cement Lined	Pantone Purple	Protecto 401	Pump Station
(itt	Griffin	Cement Lined	Blue	Cement Lined	Pantone Purple	Protecto 401	Pump Station
	onQ	McWane Inc. DI Pipe Group	Cement Lined	Blue	Cement Lined	Pantone Purple	Protecto 401	Pump Station
	-	US Pipe	Cement Lined	Blue	Cement Lined	Pantone Purple	Protecto 401	Pump Station
əle		Sample Stations - Bacteriological Sample Station with	ogical Sample Station w		tem, all internal pipin	built in flush system, all internal piping to be 2", brass and includes lockable green enclosures.	ncludes lockable gree	n enclosures.
dw	qmı otta	Safety-Guard	SG-BSS-05 pedestal #77	00	NA	NA	NA	NA
вS		Water Plus Corp	Model 5000	green	NA	NA	NA	NA
		Brass Service Saddles for 1" & 2" water & reclaimed	" & 2" water & reclaim		4" through 12" Main	water services on 4" through 12" Mains - Service saddles can be hinge or bolt controlled OD saddles	n be hinge or bolt con	trolled OD saddles
		to be used on C-900 and existing IPS OD PVC pipe.	isting IPS OD PVC pipe		D		D	
	alles erv	Ford	Series S-70, S-90	4"-12"	Series S-70, S-90	4"-12"	NA	NA
		AY McDonald	Model 3891 / 3895 3801	1	Model 3891 / 3895 3801	801 4"-12"	NA	NA
	stas S		/ 3805		/ 3805			
	I	Mueller	Series S-13000/H-13000	4"-12"	Series S-13000/H-13000	000 4"-12"	NA	NA
		Service Saddles for 1" (CC) & 2" (Iron nine threads)	& 2" (Iron nine thread		ed Water cervices on	Water & Beclaimed Water services on mains greater than 12" Service saddles for 2" tans (iron nine	" Service caddlec for	r 3" tans (iron nine
		for vice bacures for 1 (CC) x 2 (from pipe time acts) threads) on 4" mains and greater for Waste Water. :]	reater for Waste Water.		eu vraiet services on ated stainless steel 18	orated wave for the state of the second mains greater main 12 : Bet we satures for 2 ways (non price of anoty or nylon coated stainless steel 18-8-type 304 double strans, controlled 0.D. saddles to be used on	ans, controlled O.D. s	addles to he used on
	səlb	C-900 / C905 or DI for all 1-in and -2in taps on pipes over 12in.	-in and -2in taps on pipe					
	bßZ	Ford	Series FC202	16" & greater	Series FC202	16" & greater	Series FC202	4" & greater
s	əɔi	JCM	Series 406	16" & greater	Series 406	16" & greater	Series 406	4" & greater
ə⊃i	GΓΛ	Mueller	DR2S	16" & greater	DR2S	16" & greater	DR2S	4" & greater
er/	S	Romac	Series 202NS	16" & greater	Series 202NS	16" & greater	Series 202NS	4" & greater
S		Smith Blair	Series 317	16" & greater	Series 317	16" & greater	Series 317	4" & greater
	L	Service Saddles for 1" (CC) & 2" (Iron Pipe threads)) & 2" (Iron Pipe thread	r .	med Water Services:	Water and Reclaimed Water Services: Epoxy or nylon coated stainless steel 18-8-type 304 double	d stainless steel 18-8-t	ype 304 double
	of	straps, controlled O.D. sade	saddles to be used on HDPE fo	for all 1-in and -2in	taps. Taps to HDPE	r all 1-in and -2in taps. Taps to HDPE pipe shall be approved on a case by case basis	d on a case by case ba	ısis.
	DF Des Des Des Des Des Des Des Des Des Des	Ford	Series FCP202		Series FCP202		Series FCP202	
	pes	Romac	Series 202N-H		Series 202N-H		Series 202N-H	
	5	Smith Blair	Series 317-1 for HDPE		Series 317-1 for HDPE	E	Series 317-1 for HDPE	E
		Corporation Stops Ball Type (1-inch with AWWA taper C threads only/pack joint outlet for CTS) 2" Corporation Stop Ball Type shall be 2" MIP X FIP	oe (1-inch with AWWA (aper C threads only	/pack joint outlet for	CTS) 2" Corporation	Stop Ball Type shall I	be 2" MIP X FIP
	Bal	threads.						
	Typ Por Por	Ford	FB1000, FB1700-7		FB1000, FB1700-7		FB1700-7	2" ARV
	otS	AY McDonald	4701B-22, 3149B2		4701B-22, 3149B2		3149B2	2" ARV
)	Mueller	P25008, B-20046		P25008, B-20046		B-20046	2" ARV
				D103	13			

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1, 2011	ents																										n			Lip	Lip	Lip
FEBRUARY 11, 2011	er Comments		NA	NA	NA		NA	NA	NA		NA	NA	NA					olts.			DIP/PVC	A/C Pipe	FBE	DIP/PVC	A/C Pipe	FBE	nd Reclair	t the		Alignment Lip	Alignment Lip	Alignment Lip
FEB	Wastewater #																	uts and be									or Water a	y and mee				t"-12")
	V Model #		T		ł		Ŧ	Ŧ	ł		ł	F	ł					inless steel r	Series 2800	Series 1004	Series F-5205	Series F-5207	Series 414	Series H-615	Series H-619	Style 623	ul position fo	it seated only		Series 2500	Series F-6114	Series T2360 (4"-12")
	nts		NA	NA	NA		NA	NA	NA		NA	NA	NA) with sta	Se	Se	Se	Se	Se	Se	Se	Sty	the vertica	be resilien				
YSTEMS	Water Comments									PE 4710			NA					ng size on size			DIP/PVC	A/C Pipe	FBE	DIP/PVC	A/C Pipe	FBE	d installed in 1	g valves shall		Alignment Lip	Alignment Lip	Alignment Lip
VED PRODUCTS - TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS	Reclaimed Water Model # C	j" FIP	B41-777W	6102W-22	P25172		B44-444W	6100W-22	P25146	2-inch only. PE 3408 / PE 4710	Ice	Endocore Lavender						Tapping Sleeves: (Mechanical joint for taps on cast iron, ductile iron, PVC & AC pipe, including size on size) with stainless steel nuts and bolts.	Series 2800	Series 1004	Series F-5205	Series F-5207	Series 414	Series H-615	Series H-619	Style 623	all be furnished with an alignment lip and installed in the vertical position for Water and Reclaim	abandoned in the open position. Tapping valves shall be resilient seated only and meet the		Series 2500	Series F-6114	Series T2360 (4"-12")
JCTS - T		bing by 2	B41	610	P25		B44	610	P25	and 2-in	Lav Ice	End	NA					on, PVC .	Seri	Seri	Seri	Seri	Seri	Seri	Seri	Styl	ed with a	in the ope				
	Comments	" cts O.D. tubing by 2" FIP				compression				UV protection (SDR-9) 1-inch and								on, ductile irc			DIP/PVC	A/C Pipe	FBE	DIP/PVC	A/C Pipe	FBE	all be furnish	l abandoned i		Alignment Lip	Alignment Lip	Alignment Lip
LIST OF APPRO	Water el #	mpression 2	4			compression x				protection (S		e						ps on cast ir			[7	[7		ng Valves sh	zontally and		'	7	(4"-12")
LIST	Model	s: Ball type co	B41-777W	6102W-22	P25172	- Straight Valves: ball type co	B44-444W	6100W-22	P25146	A C901. UV]	Blue Ice	Endopure Blue	Pure-Core					al joint for ta	Series 2800	Series 1004	Series F-5205	Series F-5207	Series 414	Series H-615	Series H-619	Style 623	laller - Tappi	installed hori	C509 or C515	Series 2500	Series F-6114	Series T2360 (4"-12")
	rer	ight Valve)			ight Valve				AWW								(Mechanic	ntrol	IOTIII							12" and sm	er shall be		ontrol		
	Manufacturer	Curb Stops - Straight Valves: Ball type compression 2	Ford	AY McDonald	Mueller	Curb Stops - Stra	Ford	AY McDonald	Mueller	Polyethylene tubing:	Charter Plastics	Endot	JM Eagle	Line Stops	JCM	Romac	Smith Blair	Tapping Sleeves:	A merican Flow Control		Clow		JCM	Mileller		Smith Blair	Tapping Valves: 12" and smaller - Tapping Valves sh	Water. Wastewater shall be installed horizontally and	requirements of AWWA	American Flow Control	Clow	Mueller
APPENDIX D	Desc		lotZ		•			q.ır			0	n 3			lotZ					1		2 S1	iiqq		-	U 1	,L	alla	eV ;	pue	7	I
APPE	.tsD					S	əɔi≀	,et	S										Səv	ls\	V bi	ır s	səvə	əlS	Bu	iqq	вT			_		

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Manufacturer Model # Water Model # Comments Model # Comments Tapping Varves: 16' and Larger - Tapping varves shall be furnished with NPT pipe uses approved by the engineer. Tapping varves (6' and larger AWA CSI5 resiltent seated only (16' and 24' no gearing required) above 24' shall be furnished with NPT pipe upus for flushing the tracks when varves are installed horizontally for Water and Reclaimed Water unless approved by the engineer. Tapping varves (6'' and 1arger - Tapping varves (6'' and 1arger - Tapping varves (6'' and 1arger AWA CSI5 resiltent seated only (16'' and 24'' no gearing required) above 24'' shall be furnished with NPT pipe upus for flushing the tracks when varves are installed horizontally. Tapping varves (6'' and 1arger - Tapping varves above 24'' shall be furnished with NPT pipe upus for flushing port. Water water shall be installed horizontally for Water unless approved by the engineer. Tapping varves (6'' and 1arger - Tapping port - Alignment Lip & Series F-6114 Water Machine Ma	Water Comments valves shall be furnished wit valves shall be furnished wit vorizontally for Water and R at torizontally for Water and R at 124" no gearing required) at be furnished with NPT pipe Ily and abandoned in open perflushing port Alignment Lip & Alignment Lip & flushing port Alignment Lip & flushing port Valve seats shall be leak-tig Yalve seats shall be leak-tig	WaterWaterWastewaterWaterModel #CommentsModel #CommentsModel #CommentsModel #Commentsvalves shall be furnished with an alignment lip and be installed in the vertical position for Water and ReclaimedWastewater24" no gearing required) above 24" shall be installed vertically with a spurgear actuator unless noted by the24" no gearing required) above 24" shall be installed vertically with a spurgear actuator unless noted by the24" no gearing required) above 24" shall be installed vertically with a spurgear actuator unless noted by the24" no gearing required) above 24" shall be installed vertically with a spurgear actuator unless noted by the24" no gearing required) above 24" shall be installed vertically with a spurgear actuator unless noted by the24" no gearing required) above 24" shall be installed vertically with a spurgear actuator unless noted by the24" no gearing required) above 24" shall be installed vertically with a spurgear actuator unless noted by the24" no gearing required) above 24" shall be installed vertically with a spurgear actuator unless noted by the24" no gearing required)310 ment Lip &311 Mishing port312 Mishing port312 Mishing port312 Mishing port312 Mishing port312 Mishing port313 Mishing port313 Mishing port314 Mishing port315 Mishing port315 Mishing port316 Mishing port317 Mishing port318 Mishing port318 Mishing port318 Mishing port319 Mishing port<	Model #Model #In the vertical position for Wain the vertical position for Wain the vertical position for Wain the vertical position for Wawith a spur gear actuator unkvalves are installed horizontalvalves are installed horizontalLip &Series 2500ortLip &Series F-6114ortLip &Series F-6114ortNaNANA	Wastewater # Comments for Water and Reclaimed alves 16" and larger tor unless noted by the izontally. Tapping valves Alignment Lip & flushing port Alignment Lip & flushing port 4"&up) Alignment Lip & flushing port alignment Lip & flushing port alignment Lip & flushing port Anignment Lip & flushing port Anignment Lip & flushing port Anignment Lip & Anignment Lip & flushing port Anignment Lip & flushing port NA
alves: 16" and Larger - Tapping tapping valve shall be installed ho 515 resilient seated only (16" and MI tapping valves above 24" shall vater shall be installed horizontall vater shall be installed horizontallow Control ?low Control Series 2500 ?low Control Series 2500 ?low Control Series 2500 ?low Control Series 72361 (14 ?alves 42" and above. AWWA C5 Series 12361 (14 ?alves 42" and above. AWWA C5 Series 72361 (14 ?alves 42" and above. AWWA C5 Series 72361 (14 ?alves 42" and above. AWWA C5 Series 72361 (14 ?alves 42" and above. AWWA C5 Series 72361 (14 ?alves 42" and above. AWWA C5 Series 72361 (14 ?alves 42" and above. AWWA C5 Series 72361 (14 ?alves 42" and above. AWWA C5 Series 72361 (14 ?alves 42" and above. AWWA C5 Series 72361 (14 ?alves 42" and above. AWWA C5 Series 72361 (14 ?alves 42" and above. AWWA C5 Series 72361 (14 ?alves 42" and above. AWWA C5 Series 72361 (14 ?alves 42" and above. AWWA C5 Series 72361 (14 ?alves 42" and above. AWWA C5 Series 72361 (14 ?alves 42" and above. AWWA C5 Series 72361 (14	valves shall be furnished wit orizontally for Water and R 124" no gearing required) at be furnished with NPT pipe Ily and abandoned in open po Alignment Lip & flushing port Alignment Lip & flushing port flushing port flushing port flushing port flushing port flushing port flushing port flushing port flushing port flushing port	h an alignment lip and be installed eclaim Water unless approved by t ove 24" shall be installed vertically plugs for flushing the tracks when sition. Series 2500 Alignment flushing p Series F-6114 Alignment flushing p Series T2361 (14"&up) Alignment flushing p shased on 150 psi valve pressure a ht in both directions at 150 psi.	in the vertical position for with a spur gear actuator valves are installed horizor ut Lip & Series 2500 at Lip & Series F-6114 at Lip & Series T-510 (14"& at Lip & Series T-510 (14"& NA	Water and Reclaimed s 16" and larger mless noted by the tally. Tapping valves Alignment Lip & flushing port adignment Lip & flushing port up) Alignment Lip & flushing port wp) Alignment Lip & flushing port NA
0 tapping valve shall be installed ho C515 resilient seated only (16" and All tapping valves above 24" shall water shall be installed horizontal Elow Control Series 2500 Flow Control Series 2500 Valves 42" and above. AWWA C5 uts and shall withstand 250 ft-lbs. Pratt LINSEAL III / Groundhog Pratt LINSEAL III / Groundhog Reck) 4-inch and Larger (8 mil epo Flow Control NA	torizontally for Water and R 124" no gearing required) at be furnished with NPT pipe Ily and abandoned in open po Alignment Lip & flushing port flushing port 4" &up) Alignment Lip & flushing port 504. Actuators input torque Valve seats shall be leak-tig	eclaim Water unless approved by t ove 24" shall be installed vertically plugs for flushing the tracks when sition. Series 2500 Alignment flushing p Series F-6114 Alignment flushing p Series T2361 (14"&up) Alignment flushing p shased on 150 psi valve pressure a ht in both directions at 150 psi.	the engineer. Tapping Valve with a spur gear actuator valves are installed horizon the Series 2500 the Series F-6114 the Series F-6114 Lip & Series F-6114 the Series T-2361 (14"& of Lip & Series T-2361 (14"& NA	s 16" and larger mless noted by the tally. Tapping valves Alignment Lip & flushing port alignment Lip & flushing port up) Alignment Lip & flushing port simum input of 80 ft- NA
All tapping valves above 24" shallewater shall be installed horizontallewater shall be installed horizontallFlow ControlSeries 2500Series F-6114Series F-6114Series F-6114Series T-361 (14Series 42" and above. AWWA C5Valves 42" and above. AWWA C5Nuts and shall withstand 250 ft-lbs.Ints and shall withstand 250 ft-lbs.PrattStyle #1450PrattLINSEAL III /Chow ControlNAKH / KennedyNA	l be furnished with NPT pipe lly and abandoned in open p Alignment Lip & flushing port Alignment Lip & flushing port alignment Lip & flushing port flushing port 504. Actuators input torque Valve seats shall be leak-tig	plugs for flushing the tracks when sition. Series 2500 Alignment Beries F-6114 Alignment flushing p Series T2361 (14"&up) Alignment Series T2361 (14"&up) Alignment flushing p flushing p	valves are installed horizon Lip & Series 2500 rt Lip & Series F-6114 rt Lip & Series T2361 (14"& d 16 fps velocity with a ma NA	tally. Tapping valves Alignment Lip & flushing port Alignment Lip & flushing port up) Alignment Lip & flushing port simum input of 80 ft- NA
r Flow Control Series 2500 Series F-6114 Series T2361 (14 Valves 42" and above. AWWA C5 Series T2361 (14 valves 42" and above. AWWA C5 Style #1450 nuts and shall withstand 250 ft-lbs. Style #1450 Pratt Style #1450 Pratt LINSEAL III / Groundhog Oheck) 4-inch and Larger (8 mil epo i&H / Kennedy NA	up) / f	Series 2500 Alignment flushing p Series F-6114 Alignment flushing p Series T2361 (14"&up) Alignment flushing p flushing p s based on 150 psi valve pressure a ht in both directions at 150 psi. Style #1450	Lip & Series 2500 rt Lip & Series F-6114 rt Lip & Series T2361 (14"& rt NA NA	Alignment Lip & flushing port Alignment Lip & flushing port up) Alignment Lip & flushing port ximum input of 80 ft- NA
Series F-6114 Series T2361 (14 Series	up) / f f Actu	Series F-6114 Alignment Series T-6114 Alignment Series T2361 (14"&up) Alignment flushing p s based on 150 psi valve pressure a ht in both directions at 150 psi. Style #1450	Lip & Series F-6114 rt Lip & Series T2361 (14"& rt nd 16 fps velocity with a ma NA	Alignment Lip & Alignment Lip & Ilushing port Up) Alignment Lip & flushing port ximum input of 80 ft- NA
y Valves 42" and above. AWWA C5 buts and shall withstand 250 ft-lbs. buts and shall withstand 250 ft-lbs. Style #1450 BAW / Pratt Style #1450 BAW Check) 4-inch and Larger (8 mil epo M&H / Kennedy NA	t 1 1 Actu Ive sea	Series T-01.14 Augument Series T2361 (14"&up) Alignment Series T2361 (14"&up) Alignment flushing p based on 150 psi valve pressure a ht in both directions at 150 psi. Style #1450	Lip & Series F-0114 rt Lip & Series T2361 (14"& od 16 fps velocity with a ma NA	Augnment Lip & flushing port up) Alignment Lip & flushing port ximum input of 80 ft- NA
Iy Valves 42" and above. AWWA C5 Iy Valves 42" and above. AWWA C5 nuts and shall withstand 250 ft-lbs. Style #1450 EAW Arrow BAW Check) 4-inch and Larger (8 mil epo an Flow Control M&H / Kennedy	up) / f Actu lve sea	Series T2361 (14"&up) Alignment flushing p s based on 150 psi valve pressure a ht in both directions at 150 psi. Style #1450	Lip & Series T2361 (14"& rt nd 16 fps velocity with a ma NA	up) Alignment Lip & flushing port ximum input of 80 ft- NA
Ty Valves 42" and above. AWWA C5"nuts and shall withstand 250 ft-lbs."nuts and shall withstand 250 ft-lbs.kkkBAWkCheck) 4-inch and Larger (8 mil epoan Flow ControlM&H / KennedyMA	f Actu Ive sea	flushing p s based on 150 psi valve pressure a ht in both directions at 150 psi. Style #1450	rt 16 fps velocity with a ma NA NA	flushing port ximum input of 80 ft- NA
Ity Valves 42" and above. AWWA C5" nuts and shall withstand 250 ft-lbs." nuts and shall withstand 250 ft-lbs.kStyle #1450kBAWr / PrattLINSEAL III /r / PrattCoundhogconclosNAM&H / KennedyNA	Actu lve sea	s based on 150 psi valve pressure a ht in both directions at 150 psi. Style #1450	nd 16 fps velocity with a ma	ximum input of 80 ft- NA
k Style #1450 k BAW AN r/Pratt LINSEAL III / Groundhog i (Check) 4-inch and Larger (8 mil epo can Flow Control NA M&H / Kennedy NA		Style #1450	NA NA	NA
k BAW r/ Pratt BAW LINSEAL III / Groundhog s (Check) 4-inch and Larger (8 mil epo can Flow Control NA M&H / Kennedy NA			NA	
r / Pratt LINSEAL III / Groundhog (Check) 4-inch and Larger (8 mil epo can Flow Control NA M&H / Kennedy NA		BAW		NA
Croundnog (Check) 4-inch and Larger (8 mil epo can Flow Control NA M&H / Kennedy NA		LINSEAL III /	NA	NA
i (Check) 4-inch and Larger (8 mil epo can Flow Control NA M&H / Kennedy NA		Groundnog		
	oxy lined)			
M&H / Kennedy		NA	Series 600 or 50 line	
		NA	106	
Mueller NA		NA	Series 2600	
Gate Valves 12" and smaller - resilient seated only AV	ed only AWWA C509 or C515.	5. Valve seat shall be leak-tight in both directions at 150 psi.	both directions at 150 psi.	
American Flow Control Series 2500		Series 2500	NA	NA
Series F-6100		Series F-6100	NA	NA
Mueller Series A-2360		Series A-2360	NA	NA
Gate Valves 16" and larger (Vertical Installation) AW	lation) AWWA C515 resilien	WA C515 resilient seated only (16" and 24" no gearing required) above 24" shall be installed	ng required) above 24" sha	ll be installed
vertically with a gear actuator unless noted by the engineer. Valve seat shall be leak-tight in both directions at 150 psi.	by the engineer. Valve seat s	hall be leak-tight in both direction	at 150 psi.	
American Flow Control Series 2500		Series 2500	NA	NA
Series F-6100		Series F-6100		
Mueller Series A-2361		Series A-2361	NA	NA

Chall Desc Interference Manufactor Model # Comments Model # Comments <th< th=""><th>APP</th><th>APPENDIX D</th><th></th><th>LIST OF APPRO</th><th>ROVED PRODUCT</th><th>VED PRODUCTS - TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS</th><th>VSTEMS</th><th>FE</th><th>FEBRUARY 11, 2011</th></th<>	APP	APPENDIX D		LIST OF APPRO	ROVED PRODUCT	VED PRODUCTS - TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS	VSTEMS	FE	FEBRUARY 11, 2011
Valve Box Valve Boxes with Locking Lids (Cast Iron) Plug Valves Millika Astrona Astrona Mueller Astrona Signade	.Jt	Desc	Manufacturer	Wat	er	Reclaimed	Water	Wastew	ater
Valve Box Valve Boxes with Locking Lids (Cast Iron) Plug Valves Valve Box Valve Boxes with Locking Lids (Cast Iron) ASTIM	s)				Comments	Model #	Comments	Model #	Comments
Valve Box Valve Boxes with Locking Lids (Cast Iron) Plug Valves Millika ASTIM Astrong Mueller Two pi Millika			Plug Valves - Bi-directiona	l, MJ & Flanged (min. 8	imil fusion bonded e	ooxy with stainless steel	bolts), gear operato	r to be sized for rated p	ressure of the
Place NA		ę	valve. Valves 4"-20" shall PSI in both directions.	be 80% Full Port and v	alves 24" and greate	r shall be minimum of '	70% full port. Valve	shall be factory tested i	to minimium 100
Plue Value NA NA NA F3413.M0 Puritik NA NA NA NA Ecenter FF1 or PF1 or	Sa	səvl	 	NA	NA	NA	NA	F-5412 FLG	4" & up
Plug Destrict NA NA NA NA Seconds Stort Flag Millikan, Frant Na NA NA NA Score Sson (HLG) Val-Matic NA NA NA Score Sson (HLG) Score Sson (HLG) Val-Matic NA NA NA Score Sson (HLG) Score Sson (HLG) Yary Matic NA NA NA Score Sson (HLG) Score Sson (HLG) Strin Mas Series 4905 Box NA NA Score Sson (MLG) Strin Mas Series 4905 Box NA NA Score Sson (MLG) Strin Mas 4904-L Locking Lid Val-SoSLK NA Score Sson (MLG) Signa VBGSO Extension NA NA Score SSO Signa VBGSO Extension NA NA Score SSO Signa VBGSO Extension NA NA Score SSO Signa VBGSO VBC NA NA Score SSO S	ovig	βV	CIOW	NA	NA	NA	NA	F-5413 MJ	4" & up
Milikan/Pant NA Senotation Balacemic Val-Main Na Na Na Na Senotation Balacemic	Λ	៩៣៤	Dezurik	NA	NA	NA	NA	Series PEF or PEC	4"& up
Val. Matrix NA NA NA NA 5600 05500 (TGD) You yhere standard screw type Heavy Duty Valve Boxes with Locking Lids (Cast Iron) and type of service cast in heavy duty traffic lid (TATM AS) 5600 05500 (TGD) 5600 05500 (TGD) ASTM AS Series 4005 Bingham/Taylor 4904.L 100 (Sast Iron) and type of service cast in heavy duty traffic lid (TATM AS) Bingham/Taylor 4905.X Extension NA NA 905.X Series 4005 Bingham/Taylor 4904.L Locking Lid NA 909.L Signa 5600 Bingham/Taylor 905.X Extension VB-5002 Extension Signa 5610 Extension VB-5002 Extension VB-5002 Extension Signa VB-10.D/CK Buok VB-5002 Extension VB-6002 VB-6002 Signa VB-10.D/CK Buok VB-702 Extension VB-602 VB-602 VB-10.D/CK Buok VB-702 NA NA VB-105 VB-602 VB-1002 Siat VB-10.D/CK Buok		ł	Millikan / Pratt	NA	NA	NA	NA	Eccentric / Ballcentric	4"& up
Two prices standard screw type Heavy Duty Valve Boxes with Locking Lids (Cest Fron) and type of service cast in heavy duty traffic lid (12). NA NA S700 (MJ) ASTNI AAS Series 4905 Box NA NA Series 4905 Series 49			Val-Matic	NA	NA	NA	NA	5600 or 5800 (FLG)	4" & up
Two piece standard screw type Heavy Duty Valve Boxes with Locking Lids (Cast Iron) and type of service cast in heavy duty traffic lid (H24 ASTM A4S ASTM A4S Na Na Na Series 4905 Series 4906				NA	NA	NA	NA	5700 or 5900 (MJ)	4" & up
Mathematical back National back Nati			Two piece standard screw t ASTM A48	type Heavy Duty Valve]	Boxes with Locking	Lids (Cast Iron) and ty	pe of service cast in l	heavy duty traffic lid (F	(20 loading)
Bingham/Taylor 4905-X Extension MA 4905-X Bingham/Taylor 4904-L Blue Water Na 4904-L Stant Series VB 261X-267X Box Na 4904-L Stant VB 6302 Extension VB-53031LK-VB-2612 Box 4904-L Stant VB 6302 Extension VB-6302 Extension VB-6302 Extension Stant VB 6502 Extension VB-53031LK-VB-2612 Box VB-4500X Stant VB 6502 Extension VB-5303LK VB-6302 Extension Stant VB 1010.0CK Blue Water NA NA VB-4500X VB 1010.0CK Blue Water NA NA VB-4500X Tyler Union Ss.9, 60 Extension NA NA Tyler Union Ss.9, 60 Extension NA NB Tyler Union Ss.9, 60 NA NA NB Tyler Union Ss.9, 60 NA NA NB Merite		(uo		Series 4905	Box	NA	NA	Series 4905	Box
Image: matrix problem Image: matrix problem Matrix probastrix problem		onI :	Binchom/Toylor	4905-X	Extension	NA	NA	4905-X	Extension
Value Box Locking Lid VB-5031LK-VB-2612 Box VB 6302 Extension VB 6402 Extension		tsrJ		4904-L	Blue Water	NA	NA	4904-L	Green Sewer
Index Series VB 261X-267X Box VB-5031LK-VB-2612 Box Series VB 261X-267X Sigma VB 6302 Extension VB 6302)) s			Locking Lid				locking Lid
Image: Signal control VB 6302 Extension VB 6302 Extension VB 6302 Extension VB 6302 Signal control VB 4650W Blue Water VB 2505LK Purple Square VB 4650S Star Series VB-0002 Box NA NA VB 4650S Star Series VB-0002 Box NA NA NB Star VBLIDLOCK Blue Water NA NA NB VBLIDLOCK Box NA NA NB NB Tyler Union Series 6850 Box NA NA NB NB Tyler Union Series 6850 Box NA NA NB Series 6850 Series 6850 Box NA NA Series 6850 Series 6850 Series 6850 Tyler Union Series 6850 NA NA NA Series 6850 Series 6850 Tyler Union Docking Lid NA NA Series 6850 Series 6850 Series 6850 Series 6850 Series 6		bіЛ		Series VB 261X-267X	Box	VB-25031LK-VB-2612	Box	Series VB 261X-267X	Box
Value Blue Water VB2503LK Purple Square VB 4650W Interval Locking Lid Locking Lid Locking Lid Series VB-0002 Box NA NA </td <td></td> <td>ฮิน</td> <td>Sioma</td> <td>VB 6302</td> <td>Extension</td> <td>VB-6302</td> <td>Extension</td> <td>VB 6302</td> <td>Extension</td>		ฮิน	Sioma	VB 6302	Extension	VB-6302	Extension	VB 6302	Extension
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Image: Start Start Series VB-0002 Box NA NA NA NA NB		oЛ			Locking Lid		Locking Lid		locking Lid
Bar User Name	sə	ųџ		Series VB-0002	Box	NA	NA	Series VB-0002	Box
Value Box VBLIDLOCK Blue Water NA VBLIDLOCK Tyler Union Series 6850 Box NA Series 6850 Tyler Union Series 6850 Bue Water NA NA Anerican Flow Ontrol Locking Lid NA NA Series 6850 American Flow Control Box Insert NA NA Locking Lid American Flow Control # 2A - 9A Retrofit Valve Fit inside std NA Series 6850 American Flow Control # 2A - 9A Retrofit Valve Fit inside std NA Box Insert American Flow Control # 2A - 9A Retrofit Valve Box Insert MVB050C thru Mueller Company MVB050C thru Purple Square MVB050C thru Mueller Company MVB130C with Extension Stem MVB050C thru MVB130C with MVB130C with Extension Stem MVB130C with MVB875 Guide Plate MVB875	X0{	M S	Star	VBEX 12-24S	Extension	NA	NA	VBEX 12-24S	Extension
Form Locking Lid Locking Lid Series 6850 Box NA Series 6850 Tyler Union 58, 59, 60 Extension NA NA Series 6850 Si So, 60 Extension NA NA Series 6850 Arborn Locking Lid Blue Water NA Series 6850 American Flow Locking Lid Blue Water NA Series 6850 American Flow Extension NA NA Series 6850 Mueller Company # 2A - 9A Retrofit Valve Fit inside std NA Series 6850 Mueller Company MVB050C thru Blue Water NA Series 6850 Mueller Company MVB050C thru Blue Water MVB050C thru Box Insert MVB130C with Extension Stem MVB130C with Extension Stem MVB130C with MVB130C with Extension Stem Lid Box Insert MVB130C with MVB130C with Extension Stem Lid Box Insert MVB130C with MVB130C with MVB130C with Locking Reclaim MVB130C with Box Insert MVB130C with MVB130C w	I 9V	əxo		VBLIDLOCK	Blue Water	NA	NA	VBLIDLOCK	Green Sewer
Tyler Union Series 6850 Box NA NA Tyler Union 58, 59, 60 Extension NA NA Locking Lid Blue Water NA NA Locking Lid Blue Water NA S8, 59, 60 American Flow Ontrol # 2A - 9A Retrofit Valve Fit inside std NA Locking Lid American Flow Control # 2A - 9A Retrofit Valve Fit inside std NA 2A - 9A Retrofit Valve Mueller Company MvB050C thru<	/als	e B			Locking Lid				locking Lid
Tyler Union58, 59, 60ExtensionNA58, 59, 60Locking LidBlue WaterLocking LidBlue WaterNA58, 59, 60Locking LidBlue WaterLocking LidNANAS8, 59, 60For mains equal to, or greater than, 16" diameter or equal to greater than 6" feet deep2A - 9A Retrofit Valve Fit inside stdNA2A - 9A Retrofit ValveAmerican Flow Control# 2A - 9A Retrofit Valve Fit inside stdNASa - 5A Retrofit ValveSa - 5A Retrofit ValveMueller CompanyMV B050C thruBox InsertMV B050C thruPurple SquareMV B050C thruMueller CompanyMV B130C withLocking LidMV B130C withExtension StemMV B130C withExtension StemMV B130C withExtension StemLidMV B75 Guide PlateMV B75 Guide Plate	١	vlb		Series 6850	Box	NA	NA	Series 6850	Box
Locking LidBlue Water Locking LidNALocking LidFor mains equal to, or greater than, 16" diameter or equal to greater than 6' feet deep2A - 9A Retrofit ValveAmerican Flow Control# 2A - 9A Retrofit Valve Fit inside stdNAAmerican Flow Control# 2A - 9A Retrofit Valve Fit inside stdNAAmerican Flow Control# 2A - 9A Retrofit Valve Fit inside stdNAMueller CompanyMV B050C thruBlue WaterMueller CompanyMV B130C withLocking LidMueller Statension StemLocking LidMV B130C withLocking LidMV B130C withLocking ReclaimMV B130C withLocking LidMV B130C withLocking ReclaimMV B130C withLocking ReclaimMV B130C withLocking ReclaimMV B35 Guide PlateMV B375 Guide PlateMV B375 Guide PlateMV B375 Guide Plate		Λ	Tyler Hnion	58, 59, 60	Extension	NA	NA	58, 59, 60	Extension
For mains equal to, or greater than, 16" diameter or equal to greater than 6' feet deepLocking Lid2A - 9A Retrofit Valve Fit inside stdNAAmerican Flow Control# 2A - 9A Retrofit Valve Fit inside stdNA2A - 9A Retrofit ValveAmerican Flow ControlBox InsertNA2A - 9A Retrofit ValveMueller CompanyMVB050C thruBlue WaterMVB050CR thruPuple SquareMueller CompanyMVB130C withLocking LidMVB130C withLocking ReclaimMVB130C withLocking LidExtension StemLidExtension StemMVB875 Guide PlateMVB875 Guide PlateMVB875 Guide PlateMVB875 Guide Plate				Locking Lid	Blue Water	NA	NA	Locking Lid	Green Sewer
For mains equal to, or greater than, 16" diameter or equal to greater than 6' feet deepAmerican Flow Control# 2A - 9A Retrofit Valve Fit inside stdNAAmerican Flow Control# 2A - 9A Retrofit Valve Fit inside stdNABox Insertvalve boxesNVB050C thruMueller CompanyMVB050C thruBlue WaterMvB130C withLocking LidMVB130C withExtension StemLidLocking ReclaimMVB375 Guide PlateMVB875 Guide PlateMVB875 Guide Plate									locking Lid
American Flow Control# 2A - 9A Retrofit Valve Fit inside stdNAAmerican Flow ControlBox Insertvalve boxesMueller CompanyMV B050C thruBlue WaterMueller CompanyMV B130C withLocking LidMueller CompanyMV B130C withLocking LidMueller CompanyMV B130C withLocking ReclaimMV B130C withLocking LidExtension StemMV B75 Guide PlateMV B75 Guide PlateMV B75 Guide Plate			For mains equal to, or grea	iter than, 16" diameter o		ian 6' feet deep			
Box Insertvalve boxesBox InsertMueller CompanyMVB050C thruBlue WaterMVB050CR thruPurple SquareMVB130C withLocking LidMVB130CR withLocking ReclaimMVB130C withExtension StemLocking LidExtension StemLidExtension StemMVB875 Guide PlateMVB875 Guide PlateMVB875 Guide PlateMVB875 Guide Plate		X	American Flow Control	# 2A - 9A Retrofit Valv		NA		2A - 9A Retrofit Valve	
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MVB130C with Locking Lid MVB130CR with Locking Reclaim MVB130C with Extension Stem Extension Stem Lid Extension Stem MVB875 Guide Plate MVB875 Guide Plate MVB875 Guide Plate		ͽ៱ϳ	Mueller Company	MVB050C thru	Blue Water	MVB050CR thru	Purple Square	MVB050C thru	Green Sewer
Extension Stem Lid MVB875 Guide Plate		βV		MVB130C with	Locking Lid	MVB130CR with	Locking Reclaim	MVB130C with	locking Lid
MVB8/5 Guide Plate				Extension Stem		Extension Stem	Lid	Extension Stem	
				MIV B8/5 UUIDE Flate		INI V B 8 / 2 UNIDE Plate		MI V B&/D UUIDE Plate	

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	ASTM-I N/ N/ N/ N/	ASTM-D3034, Min SDR26/ SDR 35	NA NA NA NA 3M TM EMS 4" Extended Range 5' Ball Marker 1404-XR	sstewater Locator balls placed at all sanitary sewer cleanouts	NA NA NA Gravity Sewer	NA NA	NA	NA	NA NA NA Sani-21 SDR-35	NA NA NA	NA NA NA Gravity Sewer Pipe	PVC Pipe for Gravity SDR26/SDR 35 (Green in color) ASTM-D034. Manufacturers shall be members in good standing with Uni-Bell to maintain approval	Topcoat Glaze 435 15-20 mils	NA NA NA Series 434 min 125 mils	Topcoat Glaze 210G min 20 mils	NA NA NA Z10 Series min 125 mils	Raven 405	NA NA NA NA DOUDIE	NIA NIA NA Sourcessont	and existing pump stations shall be lined. NA NA NA Spectrashield min of 500 mils	ction system per Section 3119 Coatings & Linings. Interior coating for force main connections to existing concrete manholes	(PWS-15 Super Strength) Cleaner	NA NA	NA NA NA NA 626 DUR A PEL 680 Mark A Way	Masonry Type B it all	NA NA NA NA Polyshield Graffiti Preventer for Unpainted	3119 Coatings & Li	Model # Comments Model # Comments Model #	Vater Reclaimed Water
	ASTM-I N/ N/ N/	I-MTSA		ocator balls pla								een in color) AS								g pump stations A NA	ı per Section 31							C #	Water
	Fittings, Adapters and Plugs - Gravity PVC GPK Products, Inc. NA Harrington Corporation (HARCO) NA Multi Fittings Corp. NA	and Plugs - Gravity F		Locating Marker Systems - Wastewater Locator ball							nteed	PVC Pipe for Gravity SDR26/SDR 35 (Gre									Rehabilitation corrosion protection system						Block Walls-Anti-Graffiti Paint per Section	M	Manufacturer
PVC Pipe and fittings Cailings Coailings Coailings Coailings Cailing B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	8 SDK 32	!	Balls	Locate	[oqi9	IS 🤅				jivart	Â	S	atit	Sg	lor	iхЭ	uņ	N a	Manho	səlo	ιĄ)-itt	sıC	ព្រញ	s¶ i	tnù		Desc

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SDR26/SDR35 Gasketed sewer fittings

NA

NA

NA

NA

TIGRE USA, Inc.

APPENDIX D

LIST OF APPROVED PRODUCTS - GRAVITY SYSTEMS

FEBRUARY 11, 2011

Wastewater	omments Model # Comments		A 1002, 1051, 1056 Series	A 102, 151, 156 Series	A MR02, MR51, MR 56 Series		A USF 225-AS		A 24R, 24S with Rope Sealant CS2455	Wet Well and Valve Vault Access Frames and Covers (Include the term "Confined Space" etched or cast into the cover with recessed lock & hasp. Frames		A SIR or S2R Series	A APS or APD Series	478. Precast concrete shall be batched with concrete dyed crystalline waterproofing admixture with	er shall be rejected.	A Dyed Admix	A Dyed Admix	A Dyed Admix	A Dyed Admix	A Dyed Admix	A Dyed Admix	A Dyed Admix	A Dyed Admix	Crystalline Waterproofing Concrete Admix with color dye shall be added to all concrete structures (precast and cast-in-place) to provide waterproofing and	or without color tint / tracer shall be rejected. % concentration of admix with colored dye added to the	KIM K-301B (with red due) 20%	Xvnex Admix C-1000Red (with red dve)	ctures per Section 3119 Coatings & Linings	A Fiberglass Liner		A Fiberglass Liner	HDPE Liner (Min 2 mm for Manhole / Min 5 mm for Pump Station)	A Reinforced Plastic Liner	Fiberglass Liner	
	Model #		, 1051,	151, 1			USF 225-AS		24R, 24S with Rope Sealant CS2455	ce" etched or cast into the cover with recessed loc		SIR or S2R Series	APS or APD Series	ed with concrete dyed crystalline waterproofing ac	rejected.	Dye	Dye	Dye	Dye	Dye	Dye	Dye	Dye	e structures (precast and cast-in-place) to provide	rejected. % concentration of admix with colored		with red dve)	1262	Fiberglass Liner	HDPE Liner (Min 2 mm for Manhole / Min 5 mm fo	Fiberglass Liner	HDPE Liner (Min 2 mm for Manhole / Min 5 mm fo	Reinforced Plastic Liner	Fiberglass Liner	
	Model # Comments		NA NA	NA NA	NA NA		NA NA		NA NA	the term "Confined Spa		NA NA	NA	t concrete shall be batche	or without color tint /tracer shall be rejected.	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	I be added to all concrete	olor tint / tracer shall be	NA NA	NA	t Wetwell Structures per	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	
\sim	Model # Comments	ß	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA		NA NA	y duty loading (H-20)	NA NA	es and Covers (Include	ions.	NA NA	NA NA		admixture or without c	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	mix with color dye shal		NA NA					NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	
Manufacturer		Flexible Pipe Connectors and Transitions	Fernco	Indiana Seal	Mission Rubber	Frame and Cover	USF Fabrication Inc.	Top Adjusting Rings - HDPE with heavy duty	Ladtech, Inc	Wet Well and Valve Vault Access Frame	and covers per manufacturers specifications	Halliday Products	USF Fabrication Inc.	Precast Manhole and Wetwell Structures ASTM C	corrosion protection. Concrete without admixture	Allied Precast	Atlantic Concrete Products, Inc.	Delzotto Products, Inc.	Dura Stress Underground Inc.	Hanson Pipe & Product	Mack Concrete	Oldcastle Precast	Standard Precast Inc.	Crystalline Waterproofing Concrete Ad	corrosion resistance. Concrete without admixture		E	w or existing Preca	AFE	U Liner	Containment Solutions Inc. (Flowtite)	GSE Studliner	GU Liner	L & F Manufacturing	
Desc			ible pe oto	ŀĀ		sp H		ສິນ ຼີເp	Кі Ч	s	әца	lato	I		nes	ŋən	тı2	ວງວ.	iono	D) I	iseo	Pre	[orete nix)			S.	ıəui	Г			
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APP	APPENDIX D	TIS	LIST OF APPROVED PRO	OVED PRODUCTS - GRAVITY SYSTEMS	YSTEMS FEBRUARY 11, 2011
.tsD	Desc	Manufacturer	Water Model # Comments	Reclaimed Water Model # Comments	Wastewater Model # Comments
1					
	γı	Heat Shrink Seal - Precast structures sh	all be primed with mar	nufacturer approved pri	Heat Shrink Seal - Precast structures shall be primed with manufacturer approved primer prior to application of heat shrunk encapsulation.
	səH hrir Sea	Canusa-CPS	NA NA	NA NA	Wrapid Seal with WrapidSeal Primer (Canusa G Primer)
	IS	Pipeline Seal & Insulator, Inc (PSI)	NA NA	NA NA	Riser Wrap with Polyken 1027 or 1039 primer
		Jointing Material Min. 2" width for all products to		ensure squeeze out with manufacturer approved primer.	rer approved primer.
	gnit. eria	Henry Company	NA NA	NA NA	Ram-Nek with Primer
		Martin Asphalt Company	NA NA	NA NA	Evergrip 990 with Primer
S		Trelleborg Pipe Seals	NA NA	NA NA	NPC – Bidco C-56 with Primer
n.	ity	Resilient Connector Pipe Seals, Manhole - Gravity l		ess than 12-inch and less than 15-ft deep	deep
ıən.	VBT	Atlantic Concrete	NA NA	NA NA	A-Lok (cast-in-place)
ŋS	9 s	Hail Mary Rubber	NA NA	NA NA	Star Seal (cast-in-place)
ətə.	ls9ð	IPS	NA NA	NA NA	Wedge Style
ıəu		NPC	NA NA	NA NA	Kor-N-Seal Model WS
0)	Įi¶	Press seal gasket	NA NA	NA NA	PSX Direct Drive
tsb	s	Cast in Place Pipe Seals, Manhole - Gravity Greater	vity Greater Than or E	qual to 12-inch and all	Than or Equal to 12-inch and all pipe sizes greater than 15-ft deep
7 60	Pipe Seal ravi	Atlantic Concrete	NA NA	NA NA	A-Lok cast in place
d	5	Hail Mary Rubber	NA NA	NA NA	Star Seal cast in place
	S	Modular Pipe Seals for Wet Well and Valve Box pen	alve Box penetrations a	ind all forcemain conne	etrations and all forcemain connections to existing and new precast concrete structures. EPDM
	eals	Rubber with 316 SS Hardware			
	S əc	CCI Pipeline Systems	NA NA	NA NA	Wrap-It Link WL-SS Series
	liq M	Pipeline Seal & Insulator, Inc / Link Seal	NA NA	NA NA	Link-Seal S-316 Modular Seal
	F	Proco Products, Inc	NA NA	NA NA	PenSeal ES-PS Series

ORANGE COUNTY UTILITIES STANDARDS AND CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS MANUAL

Andrecense Other Dates						
The control of the formation of t	-18	Desc	Manufacturer	Water		
Car Generator Systems, Fixed Shall be (LL 2300 Cartified. Na				$\mathbf{\nabla}$	Model #	Model #
Table Careptiliar NA NA NA NA CarDonesd Generations Fundists Generation NA NA NA NA Desid Generations Desid Generations Desid Generations Set Proteins Consult NA NA NA NA NA Desid Generations Set Proteins Consult NA NA NA NA NA Desid Generations Set Consult NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA Consult NA			Generator Systems, Fixed Shall be UL	2200		
Cumuins Pore Claeration NA NA NA Disel Generator Set Full Entrants Convailt NA NA NA Disel Generator Set Proteins NA NA NA NA CVT-3FF CVT-3FF Proteins NA NA NA NA NA NA Convalit NA NA NA NA NA NA Convalit NA NA NA NA NA NA Coper Crouse-Hinds NA NA NA AR2042-520(460V.200A.3P.4W) With AA Pleit Name NA NA NA NA NA Reschere NA NA NA NA NA		ແຈກ	Caterpillar	ΝA		CAT Diesel Generator Set
Pure Convention NA CVT-3SF or CVT-3FF Prents Convention NA NA Environment Prents Convention NA NA NA Prents Cooper Crouse-Hinds NA NA AR2042-522 (660V, 200A, 3P, 4W) Vith AAA Cooper Crouse-Hinds NA NA NA Pyel National NA NA NA NA Pyel National NA NA NA NA Pyel National NA NA NA NA Russelschrift NA NA NA NA Brothin)	Cummins Power Generation	NA NA		Diesel Generator Set
Part Provide NA NA NA NA CVT-3FF or CVT-3FF Phonix NA				85 certified.		
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			Convault	z		CVT-3SF or CVT-3FF
Retrator Receptacte (GR) NA N	1011		Phoenix	z		Envirovault
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	2 121		Generator Receptacle (GR)			
G Cooper Crouse-Hinds NA	IIAC	Я	Cooper Crouse-Hinds	z		
Pyle National Nat NA NA NA NA IRE-4100 (230V, 100A, 3P, 4W) ATTS Reversion Transfer Switch NA NA NA NA NA NA Russelectric NA NA NA NA NA NA Russelectric NA NA NA NA NA NA Russelectric NA NA NA NA NA NA Biotricking filters NA NA NA NA NA NA Biotricking NA NA NA NA NA NA Rinogen NA NA NA NA NA		Ð	Cooper Crouse-Hinds	z		, 200A, 3P, 4W) With AJA1
Concrator Transfer Switch ATTS Concrator Transfer Switch Russelectric Na NA NA NA NA Biortickling filters Biortickling filters Biortickling filters Biortickling filters Biortickling filters Biortickling filters Biortickling filters NA NA NA NA Biortickling filters Biortickling filters NA NA NA NA Biortickling filters NA NA NA NA NA NA Biortickling filters NA NA NA NA NA NA Biortickling filter NA NA NA NA NA NA Calgon NA NA NA NA NA NA Filters NA NA NA NA NA NA Filters NA NA NA NA NA NA NA Filters NA NA NA NA NA NA NA			Pyle National			100A, 3P,
ATT Russelectric NA NA NA NA NA NA Description Biotrickling filters Biotrickling filters And NA		ç	Generator Transfer Switch			
Biotrickling filters Biotrickling filters Biotrickling filters Carbon Biotrickling Biotrickling Biotrickling Biotrickling Biotrickling Biotrickling Biotrickling Carbon Carbon Adsorption Units Calgon NA Biotrickling NA Biotrickling NA Sienens NA Sienens NA Biotrickling NA Sienens NA Sienens NA Pissersere Gauges shall have Diaphrage Scions Brtf Terrice NA Terrice NA Terrice NA Vinter Gauges NA MA NA MA NA </td <td></td> <td>2TA</td> <td>Russelectric</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		2TA	Russelectric			
Privingen Na	-	ć	Biotrickling filters			
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LIST OF APPROVED PRODUCTS - PUMP STATION SYSTEMS

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Ċ	Comments						termined by amperage)	h NEMA 4X enclosure,	res per mode for Master		ies	Series		able Handle, and Door								, and Door Stop										
Wastewater	Model #		Roto-Float		R82-520A-011		H or J Frame 3 Pole 600 Volt (HGL or JGL determined by amperage)	abeled, minimum 10 year warranty, NEMA LS-1 and IEEEC62, 41/45 tested with NEMA 4X enclosure,	Rated 80,000 amps per mode for Duplex & Triplex stations and 150,000 Amperes per mode for Master	A 4X Plastic enclosure which is approved in lieu of stainless steel.	XN-80, TG-150 or CurrentGuard 150 Plus Series	TSS-ST 160 Series, ST 300 Series or JSP-300 Series	LSE Series or SHL Series	6SS, white polyester Powder coated-finish inside and out, With 3 Point Pad lockable Handle, and Door								polyester Powder coated finish inside and out, With 3 Point Pad lockable Handle, and Door Stop					1" 5/8 x 1" 5/8 316 SS		EYSR - 2 Inch Min.		025-120-105	FS-126
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LIST OF APPROVED PRODUCTS - PUMP STATION SYSTEMS

FEBRUARY 11, 2011

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Manufacturer	Alarm Light / With Base and Globe (AL)	American Electric	Red Dot Globe Red Dot Base	Alarm Horn (AH)	Wheelock	Fuses (F)	Bussmann	Hand-Auto-Off Selector (HOA)	Square D	Horn Silence Button (HSS)	Square D	Mechanical Interlock	Square D	Control Panel Main Circuit Breaker (MCB) With	Square D	Emergency Circuit Breaker (ECB) With S29450	Square D	Motor Circuit Breaker (MB)	Square D	Control Circuit Breaker/ GFCI Receptacle Breaker/ SCADA Breaker	Square D	Motor Starter (MS)	Square D	Overload Heater(OL)	Square D	Overload Reset	Square D	Control Circuit Transformer (XMFR)	Square D	Main Circuit Transformer (MCT)	Square D	Supplemental Protector Breaker - 3	Square D	
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LIST OF APPROVED PRODUCTS - PUMP STATION SYSTEMS

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Wastewater	INDUC #		001-230-118-OVG5	002-480-123-OVG5		ARA-120-ACA	ARA-120-AME	008-120-13SP	009-120-23P	SD-12-PC		6GG5E-78	2TL1-50		KRPA-11AN-24	KRPA-11AN-120	8501KP12P14V14	8501KP12P14V20		SR2P-06		GFTR20BK	2095TRBK		711-0160		Neutral Isolation Block 1421570	Ground Lug LAM2A 1/0 - 014 -6Y	Ground Buss PK7GTA		Series 200	9080GR6		9080GM6B & 9080GH10
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LIST OF APPROVED PRODUCTS - PUMP STATION SYSTEMS

APPENDIX D

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APPENDIX E

ORANGE COUNTY UTILITIES

BOUNDARY SURVEY(S)

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APPENDIX G

ORANGE COUNTY UTILITIES

DEWATERING DISCHARGE OFF-SITE

- Orange County Environmental Protection Division Work Instruction
- Generic Permit for the Discharge of Produced Ground Water From any Non-Contaminated Site Activity
- FDEP Notice of New Method for Mercury Testing
- Memo EPA Analytical Methods for Mercury in NPDES Permits

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STATE OF FLORIDA

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

GENERIC PERMIT

FOR THE

DISCHARGE OF PRODUCED GROUND WATER

FROM ANY NON-CONTAMINATED SITE ACTIVITY

Document number 62-621.300(2) Effective Date: February 14, 2000

Generic Permit for the Discharge of Produced Ground Water from any Non-Contaminated Site Activity

(1) The facility is authorized to discharge produced ground water from any non-contaminated site activity which discharges by a point source to surface waters of the State, as defined in Chapter 62-620, F.A.C., only if the reported values for the parameters listed in Table 1 do not exceed any of the listed screening values. Before discharge of produced ground water can occur from such sites, analytical tests on samples of the proposed untreated discharge water shall be performed to determine if contamination exists.

(2) Minimum reporting requirements for all produced ground water dischargers. The effluent shall be sampled before the commencement of discharge, again within thirty (30) days after commencement of discharge, and then once every six (6) months for the life of the project to maintain continued coverage under this generic permit. Samples taken in compliance with the provisions of this permit shall be taken prior to actual discharge or mixing with the receiving waters. The effluent shall be sampled for the parameters listed in Table 1.

	Screening Values for	
	Discharges into:	
Parameter	Fresh	Coastal
	Waters	Waters
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	10.0 mg/l	10.0 mg/l
pH, standard units	6.0-8.5	6.5-8.5
Total Recoverable Mercury	0.012 µg/l	0.025 µg/l
Total Recoverable Cadmium	9.3 µg/l	9.3 µg/l
Total Recoverable Copper	2.9 µg/l	2.9 µg/l
Total Recoverable Lead	0.03 mg/l	5.6 µg/l
Total Recoverable Zinc	86.0 µg/l	86.0 µg/l
Total Recoverable Chromium (Hex.)	11.0 µg/l	50.0 µg/l
Benzene	1.0 µg/l	1.0 µg/l
Naphthalene	100.0 µg/l	100.0 µg/l

Table 1

(3) If any of the analytical test results exceed the screening values listed in Table 1, except TOC, the discharge is not authorized by this permit.

(a) For initial TOC values that exceed the screening values listed in Table 1, which may be caused by naturallyoccurring, high molecular weight organic compounds, the permittee may request to be exempted from the TOC requirement. To request this exemption, the permittee shall submit additional information with a Notice of Intent (NOI),

Document number 62-621.300(2) Effective Date: February 14, 2000 described below, which describes the method used to determine that these compounds are naturally occurring. The Department shall grant the exemption if the permittee affirmatively demonstrates that the TOC values are caused by naturally-occurring, high molecular weight organic compounds.

(b) The NOI shall be submitted to the appropriate Department district office thirty (30) days prior to discharge, and contain the following information:

1. the name and address of the person that the permit coverage will be issued to;

2. the name and address of the facility, including county location;

3. any applicable individual wastewater permit
number(s);

4. a map showing the facility and discharge location (including latitude and longitude);

5. the name of the receiving water; and

6. the additional information required by paragraph (3)(a) of this permit.

(c) Discharge shall not commence until notification of coverage is received from the Department.

(4) For fresh waters and coastal waters, the pH of the effluent shall not be lowered to less than 6.0 units for fresh waters, or less than 6.5 units for coastal waters, or raised above 8.5 units, unless the permittee submits natural background data confirming a natural background pH outside of this range. If natural background of the receiving water is determined to be less than 6.0 units for fresh waters, or less than 6.5 units in coastal waters, the pH shall not vary below natural background or vary more than one (1) unit above natural background for fresh and coastal waters. If natural background of the receiving water is determined to be higher than 8.5 units, the pH shall not vary above natural background or vary more than one (1) unit below natural background of fresh and coastal waters. The permittee shall include the natural background pH of the receiving waters with the results of the analyses required under paragraph (2) of this permit. For purposes of this section only, fresh waters are those having a chloride concentration of less than 1500 mg/l, and coastal waters are those having a chloride concentration equal to or greater than 1500 mg/l.

(5) In accordance with Rule 62-302.500(1)(a-c), F.A.C., the discharge shall at all times be free from floating solids, visible foam, turbidity, or visible oil in such amounts as to form nuisances on surface waters. (6) If contamination exists, as indicated by the results of the analytical tests required by paragraph (2), the discharge cannot be covered by this generic permit. The facility shall apply for an individual wastewater permit at least ninety (90) days prior to the date discharge to surface waters of the State is expected, or, if applicable, the facility may seek coverage under any other applicable Department generic permit. No discharge is permissible without an effective permit.

(7) If the analytical tests required by paragraph (2) reveal that no contamination exists from any source, the facility can begin discharge immediately and is covered by this permit without having to submit an NOI request for coverage to the Department. A short summary of the proposed activity and copy of the analytical tests shall be sent to the applicable Department district office within one (1) week after discharge begins. These analytical tests shall be kept on site during discharge and made available to the Department if requested. Additionally, no Discharge Monitoring Report forms are required to be submitted to the Department.

(8) All of the general conditions listed in Rule 62-621.250, F.A.C., are applicable to this generic permit.

(9) There are no annual fees associated with the use of this generic permit.



Department of Environmental Protection

Notice of New Method for Mercury Testing

New Method for Mercury Testing Has Been Approved

In accordance with Rule 62-620.610, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.), all sampling and monitoring data, required to be reported to the Department, shall be collected and analyzed in accordance with Rule 62-4.246, Chapters 62-160 and 62-601, F.A.C., and 40 CFR 136, as appropriate. Effective August 25, 2003, Chapter 62-620, F.A.C., was revised to adopt, and incorporate by reference, various sections of Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations revised as of July 1, 2003, including the revised 40 CFR 136. The revised 40 CFR 136 includes a new method for low-level mercury analysis, EPA Method 1631(Revision E), Mercury in Water by Oxidation, Purge and Trap, and Cold Vapor Atomic Fluorescence Spectrometry (Method 1631E).

Who is Required to Use Method 1631E?

Applicants for a wastewater facility permit and wastewater facility permittees are now required to use the lowlevel mercury Method 1631E when reporting results associated with water quality standards (WQSs) below 0.2 micrograms per liter (ug/L). The following facilities are now required to use Method 1631E for all effluent samples:

- Facilities discharging to Class I and Class II surface waters, including wetlands.
- Facilities discharging to Class III Marine or Fresh surface waters, including wetlands.
- Facilities with Water Quality Based Effluent Limits (WQBELs), or any other limit for mercury specified in a permit, below 0.2 ug/L.

This includes effluent samples collected for any of the following requirements:

- Monitoring specified in Section I, *Reclaimed Water and Effluent Limitations and Monitoring*, section of permits.
- Monitoring performed under Section 3.A. of Wastewater Permit Application Form 2A For Domestic Wastewater Facilities; Part VII.C. of Application to Discharge Process Wastewater from New or Existing Industrial Wastewater Facilities to Surface Water Form 2CS; or Part V.C. of Application to Discharge Process Wastewater from New or Existing Industrial Wastewater Facilities to Ground Water Form 2CG.
- Priority pollutant scans performed in accordance with pretreatment program annual report requirements.
- Monitoring performed for the development or re-evaluation of local discharge limitations.
- Monitoring required in Table 4 of the Generic Permit for Discharges from Petroleum Contaminated Sites and Table 1 of the Generic Permit for the Discharge of Produced Ground Water from any Non-Contaminated Site Activity.

The low-level mercury method provides, for the first time, the ability to assess compliance with mercury water quality standards (WQSs) below 0.2 ug/L. Your permit requires that surface water discharges shall be analyzed using a sufficiently sensitive method in accordance with 40 CFR 136. Wastewater Permit Application Forms 2A, 2CS, and 2CG require effluent testing be conducted using methods that are able to detect pollutants at levels adequate to meet WQSs and to provide reasonable assurance that the WQSs will not be violated in the future.

Additionally, in order to develop technically and legally defensible local discharge limitations for domestic wastewater facilities that have pretreatment programs, Method 1631E must be used to provide data that clearly establishes the basis for any calculated mercury limitations. Note, regarding local discharge limitations, the requirement to use Method 1631E may be expanded to other locations in the collection and treatment system on a case-by-case basis depending on the initial results from effluent analysis using Method 1631E.

Mercury Laboratory Analysis

Method 1631E has a minimum level of quantitation of 0.0005 ug/L, or 0.5 nanograms per liter (ng/L), which is 400-times more sensitive than Method 245.1 ("Manual Cold Vapor Technique"). Due to the sensitivity of Method 1631E, the results are typically measured in parts per trillion (ng/L) rather than in parts per billion (μ g/L). The Department is currently evaluating Method 1631E to determine target method detection limits (MDLs) and target practical quantification limits (PQLs). Until target MDLs and PQLs are incorporated into Rule 62-4.246(4), the laboratory analysis is expected to achieve MDLs close to, or below, 1 ng/L. All laboratory analysis must be done by a NELAP accredited laboratory with current certification by Florida Department of Health for Method 1631E.

Mercury Clean Sampling Techniques

Clean sample handling techniques should be used when collecting samples for low-level mercury analysis to preclude false positives arising from sample collection, handling, or analysis. Sample collection methods should be consistent with *DEP-SOP-001/01: FS 8200 Clean Sampling For Ultratrace Metals in Surface Waters* and *EPA Method 1669: Sampling Ambient Water for Trace Metals at EPA Water Quality Criteria Levels* (EPA-821-R-96-011). Because FS 8200 and Method 1669 are performance-based procedures, sample collection personnel may modify these procedures or eliminate steps if the modification does not lead to unacceptable contamination of samples or blanks. Any modifications should be thoroughly evaluated and demonstrated to be effective before field samples are collected. This may be accomplished through documentation of uncontaminated samples, equipment blanks and/or other quality control samples.

Note, discrete and composite samplers have been found to contaminate samples with mercury at the ng/L level. Therefore, grab samples are permissible when using Method 1631E. However, grab samples must be representative of the wastewater discharge and a field blank should be collected along with the sample.

In order for a permittee to justify a claim that any reported mercury is due to outside contamination, a blank must have been collected. For this reason, permittees should consider collecting at least one blank at each site for each day a sample is collected. If more than one sample is collected in a day, at least one blank for each 10 samples collected on that day should also be collected. The blank may either be an equipment blank or a field blank. Once a permittee demonstrates the ability to collect samples from a given site using an established procedure that prevents contamination, the permittee may choose to decrease the number of blanks being taken. Specific definitions and procedures for collecting blanks are found in DEP SOP FQ 1000.

Field blanks should be collected only if no equipment other than the sample container is used to collect samples. If the sampling procedure involves the use of additional equipment, such as a peristaltic pump and pump tubing, equipment blanks should be collected. All blanks are subject to the same preservation, digestion, and analysis protocols as regular samples and should have a concentration at least five times lower than the sample concentration. The permittee may not subtract field blank concentrations when reporting sample results.

Sample collection, preservation, and shipping requirements should be discussed with contract laboratories to ensure the requirements of Method 1631E are met.

Additional Assistance and Information

For additional information on Method 1631: www.epa.gov/waterscience/methods/1631.html

Please refer questions concerning sample collection to: Silky Labie: 850-245-8066 Silky.Labie@dep.state.fl.us

Additional information concerning NELAP certified laboratories can be obtained from: Department of Health Bureau of Laboratories P.O. Box 210 Jacksonville, FL 32231 (904) 791-1599 (voice)(904) 791-1591 (fax) ftp.dep.state.fl.us/pub/labs/assessment/doh/accredited.pdf



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

> OFFICE OF WATER

signed: August 23, 2007 MEMORANDUM

SUBJECT: Analytical Methods for Mercury in National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permits

FROM: James A. Hanlon, Director Office of Wastewater Management

TO: Water Division Directors, Regions 1 – 10

The purpose of this memorandum is to inform you of EPA's March 12, 2007, approval of Method 245.7 for measurement of mercury and modified versions of approved analytical methods for mercury as well as the impact of their approval on the NPDES permitting process. While several different methods are currently approved under 40 CFR Part 136 for the analysis of mercury, some of these methods have much greater sensitivities and lower quantitation levels than others. This memorandum clarifies and explains that, in light of existing regulatory requirements for NPDES permitting,¹ only the most sensitive methods such as Methods 1631E and 245.7 are appropriate in most instances for use in deciding whether to set a permit limitation for mercury and for sampling and analysis of mercury pursuant to the monitoring requirements within a permit.

BACKGROUND

Section 301 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) requires NPDES permits to include effluent limitations that are as stringent as necessary to meet water quality standards. Thus, under the Act and EPA regulations, each permit must include, as necessary, requirements in addition to or more stringent than technology-based effluent limitations established under section 301 of the CWA in order to achieve water quality standards. 40 C.F.R. § 122.44(d)(1). The regulations require limitations to control all pollutants that the NPDES program director determines are or may be discharged at a level that "will cause, have the reasonable potential to cause, or contribute to an excursion above any state water quality standard," including both narrative and

¹ This memorandum is based on existing legal requirements and authorities. It does not impose any new, legally binding requirements on EPA, states, or the regulated community.

numeric criteria. 40 C.F.R. § 122.44(d)(1)(i). If the program director determines that a discharge has the reasonable potential to cause or contribute to such an excursion, the permit must contain water quality-based effluent limitations for the pollutant. 40 C.F.R. § 122.44(d)(1)(iii). Thus, a prospective permittee may need to measure various pollutants in its effluent at two stages: first, at the permit application stage so that the program director can determine whether "reasonable potential" exists and establish appropriate permit limits; and second, where a permit limit has been established, to meet the monitoring requirements within the permit. The following discussion explains which analytical methods permit applicants and permittees should use to make these measurements when mercury is the pollutant at issue.

Approved Analytical Methods

Measurements included on NPDES permit applications and on reports required to be submitted under the permit must generally be made using analytical methods approved by EPA under 40 CFR Part 136. See 40 CFR 136.1, 136.4, 136.5, 122.21(g)(7), and 122.41(j). For mercury, there are three methods commonly used in the NPDES program that EPA has approved under Part 136: Method 245.1, Method 245.2, and Method 1631E. Methods 245.1 and 245.2 were approved by EPA in 1974 and can achieve measurement of mercury down to 200 parts per trillion (ppt). Additionally, EPA approved Method 1631 Revision E in 2002. Method 1631E has a quantitation level of 0.5 ppt, making it 400 times more sensitive than Methods 245.1 and 245.2. In fact, the sensitivity of Methods 245.1 and 245.2 are well above the water quality criteria now adopted in most states (as well as the criteria included by EPA in the Final Water Quality Guidance for the Great Lakes System) for the protection of aquatic life and human health, which generally fall in the range of 1 to 50 ppt.² In contrast, Method 1631E, with a quantitation level of 0.5 ppt, does support the measurement of mercury at these low levels.

In addition to Methods 245.1, 245.2, and 1631E listed above, EPA approved Method 245.7 as well as modified versions of other EPA-approved methods on March 12, 2007. See 72 FR 11200. Method 245.7 has a quantitation level of 5.0 ppt, making it 40 times more sensitive than Methods 245.1 and 245.2. Additionally, modified versions of EPA-approved methods may also be used for the measurement of mercury. Methods approved under Part 136, such as 245.1 and 245.2, may be modified to achieve lower quantitation levels than can be achieved by the method as written.³ Modifications to an EPA-approved method for mercury that meet the method

² Many states have adopted mercury water quality criteria of 12 ppt for protection of aquatic life and 50 ppt for the protection of human health, and for discharges to the Great Lakes Basin, the applicable water quality criteria for mercury are 1.3 ppt for the protection of wildlife and 1.8 ppt for the protection of human health. In 2001, EPA issued new recommended water quality criteria guidance for the protection of human health. This new guidance recommends adoption of a methylmercury water quality criterion of 0.3 milligrams of methylmercury per kilogram (mg/kg) in fish tissue. EPA is currently developing implementation guidance to assist states in implementing the criterion, and *Draft Guidance for Implementing the January 2001 Methylmercury Water Quality Criterion* (EPA-823-B-04-001) was released for public comment in August 2006.

³ Examples of such modification may include changes in the sample preparation digestion procedures such as the use of reagents similar in properties to ones used in the approved method, changes in the equipment operating parameters such as the use of an alternate more sensitive wavelength, adjusting the sample volume to optimize method performance, and changes in the calibration ranges (provided that the modified range covers any relevant regulatory limit).

performance requirements of Part 136.6 are considered to be approved methods and require no further EPA approval. See 72 FR 11239-40 (March 12, 2007). For analytical method modifications that do not fall within the flexibility of Part 136.6, the modified methods may be approved under the alternate test procedure program as defined by Parts 136.4 and 136.5.

ACTIONS RESULTING FROM THE MARCH 12, 2007, RULEMAKING

To implement the March 12, 2007, rule, the Office of Wastewater Management (OWM) provides the following guidance:

Monitoring Data Submitted as Part of NPDES Permit Applications

As noted, most states have adopted water quality criteria for the protection of aquatic life and human health that fall in the range of 1 to 50 ppt, and Methods 245.1 and 245.2, as written, do not detect or quantify mercury in this range. A "did not detect" result using Method 245.1 or Method 245.2 would show only that mercury levels are below 200 ppt but would not establish that they are at or below the applicable water quality criterion. Therefore, when a permit writer receives a permit application reporting mercury data analyzed with Method 245.1 or Method 245.2 as "did not detect" results, the permit writer in reality may lack the information needed to make a "reasonable potential" determination. In contrast, Method 1631E is able to detect and quantify mercury concentrations at these low levels.

EPA therefore expects, in general, that all facilities with the potential to discharge mercury will provide with their NPDES permit applications monitoring data for mercury using Method 1631E or another sufficiently sensitive EPA-approved method. For purposes of permit applications, a method for mercury is "sufficiently sensitive" when (1) its method quantitation level is at or below the level of the applicable water quality criterion for mercury or (2) its method quantitation level is above the applicable water quality criterion, but the amount of mercury in a facility's discharge is high enough that the method detects and quantifies the level of mercury in the discharge.⁴ Accordingly, EPA strongly recommends that the permitting authority determine that a permit application that lacks effluent data analyzed with a sufficiently sensitive EPAapproved method such as Method 1631E is incomplete unless and until the facility supplements the original application with data analyzed with such a method. See 40 CFR 122.21(e) (a permit application is determined to be complete at the discretion of the permitting authority) and 40 CFR 122.21(g)(13) (the applicant shall provide to the Director, upon request, such other information as the Director may reasonably require to assess the discharge). Such data would allow the permitting authority to characterize the effluent to determine whether the discharge causes, has the reasonable potential to cause, or contributes to an excursion of state water quality standards for mercury and would consequently allow the permitting authority to determine whether a water quality-based effluent limit for mercury is necessary in the permit.

⁴ To illustrate the latter, if the water quality criterion for mercury in a particular state is 2.0 ppt, Method 245.7 (with a quantitation level of 5.0 ppt) would be sufficiently sensitive where it reveals that the level of mercury in a facility's discharge is 5.0 ppt or greater. In contrast, Method 245.7 would not be sufficiently sensitive if it resulted in a level of non-detect for that discharge because it could not be known whether mercury existed in the discharge at a level between 2.0 and 5.0 (less than the quantitation level but exceeding the water quality criterion).

Monitoring Requirements in Permits

Where a permit authority establishes a permit limit for mercury, it also needs to consider specifying an analytical method that the permittee must use to monitor for mercury during the term of the permit. Methods 245.1 and 245.2, as written, are not likely to be sensitive enough to detect or quantify the concentration of mercury in the discharge at a level that matches the limitation for mercury in the permit. EPA therefore expects the permitting authority to require the use of a sufficiently sensitive EPA-approved method for monitoring under the permit in order to ensure that the sampling and measurements required are "representative of the monitored activity" (as required by 40 CFR 122.41(j)(1)). For purposes of monitoring under a permit, a method for mercury is "sufficiently sensitive" when (1) its method quantitation level is at or below the level of the mercury limit established in the permit or (2) its method quantitation level is above the mercury limit in the permit, but the amount of mercury in a facility's discharge is high enough that the method detects and quantifies the level of mercury in the discharge.⁵

EPA Permit Review and Objection to State Issued Permits

For NPDES-authorized states, EPA regions are expected to review state permits and should strongly consider objecting to permits that are issued based on analytical data collected and analyzed using an EPA-approved method that is not sufficiently sensitive or that do not require use of a sufficiently sensitive EPA-approved method for monitoring when the permit includes a limit for mercury. OWM is expecting to undertake a permit quality review of a small representative number of permits with respect to mercury limitations and other conditions.

If you have questions concerning the content of this memorandum, please contact Linda Boornazian, Director of the Water Permits Division, at 202-564-0221 or have your staff contact Marcus Zobrist of the State and Regional Branch at 202-564-8311 or zobrist.marcus@epa.gov.

cc:

NPDES Branch Chiefs Regions 1 - 10

See footnote 4.

ORANGE COUNTY ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION DIVISION WORK INSTRUCTION

Title:Dewatering Permitting and Approvals Work InstructionNumber:EPD-WI-2000-04

Effective Date:10/04/2011Revision: 1Renewal Date:10/04/2014Revision Date: 10/04/2011Approved By:Elizabeth R. Johnson, Environmental Programs Administrator

Purpose: The purpose of this work instruction is to provide guidance regarding the approvals required to initiate construction related dewatering in unincorporated Orange County

I. Procedure

County Offices:

Orange County Public Works

For proposed dewatering discharges to the Orange County Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4), contact Orange County Development Engineering prior to commencement of dewatering. <u>OC Public Works Contact</u>: Miguel Tamayo, 407-836-7914.

Orange County Utilities (OCU)

If the groundwater discharge testing indicates groundwater quality parameter exceedences, the discharge may be allowed to enter into the Orange County sanitary system. Coordinate with OCU. If OCU can accept the discharge, a County Industrial Wastewater Discharge Permit (IWD) will be required. Per Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP), no FDEP dewatering permitting is required if an IWD is received.

<u>Contact</u>: Susanna Littell, OCU/Water Reclamation, 407-254-7710 (Industrial Wastewater Discharge Permits)

Contact: Laura Woodbury, P.E., OCU/Development Engineering, 407-254-9928.

Rules/Permits:

- Chapter 37 Article XX. Addresses industrial waste pretreatment and permitting.
- Industrial Wastewater Discharge (IWD) Permit. Required prior to discharge to the wastewater system.
- OCU Development Engineering Connection Requirements. OCU Development Engineering reviews and approves plans for groundwater dewatering and remediation projects when discharge will be to the OCU sanitary sewer system.

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State Agencies:

Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP)

For dewatering that is discharged offsite, sampling/analytical work is required prior to dewatering to determine if the proposed activity can be permitted under one of the generic dewatering permits.

<u>FDEP Contacts</u>: Ali Kazi, 407-897-4149; Randall Cunningham, 407-897-4152. <u>Rules/Permits</u>:

- Generic Permit for Discharges from Petroleum Contaminated Sites (62-621.300(1)).
- Generic Permit for the Discharge of Produced Groundwater from any Non-Contaminated Site Activity (62-621.300(2)).
- Permit for all Other Contaminated Sites (62-04; 62-302; 62-620 & 62-660).

Water Management Districts:

St. Johns River Water Management District

<u>Contact</u>: Richard Kimmel, 407-659-4849. <u>Rules/Permits</u>:

- No permit ("No Notice").
- Noticed General Permit for Short-term Construction Dewatering.
- Individual and Standard General Consumptive Use Permit.

South Florida Water Management District

<u>Contact</u>: Mario Cabana, 407-858-6100, ext. 3816. <u>Rules/Permits</u>:

- "No-Notice" Short-Term Dewatering Permits.
- Dewatering General Water Use Permits.
- Long-term Dewatering Individual Permits.

For dewatering activities located in the City of Orlando contact Lisa Lotti at 407-246-2037.

II. Scope

This procedure applies to construction sites within unincorporated Orange County.

Definitions:

Off-site: For the purposes of this Work Instruction, off-site means property not under control of the owner/applicant or (discharging to) the municipal separate storm sewer system or waters of the County.

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Related Documents:

Florida Department of Environmental Protection's Construction Generic Permit

History of Revisions:

Revision No.	Revision Date	Summary of Revisions
0	06/06/2011	Original
1	10/04/2011	Update contact information

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